REGISTERED NUMBER: 12092788

Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

for

May & Thomson Estates Limited

May & Thomson Estates Limited (Registered number: 12092788)

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May & Thomson Estates Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

DIRECTORS: S Chandarana
Mrs. N. Chandarana

Mrs N Chandarana

REGISTERED OFFICE: 3

Hurst Place Northwood Middlesex HA6 2JS

REGISTERED NUMBER: 12092788

ACCOUNTANTS: APT

44 The Pantiles Tunbridge Wells

Kent TN2 5TN

May & Thomson Estates Limited (Registered number: 12092788)

Balance Sheet 31 March 2023

		31.3.23	31.3.22
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS		- 0-1 -00	
Investments	4	2,831,580	1,163,871
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash at bank and in hand		5,216	5,786
CREDITORS		(1.047.530)	((EE 20E)
Amounts falling due within one year NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	5	$\frac{(1,047,528)}{(1,042,312)}$	(655,285) (649,499)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT		(1,042,312)	(0+7,+72)
LIABILITIES		1,789,268	514,372
CDVD VII CD C			
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one			
year	6	(1,782,884)	(508,569)
NET ASSETS	-	6,384	5,803
			
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			2
Called up share capital Retained earnings		2 6 393	5,801
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		6,382 6,384	5,803
CONTRACTOR OF STREET AND A STREET			

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2023.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The notes form part of these financial statements

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May & Thomson Estates Limited (Registered number: 12092788) **Balance Sheet - continued** 31 March 2023 The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings has not been delivered. The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 27 November 2023 and were signed on its behalf by: S Chandarana - Director

The notes form part of these financial statements

May & Thomson Estates Limited (Registered number: 12092788)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

May & Thomson Estates Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in Not specified/Other. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The functional and presentational currency of the company is pounds sterling. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £1, except where otherwise indicated.

Going concern

Current liabilities exceed current assets, however, after reviewing the company's forecasts and projections, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

Significant judgements and estimates

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Other income

Profit share income from LLP's is recognised on an accruals basis in line with the member LLP's financial statements.

Investments

Investments are shown at fair value or where fair value cannot be readily ascertained at cost less impairment. Any aggregate or surplus arising from changes in fair value is recognised through profit and loss.

Impairment

Assets not measured at fair value are reviewed for any indication that the asset may be impaired at each balance sheet date. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, or the asset's cash generating unit, is estimated and compared to the carrying amount. Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount where the impairment loss is a revaluation decrease.

Financial instruments

Basic financial assets, including trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Basic financial liabilities including trade and other payables are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Provision for liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation is recognised at present value using a pre-tax discount rate. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Dividends

Dividends are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was NIL (2022 - NIL).

4. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Investments (neither listed nor unlisted) were as follows:

	31.3.23	31.3.22
	£	£
Brought forward	1,163,871	977,254
Capital introduced	1,667,709	186,617
	2,831,580	1,163,871

Investments (neither listed nor unlisted) represents the company's capital account balance in a limited liability partnership.

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5.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		31.3.23	31.3.22
		£	£
	Taxation and social security	1,452	3,638
	Other creditors	1,046,076	651,647
		1,047,528	655,285
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
		31.3.23	31.3.22
		£	£
	Bank loans	1,782,884	508,569
	Amounts falling due in more than five years:		
	Repayable otherwise than by instalments		
	Bank loans more 5 yrs non-inst	1,782,884	508,569
7.	SECURED DEBTS		
	The following secured debts are included within creditors:		
		31.3.23 £	31.3.22 £
	Bank loans	1,782,884	508,569

Security has been given by way of first legal charge over investment property held in a limited liability partnership of which the company is a member of.

8. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

As at the balance sheet date £1,027,181 (2022: £634,752) was owing to a company connected with key management personnel and included in other creditors falling due within one year. The loan is interest free and repayable on demand.

As at the balance sheet date £18,895 (2022: £16,895) was owing to key management personnel and included in other creditors falling due within one year. The loan is interest free and repayable on demand.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.