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**ELYSIUM LONDON LIMITED**

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**AMENDED  
UNAUDITED  
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR  
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021**

THURSDAY



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20/07/2023

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These accounts now replace the originals which were prepared as dormant in September 2022 and are now the statutory accounts. It has since transpired that costs had been incurred personally during the period ended 31 December 2021 by the principal shareholder/director, and accordingly the present accounts have been prepared as they were at the date of the original accounts.

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ELYSIUM LONDON LIMITED  
REGISTERED NUMBER: 13073925

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION  
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

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	Note	2021 £
<b>Current assets</b>		
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	4	20
		<u>20</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(13,487)
		<u>(13,467)</u>
<b>Net current (liabilities)/assets</b>		<u>(13,467)</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>(13,467)</u>
<b>Net (liabilities)/assets</b>		<u><u>(13,467)</u></u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>		
Called up share capital	6	100
Profit and loss account	7	(13,567)
		<u><u>(13,467)</u></u>

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the period in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 17 July 2023.



**Javaid Siddique**  
Director

The notes on pages 2 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

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## ELYSIUM LONDON LIMITED

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

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#### 1. Accounting policies

##### 1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

##### 1.2 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

##### 1.3 Creditors

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

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## ELYSIUM LONDON LIMITED

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

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#### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

##### 1.4 Financial instruments

The Company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 "Basic Financial Instruments" of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

The Company has elected to apply the recognition and measurement provisions of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (as adopted by the UK Endorsement Board) with the disclosure requirements of Sections 11 and 12 and the other presentation requirements of FRS 102.

Financial instruments are recognised in the Company's Statement of financial position when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

##### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables, cash and bank balances, are initially measured at their transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at their amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any provision for impairment, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial. The Company's cash and cash equivalents, trade and most other receivables due with the operating cycle fall into this category of financial instruments.

##### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting date.

Financial assets are impaired when events, subsequent to their initial recognition, indicate the estimated future cash flows derived from the financial asset(s) have been adversely impacted. The impairment loss will be the difference between the current carrying amount and the present value of the future cash flows at the asset(s) original effective interest rate.

If there is a favourable change in relation to the events surrounding the impairment loss then the impairment can be reviewed for possible reversal. The reversal will not cause the current carrying amount to exceed the original carrying amount had the impairment not been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in the profit or loss.

##### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after the deduction of all its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities, which include trade and other payables, bank loans and other loans are initially measured at their transaction price after transaction costs. When this constitutes a financing transaction, whereby the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial.

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## ELYSIUM LONDON LIMITED

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

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#### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

##### 1.4 Financial instruments (continued)

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at their amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods and services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade payables are classified as current liabilities if the payment is due within one year. If not, they represent non-current liabilities. Trade payables are initially recognised at their transaction price and subsequently are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial.

##### Derecognition of financial instruments

##### Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised when their contractual right to future cash flow expire, or are settled, or when the Company transfers the asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another party. If significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained after the transfer to another party, then the Company will continue to recognise the value of the portion of the risks and rewards retained.

##### Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the Company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

#### 2. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily ascertainable from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual outcomes may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an continuing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised.

The key areas of estimation uncertainty that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are described below:

##### Accrued Expenditure

The company includes a provision for invoices which are yet to be received from and amounts paid in advance to suppliers. These provisions are estimated based upon the expected values of the invoices which are issued and services received following the period end.

#### 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the period was 2.

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ELYSIUM LONDON LIMITED

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

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**4. Debtors**

	2021 £
Director's loan account - T Javaid	20
	<u>20</u>

**5. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year**

	2021 £
Trade creditors	4,584
Director's loan account - J Siddique	8,303
Accruals and deferred income	600
	<u>13,487</u>

**6. Share capital**

	2021 £
<b>Allotted, called up and fully paid</b>	
100 Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	<u>100</u>

On incorporation, the company issued 100 Ordinary shares with the aggregate nominal value of £100.

**7. Reserves**

**Profit and loss account**

The profit and loss account is fully distributable.

**8. Related party transactions**

At the balance sheet date, the company owed £8,303 to Mr J Siddique, a shareholder and director. No interest was charged on the loan balances during the year.