REGISTERED NUMBER: 13235315 (England and Wales)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

FOR

MATIERE UK LTD

CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Page
Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3

MATIERE UK LTD

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

DIRECTOR:	P Matiere
REGISTERED OFFICE:	1 Rushmills Northampton Northamptonshire NN4 7YB
REGISTERED NUMBER:	13235315 (England and Wales)
AUDITORS:	TC Group 1 Rushmills Bedford Road Northampton Northamptonshire NN4 7YB

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2022

		202	2022		2021	
TIVED 444774	Notes	£	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	4		97,008		-	
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	5	618,362 690,730 1,309,092		401,389 362,915 764,304		
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year NET CURRENT ASSETS TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	6	1,050,066	<u>259,026</u> 356,034	691,866	72,438 72,438	
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES NET ASSETS	8		23,737 332,297		72,438	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Retained earnings SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	9		100 332,197 332,297		100 72,338 72,438	

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 27 September 2023 and were signed by:

P Matiere - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Matiere UK Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the General Information page.

The business address is as follows:

EKFB Greatworth Green Tunnel Compound Thorpe Mandeville Banbury OX17 2HL

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

There were no material departures from that standard.

Functional and presentational currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery - 20% on cost Motor vehicles - 20% on cost

Tangible fixed assets are initially recorded at cost and subsequently carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Page 3 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

Basic financial assets, including trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership, control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to uniloterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, and loans from fellow group companies, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Page 4 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Going concern

As at the point of authorising the accounts, and for the foreseeable future, the directors consider the going concern assumption to still be appropriate. The directors acknowledge that given the rapidly changing business and social environment, there are likely to be significant unknown factors which may present themselves. Such factors are considered by the directors to represent a general inherent level of risk in relation to the going concern assumption albeit not quantifiable at this time.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 13 (2021 - 6).

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Plant and	Motor	
	machinery	vehicles	Totals
	£	£	£
COST			
Additions	31,422	111,146	142,568
At 31 December 2022	31,422	111,146	142,568
DEPRECIATION			
Charge for year	13,500	32,060	45,560
At 31 December 2022	13,500	32,060	45,560
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31 December 2022	<u> 17,922</u>	79.086	97,008

Page 5 continued...

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

5.	DEBTORS: AMO	OUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		2022	2021
				2022 £	2021 £
	Trade debtors			33,082	178,178
	Other debtors			9,745	5,842
	VAT			54,737	-
	Prepayments of	and accrued income		<u>520,798</u>	<u>217,369</u>
				<u>618,362</u>	<u>401,389 </u>
,	ODEDITORS A	ACUNITA FALLINIO DUE WIZIUN ONE VEAD			
6.	CREDITORS: AM	MOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		2022	2021
				2022 £	2021 £
	Trade creditor	\$		226,086	206,961
		d to group undertakings		618,681	370,216
	Corporation to			41,314	17,460
	Socia security	and other taxes		28,894	16,279
	VAT			-	9,570
	Other creditor			19,880	
	Accruals and	deferred income	_	115,211	71,380
			_	1,050,066	691,866
7.	LEASING AGRE	EMENTS			
	Minimum lease	e payments under non-cancellable ope	ratina leases fall due as follow	/5-	
	Will ill flott loase	payments officer from carreenable oper	rating leases rail abe as rollow	2022	2021
				£	£
	Within one yea	ar		45,400	21,450
	Between one	and five years		<u> </u>	925
				46,375	22,375
8.	PROVISIONS FO	OR LIABILITIES			
				2022	2021
				£	£
	Deferred tax			<u>23,737</u>	
					Deferred
					tax
					£
	Charge to Inc	ome Statement during year			23,737
		December 2022			23,737
9.	CALLED UP SHA	ARE CAPITAL			
	Allotted, issued	d and fully paid:			
	Number:	Class:	Nominal	2022	2021
			value:	£	£
	100	Ordinary	1	100	<u> 100</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

10. DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 444(5B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

The Report of the Auditors was unqualified.

Emma Jones FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of TC Group

11. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

12. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The immediate parent undertaking of this Company is Matiere SAS, a company incorporated in France.

The ultimate controlling party is Philippe Matiere by virtue of shares held in the parent entity.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.