Registered number: 12699155

IBHOOKS LTD UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

IBHooks Ltd Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 June 2023

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IBHooks Ltd Balance Sheet As At 30 June 2023

Registered number: 12699155

		2023		2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	4	_	4,956	_	6,992
OUDDENT ACCETS			4,956		6,992
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks	5	11 500		11 500	
	J	11,500		11,500	
Cash at bank and in hand		5,486	-	12,294	
		16,986		23,794	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(12,761)	-	(16,049)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		-	4,225	-	7,745
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			9,181		14,737
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES				-	
Deferred Taxation			(941)		(436)
		_		-	
NET ASSETS		=	8,240	=	14,301
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	7		1		1
Profit and Loss Account		_	8,239	<u>-</u>	14,300
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		=	8,240	=	14,301

IBHooks Ltd Balance Sheet (continued) As At 30 June 2023

For the year ending 30 June 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board
Mr Ian Burkhill
Director
15/08/2023

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

IBHooks Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 June 2023

1. General Information

IBHooks Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 12699155. The registered office is 35 Scholfield Crescent, Maltby, Rotherham, S66 7HY.

2. Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

2.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

2.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery 20% Straight Line
Motor Vehicles 25% Reducing Balance
Fixtures & Fittings 20% Straight Line
Computer Equipment 33% Straight Line

2.4. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

IBHooks Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 June 2023

2.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 1 (2022: 1)

4. Tangible Assets

	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Fixtures & Fittings	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
As at 1 July 2022	2,037	7,000	874	1,407	11,318
As at 30 June 2023	2,037	7,000	874	1,407	11,318
Depreciation					
As at 1 July 2022	526	3,063	268	469	4,326
Provided during the period	408	984	175	469	2,036
As at 30 June 2023	934	4,047	443	938	6,362
Net Book Value					
As at 30 June 2023	1,103	2,953	431	469	4,956
As at 1 July 2022	1,511	3,937	606	938	6,992

IBHooks Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 June 2023

5. Stocks		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Stock	11,500	-
Materials	-	11,500
	11,500	11,500
6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Corporation tax	1,087	2,512
Accruals and deferred income	360	360
Director's loan account	11,314	13,177
	12,761	16,049
7. Share Capital		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	1	1

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