Daniel James Light Haulage Ltd

Filleted Accounts

31 December 2022

Daniel James Light Haulage Ltd

Registered number: 13054219

Balance Sheet

as at 31 December 2022

Notes		2022		2021
		£		£
3		15,307		12,872
4	3,601		1,902	
_	12,399		8,687	
	16,000		10,589	
5	(21,929)		(10,608)	
_		(5,929)		(19)
	_	9,378	-	12,853
		(2,908)		(2,442)
	- -	6,470	-	10,411
		2		2
		6,468		10,409
	- -	6,470	- -	10,411
	3 4 -	3 4 3,601 12,399 16,000	£ 3	£ 3

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Director

Approved by the board on 10 March 2023

Daniel James Light Haulage Ltd Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 December 2022

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Tools and equipment 25% reducing balance Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and

investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

2	Employees		2022	2021
			Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the com-	2	2	
3	Tangible fixed assets			
		Tools and	Motor	Tatal
		equipment £	vehicles £	Total £
	Cost	T.	L	τ.
	At 1 January 2022	283	16,880	17,163
	Additions	537	7,000	7,537
	At 31 December 2022	820	23,880	24,700
	Depreciation	_		
	At 1 January 2022	71	4,220	4,291
	Charge for the year	187	4,915	5,102
	At 31 December 2022	258	9,135	9,393
	Net book value			
	At 31 December 2022	562	14,745	15,307
	At 31 December 2021	212	12,660	12,872
4	Debtors		2022	2021
			£	£
	Other debtors		3,601	1,902
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	-	2022	2021
			£	£
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase	9,212	6,736	
	Trade creditors		-	1,187
	Taxation and social security costs		12,017	
	Other creditors		700	2,685
			21,929	10,608

6 Loans to directors

Description and conditions	B/fwd	Paid	Repaid	C/fwd
	£	£	£	£
James Farrell				
Interest free and repayable on demand	-	1,900	-	1,900
Daniel Smith				
Interest free and repayable on demand	-	1,699	-	1,699
		3,599		3,599

7 Other information

Daniel James Light Haulage Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

19 Naseby Drive

Heathfield

Newton Abbot

Devon

TQ12 6SE

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.