

Registered number  
12437792

UKORION OPERATIONS LTD

Filleted Accounts

28 February 2023

**UKORION OPERATIONS LTD****Registered number:** 12437792**Balance Sheet****as at 28 February 2023**

	Notes	2023 £	2022 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	3	43,208	3,026
<b>Current assets</b>			
Cash at bank and in hand		5,481	450
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	4	(16,960)	35,099
<b>Net current (liabilities)/assets</b>		(11,479)	35,549
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		31,729	38,575
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	5	(49,456)	(50,000)
<b>Net liabilities</b>		(17,727)	(11,425)
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account		(17,728)	(11,426)
<b>Shareholder's funds</b>		(17,727)	(11,425)

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Dr Martin Boyle

Director



# UKORION OPERATIONS LTD

## Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 28 February 2023

### 1 Accounting policies

#### **Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

#### **Tangible fixed assets**

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings	over 50 years
Leasehold land and buildings	over the lease term
Plant and machinery	over 5 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	over 5 years

#### **Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### **Creditors**

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

#### **Taxation**

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

<b>2 Employees</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>Number</b>	<b>Number</b>
Average number of persons employed by the company	0	0

### 3 Tangible fixed assets

	<b>Land and buildings</b>	<b>Plant and machinery etc</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Cost</b>			
At 1 March 2022	-	4,500	4,500
Additions	40,727	-	40,727
At 28 February 2023	40,727	4,500	45,227
<b>Depreciation</b>			
At 1 March 2022	-	1,474	1,474
Charge for the year	-	545	545
At 28 February 2023	-	2,019	2,019
<b>Net book value</b>			
At 28 February 2023	40,727	2,481	43,208
At 28 February 2022	-	3,026	3,026

<b>4 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Other creditors	16,960	(35,099)

<b>5 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Bank loans	49,456	50,000

### 6 Other information

UKORION OPERATIONS LTD is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

122

Pretoria Avenue

London

England

E17 6JX

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.