Company registration number 13078896 (England and Wales)	
HOLTSPUR LIMITED  UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022	
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

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## **BALANCE SHEET**

### AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2022

	30 Novemb		30 November 2022		:021
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		433		-
Investment property	4		45,043		-
Investments	5		50		-
			45,526		-
Current assets					
Debtors	6	68,950		100	
Cash at bank and in hand		20,000		-	
		<del></del>			
		88,950		100	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	7	(47 500)			
year	7	(47,599)			
Net current assets			41,351		100
Net Current assets			41,551		
Total assets less current liabilities			86,877		100
			1		
Provisions for liabilities			(82)		-
Net assets			86,795		100
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			86,695		-
Total equity			86,795		100

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial period ended 30 November 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

# **BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)**

## AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2022

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 22 August 2023

C Caiulo

Director

Company Registration No. 13078896

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Holtspur Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 3 Coventry Innovation Village, Cheetah Road, Coventry, CV1 2TL.

#### 1.1 Reporting period

The accounts cover the period from 1 January 2022 to 30 November 2022. The comparative period relates to the dormant period from incorporation 14 December 2020 to 31 December 2021.

### 1.2 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include investment properties at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Computers

3 year straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

### 1.5 Investment property

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

#### Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.6 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss

An associate is an entity, being neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture, in which the company holds a long-term interest and where the company has significant influence. The company considers that it has significant influence where it has the power to participate in the financial and operating decisions of the associate.

#### 1.7 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

### 1.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

### 1.9 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administrative expenses.

### 1.10 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

### 1.11 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

2022

2021

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

### 2 Employees

3

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the period was:

	Number	Number
Total	1	1
Tangible fixed assets		
		Plant and machinery etc
		£
Cost		
At 1 January 2022 Additions		503
Additions		
At 30 November 2022		503
Depreciation and impairment		_
At 1 January 2022		-
Depreciation charged in the period		70 ——
At 30 November 2022		70
Carrying amount		
At 30 November 2022		433
At 31 December 2021		=

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

4	Investment property		2022
	Fair value At 1 January 2022		£
	Additions		45,043
	At 30 November 2022		45,043 ———
	Investment property comprises of a parcel of land in Beaconsfield. As the land was acquired November 2022, the fair value of the investment property is not considered to be significantly additions shown.		
5	Fixed asset investments		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Shares in group undertakings and participating interests	50 	-
	Movements in fixed asset investments		Shares in
	Cost or valuation		£
	At 1 January 2022		-
	Additions		50
	At 30 November 2022		50
	Carrying amount		
	At 30 November 2022		50
	At 31 December 2021		
6	Debtors		
	Amounts falling due within one year:	2022 £	2021 £
	Amounts faming due within one year.	~	~
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	68,950	-
	Other deptors		100
		68,950	100
	Other debtors	<del>-</del>	-

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2022

7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year				
				2022	2021
				£	£
	Corporation tax			14,952	_
	Other creditors			30,441	-
	Accruals and deferred income			2,206	-
				47,599	
8	Called up share capital				
		2022	2021	2022	2021
	Ordinary share capital	Number	Number	£	£
	Issued and fully paid				
	A Ordinary shares of £1 each	40	40	40	40
	B Ordinary shares of £1 each	30	30	30	30
	C Ordinary shares of £1 each	10	10	10	10
	D Ordinary shares of £1 each	10	10	10	10
	E Ordinary shares of £1 each	10	10	10	10
		100	100	100	100
9	Related party transactions				
	The following amounts were outstanding at the rep	porting end date:			
				2022	2021
	Amounts due to related parties			£	£
	Key management personnel			30,441	-

Amounts owed to key management personnel are interest free and repayable on demand.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.