Registration number: 13151058

Atlanta Investment Holdings D5 Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Period from 21 January 2021 to 31 December 2021





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Company Information

Directors C D Ball

I J Donaldson

Company secretary Ardonagh Corporate Secretary Limited

Registered office Autonet Insurance

Nile Street Burslem ST6 2BA United Kingdom

Strategic Report for the Period from 21 January 2021 to 31 December 2021

The directors present their strategic report for the period from 21 January 2021 to 31 December 2021 for Atlanta Investment Holdings D5 Limited ("the Company"). The Strategic Report provides a review of the business for the financial period and describes how the directors manage risks. The report outlines the performance of the Company during the financial period and its position at the end of the period. The report discusses the developments that have affected the Company and the main trends and factors that could affect its future. Following significant new equity investment as disclosed in note 12, the Company is now part of a new holding company structure. Prior to this and as at 31 December 2021, the Company was part of The Ardonagh Group Limited ("the Group").

Principal activities and business review

The principal activity of the Company is that of a non-trading holding company, as such the Company does not generate any turnover. The results for the Company show turnover of £Nil and profit before tax of £Nil for the period. At 31 December 2021 the Company had net assets of £2. The going concern note (part of accounting policies) on page 10 sets out the reasons why the directors continue to believe that the preparation of the financial statements on a going concern basis is appropriate.

Outlook

The Company is not actively trading and is not expected to trade in 2022 but has adequate net assets, as stated in 'Principal activities and business review' to fund its activities if this position changes. In addition, financial support offered by the Group, as discussed in note 2 'Going concern' provides sufficient assurance as to the Company's ability to trade on a going concern basis for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements.

Key performance indicators

The directors of the Group manage operations on a segmental basis. For this reason, the Company's directors believe that a detailed analysis for the Company is not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business. The development, performance and position of the Group which includes this Company is discussed in the Group's annual report.

Principal risks and uncertainties

Risk Management

The Company has a comprehensive strategy for the identification, mitigation and management of risk. A wide-ranging assessment of business risks has been undertaken resulting in the compilation of a risk register. The risk register is subject to discussion at regular Group Risk Management Committee meetings and the Company's ongoing risk management ensures there is appropriate reporting from the business which will highlight changes in risk profile to the Group Risk Management Committee. The risks are managed and monitored to be within the agreed risk appetite. If a risk exceeds appetite, management actions will be put in place to bring it within appetite.

The principal risks and their mitigation are as follows:

Strategic Report for the Period from 21 January 2021 to 31 December 2021 (continued)

Financial risk

There is the risk of an adverse impact on business value or earnings capacity as well as the risk of inadequate cash flows to meet financial obligations. These risks are mitigated by proactive management of the business plan, by regular monitoring of cash flows against risk appetite and by a focus on debt collection.

The Company and Group have considered the wider operational consequences and ramifications of the Covid-19 pandemic. Although Covid-19 developments remain fluid, financial stress testing demonstrates the Group's financial resilience and operating flexibility.

The Company and Group have sufficient liquidity to withstand a period of potential poor trading resulting from a sustained impact of Covid-19, although this has not materialised to date with the income impacts predominantly limited to the second quarter of 2020 and substantially offset by additional cost savings. The Group had available liquidity of £683.3m on 30 June 2022 and closely monitors available liquidity on an ongoing basis.

Insurance broking is a resilient and defensive market, which has historically had limited impact from past economic or capital market downturns. Ardonagh is highly diversified and not materially exposed to a single carrier, customer or market sector.

Approved by the Board on 13/09/2022 and signed on its behalf by:

C D Ball

Director

Directors' Report for the Period from 21 January 2021 to 31 December 2021

The directors present their annual report and the unaudited financial statements for the period from 21 January 2021 to 31 December 2021.

Incorporation

The company was incorporated on 21 January 2021.

Directors of the Company

The directors, who held office during the period and up to the date of signing, were as follows:

C D Ball (appointed 21 January 2021)

1 J Donaldson (appointed 21 January 2021)

Dividende

The directors do not recommend a final dividend payment to be made in respect of the financial period ended 31 December 2021.

Financial risk management objectives and policies

Details of financial risk management objectives and policies can be found in the Strategic Report within the 'Principal risks and uncertainties' section on page 2.

Future developments

Details of future developments can be found in the Strategic Report within the 'Outlook' section on page 2.

Political donations

The Company has not made any political donations during the period.

Subsequent events

Details of subsequent events can be found in the Notes to the financial statements within the 'Subsequent events' section on page 15.

Going concern

The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development are described in the Strategic Report on page 2. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements. Further details of this assessment can be found in note 2 to these financial statements.

Directors' indemnities

All directors of the Company and fellow Group companies benefit from qualifying third-party indemnity provisions, subject to the conditions set out in the Companies Act 2006, which were in place during the financial period and at the date of this report.

Approved by the Board on 13/09/2022 and signed on its behalf by:

C D Ball Director

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework".

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Period from 21 January 2021 to 31 December 2021

	r ei iou iroin 21
	January 2021
	to 31 December
	2021
Commission and fees	
Operating profit	
Profit before tax	
Profit for the period	-

During the period the Company did not trade and received no income and incurred no expenditure. Consequently, during the period the Company made neither a profit nor a loss. No results were derived from discontinued operations.

(Registration number: 13151058) Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 £
Current assets		
Trade and other receivables	8	2
Net assets		2
Capital		
Share capital	9	2
Total equity		2

For the financial period ending 31 December 2021 the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

The members have not required the Company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the period in question in accordance with section 476.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

Approved by the Board on 13/09/2022 and signed on its behalf by:

C D Ball Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Period from 21 January 2021 to 31 December 2021

	Share capital		l Total	
	Note	£	£	
At 21 January 2021		-	-	
New share capital issued	9	2	2	
At 31 December 2021		2	2	

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 21 January 2021 to 31 December 2021

1 General information

The Company is a private company limited by share capital, that is incorporated and registered in England, United Kingdom. The details of the Company's registered office address can be found on page 1. The principal activity of the Company is disclosed on page 2 within the 'Strategic Report' section.

The financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2021 were authorised for issue by the board on 13 September 2022 and the Statement of Financial Position was signed on the board's behalf by C D Ball.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to the period presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework."

The financial statements are presented in GBP sterling (£), which is also the Company's functional currency. The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, as modified to use a different measurement basis where necessary to comply with FRS 101. There are no new standards, amendments to standards or interpretations which are effective in 2021 or not yet effective and that are expected to materially impact the Company's financial statements.

Summary of disclosure exemptions

In preparing these financial statements, the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the UK ("Adopted IFRSs"), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with the Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

In these financial statements, the Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101 where relevant:

- the requirements in paragraph 10(d) and 111 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements to prepare a Cash flow statement and the requirements in IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows regarding the same;
- the requirements in paragraph 10(f), 39(c) and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements, which includes the need to provide details on capital management;
- the requirements of IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures';
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 in IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting
 Estimates and Errors regarding disclosure of new IFRS standards not yet effective at the reporting
 date and their potential impact;
- the requirements in paragraphs 17 and 18A of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures around the need to
 disclose information on key management personnel and details on related party transactions entered
 into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is party to the
 transaction is wholly owned by such a member; and

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 21 January 2021 to 31 December 2021 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

the requirements of paragraphs 134(d) - 134(f) and 135(c) - 135(e) of IAS 36 Impairment of Assets in
respect of disclosure of assumptions on which projections used in the impairment review are based
and sensitivity analysis.

Equivalent disclosures are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements, as required by FRS 101 where exemptions have been applied.

Judgements made by the directors in the application of these accounting policies that have a significant effect on the financial statements, and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year, are discussed in the Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty disclosure on page 12.

Going concern

As shown in account note 11, the Company was a member of a group ("the Group") of which The Ardonagh Group Limited ("TAGL") was the ultimate parent company and the highest level at which results were consolidated for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared on a going concern basis. At 31 December 2021 the Company had net assets of £2. The Company reported a profit before tax of £Nil.

The directors have assessed the Group's financial position and its ability to meet its obligations as and when they fall due. In making the going concern assessment the directors have taken into account the following:

- The Group's capital structure, operations and liquidity.
- Base case and stressed cash flow forecasts over the calendar years 2022 and 2023.
- The impact on the base case and stressed cashflow forecasts arising from subsequent material acquisitions.
- The principal risks facing the Group, and its systems of risk management and internal control.
- Actual trading and cashflows of the Company and Group since the Company's incorporation, including those of the group of companies previously owned by TAGL.

Key assumptions that the directors have made in preparing the base case cash flow forecasts are that:

- The Group will continue to benefit from a £191.5m Revolving Credit Facility that is not drawn at the date of this report.
- Client retention and renewal rates remain robust, despite the current economic uncertainty, as the 2022 trading performance continues to demonstrate resilience across the Group, including that of the group of companies previously owned by TAGL.

Key stress scenarios that the directors have considered include cumulative stresses to the base plan as a result of:

- Shortfalls in base case projected income throughout 2022 and 2023.
- Deterioration in base case cash conversion rates over and above the shortfalls in income.
- Mitigating actions within management control including delayed capital expenditure, a reduction in discretionary spend and measured reductions in employee headcount and remuneration.
- The impact of increasing interest rates.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 21 January 2021 to 31 December 2021 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

The directors have also modelled reverse stress scenarios, including assessing those that result in a default on the Group's term debt facilities that would require a technical repayment obligation and those that would exhaust available liquidity. The stresses needed for these outcomes to happen significantly exceed the key stress scenarios above and the directors consider such conditions to be a remote possibility. Other mitigations which may be possible in the stress scenarios but have not been included in the analysis include seeking shareholder support, securitising premium receivables and further incremental and more prolonged cost reductions.

The directors continue to consider the wider operational and financial consequences and ramifications of global political and economic tensions (including related to the Ukrainian conflict, inflation and increasing interest rates). In particular:

- Insurance broking is a resilient and defensive market, which has historically had limited impact from
 past economic or capital market downturns. The Group is highly diversified and not unduly exposed
 to a single carrier, customer or market sector.
- Although economic developments remain fluid, the stress testing demonstrates the Group's financial resilience and operating flexibility.
- As a result of Russia invading Ukraine, we have seen significant new sanctions legislation from a range of legislators (including the US, EU and UK), with newly sanctioned entities and individuals, and new (or wider in scope) sectoral sanctions targeting Russia (and Belarus). The Ardonagh Group has no appetite for potential breaches of applicable sanctions regimes and applies appropriate controls including automated screening of clients against relevant sanctions lists. We continue to actively monitor the situation as it develops and will respond accordingly as new sanctions are enacted.

Following the assessment of the Company and Group's financial position and its ability to meet its obligations as and when they fall due, including the further potential financial implications of economic uncertainty included in stress tests, the directors are not aware of any material uncertainties that cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Financial assets

Financial assets are initially measured at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs. The Company's financial assets include trade and other receivables. Trade and other receivables represent amounts due from related parties. They are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost less expected credit losses. The Company assesses, on a forward-looking basis, the expected credit losses (ECL) associated with its financial assets carried at amortised cost. The Company recognises a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Current tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 21 January 2021 to 31 December 2021 (continued)

3 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Estimates and judgements used in preparing the financial statements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. There were no key sources of estimation uncertainty or critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have had a significant impact on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial period.

4 Operating result

For the period ended 31 December 2021, the Company has taken the exemption under s479 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to obtain an audit of their separate financial statements. The guarantee of the outstanding liabilities as at 31 December 2021 has been provided by Ardonagh Midco 2 plc, a fellow Group company. As a result, no audit fee has been incurred.

5 Staff costs

The Company had no employees in the current period. All administration is performed by employees of the Group, for which no recharge is made to the Company.

6 Directors' remuneration

The emoluments of all directors are paid by other Group companies, which make no recharge to the Company. These directors are directors of other Group subsidiaries. Their total emoluments are included in the consolidated financial statements of The Ardonagh Group Limited for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 21 January 2021 to 31 December 2021 (continued)

7 Income tax	
The Company's tax charge is the sum of the total current and deferred tax expense.	
	Period from 21 January 2021 to 31 December 2021 £
Current taxation	
UK corporation tax	-
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	
Total current taxation	
Deferred taxation	
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	-
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	-
Effect of tax rate change on opening balance	
Total deferred taxation	
Tax charge/(credit) in the Statement of Comprehensive Income	
In the March 2021 Budget, it was announced that the UK Corporation Tax Rate will 19% to 25% with effect from April 2023.	rise from its current rate of
8 Trade and other receivables	
	2021
Receivables from other Group companies	£ 2
Access to the other Group companies	

The directors believe that the intercompany receivables are recoverable. The balances are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.