

**2J Marketing Ltd Filleted Accounts
Cover**

2J Marketing Ltd

Company No. 13089909

Information for Filing with The Registrar

31 December 2023

2J Marketing Ltd Directors Report**Registrar**

The Directors present their report and the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2023.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year under review was Management consultancy.

Directors

The Directors who served at any time during the year were as follows:

J. Capaldi

J. Capaldi

The above report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime as set out in Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Signed on behalf of the board

J. Capaldi

Director

15 April 2024

2J Marketing Ltd Balance Sheet**Registrar****at 31 December 2023****Company No. 13089909**

	Notes	2023 £	2022 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	634	-
		<u>634</u>	<u>-</u>
Current assets			
Debtors	5	6,547	12,478
Cash at bank and in hand		39,074	44,986
		<u>45,621</u>	<u>57,464</u>
Creditors: Amount falling due within one year	6	<u>(10,624)</u>	<u>(19,217)</u>
Net current assets		34,997	38,247
Total assets less current liabilities		35,631	38,247
Provisions for liabilities			
Deferred taxation		(21)	-
Net assets		<u>35,610</u>	<u>38,247</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account	7	35,608	38,245
Total equity		<u>35,610</u>	<u>38,247</u>

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

For the year ended 31 December 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006 the directors have not delivered to the Registrar a copy of the company's profit and loss account.

Approved by the board on 15 April 2024 and signed on its behalf by:

J. Capaldi

Director

15 April 2024

**2J Marketing Ltd Notes to the
Accounts Registrar
for the year ended 31 December 2023**

1 General information

2J Marketing Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales.

Its registered number is: 13089909

Its registered office is:

71-75 Shelton Street

London

WC2H 9JQ

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 Section 1A - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

2 Accounting policies

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
 - the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
 - the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
 - it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company;
- and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and legal title is passed.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets held for the company's own use are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

At each balance sheet date, the company reviews the carrying amount of its tangible fixed assets to determine whether there is any indication that any items have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost or valuation less the estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life:

Furniture, fittings and equipment 20% Reducing balance

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the profit and loss account because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible timing differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Trade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Defined contribution pensions

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payments obligations.

The contributions are recognised as expenses when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals in the balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

3 Employees

	2023	2022
	Number	Number
The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the year was:	2	2

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or revaluation		
Additions	793	793
At 31 December 2023	<u>793</u>	<u>793</u>
Depreciation		
Charge for the year	159	159
At 31 December 2023	<u>159</u>	<u>159</u>
Net book values		
At 31 December 2023	<u>634</u>	<u>634</u>

5 Debtors

	2023 £	2022 £
Trade debtors	5,755	11,148
Prepayments and accrued income	792	1,330
	<u>6,547</u>	<u>12,478</u>

6 Creditors:

amounts falling due within one year

	2023 £	2022 £
Taxes and social security	9,154	17,962
Accruals and deferred income	1,470	1,255
	<u>10,624</u>	<u>19,217</u>

7 Reserves

Profit and loss account - includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.