MPS Property Services NW Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 August 2022

MPS Property Services NW Limited

Registered number: 12809134

Balance Sheet

as at 31 August 2022

	Notes		2022		2021
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		6,010		9,015
Current assets					
Debtors	4	-		2,300	
Cash at bank and in hand		5,311		_	
		5,311		2,300	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(9,057)		(11,103)	
Net current liabilities			(3,746)		(8,803)
Net assets		_	2,264	_	212
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1		1
Profit and loss account			2,263		211
Shareholder's funds		_	2,264	_	212

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr J Allen

Director

Approved by the board on 31 May 2023

MPS Property Services NW Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 August 2022

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Motor vehicles over 4 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment over 4 years

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts

equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2	Employees		2022	2021
		Numbe		
	Average number of persons employed by the con	1 .		
3	Tangible fixed assets			
		Plant and machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 September 2021	2,420	9,600	12,020
	At 31 August 2022	2,420	9,600	12,020
	Depreciation	225	2.422	2 225
	At 1 September 2021	605	2,400	3,005
	Charge for the year	605 1,210	2,400	3,005
	At 31 August 2022	1,210	4,800	6,010
	Net book value			
	At 31 August 2022	1,210	4,800	6,010
	At 31 August 2021	1,815	7,200	9,015
4	Debtors		2022	2021
			£	£
	Trade debtors			2,300
5	reditors: amounts falling due within one year 202		2022	2021
			£	£
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchas	-	(785)	
	Taxation and social security costs		7,050	750
	Other creditors		2,007	11,138
		- -	9,057	11,103
		•		

6 Other information

MPS Property Services NW Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

51 Manor Road

Clayton-le-Woods

Chorley

Lancashire

PR6 7JR

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.