Registration number: 12279941

Staze Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Period from 24 October 2019 to 31 December 2020

Contents

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Directors' Report	<u>2</u>
Abridged Balance Sheet	<u>3</u> to <u>4</u>
Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements	5 to 7

Company Information

Directors J Olenicz

D Silk H Popiolek

Registered office 70 White Lion Street

The Angel London N1 9PP

Directors' Report for the Period from 24 October 2019 to 31 December 2020

The directors present their report and the abridged financial statements for the period from 24 October 2019 to 31 December 2020.

Incorporation
The company was incorporated on 24 October 2019.
Directors of the company
The directors who held office during the period were as follows:
J Olenicz (appointed 24 October 2019)
D Silk (appointed 6 August 2020)
H Popiolek (appointed 24 October 2019)
A Mulford (appointed 20 January 2020 and ceased 19 May 2020)
Principal activity
The principal activity of the company is holiday letting
Small companies provision statement
This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.
Approved by the Board on 21 May 2021 and signed on its behalf by:
J Olenicz Director
H Popiolek

Director

(Registration number: 12279941) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 £
Fixed assets		
Tangible assets	<u>5</u>	6,811
Current assets		
Debtors		8,609
Cash at bank and in hand		392,567
		401,176
Prepayments and accrued income		2,546
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(14,799)
Net current assets		388,923
Total assets less current liabilities		395,734
Accruals and deferred income		(825)
Net assets		394,909
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital		140
Share premium reserve		443,264
Profit and loss account		(48,495)
Total equity		394,909

For the financial period ending 31 December 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the period in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

(Registration number: 12279941) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2020

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Balance Sheet and have elected to take the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account in accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006

Approved and authorised by the Board on 21 May 2021 and signed on its behalf by:		
J Olenicz		
Director		
H Popiolek		
Director		

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Period from 24 October 2019 to 31 December 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in United Kingdom.

The address of its registered office is:

70 White Lion Street

The Angel

London

N1 9PP

United Kingdom

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 21 May 2021.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These abridged financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts. The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Period from 24 October 2019 to 31 December 2020

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

25% Straight Line

Computer & IT Equipment Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

charges.

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Period from 24 October 2019 to 31 December 2020

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

2020

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the period, was 1.

4 Loss/profit before tax

Arrived at after charging/(crediting)

Depreciation expense	_	534
5 Tangible assets		
	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation Additions	7,345	7,345
At 31 December 2020	7,345	7,345
Depreciation Charge for the period	534	534
At 31 December 2020	534	534
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2020	6,811	6,811

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.