DMR Development Projects Ltd

Company No. 12336136

Information for Filing with The Registrar

30 November 2021

DMR Development Projects Ltd

Directors Report Registrar

The Director presents his report and the accounts for the year ended 30 November 2021.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year under review was construction and development of domestic buildings.

Director

The Director who served at any time during the year was as follows:

D.M. Robertson

The above report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime as set out in Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Signed on behalf of the board

D.M. Robertson Director 26 January 2022 DMR Development Projects Ltd Balance Sheet Registrar at 30 November 2021

Company No. 12336136	Notes	2021	2020
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4 _	1,328	1,462
		1,328	1,462
Current assets			
Debtors	5	67,428	2,009
Cash at bank and in hand		50,656	11,629
		118,084	13,638
Creditors: Amount falling due within one year	6	(85,554)	(15,146)
Net current assets/(liabilities)	_	32,530	(1,508)
Total assets less current liabilities		33,858	(46)
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	7	(33,543)	(25,000)
Provisions for liabilities			
Deferred taxation	8 _	(252)	
Net assets/(liabilities)		63	(25,046)
Capital and reserves	_		
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account	9	62	(25,047)
Total equity		63	(25,046)

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

For the year ended 30 November 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

As permitted by section 444 (5A)of the Companies Act 2006 the directors have not delivered to the Registrar a copy of the company's profit and loss account.

Approved by the board on 26 January 2022 And signed on its behalf by:

D.M. Robertson Director 26 January 2022

DMR Development Projects Ltd Notes to the Accounts Registrar for the year ended 30 November 2021

1 General information

Its registered number is: 12336136

Its registered office is: 8 - 10 London Road

Liphook Hampshire GU30 7AN

The functional and presentational currency of the company is Sterling. The accounts are rounded to the nearest pound.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 Section 1A - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (March 2018) and the Companies Act 2006.

2 Accounting policies

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and legal title is passed.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets held for the company's own use are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

At each balance sheet date, the company reviews the carrying amount of its tangible fixed assets to determine whether there is any indication that any items have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost or valuation less the estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life:

Plant and machinery over 3 years

Furniture, fittings and equipment 25% Reducing balance

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the profit and loss account because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible timing differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Trade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Leased assets

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease.

Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Company are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are initially recognised as assets of the Company at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet date as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance expenses and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance expenses are recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalised in accordance with the Company's policy on borrowing costs (see the accounting policy above).

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated in the same way as owned assets.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis.

3 Employees

	2021	2020
	Number	Number
The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the year was:	2	1

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
	£	£	£
Cost or revaluation			
At 1 December 2020	2,182	-	2,182
Additions	<u>-</u>	876	876
At 30 November 2021	2,182	876	3,058
Depreciation			
At 1 December 2020	720	-	720
Charge for the year	721	289	1,010
At 30 November 2021	1,441	289	1,730
Net book values			
At 30 November 2021	741	587	1,328
At 30 November 2020	1,462	-	1,462

5 **Debtors**

J	Debtors		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade debtors	15,214	1,869
	Loans to directors	52,074	-
	Prepayments and accrued income	140	140
		67,428	2,009
6	Creditors:		
Ū	amounts falling due within one year		
	amounts taking ade within one year	2021	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	3,957	_
	Trade creditors		450
		10,601	
	Corporation tax	8,601	386
	Other taxes and social security	46,112	14,170
	Other creditors	14,234	140
	Accruals and deferred income	2,049	45.446
		85,554	15,146
7	Creditors:		
	amounts falling due after more than one year		
	, ,	2021	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	33,543	25,000
	Dank round and over article	33,543	25,000
		33,3 13	
8	Provisions for liabilities		
	Deferred taxation		
		Accelerated	
		Capital	
		Allowances,	
		Losses and	
		Other Timing	
		Differences	Total
		£	£
	Charge to the profit and loss account for the period	252	252
	At 30 November 2021	252	252
	At 50 November 2021		
		2024	2020
		2021	2020
		f	£
	Accelerated capital allowances	252	
		252	

9 Reserves

Profit and loss account - includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

10 Commitments

Other financial commitments

	2021	2020
	£	£
Total commitments under non-cancellable operating leases:	2,862	9,124
11 Dividends		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Dividends for the period:		
Dividends paid in the period	11,000	28,152
	11,000	28,152
Dividends by type:		
Equity dividends	11,000	28,152
	11,000	28,152

12 Advances and credits to directors

Included within Other debtors are the following loans to directors:

		At 1			At 30
		December			November
Director	Description	2020	Advanced	Repaid	2021
		£	£	£	£
D.M. Robertson	Director's Loan Account	-	88,886	(36,812)	52,074
			88,886	(36,812)	52,074

13 Related party disclosures

Name of related party

Description of relationship
between the parties

Description of transaction and general amounts involved

Buildworkz Ltd

D M Robertson is a director

Provision of project management services from company totalling £3,000.

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