

FILE COPY



**CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
OF A
PRIVATE LIMITED COMPANY**

Company Number **13412177**

The Registrar of Companies for England and Wales, hereby certifies that

QUANESCO TOPCO LIMITED

is this day incorporated under the Companies Act 2006 as a private company, that the company is limited by shares, and the situation of its registered office is in England and Wales

Given at Companies House, Cardiff, on **20th May 2021**



N13412177D



Companies House



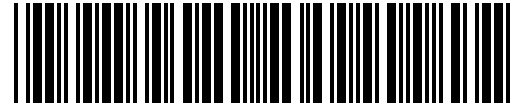
**THE OFFICIAL SEAL OF THE
REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES**



Companies House

IN01_(ef)

Application to register a company



Received for filing in Electronic Format on the: **20/05/2021**

XA4WFY5K

Company Name in full:

QUANESCO TOPCO LIMITED

Company Type:

Private company limited by shares

Situation of Registered Office:

England and Wales

Proposed Registered Office Address:

**1 ST JAMES COURT WHITEFRIARS
NORWICH
NORFOLK
ENGLAND NR3 1RU**

Sic Codes:

64209

I wish to partially adopt the following model articles:

Private (Ltd by Shares)

Proposed Officers

Company Director 1

Type: **Person**
Full Forename(s): **MR CHRISTOPHER JAMES**
Surname: **PICOTTE**
Service Address: **recorded as Company's registered office**
Country/State Usually Resident: **UNITED STATES**

Date of Birth: ****/02/1970** *Nationality:* **AMERICAN**
Occupation: **INVESTOR**

The subscribers confirm that the person named has consented to act as a director.

Company Director 2

Type: **Person**
Full Forename(s): **MYLES**
Surname: **O'SHAUGHNESSY**
Service Address: **recorded as Company's registered office**
Country/State Usually Resident: **IRELAND**

Date of Birth: ****/05/1985** *Nationality:* **IRISH**
Occupation: **DIRECTOR**

The subscribers confirm that the person named has consented to act as a director.

Company Director 3

Type: **Person**
Full Forename(s): **CHARLES REED**
Surname: **CHERINGTON**
Service Address: **recorded as Company's registered office**
Country/State Usually Resident: **UNITED STATES**

Date of Birth: ****/01/1963** *Nationality:* **AMERICAN**
Occupation: **DIRECTOR**

The subscribers confirm that the person named has consented to act as a director.

Statement of Capital (Share Capital)

<i>Class of Shares:</i>	ORDINARY	<i>Number allotted</i>	10
<i>Currency:</i>	GBP	<i>Aggregate nominal value:</i>	1
<i>Prescribed particulars</i>			

THE SHARES HAVE ATTACHED TO THEM FULL VOTING, DIVIDEND AND CAPITAL DISTRIBUTION (INCLUDING ON WINDING UP) RIGHTS; THEY DO NOT CONFER ANY RIGHTS OF REDEMPTION.

Statement of Capital (Totals)

<i>Currency:</i>	GBP	<i>Total number of shares:</i>	10
		<i>Total aggregate nominal value:</i>	1
		<i>Total aggregate unpaid:</i>	0

Initial Shareholdings

Name: **AP-ASG GP1 LIMITED**

Address **3RD FLOOR 9 WINDSOR
PLACE
DUBLIN
IRELAND
D02 YF30**

Class of Shares: **ORDINARY**

Number of shares: **10**

Currency: **GBP**

*Nominal value of each
share:* **0.1**

Amount unpaid: **0**

Amount paid: **0.1**

Persons with Significant Control (PSC)

Statement of initial significant control

On incorporation, there will be someone who will count as a Person with Significant Control (either a registerable person or relevant legal entity (RLE)) in relation to the company

Individual Person with Significant Control details

Names: **CHARLES REED CHERINGTON**

Country/State Usually Resident: **UNITED STATES**

Date of Birth: ****/01/1963** *Nationality:* **AMERICAN**

Service address recorded as Company's registered office

The subscribers confirm that each person named as an individual PSC in this application knows that their particulars are being supplied as part of this application.

Nature of control

The person has the right to exercise, or actually exercises, significant influence or control over the company.

Statement of Compliance

I confirm the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as to registration have been complied with.

memorandum delivered by an agent for the subscriber(s): **YES**

Agent's Name: **MADDIE PERROTT**

Agent's Address: **MILLS & REEVE LLP 1 ST JAMES COURT
NORWICH
NORFOLK
UNITED KINGDOM
NR3 1RU**

Authorisation

Authoriser Designation: **agent** *Authenticated* **YES**

Agent's Name: **MADDIE PERROTT**

Agent's Address: **MILLS & REEVE LLP 1 ST JAMES COURT
NORWICH
NORFOLK
UNITED KINGDOM
NR3 1RU**

COMPANY HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL

Memorandum of Association of QUANESCO TOPCO LIMITED

Each subscriber to this memorandum of association wishes to form a company under the Companies Act 2006 and agrees to become a member of the company and to take at least one share.

Name of each subscriber	Authentication
AP-ASG GP1 LIMITED	Authenticated Electronically

Dated: 20/05/2021

Company No

COMPANY HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

QUANESCO TOPCO LIMITED

Each subscriber to this memorandum of association wishes to form a company under the Companies Act 2006 and agrees to become a member of the company and to take at least one share each.

Name of each subscriber

Authentication by each subscriber

AP-ASG GP1 Limited

Dated this 20th day of May 2021

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

QUANESCO TOPCO LIMITED

INTRODUCTION

1 Definitions and interpretation

1.1 In these Articles, unless the context requires otherwise:

“appointor” has the meaning given in article 13.1;

“Articles” means the company’s articles of association for the time being in force;

“associated company” means any subsidiary or holding company of the company or any other subsidiary of the company’s holding company;

“business day” means any day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in the United Kingdom) on which clearing banks in the City of London are open for the transaction of normal banking business;

“CA 2006” means the Companies Act 2006;

“eligible director” means a director who would be entitled to vote on the matter at a meeting of directors (but excluding any director whose vote is not to be counted in respect of the particular matter);

“Model Articles” means the model articles for private companies limited by shares contained in Schedule 1 of The Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (*S/2008/3229*) as at the date of adoption of these Articles; and

“relevant officer” means any director or other officer of the company or an associated company, but excluding in each case any person engaged by the company (or associated company) as auditor (whether or not he is also a director or other officer), to the extent he acts in his capacity as auditor).

1.2 Save as otherwise specifically provided in these Articles, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Model Articles have the same meanings in

these Articles, subject to which and unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the CA 2006 have the same meanings in these Articles.

- 1.3 Headings in these Articles are for convenience only and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of these Articles.
- 1.4 A reference in these Articles to an “article” is a reference to the relevant article of these Articles unless expressly provided otherwise.
- 1.5 Unless expressly provided otherwise, a reference to a statute, statutory provision or subordinate legislation is a reference to it as it is in force from time to time, taking account of:
 - 1.5.1 any subordinate legislation from time to time made under it, whether before or after the date of adoption of these Articles; and
 - 1.5.2 any amendment or re-enactment whether before or after the date of adoption of these Articles and includes any statute, statutory provision or subordinate legislation which it amends or re-enacts.
- 1.6 Any phrase introduced by the terms “including”, “include”, “in particular” or any similar expression shall be construed as illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words preceding those terms.
- 1.7 The Model Articles apply to the company, except in so far as they are modified or excluded by these Articles.
- 1.8 Articles 8, 9(1) and (3), 11(2) and (3), 13, 14(1), (2), (3) and (4), 17(2), 44(2), 52 and 53 of the Model Articles do not apply to the company.

DIRECTORS

Directors’ powers and responsibilities

2 Power to change the name

- 2.1 The company may change its name by resolution of the directors.

Decision-making by directors

3 Directors to take decisions collectively

- 3.1 Article 7 of the Model Articles is amended by:
 - 3.1.1 the insertion of the words “for the time being” at the end of article 7(2)(a); and
 - 3.1.2 the insertion in article 7(2) of the words “(for so long as he remains the sole director)” after the words “and the director may”.

4 Unanimous decisions

- 4.1 A decision of the directors is taken in accordance with this article when all eligible directors indicate to each other by any means that they share a common view on a matter.
- 4.2 Such a decision may take the form of a resolution in writing, where each eligible director has signed one or more copies of it, or to which each eligible director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing.
- 4.3 A decision may not be taken in accordance with this article if the eligible directors would not have formed a quorum at such a meeting.

5 Calling a directors' meeting

- 5.1 Any director may call a directors' meeting by giving reasonable notice of the meeting to the directors or by authorising the company secretary (if any) to give such notice.

6 Quorum for directors' meetings

- 6.1 At a directors' meeting, unless a quorum is participating, no proposal is to be voted on, except a proposal to call another meeting.
- 6.2 Subject to:
 - 6.2.1 Article 7 of the Model Articles (as amended by article 3); and
 - 6.2.2 subject to article 6.3, the quorum for the transaction of business at a meeting of directors is any two eligible directors.
- 6.3 For the purposes of any meeting (or part of a meeting) held pursuant to article 9 to authorise a director's conflict, if there is only one eligible director in office other than the conflicted director(s), the quorum for such meeting (or part of a meeting) shall be one eligible director.

7 No casting vote

- 7.1 If the numbers of votes for and against a proposal at a meeting of directors are equal, the chairman or other director chairing the meeting shall not have a casting vote.

8 Transactions or other arrangements with the company

- 8.1 Subject to the provisions of CA 2006 and provided he has declared the nature and extent of his interest, a director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in an existing or proposed transaction or arrangement with the company, notwithstanding his office:
 - 8.1.1 may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the company or in which the company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested;
 - 8.1.2 may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the company (otherwise than as auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a director;

- 8.1.3 may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to a transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate promoted by the company or in which the company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested;
- 8.1.4 shall not, save as he may otherwise agree, be accountable to the company for any benefit which he (or a person connected with him (as defined in section 252 CA 2006)) derives from any such contract, transaction or arrangement or from any office or employment or from any interest in any body corporate which he is permitted to hold or enter into by virtue of articles 8.1.1, 8.1.2 or 8.1.3 and no such contract, transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any such interest or benefit nor shall the receipt of any such remuneration or other benefit constitute a breach of his duty under section 176 CA 2006; and
- 8.1.5 shall subject to article 9.1, be an eligible director for the purposes of any proposed decision of the directors (or committee of directors) and shall be entitled to vote at a meeting of directors (or of a committee of the directors) or participate in any unanimous decision, on any matter referred to in articles 8.1.1 to 8.1.3 (inclusive) or on any resolution which in any way concerns or relates to a matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, any kind of interest whatsoever and if he shall vote on any such resolution his vote shall be counted.

9 Directors' conflicts of interest

- 9.1 For the purposes of section 175 CA 2006, the directors may authorise any matter proposed to it in accordance with these Articles which would, if not so authorised, involve a breach of duty by a director under that section, including, without limitation, any matter which relates to a situation in which a director has, or can have, a direct or indirect interest which conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the company (a "**Conflict**"). Any such authorisation will be effective only if:

- 9.1.1 any requirement as to quorum at the meeting at which the matter is considered is met without counting the director in question or any other interested director; and
- 9.1.2 the matter was agreed to without their voting or would have been agreed to if their votes had not been counted.

The directors may (whether at the time of the giving of the authorisation or subsequently) make any such authorisation subject to any limits or conditions they may expressly impose but such authorisation is otherwise given to the fullest extent permitted. The directors may vary or terminate any such authorisation at any time, but this will not affect anything done by the director in question prior to such variation or termination, in accordance with the terms of such authorisation.

For the purposes of the Articles, a conflict of interest includes a conflict of interest and duty and a conflict of duties, and interest includes both direct and indirect interests.

- 9.2 A director shall be under no duty to the company with respect to any information which he obtains or has obtained otherwise than as a director of the company and in respect of which he owes a duty of confidentiality to another person. However, to the extent that his relationship with that other person gives rise to a Conflict, this Article

applies only if the existence of that relationship has been approved by the directors pursuant to article 9.1 or by the company in general meeting. In particular, the director shall not be in breach of the general duties he owes to the company by virtue of sections 171 to 177 CA 2006 because he fails:

- 9.2.1 to disclose any such information to the board or to any director or other officer or employee of the company; and/or
 - 9.2.2 to use or apply any such information in performing his duties as a director of the company.
- 9.3 Where the existence of a director's relationship with another person has been authorised by the directors pursuant to article 9.1 or by the company in general meeting and his relationship with that person gives rise to a Conflict, the director shall not be in breach of the general duties he owes to the company by virtue of sections 171 to 177 CA 2006 because he:
- 9.3.1 absents himself from meetings of the board at which any matter relating to the Conflict will or may be discussed or from the discussion of any such matter at a meeting or otherwise; and/or
 - 9.3.2 makes arrangements not to receive documents and information relating to any matter which gives rise to the Conflict sent or supplied by the company and/or for such documents and information to be received and read by a professional adviser,
- for so long as he reasonably believes such Conflict subsists.
- 9.4 The provisions of articles 9.2 and 9.3 are without prejudice to any equitable principle or rule of law which may excuse the director from:
- 9.4.1 disclosing information, in circumstances where disclosure would otherwise be required under these articles; or
 - 9.4.2 attending meetings or discussions or receiving documents and information as referred to in article 9.3, in circumstances where such attendance or receipt of such documents and information would otherwise be required under these articles.
- 9.5 A director is not required, by reason of being a director (or because of the fiduciary relationship established by reason of being a director), to account to the company for any remuneration, profit or other benefit which he derives from or in connection with a relationship involving a Conflict which has been authorised by the directors pursuant to article 9.1 or by the company in general meeting (subject in each case to any terms, limits or conditions attaching to that authorisation) and no contract shall be liable to be avoided on such grounds.

10 Records of decisions to be kept

- 10.1 Where decisions of the directors are taken by electronic means, such decisions shall be recorded by the directors in permanent form, so that they may be read with the naked eye.

Appointment of directors

11 Appointment of directors

- 11.1 In any case where, as a result of death or bankruptcy, the company has no shareholders and no directors, the transmittee(s) of the last shareholder to have died or to have a bankruptcy order made against him (as the case may be) have the right, by notice in writing to the company, to appoint a natural person (including a transmittee who is a natural person), who is willing to act and is permitted to do so, to be a director.

12 Directors' expenses

- 12.1 Article 20 of the Model Articles is amended by the insertion of the words "(including alternate directors) and the secretary (if any)" before the words "properly incur".

13 Appointment and removal of alternate directors

- 13.1 Any director ("**appointor**") may appoint as an alternate any other director, or any other person approved by resolution of the directors, to:

13.1.1 exercise that director's powers; and

13.1.2 carry out that director's responsibilities,

in relation to the taking of decisions by the directors, in the absence of the alternate's appointor.

- 13.2 Any appointment or removal of an alternate must be effected by notice in writing to the company (marked for the attention of the chairman or company secretary (if any)) signed by the appointor, or in any other manner approved by the directors.

- 13.3 The notice must:

13.3.1 identify the proposed alternate; and

13.3.2 in the case of a notice of appointment, contain a statement signed by the proposed alternate that he is willing to act as the alternate of the director giving the notice.

14 Rights and responsibilities of alternate directors

- 14.1 An alternate director may act as alternate director to more than one director and has the same rights in relation to any decision of the directors as the alternate's appointor(s).

- 14.2 Except as the Articles specify otherwise, alternate directors:

14.2.1 are deemed for all purposes to be directors;

14.2.2 are liable for their own acts and omissions;

14.2.3 are subject to the same restrictions as their appointors; and

14.2.4 are not deemed to be agents of or for their appointors,

and, in particular (without limitation), each alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of directors and of all meetings of committees of directors of which his appointor is a member.

- 14.3 A person who is an alternate director but not, in the absence of such appointment, a director:
- 14.3.1 may be counted as participating for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present (but only if that person's appointor is not participating);
 - 14.3.2 may participate in a unanimous decision of the directors (but only if his appointor is an eligible director in relation to that decision, but does not participate); and
 - 14.3.3 shall not be counted as more than one director for the purposes of articles 14.3.1 and 14.3.2.
- 14.4 A director who is also an alternate director is entitled, in the absence of his appointor, to a separate vote on behalf of his appointor, in addition to his own vote on any decision of the directors (provided that his appointor is an eligible director in relation to that decision), but shall not count as more than one director for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present.
- 14.5 An alternate director may be paid expenses and may be indemnified by the company to the same extent as his appointor but is not entitled to receive any remuneration from the company for serving as an alternate director except such part of the alternate's appointor's remuneration as the appointor may direct by notice in writing made to the company.

15 Termination of alternate directorship

- 15.1 An alternate director's appointment as an alternate terminates:
- 15.1.1 when the alternate's appointor revokes the appointment by notice to the company in writing (marked for the attention of the chairman or company secretary (if any)) specifying when it is to terminate;
 - 15.1.2 on the occurrence, in relation to the alternate, of any event which, if it occurred in relation to the alternate's appointor, would result in the termination of the appointor's appointment as a director;
 - 15.1.3 on the death of the alternate's appointor; or
 - 15.1.4 when the alternate's appointor's appointment as a director terminates.

16 Secretary

- 16.1 The directors may appoint any person who is willing to act as the secretary for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit and from time to time remove such person and, if the directors so decide, appoint a replacement, in each case by a decision of the directors.

SHARES AND DISTRIBUTIONS

Shares

17 Directors' authority to allot shares

17.1 Save to the extent authorised by these articles, or authorised from time to time by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders, the directors shall not exercise any power to allot shares or to grant rights to subscribe for, or to convert any security into, any shares in the company.

17.2 The directors of the company are generally and unconditionally authorised in accordance with section 551 CA 2006 to exercise all the powers of the company:

17.2.1 to allot shares in the company; and/or

17.2.2 to grant rights to subscribe for or to convert any security into shares in the company ("**Rights**")

for a period of five years from the date of incorporation of the company save that in accordance with section 551(7) CA 2006 the company may before the expiry of such period make an offer or agreement which would or might require shares to be allotted or Rights to be granted after such expiry and the directors may allot shares or grant Rights pursuant to such offer or agreement notwithstanding that the authority conferred by this Article has expired.

18 Exclusion of statutory pre-emption rights

18.1 Pursuant to section 567 CA 2006, the provisions of section 561 CA 2006 (existing shareholders' right of pre-emption) and section 562 CA 2006 (communication of pre-emption offers to shareholders) shall not apply to any allotment of equity securities (as defined in section 560 CA 2006) made by the company.

19 Transmission of shares

19.1 Article 27(3) of the Model Articles is amended by the insertion of the words ", subject to article 11," after the word "But".

20 Transmittees bound by prior notices

20.1 Article 29 of the Model Articles is amended by the insertion of the words ", or the name of any person(s) named as the transferee(s) in an instrument of transfer executed under article 28(2)," after the words "the transmittee's name".

DECISION MAKING BY SHAREHOLDERS

Voting at general meetings

21 Poll votes

21.1 A poll may be demanded at any general meeting by any qualifying person (as defined in section 318 CA 2006) present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

- 21.2 Article 44(3) of the Model Articles is amended by the insertion of the words “A demand so withdrawn shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made” as a new paragraph at the end of that article.

22 Proxies

- 22.1 Article 45(1)(d) of the Model Articles is deleted and replaced with the words “is delivered to the company in accordance with the Articles not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in accordance with any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting (or adjourned meeting) to which they relate”.
- 22.2 Article 45(1) of the Model Articles is amended by the insertion of the words “and a proxy notice which is not delivered in such manner shall be invalid, unless the directors, in their discretion, accept the notice at any time before the meeting” as a new paragraph at the end of that article.

ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS

23 Service of notice and other documents

- 23.1 Subject to articles 23.2 and 23.3, any notice, document or other information shall be deemed served on or delivered to the intended recipient:
- 23.1.1 if delivered by hand, on signature of a delivery receipt or at the time the notice, document or other information is left at the address; or
 - 23.1.2 if sent by pre-paid United Kingdom first class post, Signed For recorded delivery or Special Delivery Guaranteed to an address in the United Kingdom, at 9.00 am on the second business day after posting; or
 - 23.1.3 if sent by pre-paid international airmail to an address outside the country from which it is sent, at 9.00 am on the fifth business day after posting; or
 - 23.1.4 if sent by reputable international overnight courier to an address outside the country from which it is sent, on signature of a delivery receipt or at the time the notice, document or other information is left at the address; or]
 - 23.1.5 if sent or supplied by e-mail, one hour after the notice, document or information was sent or supplied; or
 - 23.1.6 if sent or supplied by means of a website, when the material is first made available on the website or (if later) when the recipient receives (or is deemed to have received) notice of the fact that the material is available on the website; and
 - 23.1.7 if deemed receipt under the previous paragraphs of this article 23.1 would occur outside business hours (meaning 9.00 am to 5.30 pm Monday to Friday on a day that is not a public holiday in the place of deemed receipt), at 9.00 am on the day when business next starts in the place of deemed receipt. For the purposes of this article, all references to time are to local time in the place of deemed receipt.
- 23.2 To prove service, it is sufficient to prove that:

- 23.2.1 if delivered by hand or by reputable international overnight courier, the notice was delivered to the correct address; or
 - 23.2.2 if sent by fax, a transmission report was received confirming that the notice was successfully transmitted to the correct fax number; or
 - 23.2.3 if sent by post or by international airmail, the envelope containing the notice was properly addressed, paid for and posted; or
 - 23.2.4 if sent by e-mail, the notice was properly addressed and sent to the e-mail address of the recipient.
- 23.3 In proving that any notice, document or other information was properly addressed, it shall be sufficient to show that the notice, document or other information was addressed to an address permitted for the purpose by CA 2006.

Directors' indemnity and insurance

24 Indemnity

- 24.1 Subject to the provisions of, and so far as may be consistent with, the Companies Acts and any other provision of law, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a relevant officer may otherwise be entitled, the company shall indemnify every relevant officer out of the company's assets against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him as a relevant officer in the actual or purported execution and/or discharge of his duties and/or the actual or purported exercise of his powers and/or otherwise in relation to or in connection with his duties, powers or office including (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) any liability incurred by him in relation to any proceedings (whether civil or criminal) or any regulatory investigation or action which relate to anything done or omitted or alleged to have been done or omitted by him as a relevant officer PROVIDED that in the case of any director, any such indemnity shall not apply to any liability of that director:
- 24.1.1 to the company or to any of its associated companies;
 - 24.1.2 to pay any fine imposed in criminal proceedings or any sum payable to a regulatory authority by way of penalty in respect of non-compliance with any requirement of a regulatory nature (however arising); or
 - 24.1.3 incurred:
 - (i) in defending any criminal proceedings in which he is convicted or any civil proceedings brought by the company, or any of its associated companies, in which judgment is given against him; or
 - (ii) in connection with any application under any statute for relief from liability in respect of any such act or omission in which the court refuses to grant him relief
- in each case where the conviction, judgment or refusal of relief by the court is final within the meaning stated in section 234 CA 2006.
- 24.2 Subject to the provisions of, and so far as may be consistent with, the Companies Acts and any other provision of law, every relevant officer shall be entitled to have

funds provided to him by the company to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred in connection with any proceedings (whether civil or criminal), investigation or action brought by any party which relate to anything done or omitted or alleged to have been done or omitted by him as a director, provided that he will be obliged to repay such amounts no later than:

- 24.2.1 in the event he is convicted in proceedings, the date when the conviction becomes final;
- 24.2.2 in the event of judgment being given against him in proceedings, the date when the judgment becomes final; or
- 24.2.3 in the event of the court refusing to grant him relief on any application under any statute for relief from liability, the date when refusal becomes final

in each case where the conviction, judgment or refusal of relief by the court is final within the meaning stated in section 234 CA 2006.

25 Insurance

- 25.1 The directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the company, for the benefit of any relevant officer in respect of any relevant loss.
- 25.2 In this article a “**relevant loss**” means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant officer in connection with that relevant officer's duties or powers in relation to the company, any associated company or any pension fund or employees' share scheme of the company or associated company.