# REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023



# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** Mr P Barkley

Mr G Davies Mrs V C Kendall Mr J F Moule Mr R P Gray

Company number 13050847

Registered office 3rd Floor

Arena Court Crown Lane Maidenhead SL6 8QZ England

Accountants RSM UK Tax and Accounting Limited

Chartered Accountants Ninth Floor, Landmark St Peter's Square 1 Oxford Street Manchester

M1 4PB

# STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

The directors present the strategic report for the year ended 30 April 2023.

#### Fair review of the business

The result for the year was a loss before tax of £5.242m (2022 – £4.686m). The loss is largely as a result of finance costs for the year of £5.239m (note 4). Terms of borrowing and interest rates are shown in note 11.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risk faced by the company is that it is unable to meet its obligations under the agreements to lenders. The parent group, which is headed by Olympus 123 Limited, has covenants with external lenders. These include conditions, inter alia, relating to the aggregate levels of debt and profitability of the wider group. The directors monitor compliance by the parent group with these conditions on a quarterly basis. The directors of Olympus 123 Limited have considered the current economic climate and have updated the forecasts to assess the future foreseeable viability of the group. As such, the group is forecasting to continue operating as a profitable and sustainable business.

#### **Development and performance**

As noted in the directors report, the directors do not anticipate any changes to the company's operations.

### Key performance indicators

The directors monitor key performance indicators for the wider group and do not have KPIs for the company in isolation.

On behalf of the board

Mr R P Gray

Date: 14/12/23

# DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2023.

## Principal activities

The principal activity is the provision of management and advisory services to other companies in a group headed by Olympus 123 Limited ("the Group"). It is the immediate parent company to Olympus 789 Limited. The principal operating company in the Group is Eque2 Limited. The company holds external borrowing in the form of Loan Notes.

#### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 4.

No ordinary dividends were paid. The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend.

#### Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Mr P Barkley

Mr P A Davidson

(Resigned 16 January 2023)

Mr G Davies

Mrs V C Kendall

Mr J F Moule

Mr A D Tompkins Mr R P Gray (Resigned 7 October 2022)

(Appointed 7 October 2022)

### Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

The company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors during the year. These provisions remain in force at the reporting date.

### **Future developments**

The directors do not anticipate any changes to the company's operations.

On behalf of the board

Richard P. Col

Mr R P Gray Director

Date: 14/12/23

# ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF OLYMPUS 456 LIMITED ON THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006 ("the Act"), we prepared for your approval the financial statements of Olympus 456 Limited which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of financial position, the statement of changes in equity and the related notes in accordance with the financial reporting framework set out therein from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Olympus 456 Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 1 June 2021. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Olympus 456 Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. This report should not therefore be regarded as suitable to be used or relied on by any other party wishing to acquire any rights against RSM UK Tax and Accounting Limited for any purpose or in any context. Any party other than the Board of Directors which obtains access to this report or a copy and chooses to rely on this report (or any part of it) will do so at its own risk. To the fullest extent permitted by law, RSM UK Tax and Accounting Limited will accept no responsibility or liability in respect of this report to any other party and shall not be liable for any loss, damage or expense of whatsoever nature which is caused by any person's reliance on representations in this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Olympus 456 Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of Olympus 456 Limited under the Act. You consider that Olympus 456 Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Olympus 456 Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

NSM UK. Tax and Accounting Limited

RSM UK Tax and Accounting Limited Chartered Accountants Ninth Floor, Landmark St Peter's Square 1 Oxford Street Manchester M1 4PB

14/12/23

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

		2023	2022
Administrative expenses	Notes	£ (3,209)	£ (3,770)
Interest payable and similar expenses	4	(5,239,093)	(4,683,785)
,	7		
Loss before taxation		(5,242,302)	(4,687,555)
Tax on loss	5	284,672 ————	317,615
Loss for the financial year		(4,957,630)	(4,369,940)

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 APRIL 2023

		2	023	20	)22
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets Investments	6		318,300		318,300
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	8	31,578,455 2,250		31,293,315 2,250	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	31,580,705 (873,662)		31,295,565 (223,629)	
Net current assets			30,707,043		31,071,936
Total assets less current liabilities			31,025,343		31,390,236
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(41,703,209)		(37,110,472)
Net liabilities			(10,677,866)		(5,720,236)
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss reserves	13 14		318,300 (10,996,166)		318,300 (6,038,536)
Total equity			(10,677,866)		(5,720,236)

For the financial year ended 30 April 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on  $\frac{14/12/23}{12}$  and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr R P Gray
Director

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# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

	Share capital £	Profit and loss reserves £	Total £
Balance at 1 May 2021	278,300	(1,668,596)	(1,390,296)
Year ended 30 April 2022: Loss and total comprehensive income for the year Issue of share capital	40,000	(4,369,940)	(4,369,940) 40,000
Balance at 30 April 2022	318,300	(6,038,536)	(5,720,236)
Year ended 30 April 2023: Loss and total comprehensive income for the year		(4,957,630)	(4,957,630)
Balance at 30 April 2023	318,300	(10,996,166)	(10,677,866)
	======	====	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Olympus 456 Limited is a private company limited by shares and is registered and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 3rd Floor, Arena Court, Crown Lane, Maidenhead, England, SL6 8QZ.

The company's principal activities and nature of its operations are disclosed in the Directors' Report.

## **Accounting convention**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

## Reduced disclosure exemptions

This company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 102, being a member of a group where the parent of that group prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements, including this company, which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the group. The company has therefore taken advantage of exemptions from the following disclosure requirements:

- Section 7 'Statement of Cash Flows': Presentation of a statement of cash flow and related notes and disclosures;
- Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instrument Issues': Interest income/expense and net gains/losses for financial instruments not measured at fair value;
- Section 33 'Related Party Disclosures': Compensation for key management personnel.

### **Group accounts**

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

Olympus 456 Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Olympus 123 Limited and the results of Olympus 456 Limited are included in the consolidated financial statements of Olympus 123 Limited which are available from 3rd Floor, Arena Court, Crown Lane, Maidenhead, England, SL6 8QZ.

#### Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The statement of financial position shows net liabilities of £10,677,866 (2022 - £5,720,236) primarily due to loans and accrued interest outstanding of £41,703,209 (2022 - £37,110,472). These loans are not due for repayment until 2026 and the directors have also received confirmation of the ongoing support from its ultimate parent company. In addition, the company has the ability to draw on the net assets of its subsidiaries as required.

Cash reserves across the group remain high, the business has a positive pipeline and its relationships with its clients are in a strong position. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

#### 1 Accounting policies (Continued)

#### Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

#### Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include other debtors, amounts due from group undertakings and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

### Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

# Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

## Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including amounts due to group undertakings and loans, are initially recognised at transaction price.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

### 1 Accounting policies (Continued)

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when, and only when, the company's contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled, or they expire.

#### **Equity instruments**

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the fair value of proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### **Taxation**

The tax expense represents the sum of the current tax expense and deferred tax expense. Current tax assets are recognised when tax paid exceeds the tax payable.

Current and deferred tax is charged or credited to profit or loss, except when it relates to items charged or credited to other comprehensive income or equity, when the tax follows the transaction or event it relates to and is also charged or credited to other comprehensive income, or equity.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if and only if, there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and the entity intends either to settle on the net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised in respect of all timing differences that exist at the reporting date. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in different periods from their recognition in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered by the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

### 2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

The directors do not believe that there are any significant judgements, estimates or assumptions made that would significantly affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses in these financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

3	Directors' remuneration		
		2023 £	2022 £
	Remuneration for qualifying services	675,455	656,936
	Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes	35,977	35,175
	Sums paid to third parties for directors' services	150,000	150,000
		861,432	842,111
	The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under de amounted to 4 (2022 - 3).	fined contributi	on schemes
	Remuneration disclosed above include the following amounts paid to the highest p	paid director:	
		2023	2022
		£	£
	Remuneration for qualifying services	253,500	207,780
	Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes	18,000 ———	14,678
	Directors remuneration is borne by a subsidiary company.		
4	Interest payable and similar expenses		
	The state of the s	2023	2022
		£	£
	Interest on loan notes Amortisation of debt issue costs	4,989,778 249,315	4,433,101 250,684
	Amortisation of dept issue costs		
		5,239,093 ————	4,683,785 ======
_	Touchian		
5	Taxation	2023	2022
		£	£
	Deferred tax	(366.940)	(268.047)
	Origination and reversal of timing differences Changes in tax rates	(266,810)	(268,947) (11,680)
	Adjustment in respect of prior periods	(17,862)	(36,988)
	Total deferred tax	(284,672) ====	(317,615)

The standard rate of tax applied to reported profit on ordinary activities is 19% (2022 - 19%). The Finance Act 2021, which was substantively enacted on 24 May 2021, created a 25% main rate, 19% small profits rate and a marginal rate which is effective from 1 April 2023. Deferred tax has been calculated at 25% (2022 - 25%) which is the rate that the deferred tax assets are expected to crystallise.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

# 5 Taxation (Continued)

The total tax credit for the year included in the income statement can be reconciled to the loss before tax multiplied by the standard rate of tax as follows:

		2023 £	2022 £
	Loss before taxation	(5,242,302)	(4,687,555)
	Expected tax credit based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the 19.49% (2022: 19.00%)  Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable progroup relief  Deferred tax adjustments in respect of prior years  Remeasurement of deferred tax for changes in tax rates	(1,021,890) ofit 813,226 626 (17,862) (58,772)	(36,988) (76,228)
6	Taxation credit for the year  Fixed asset investments	(284,672)	(317,615)
•	No.	2023 res £	2022 £
	Investments in subsidiaries 7	318,300	318,300
	Movements in fixed asset investments		Shares in group undertakings £
	Cost or valuation At 1 May 2022 & 30 April 2023		318,300
	Carrying amount At 30 April 2023		318,300
	At 30 April 2022		318,300

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

### 7 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 30 April 2023 are as follows:

Name of undertaking	Address	Nature of business	Class of shares held	% Held Direct Indirect
Olympus 789 Limited	1	Holding company	Ordinary	100.00 -
Everest Acquisition Company Limited	1	Holding company	Ordinary	- 100.00
Eque2 Limited	1	Sale of construction and contracts finance software	Ordinary	- 100.00
Intuita Limited	1	Dormant	Ordinary	- 100.00
Sitestream Software Limited	1	Dormant	Ordinary	- 100.00
JNC Solutions Ltd.	1	Non-trading	Ordinary	- 100.00
Clip IT Solutions Ltd	1	Non-trading	Ordinary	- 100.00

Registered office addresses (all UK unless otherwise indicated):

1 3rd Floor, Arena Court, Crown Lane, Maidenhead, England, SL6 8QZ

## 8 Debtors

Amounts falling due within one year:	2023 £	2022 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors	30,975,700 468	30,975,700
Deferred tax asset (note 12)	30,976,168 602,287	30,975,700 317,615
	31,578,455 ========	31,293,315

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured and repayable on demand.

# 9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2023	2022
	£	Ę
Amounts owed to group undertakings	869,022	219,858
Accruals and deferred income	4,640	3,771
	873,662	223,629
	=	=======================================

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured and repayable on demand.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

10	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
			2023	2022
		Notes	£	£
	Other borrowings	11	41,703,209	37,110,472

Other borrowings relate to loan notes and are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the property of the company and its subsidiaries.

## 11 Borrowings

Borrowings	2023 £	2022 £
Other loans	41,703,209	37,110,472
Payable after one year	41,703,209	37,110,472

£904,796 (2022 - £1,154,111) of unamortised debt issue costs are included within other loans due after more than one year.

Other loans includes series A and B loan notes amounting to £31,780,429 (2022 - £32,280,429) which were issued on 12 December 2020. The loan notes are repayable on the earlier of an exit event or 6 years from the loans commencing.

These loan notes accrue interest at 10% per annum and yield interest at 2.5% per annum. Interest is compounded quarterly on 31 March, 30 June, 30 September and 31 December. Included in these loan notes is an interest accrual of £10,827,576 (2022 - £5,984,154).

#### 12 Deferred taxation

The major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the company are:

	Assets 2023	Assets 2022
Balances:	£	£
Short term timing differences	596,210	286,542
Losses and other deductions	6,077	31,073
	602,287	317,615
		2023
Movements in the year:		£
Asset at 1 May 2022		(317,615)
Credit to profit or loss		(284,672)
Asset at 30 April 2023		(602,287)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

### 12 Deferred taxation (Continued)

The deferred tax asset set out above is expected to reverse within the forseeable future and relates to short-term timing differences and the utilisation of tax losses against future expected profits of the same period.

### 13 Share capital

	2023	2022	2023	2022
Ordinary share capital	Number	Number	£	£
Issued and fully paid				
Ordinary shares of 1p each	31,830,000	31,830,000	318,300	318,300

#### Share rights

The company's ordinary shares, which carry no right to fixed income, each carry the right to one vote at the general annual meeting of the company.

#### 14 Reserves

#### Profit and loss reserves

Cumulative profit and loss net of distributions to owners.

#### 15 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingent liabilities

The loans in the wider group are secured by way of a fixed charge over the assets of the company created on 12 December 2020. The amount outstanding at 30 April 2023 amounted to £20,000,000 (2022 - £20,000,000).

## 16 Related party transactions

#### Transactions with related parties

In 2020, the company received loans from directors of £1,667,171. During the year £500,000 (2022 -£195,271) was repaid. The loans attract interest at 10% per annum, and yield interest at 2.5% per annum, with the interest being compounded quarterly on 31 March, 30 June, 30 September and 31 December. Interest charged during the period was £201,962 (2022 - £192,093). The amounts due to directors at the year end was £1,303,726 (2022 - £1,744,927).

In 2020, shareholders in the parent company, Olympus 123 Limited, also loaned the company £30,808,529. The loans attract interest at 10% per annum, and yield interest at 2.5% per annum, with the interest being compounded quarterly on 31 March, 30 June, 30 September and 31 December. Interest charged during the period was £4,787,816 (2022 - £4,241,008). Debt issue costs on the loans were £1,500,000 and are to be amortised over 6 years being the term of the loan. Included in amounts due after more than 1 year are unamortised debt issue costs of £904,796 (2022 - £1,154,111). The amounts due to shareholders in the parent company at the year end was £41,304,279 (2022 - £36,519,656).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

## 17 Ultimate controlling party

The immediate and ultimate parent company is Olympus 123 Limited a company registered and incorporated in England and Wales.

Olympus 123 Limited is the smallest and largest company for which consolidated accounts, including Olympus 456 Limited, are prepared.

A copy of the financial statements can be found at the registered office address: 3rd Floor, Arena Court, Crown Lane, Maidenhead, England, SL6 8QZ.

The directors consider that there is no controlling party of Olympus 123 Limited.