

**TCS CARPENTRY & CONSTRUCTION LTD
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023**

SIFAR LTD
Unit 14, The Maltings Industrial Estate
Hall Road
Southminster
Essex
CM0 7EQ

TCS Carpentry & Construction Ltd
Unaudited Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 March 2023

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TCS Carpentry & Construction Ltd
Balance Sheet
As At 31 March 2023

Registered number: 13158167

		31 March 2023		31 March 2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible Assets	4		43,555		49,175
Tangible Assets	5		45,081		59,333
			<u>88,636</u>		<u>108,508</u>
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	6	10,453		16,352	
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>39,553</u>		<u>42,343</u>	
		50,006		58,695	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	7	<u>(129,644)</u>		<u>(131,174)</u>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			<u>(79,638)</u>		<u>(72,479)</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>8,998</u>		<u>36,029</u>
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	8		<u>-</u>		<u>(10,175)</u>
NET ASSETS			<u>8,998</u>		<u>25,854</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	10		1,000		1,000
Profit and Loss Account			<u>7,998</u>		<u>24,854</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			<u>8,998</u>		<u>25,854</u>

TCS Carpentry & Construction Ltd
Balance Sheet (continued)
As At 31 March 2023

For the year ending 31 March 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Thomas Seaman

Director

29th September 2023

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

TCS Carpentry & Construction Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 March 2023

1. General Information

TCS Carpentry & Construction Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 13158167. The registered office is Unit 14, The Maltings Industrial Estate, Southminster, Essex, CM0 7EQ.

2. Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

2.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

2.3. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Goodwill

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the separable net assets. It is amortised to profit and loss account over its estimated economic life of 10 years.

2.4. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery	25% Straight Line
Motor Vehicles	20% Straight Line
Computer Equipment	33.33% Straight Line

2.5. Leases

Assets obtained under finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

TCS Carpentry & Construction Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 March 2023

2.6. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

3. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 2 (2022: 2)

4. Intangible Assets

	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
As at 1 April 2022	56,200
As at 31 March 2023	56,200
Amortisation	
As at 1 April 2022	7,025
Provided during the period	5,620
As at 31 March 2023	12,645
Net Book Value	
As at 31 March 2023	43,555
As at 1 April 2022	49,175

TCS Carpentry & Construction Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 March 2023

5. Tangible Assets

	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
As at 1 April 2022	2,000	66,740	1,715	70,455
As at 31 March 2023	2,000	66,740	1,715	70,455
Depreciation				
As at 1 April 2022	625	10,270	227	11,122
Provided during the period	500	13,348	404	14,252
As at 31 March 2023	1,125	23,618	631	25,374
Net Book Value				
As at 31 March 2023	875	43,122	1,084	45,081
As at 1 April 2022	1,375	56,470	1,488	59,333

6. Debtors

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	428	14,485
Prepayments and accrued income	692	1,245
Other debtors	2,264	622
Corporation tax recoverable assets	7,069	-
	<u>10,453</u>	<u>16,352</u>

7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	£	£
Net obligations under finance leases	-	3,575
Trade creditors	2,107	5,193
Other taxes and social security	-	635
VAT	5,163	9,929
Other creditors	6,320	5,503
Directors' loan accounts	116,054	106,339
	<u>129,644</u>	<u>131,174</u>

8. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	£	£
Net obligations under finance leases	-	10,175
	<u>-</u>	<u>10,175</u>

TCS Carpentry & Construction Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 March 2023

9. Obligations Under Finance Leases

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	£	£
The future minimum finance lease payments are as follows:		
Not later than one year	-	3,575
Later than one year and not later than five years	-	10,175
	<u>-</u>	<u>13,750</u>
	<u>-</u>	<u>13,750</u>

10. Share Capital

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	£	£
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	1,000	1,000
	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.