# Mae Building Group Ltd

Filleted Accounts

For the year ended 31 May 2022

Mae Building Group Ltd

Registered number: 12608300

**Balance Sheet** 

as at 31 May 2022

	Notes		2022		2021
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		9,757		9,957
Current assets					
Debtors	4	620		17,235	
Cash at bank and in hand		177,247		22,838	
		177,867		40,073	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(88,539)		(23,391)	
Net current assets	-		89,328		16,682
Net assets		_	99,085	_	26,639
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			98,985		26,539
Shareholders' funds		_	99,085	_	26,639

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Miklovan Cuni

Director

Approved by the board on 25 July 2022

## Mae Building Group Ltd Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 May 2022

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings over 50 years
Leasehold land and buildings over the lease term

Plant and machinery over 5 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment over 5 years

#### Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

### Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal

of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

2	Employees		2022 Number	2021 Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company		1	1
3	Tangible fixed assets			
		Plant and		
		machinery	Motor	
		etc	vehicles	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 June 2021	887	11,559	12,446
	Additions	2,862	-	2,862
	At 31 May 2022	3,749	11,559	15,308
	Depreciation			
	At 1 June 2021	177	2,312	2,489
	Charge for the year	750	2,312	3,062
	At 31 May 2022	927	4,624	5,551
	Net book value			
	At 31 May 2022	2,822	6,935	9,757
	At 31 May 2021	710	9,247	9,957
4	Debtors		2022	2021
•	Desicio		£	£
	Trade debtors		420	17,235
	Other debtors		200	-
			620	17,235
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	•	2022	2021
			£	£

Director's current account	32,029	9,548
Taxation and social security costs	53,481	10,815
Other creditors	3,029	3,028
	88,539	23,391

#### 6 Other information

Mae Building Group Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

51 Woodridings Court

Crescent Road

London

N22 7RX

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.