Charity registration number 1199061

Company registration number 13240146 (England and Wales)

10,000 BLACK INTERNS FOUNDATION ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021



LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees Mr J E H Sorrell (Appointed 2 March 2021)

Mr O O Kolade (Appointed 2 March 2021)
Mr D K Konotey-Ahulu (Appointed 2 March 2021)

Ms F Butler (Appointed 2 March 2021)

Mr M Barrington-Hibbert (Appointed 2 March 2021)

Mr S G Breyer (Appointed 5 March 2021)

Charity number 1199061

Company number 13240146

Principal address 10 New Burlington Street

London W1S 3BE

Registered office 10 New Burlington Street

London W1S 3BE

Auditor Ensors Accountants LLP

Connexions
159 Princes Street

Ipswich IP1 1QJ

Bankers Unity Trust Bank

Planetary Road Willenhall WV1 9DG

Solicitors Filanthropia Consulting Limited

Heath House Alldens Lane Surrey GU8 4AP

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TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The trustees present their annual report and financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2021.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the charity's governing document, the Companies Act 2006 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019).

The charitable company was incorporated on 2 March 2021. Charitable status was received from the Charity Commission on 22 May 2022. The period ending 31 December 2021 is the first financial period the charitable company has been operating.

Objectives and activities

10,000 Black Interns Foundation's mission is to transform the horizons and prospects of young Black people in the United Kingdom by offering internships across a wide range of industries, as well as world-class training and development.

Our objects state that 10,000 Black Interns Foundation exists to:

- Promote equality and diversity for the public benefit by the provision and facilitation of internships for the
 beneficiaries, particularly in industries where such individuals are underrepresented; and the provision of
 education and training to develop the capacities, competencies, skills, and knowledge of the beneficiaries.
- For the purpose of this article the beneficiaries are defined as: individuals who trace their ancestry to indigenous inhabitants of Africa including such persons of Caribbean descent and such African and Afro-Caribbean persons who are British citizens.

The trustees have taken external advice from both experienced charity trustees outside of 10,000 Black Interns Foundation and from our charity lawyer on best practice for good interpretations of the guidance issued by the Charity Commission on public benefit. The trustees continue to seek advice as the charity's impact increases.

The charity carries out its objects by:

- Partnering with firms: liaising with corporate partners across numerous sectors including Banking and Finance, Investment Management, Insurance, Accountancy, Law, Healthcare Management, Education, Technology, Recruitment & Executive Search, Engineering, Marketing and Advertising and more to secure internship pledges
- Training successful applicants: providing speakers to get directly involved in the programme in their relevant field of expertise to deliver webinars, and make available online resources
- Supporting all candidates: providing speakers to deliver webinars as well as online resources for the 8,000 unsuccessful candidates from the 2022 programme
- Mentoring interns: matching each intern with a mentor at their respective employer and training our mentors in order to meet the specific needs of our interns (i.e., 'meeting them where they are at')

By focussing on these areas, we achieve our strategic priorities of increasing opportunity for professional experience to young Black people across the UK whilst building a growing community of alumni who will play a significant role in nurturing the programme's future talent.

10,000 Black Interns Foundation has benefitted from extensive volunteer engagement; from August-November we had various volunteers assist the staff team directly with outreach calls to firms and interns alike. The most significant volunteer contribution has come in the form of training and events. We hosted up to three webinar events per week within the same period (as mentioned above) and we were joined by industry leaders and subject experts to talk to candidates on a range of topics from battling imposter syndrome to interview technique and more sector specific information. Countless hours and expert advice were given to the charity and its beneficiaries thought-out this training period.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT) (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Achievements and performance

Over the past 12 months, 10,000 Black Interns Foundation has been able to lay the foundations for a very scalable and impactful programme – a programme that has created the opportunity to have a positive impact on tens of thousands of individuals and thousands of companies for years to come.

The 100 Black Interns scheme was piloted in the summer of 2021 across Investment Management and Health Data Research and was a huge success:

- 212 participating firms offered 502 internships
- 2,156 applications received and distributed to participating firms
- 30% of internships converted into additional opportunities (e.g., full time offers, internship extensions or additional internships)
- 72% of applicants said they would not have received a placement without the programme
- 60% of applicants said they would not have considered a role in investment management without the programme
- 100% would recommend the programme to their peers
- 29 nominees for the Alexander Paul Award were invited to a reception at Number 10, where the Prime Minister presented the award and met with some of the interns

Off the back of the success of 100 Black Interns in the Summer of 2021, the programme now operates as 10,000 Black Interns to reflect a bigger mission:

- · To cover 20 sectors across the UK
- Offering 2,000+ internships

We believe we can do more, and our guiding principle is to help support as many individuals as possible. In order to prepare to run the Summer 2022 programme, we carried out a robust training course to ensure that all candidates were as prepared as possible to join their respective sectors next year. We are committed to a sustainable programme that can deliver this ambition over the next five years, and beyond; with 10,243 applications received and distributed to participating firms already we are aware that we have a responsibility to nurture and support this growing community.

Looking forward to the next 12 months the trustees anticipate:

- Placing more than 2,000 interns for the 2023 cycle (opening applications in Sept 2022)
- Providing support to the 8,000+ unsuccessful candidates (for the 2022 cycle)
- An increase in our 500+ alumni network (to 2500)

As we end the year the trustees are looking closely at the closed platform our alumni and applicants are using (a slack-like forum called Hootsuite). As we consider growing this network, we are hoping to build a bespoke webapp that allows our growing community of young people to connect, share opportunity, network within their alumni cohort and access mentorship from previous cohorts. In order to continue to nurture this growing community, we have also partnered with LinkedIn. This partnership has seen grants made to the charity to support our staff team's salaries, marketing budget provided across their platform to help bolster our reach and network, as well as bespoke solutions created for our candidates and successful interns, helping them grow their professional profiles and network more effectively through their internship and beyond. This partnership continues into 2022.

The trustees initially set out to create 100 paid internship opportunities for beneficiaries from 100 firms to be carried out over the Summer of 2021, 502 internships were completed offered by 212 firms. Thereafter the trustees set out to create 2000 internship opportunities across 20 sectors (to be carried out over the Summer of 2022). At the end of 2021, 2200 internships had been offered by over 7000 firms across 24 sectors.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT) (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

As we continue to surpass our expectation and achieve beyond our initial objectives, we are also mindful of the quality of our programme and that providing impact at scale means ensuring the training elements of our programme continue to be as impressive as our numbers.

The trustees set out to raise £750,000 across the period, by period end a total of £769,943 was raised. These funds included donations (voluntary donations from firms) and contributions (grants).

Fundraising

Our fundraising strategy saw us approach our participating firms following the completion of the internship cycle for voluntary donations of any amount. Strategic partnerships were also sought with key stakeholders and leveraged to provide funds or support in kind. No professional fundraisers or third parties were used and we have not received any complaints with regards to fundraising.

Financial review

During the period, the funds raised from donations and grants was £769,943. At the period end, the charity had unrestricted funds of £373,200 and restricted funds of £12,233.

It is the policy of the charity that unrestricted funds which have not been designated for a specific use should be maintained at a level equivalent to between three- and six-month's expenditure. The trustees consider that reserves at this level will ensure that, in the event of a significant drop in funding, they will be able to continue the charity's current activities while consideration is given to ways in which additional funds may be raised. This level of reserves has been achieved.

Donation is our largest source of funding and in total we raised £697,400 from this source. Further contribution of £72,543 was received in grants. The aim of our contribution raising activities is to generate income to fund specific parts of our work, namely our payroll and our marketing efforts. The largest fundraising activity is the success of the programme itself; firms are prompted to make voluntary donations of any amount following their internship period.

Going Concern

Fundraising targets have been exceeded and strategic partnerships that provide funds continue. The Trustee's are confident that the charity is a going concern.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT) (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Principal Risks and uncertainties

All significant activities undertaken are subject to a risk review as part of the initial activity assessment and implementation. Major risks are identified and ranked in terms of their potential impact and likelihood. Major risks, for this purpose, are those that may have a significant effect on:

- · Operational performance, including risks to our personnel and volunteers;
- · Financial sustainability, including stability and security of funds;
- · Achievement of our aims and objectives;
- · Meeting the expectations of our beneficiaries or supporters

The trustees review these risks on an ongoing basis and satisfy themselves that adequate systems and procedures are in place to manage the risks identified. Where appropriate, risks are covered by insurance. The following framework is central to ensuring adequate risk assurance:

- · Regular monitoring of major risks and development of action plans;
- Embedding risk identification and assessment within operating procedures;
- · A clear structure of delegated authority and control;
- · Review of key systems and procedures through internal audit arrangements;
- · Income and profit targets for our trading and fundraising activities;
- · Maintaining reserves in line with set policies.

We have paid particular attention during the period to increasing coverage of the internal audit. As we are working with multiple stakeholders our trustees recognise that some areas of our work require the management of risk if our key objectives are to be achieved.

Structure, governance and management

10,000 Black Interns Foundation is a non-governmental, non-political, non-religious organisation established in 2021. It is constituted as a company limited by guarantee under a memorandum and articles of association incorporated 2 March 2021 as amended by special resolution registered at companies house on 7 June 2021, as amended by special resolution registered at Companies House on 20 May 2022. It is registered as a charity with the Charity Commission.

The 10,000 Black Interns Foundation team is run by an experienced Programme Director who is responsible for the day-to-day operation of the charity and manages the staff of the charity on behalf of the trustees. She is supported by an experienced senior programme manager. She heads up our staff team who advise on and deliver the strategy and programmes of the charity. The staff team work closely with the Programme Director, meeting every morning to liaise on strategy, relationship management, and safeguarding.

Key Team Members

Programme Director - Nana Campbell

Programme Manager - Julie Quist-Therson

Key management remuneration was set based on a skills assessment undertaken by MSCI. This was mapped against average industry rates and an independent report was created by Resource Solutions (an HR research company) that provided recommendations.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT) (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The trustees, who are also the directors for the purpose of company law, and who served during the period and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

Mr J E H Sorrell

Mr O O Kolade

(Appointed 2 March 2021)

Mr D K Konotey-Ahulu

(Appointed 2 March 2021)

Ms F Butler

(Appointed 2 March 2021)

Mr M Barrington-Hibbert

(Appointed 2 March 2021)

Mr S G Breyer

(Appointed 5 March 2021)

The articles allow for new trustees to be appointed on a rolling basis and serve until they resign. All our existing trustees have long experience of being a charity trustee and are not remunerated for their trusteeship. Our trustees are unpaid, and details of trustee expenses and any related party transactions are disclosed in the accounts.

Where new trustees are appointed, they are given a formal induction to the work of the charity and provided with the information they need to fulfil their roles, which includes information about the role of trustees and charity law. New trustees are nominated by members of the board of trustees, interviewed by a panel of three trustees and appointed where they have the necessary skills to contribute to the charity's management and development.

Auditor

In accordance with the company's articles, a resolution proposing that Ensors Accountants LLP be reappointed as auditor of the company will be put at a General Meeting.

Disclosure of information to auditor

There is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditors are unaware; and the trustees have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as trustees in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditors are aware of that information.

The trustees' report was approved by the Board of Trustees.

Mr O O Kolade

Trustee

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STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The trustees, who are also the directors of 10,000 Black Interns Foundation for the purpose of company law, are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF 10,000 BLACK INTERNS FOUNDATION

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of 10,000 Black Interns Foundation (the 'charity') for the period ended 31 December 2021 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet, the statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the trustees' report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared, which includes the directors' report prepared for the purposes of company law, is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report included within the trustees' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF 10,000 BLACK INTERNS FOUNDATION

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report included within the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the trustees' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the statement of trustees' responsibilities, the trustees, who are also the directors of the charity for the purpose of company law, are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

In planning our audit, we identify and assess the risk of material misstatement within the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing the risks, consideration is given to the control environment (including trustees' and management's own processes for identification and risk assessment) as well as the nature of the entity, the sector in which it operates and the underlying performance. Consideration is also given to the attitudes and incentives of management to commit fraud, with specific procedures planned and performed to respond to the risk of inappropriate management override of controls.

We also obtained an understanding of the applicable laws and regulations to which the charity must adhere, through discussions with management and those charged with governance, as well as commercial knowledge of the sector and statutory legislation, in order to determine the key laws and regulations applicable to the charity.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF 10,000 BLACK INTERNS FOUNDATION

After assessing the risk of fraud, we performed audit procedures to gain assurance regarding fraud and management override as follows:

- Auditing the risk of management override of controls, including through testing journal entries and other adjustments for appropriateness, and evaluating the rationale behind significant transactions outside the normal course of business.
- Assessment of accounting estimates within the financial statements in order to assess their reasonableness to determine whether there is any bias in the estimates.
- Review of meeting minutes of trustees and management
- Enquiring of management and trustees as to whether they are aware of any alleged, suspected or actual fraud during the period

We also performed procedures to satisfy ourselves regarding compliance with applicable laws and regulations, including:

- Enquiry of trustees and management around actual and potential litigation and claims
- Reviewing minutes of meetings of those charged with governance
- Reviewing correspondence with relevant legal authorities
- Reviewing legal expense accounts for any indicators of litigations

All audit team members were made aware of the applicable laws and regulations, as well as potential fraud risks during the planning stage of the audit and this was discussed at the audit team planning meeting. It was therefore determined that team members all had the relevant awareness and competence to identify any instances of noncompliance or fraud.

There are, however, inherent limitations to our above audit procedures. Auditing standards only require us to enquire of the trustees and management regarding non-compliance with laws and regulations, as well as review regulatory and legal correspondence (if there is any). It is therefore possible that instances of non-compliance could be missed, particularly where the law in itself is far removed from any financial transactions.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Helen Rumsey (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Ensors Accountants LLP

31 October 2022

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Unrestricted funds 2021		Restricted funds 2021	Total 2021
	Notes	2021 £	2021 £	2021 £
Income from:		_	_	_
Donations and legacies	3	697,400	72,543	769,943
Expenditure on:				
Raising funds	4	44,829	-	44,829
Charitable activities	5	279,371	60,310	339,681
Total expenditure		324,200	60,310	384,510
Net income for the period/				
Net movement in funds		373,200	12,233	385,433
Fund balances at 2 March 2021		-	-	-
Fund balances at 31 December 2021		373,200	12,233	385,433
•				

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the period.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

The statement of financial activities also complies with the requirements for an income and expenditure account under the Companies Act 2006.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

		202	1
	Notes	£	£
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets Tangible assets	9 10		109,442 4,514
rangible assets	10		4,514
			113,956
Current assets Debtors	11	120,470	
Cash at bank and in hand		425,534	
		546,004	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(24,527)	
Net current assets			521,477
Total assets less current liabilities			635,433
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	14		(250,000)
Net assets			385,433
Income funds			
Restricted funds Unrestricted funds	16		12,233 373,200
om consider failed			
			385,433

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Trustee

Company registration number 13240146

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Notes	2021 £	£
Cash flows from operating activities	20		202 024
Cash generated from/(absorbed by) operations	20	•	292,934
Investing activities			
Purchase of intangible assets		(111,150)	
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(6,250)	
Net cash used in investing activities			(117,400)
-			
Financing activities			
Proceeds from loans		250,000	
			050.000
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities			250,000
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			425,534
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			420,004
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period			_
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period			425,534
·			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

10,000 Black Interns Foundation is a private company limited by guarantee incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 10 New Burlington Street, London, W1S 3BE.

1.1 Reporting period

Due to the incorporation of the charity on 2 March 2021 these financial statements are presented for the period between incorporation and 31 December 2021, a period less than one year. As a result of this the financial statements do not contain comparatives.

1.2 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the charity's governing document, the Companies Act 2006, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Charities SORP "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019). The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.3 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.4 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

1.5 Income

Income is recognised when the charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

Legacies and grants are recognised on receipt or otherwise if the charity has been notified of an impending distribution, the amount is known, and receipt is expected. If the amount is not known, then it is treated as a contingent asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Raising funds includes all associated costs with building relationships with donors and prospective donors.

Charitable activities includes all costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries, It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

1.7 Intangible fixed assets other than goodwill

Intangible assets are recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is charged once the asset is complete and in use.

Amortisation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Software

33% straight line

1.8 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Computers

33% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

1.9 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the charity reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

1.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.11 Financial instruments

The charity has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the charity's balance sheet when the charity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.12 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the charity is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.13 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due. The cost of providing benefits under defined benefit plans is determined separately for each plan using the projected unit credit method, and is based on actuarial advice.

The change in the net defined benefit liability arising from employee service during the year is recognised as an employee cost. The cost of plan introductions, benefit changes, settlements and curtailments are recognised as incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.14 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

1.15 Public benefit concessionary loan

The loan has been initially recognised and measured at the amount received, with the carrying amount adjusted in subsequent years to reflect repayments and any accrued interest and adjusted if necessary for any impairment.

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total
	2021 £	2021 £	2021 £
Donations and gifts	697,400 ———	72,543	769,943 ———

4 Raising funds

	Unrestricted funds
	. 2021
	£
Travel and subsistence	1,017
Advertising	26,224
Computer costs	17,588
· .	44,829

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

5	Charitable activities			
				2021 £
	Staff costs Advertising Consultancy fees			122,439 38,020 104,466
				264,925
	Share of support costs (see note 6) Share of governance costs (see note 6)			59,452 15,304
	•			339,681
	Analysis by fund Unrestricted funds Restricted funds			279,371 60,310
				339,681
6	Support costs	Support Go	vernance	2021
		costs £	costs £	£
	Depreciation Bank charges	3,444 72	-	3,444 72
	Printing, postage and stationery Sundry expenses	581 225	-	581 225
	Insurance Web development costs Consultancy fees	1,919 23,506 22,740	-	1,919 23,506 22,740
	Software subscriptions Accountancy costs	4,872 2,093	-	4,872 2,093
	Audit fees Legal and professional	-	11,400 3,904	11,400 3,904
		59,452	15,304	74,756
	Analysed between Charitable activities	59,452	15,304	74,756 ———

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

7 Trustees and related party transactions

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration during the period, but one trustee was reimbursed a total of £43,025 for expenses incurred prior to the Foundation's registration.

Donations of £85,000 were received without conditions from organisations connected to the trustees,

An unsecured, interest free loan of £250,000 was provided by Capstone Investment Advisors (UK) LLP. Jonathan Sorrell, trustee, is president of the Capstone group.

8 Employees

9

The average monthly number of employees during the period was:

The average monthly number of employees during the period was:	2021 Number
	2
Employment costs	2021 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	113,127 7,392 1,920
	122,439
The number of employees whose annual remuneration was more than £60,000 is as follows:	2021 Number
£60,000 - £70,000	1
Intangible fixed assets	
	Software £
Cost Additions	Software £ 111,150
	£
Additions	111,150
Additions At 31 December 2021 Amortisation and impairment	£ 111,150 111,150

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

10	Tangible fixed assets	Computers
		£
	Cost Additions	6,250
	At 31 December 2021	6,250
	Depreciation and impairment	
	Depreciation charged in the period	1,736
	At 31 December 2021	1,736
	Carrying amount	
	At 31 December 2021	4,514
11	Debtors	
• •	Desicols	2021
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£
	Trade debtors	93,001
	Prepayments and accrued income	27,469
		120,470
		42-73
12	Loans and overdrafts	
		2021 £
	Concessionary loan	250,000 ======
	Payable after one year	250,000
	J	
	The long-term loan is an unsecured interest free loan provided by Capstone Investment Advisor The loan is repayable after five years.	s (UK) LLP.
13	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	
		2021
		£
	Other taxation and social security	10,108
	Trade creditors	1,765
	Other creditors	514
	Accruals	12,140 ———
		24,527

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

15 Retirement benefit schemes

The charity operates a defined contribution pension scheme for all qualifying employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the charity in an independently administered fund.

The amount recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities as an expense in respect of defined contribution schemes was £1.920.

16 Restricted funds

The income funds of the charity include restricted funds comprising the following unexpended balances of donations and grants held on trust for specific purposes:

		Movement in funds		
	Balance at 2 March 2021	Incoming resources	Resources expended	Balance at 31 December 2021
	£	£	£	£
Sillicon Valley	-	72,543	(60,310)	12,233
•		. ====		

The Silicon Valley funding was awarded to develop the capacity and capability of our team. The funds are therefore restricted to HR spend including key management, employees, and consultants salaries and remuneration as well as training and development costs.

17 Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted funds 2021	Restricted funds	Total 2021
		2021	
	£	£	£
Fund balances at 31 December 2021 are represented by:			
Intangible fixed assets	109,442	-	109,442
Tangible assets	4,514	-	4,514
Current assets/(liabilities)	509,244	12,233	521,477
Long term liabilities	(250,000)	-	(250,000)
	373,200	12,233	385,433

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

18 Remuneration of key management personnel

Key management personnel include all persons that have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the charity.

The remuneration of key management personnel is as follows.

2021 £

Aggregate compensation

41,067

19 Guarantee

The charity is a company limited by guarantee; in the event of the charity being wound up, the liability in respect of the guarantee is limited to £10 per member of the charity.

Cash generated from operations	2021 £
Surplus for the period	385,433
Adjustments for:	
Amortisation and impairment of intangible assets	1,708
Depreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets	1,736
Movements in working capital:	
(Increase) in debtors	(120,470)
Increase in creditors	24,527
Cash generated from/(absorbed by) operations	292,934
	Surplus for the period Adjustments for: Amortisation and impairment of intangible assets Depreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets Movements in working capital: (Increase) in debtors Increase in creditors

21 Analysis of changes in net funds/(debt)

	At 2 March 2021	Cash flows A	At 31 December 2021
	£	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	-	425,534	425,534
Loans falling due after more than one year	-	(250,000)	(250,000)
	-	175,534	175,534