Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Period 18 December 2020 to 30 June 2021

<u>for</u>

OculR Limited

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OculR Limited

Company Information for the Period 18 December 2020 to 30 June 2021

REGISTERED OFFICE:

93 Tabernacle Street
London
EC2 4BA

REGISTERED NUMBER:

13091230 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS:

Ramon Lee Ltd
93 Tabernacle Street
London
EC2A 4BA

Balance Sheet 30 June 2021

	Notes	£
FIXED ASSETS		
Tangible assets	4	409
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash at bank		96,784
CREDITORS		
Amounts falling due within one year	5	(95,347)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,437
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT		
LIABILITIES		1,846
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		
Called up share capital	6	1
Retained earnings		1,845
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		1,846

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the period ended 30 June 2021.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2021 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and loss account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 21 March 2022 and were signed by:

Dr Alexander Clifford Day - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period 18 December 2020 to 30 June 2021

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

STATUTORY INFORMATION

OculR Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PREPARING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

TURNOVER

Turnover is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable excluding discounts and rebates for the services provided in the normal course of business. Expenses include VAT wherever applicable as company cannot reclaim it.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less residual values over the useful life on the following basis:

Computers 25% net book value.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Period 18 December 2020 to 30 June 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

BASIC FINANCIAL ASSETS

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

BASIC FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method. Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the period was 1.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Period 18 December 2020 to 30 June 2021

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

				Computer equipment £
	COST			
	Additions			546
	At 30 June 2	021		546
	DEPRECIA	TION		
	Charge for p	eriod		137
	At 30 June 2	021		137
	NET BOOK	X VALUE		
	At 30 June 2	021		<u>409</u>
5.	CREDITOR	RS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN	ONE YEAR	£
	Taxation and	I social security		17,965
Taxation and social security Other creditors				77,382
	3			95,347
6.	CALLED U	P SHARE CAPITAL		
	Allotted, issu	ned and fully paid:		
	Number:	Class:	Nominal	
			value:	£
	1	Ordinary Share Capital	1	1

7. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

During the year, the Coronavirus (COVID-19) has emerged globally resulting in a significant impact on businesses worldwide. As a result some business operations have been restricted, however the company continues to operate using alternative methods and remote working.

The director is unable to evaluate the overall financial impact on the business at present. Hence financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

The director is continuing to monitor, assess and act to the current changing environment in order to position the company to ensure its future success.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.