## **UNAUDITED**

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021

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#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

R J Shearer (resigned 5 June 2020) M S Watson (appointed 5 June 2020) **Directors** 

Registered number 12329783

Registered office 12th Floor One America Square

London

United Kingdom EC3N 2LS

Squire Patton Boggs (UK) LLP 6 Wellington Place Leeds **Solicitors** 

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Notes to the Financial Statements

## ENGAGE EV LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 12329783

#### BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MAY 2021

	Note		2021 £		2020 £
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	5		143,317		184,265
		-	143,317	<del>-</del>	184,265
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	83,513		18,702	
		83,513	_	18,702	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(288,472)		(217,109)	
Net current liabilities			(204,959)		(198,407)
Total assets less current liabilities		-	(61,642)	_	(14,142)
Net liabilities		-	(61,642)	<u>-</u>	(14,142)
Capital and reserves		•		_	
Called up share capital	8		1		1
Profit and loss account	9		(61,643)		(14,143)
		-	(61,642)	_	(14,142)

For the year ending 31 May 2021, the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- the members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476.
- the directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

## ENGAGE EV LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 12329783

## BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MAY 2021

## M S Watson

Director

The notes on pages 4 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021

			Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 June 2020	1	(14,143)	(14,142)
Comprehensive income for the year			
Loss for the year	-	(47,500)	(47,500)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u> </u>	(47,500)	(47,500)
Total transactions with owners	-	-	-
At 31 May 2021	1	(61,643)	(61,642)

The notes on pages 4 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021

#### 1. General information

Engage EV Limited ("the Company") is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England and Wales and domiciled in the United Kingdom.

The address of its registered office is: 12th Floor One America Square London United Kingdom EC3N 2LS

#### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The Company meets the definition of a qualifying entity under FRS 102 and has therefore taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions available to it.

The functional currency of Engage EV Limited is considered to be pounds sterling (£) because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates.

## 2.2 Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d);
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraphs 11.42, 11.44 to 11.45, 11.47, 11.48(a)(iii), 11.48(a)(iv), 11.48(b) and 11.48(c);
- the requirements of Section 12 Other Financial Instruments paragraphs 12.26 to 12.27, 12.29(a), 12.29(b) and 12.29A;
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Free Flow Topco Limited as at 31 May 2021 and these financial statements may be obtained from 12th Floor One America Square, London, United Kingdom, EC3N 2LS.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.3 Going concern

The directors have considered forecast financial performance, recoverability of assets and financial viability for the period extending at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements and up to February 2023. This has included scenario analysis and stress testing in relation to Covid-19.

As a result, the directors have a reasonable expectation that there are adequate resources for the company to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, and have therefore adopted the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements.

The directors have considered the resources of the wider Free Flow Topco Group including confirmation of support available from them.

## 2.4 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

#### Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.5 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### 2.6 Intangible assets

#### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the difference between amounts paid on the cost of a business combination and the acquirer's interest in the fair value of its identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquiree at the date of acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is amortised on a straight line basis to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over its useful economic life.

### Other intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

The estimated useful lives range as follows:

Goodwill - 5 years

#### 2.7 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.8 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## 2.9 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### 3. Employees

The Company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2020 - £NII )

#### 4. Taxation

	Period ended	
	31 May	31 <b>M</b> ay
	2021	2020
	£	£
Total current tax		
Deferred tax		
Total deferred tax	-	-
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	-	-
===		

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021

## 4. Taxation (continued)

## Factors affecting tax charge for the year/period

The tax assessed for the year/period is higher than (2020 - higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	31 May 2021 £	Period ended 31 May 2020 £
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(47,500)	(14, 143)
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%)  Effects of:	(9,025)	(2,687)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill amortisation and impairment Group relief Transfer pricing adjustments	7,780 1,989 (744)	- 2,687 -
Total tax charge for the year/period	-	-

## Factors that may affect future tax charges

It was confirmed that from 1 April 2023, the corporation tax rate will increase from 19% to 25%.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021

5.	Intangible assets		
			Goodwill £
	Cost		
	At 1 June 2020		204,739
	At 31 May 2021	-	204,739
	Amortisation		
	At 1 June 2020		20,474
	Charge for the year on owned assets		40,948
	At 31 May 2021	_	61,422
	Net book value		
	At 31 May 2021	=	143,317
ŝ.	Debtors		
J.	Debiois		
		2021 £	2020 £
		_	
	Trade debtors	22,042	12, 130
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	14,978	1
	Other debtors	33,321	-
	Prepayments and accrued income	13,172	6,571
		83,513	18,702
		<del></del> :	

Amounts owed by group undertakings are interest free, unsecured and repayable on demand.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021

## 7. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

2021 £	2020 £
2,338	12,645
136,883	42,850
122,108	161,614
27,143	-
288,472	217,109
	£ 2,338 136,883 122,108 27,143

Amounts owed to group undertakings are interest free, unsecured and repayable on demand.

#### 8. Share capital

	2021	2020
	£	£
Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid		
1 (2020 - 1) Ordinary share of £1.00	1	1

## 9. Reserves

#### Profit and loss account

The profit and loss account represents cumulative profits or losses, net of dividends paid and other adjustments.

## 10. Controlling party

Smartworks Metering Limited is the immediate parent undertaking of Engage EV Limited.

The smallest, group of undertakings for which consolidated financial statements have been drawn up is that headed by Marston (Holdings) Limited. The largest group of undertakings for which group accounts have been drawn up is that headed by the ultimate parent company and controlling party as at 31 May 2021, Free Flow Topco Limited. Consolidated accounts are available from 12th Floor One America Square, London, United Kingdom, EC3N 2LS.