Registered number 12068094

Hermes One Centenary Way GP Two Limited

Directors' Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2021



TO BE FILED WITH

HERMES ONE CENTENARY WAY LIMITED PARTNERSHIP - LP020347

# Hermes One Centenary Way GP Two Limited Directors' Report and Financial Statements Contents

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# Hermes One Centenary Way GP Two Limited Company Information

# **Directors**

C R A Darroch C M Taylor

# **Company Secretary**

Hermes Secretariat Limited

# Registered office

Sixth Floor 150 Cheapside London EC2V 6ET

# **Auditor**

KPMG LLP Chartered Accountants 15 Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5GL

# Registered number

12068094

# Hermes One Centenary Way GP Two Limited Directors' Report

#### **Financial statements**

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021. The Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council and section 1A as applicable to small entities and therefore taking the exemption from preparing a strategic report and equity statement.

A copy of the latest accounts for Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership, a Qualifying Partnership under The Companies and Partnership (Accounts and Audit) Regulations 2013, are appended to the Company's report and financial statements and will be sent to the Registrar in accordance with S441 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Directors**

The directors who served throughout the year are as stated in the Company Information.

#### Principal activity, review of business and future developments

The Company commenced trading on 25 June 2019 and is registered in the United Kingdom. The principal activity of the company is that of a General Partner of Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership which is currently developing commercial investment property.

The share capital of the company is jointly held by Britel Fund Nominees Limited.

The directors do not foresee any changes to the company's investment or activity in the forthcoming year. The company had no employees during the year.

#### Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis of going concern, as the directors intend Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership to continue to develop and hold its investment property for the foreseeable future.

Under the Limited Partnership Agreement of Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership, the Limited Partnership meets the General Partner's expenses by distributing amounts equal to all costs and expenses incurred by the General Partner from time to time in relation to the conduct of its affairs.

The directors are satisfied that, at the time of approving the financial statements, it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

The directors have assessed the going concern assumption including the impact of COVID 19 on the operations of the Company. As the Company is dependent on the Limited Partnership, the directors have made the necessary inquiries and have prepared the cash flow forecasts incorporating severe plausible downshide scenarios of the Limited Partnership for the 12 months ending the date of the report. Based on the assumptions made and the cash-flow forecasts prepared, the directors have concluded that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

# Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risk of the General Partner is based on their income being dependent on the Limited Partner. Therefore unforeseen changes in property value patterns which could potentially have a material impact on the business of the Limited Partnership will directly impact the General Partner. The business mitigates these risks through balanced development and investment strategies under the direction of property specialists with significant industry experience.

### Results

The results of the company for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 9.

# Hermes One Centenary Way GP Two Limited Directors' Report

#### **Disclosure of information to Auditor**

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor KPMG LLP was appointed.

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by:

-- DocuSigned by:

Clinis Darroch —2184837152D24C5...

C Darroch Director

15 December 2021

# Hermes One Centenary Way GP Two Limited Statement of Directors' Responsibilities in Respect of the Directors' Report and the Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and Section 1A of FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- •select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- ·make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- assess the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related t going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to ceas operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HERMES ONE CENTENARY WAY GP TWO LIMITED

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Hermes One Centenary Way GP Two Limited ("the company") for the year ended 30 June 2021, which comprise the statement of financial position and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 1.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2021 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards applicable to smaller entities, including Section 1A of FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard, and the provisions available for small entities, in the circumstances set out in note 1 to the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

#### Going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Our conclusions based on this work:

- we consider that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate:
- we have not identified, and concur with the directors' assessment that there is not, a material uncertainty related to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for the going concern period.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the above conclusions are not a guarantee that the company will continue in operation.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HERMES ONE CENTENARY WAY GP TWO LIMITED (continued)

#### Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations - ability to detect

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included:

- Enquiring of directors and inspection of policy documentation as to the Company's high-level policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud, as well as whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud.
- Reading Board minutes;
- Considering remuneration incentive schemes and performance targets for management.

We communicated identified fraud risks throughout the audit team and remained alert to any indications of fraud throughout the audit.

As required by auditing standards, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls, in particular the risk that management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition because the calculation of revenue is non-judgmental, with limited opportunity for manipulation.

We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

We also performed procedures including identifying journal entries to test based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation. These included all post-closing entries.

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to non-compliance with laws and regulations

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience and through discussion with the directors (as required by auditing standards) and other management and discussed with the directors and other management the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.

The potential effect of these laws and regulations on the financial statements varies considerably.

Firstly, the Company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies' legislation), distributable profits and taxation legislation. We assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Secondly, the Company is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect: data protection and certain aspects of company legislation recognising the nature of the Company's activities and its legal form.

Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Therefore, if a breach of operational regulations is not disclosed to us or evident from relevant correspondence, an audit will not detect that breach.

Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws or regulation.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HERMES ONE CENTENARY WAY GP TWO LIMITED (continued)

#### **Directors' report**

The directors are responsible for the directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover that report and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in that report for the financial year is consistent with the financial
- in our opinion that report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report. We have nothing to report in these respects.

#### Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

provided FRC's description of our responsibilities is on the website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

#### The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

DocuSigned by:

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants 15 Canada Square Canary Wharf

London

E14 5GL

15/12/2021 | 18:12 GMT

# Hermes One Centenary Way GP Two Limited Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 30 June 2021

	Notes	Year ended 30 June 2021	Period from 25 June 2019 to 30 June 2020 £
Revenue	2	6,810	7,000
Administrative expenses		(6,810)	(7,000)
Operating profit	3		-
Profit on ordinary activities			

There were no recognised gains and losses for the year other than those included in the Profit and Loss Account, and as a result no Statement of Other Comprehensive Income has been prepared.

All amounts derive from continuing operations.

The notes on pages 11 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

# Hermes One Centenary Way GP Two Limited Balance sheet As at 30 June 2021

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
Current assets Debtors	6	12,751	7,001
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(12,750)	(7,000)
Net current assets		1	1
Net assets		1	1
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	8	1	1
Profit and loss account	9		-
Shareholders' funds		1	1

Company number: 12068094

The notes on pages 11 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 15 December 2021 and signed on their behalf by:

-DocuSigned by:

21B4837152D24 C Darroch Director

# Hermes One Centenary Way GP Two Limited Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2021

### 1 Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies of Hermes One Centenary Way GP Two Limited (the "Company") are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the current year.

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 The Financial Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102") as applicable to small entities and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The functional and presentational currency of Hermes One Centenary Way GP Two Limited is considered to be pounds sterling as this is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Partnership operates.

#### Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis of going concern, as the directors intend Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership to continue to develop and hold its investment property for the foreseeable future.

Under the Limited Partnership Deed of Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership, the Limited Partnership meets the General Partner's expenses by distributing amounts equal to all costs and expenses incurred by the General Partner from time to time in relation to the conduct of its affairs.

The directors are satisfied that, at the time of approving the financial statements, it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

The directors have assessed the going concern assumption including the impact of COVID 19 on the operations of the Company. As the Company is dependent on the Limited Partnership, the directors have made the necessary inquiries and have prepared the cash flow forecasts incorporating severe plausible downshide scenarios of the Limited Partnership for the 12 months ending the date of the report. Based on the assumptions made and the cash-flow forecasts prepared, the directors have concluded that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

#### Revenue

Revenue represents the priority profit share receivable from Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement, and is recognised on an accruals basis.

#### Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at transaction value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

### Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at transaction value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in years different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

# Hermes One Centenary Way GP Two Limited Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2021

Amounts due from related parties (note 10)

### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Cash flow statement

2 Revenue

The company has taken advantage of exemptions available under FRS 102 not to present a cash flow statement as it meets the definition of a small entity as set out in FRS 102.

#### Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of exemptions available under FRS 102 whereby transactions with and between wholly owned subsidiaries are not required to be disclosed. There are no other related party transactions.

#### Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

2 Nevertue	2021 £	2020 £
Profit share received	6,810	7,000
3 Operating profit		
This has been arrived at after charging:	2021 £	2020 £
Auditor's remuneration for audit services	5,750	7,000
4 Employees		
The company had no employees during the year (2020: none).		
5 Directors' emoluments		
None of the directors received any emoluments in respect of their services to the	company during th	e year (2020: none).
6 Debtors		

2021

12,751

£

2020

7,001

£

# Hermes One Centenary Way GP Two Limited Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2021

# 7 Creditors

		2021 £	2020 £
Accruals		12,750	7,000
8 Called up share capital			
		2021 £	2020 £
Allotted and called up: Total number of shares		1 1	1 1
9 Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds			
	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Shareholders' funds
	£	£	£
At 30 June 2020	1	-	1
Issued share capital	-	-	-
Profit for the year	-	-	-
As at 30 June 2021	1		1
10 Related parties			
As at 30 June 2021 the following amounts were outstanding	:	2021 £	2020 £
Amounts due from Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Pa	rtnership	12,751	7,001

This amount represents £12,750 loan distributions and £1 called up share capital.

# 11 Ultimate parent company

The directors regard the BT Pension Scheme (a UK pension scheme with scheme registration number 100850030) as the immediate and ultimate controlling entity.

Copies of Hermes One Centenary Way GP Two Limited accounts are available from 150 Cheapside, London EC2V 6ET.

Copies of BT Pension Scheme accounts are available from One America Square, 17 Crosswall, London, EC3N 2LS.

### 12 Events after the balance sheet date

There were no significant events occuring after the balance sheet date but before the signing of this report.

Registered number LP020347

Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership

General Partners' Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2021

(TO BE FILED WITH

HERMES ONE CENTENARY WAY GP TWO LIMITED-12068094)

# Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership Report and Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2021 Contents

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# Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership Partnership Information

#### **General Partners**

Hermes One Centenary Way GP One Limited 150 Cheapside London EC2V 6ET

Hermes One Centenary Way GP Two Limited 150 Cheapside London EC2V 6ET

# **Registered Office**

Sixth Floor 150 Cheapside London EC2V 6ET

# Operator

Hermes Investment Management Limited Sixth Floor 150 Cheapside London EC2V 6ET

# **Auditor**

KPMG LLP
Chartered Accountants
15 Canada Square
Canary Wharf
London
E14 5GL

# Registered number

LP020347

#### Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership General Partners' Report

The General Partners present their report and audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021. This Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council and section 1A as applicable to small entities and therefore taking the exemption from preparing a strategic report.

Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership ("the Partnership") is regulated by a Limited Partnership Deed dated 4 July 2019, which has since been superseded by an Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Deed dated 8 November 2021.

#### Principal activities

The Partnership commenced trading on 3 July 2019 and is registered in England. The principal activity during the year was to develop commercial investment property. The General Partners do not foresee any material changes in the scope or nature of the Partnership's activities for the forthcoming year.

#### Review of the business

The results for the year are set out in the Profit and Loss Account on page 9. The turnover for the year was £nil and retained gain for the year was £2,768,809.

No distributions were paid during the year to the partners. At the year end no distributions remained unpaid.

#### Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis of going concern, as the General Partners intend Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership to continue to develop and hold commercial investment property for the foreseeable future. The Partnership has predictable cash flows deriving from monthly contractual drawdowns from the Limited Partners which will enable it to meet its oblications as they fall due.

The General Partners are satisfied that at the time of approving the financial statements it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

#### **Brexit disclosure**

The United Kingdom has officially left the European Union on 31 January 2020 ("Brexit"); however, under the agreed transitional agrrangements, all relevant rules and regulations will currently remain in place until 31 December 2020. It is currently not practicable to forecast with certainity how the value of, or the cash flows arising from, assumption involved in the Company's assets might be affected by Brexit. Consequently, it is currently not possible to accurately quantify the possible effect of Brexit on the Company.

#### The Partners

The capital of the Partnership has been provided by the Partners in the following amounts:

	Capital and loan advances 2021	Holding 2021
Hermes Hermes One Centenary Way GP One Limited	£1	0.00001%
Hermes Hermes One Centenary Way GP Two Limited	£1	0.00001%
Britel Fund Trustees Limited (as trustee of Britel Fund Unit Trust)	£23,122,978	99.99998%

### Capital and loan advances

Loan advances of £20,074,825 were made during the year (2020: £3,048,143). Partner capital advances of £nil were made during the year (2020: £10).

#### Results

The results of the Partnership for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 9.

#### **Events after the Balance Sheet date**

On 27 October 2021 the Limited Partner, Britel Fund Unit Trust, waived an amount due from the Limited Partnership of £10,513,832. This amount was outstanding as at 30 June 2021 and is analysed under trade creditors.

On 8 November 2021, the Limited Partner sold 50% of the Limited Partnership interests to CPP Investment Board Real Estate Holdings, Inc ("CPPIB"). On the same date CPPIB was appointed as a Limited Partner, took joint control of the Limited Partnership with Britel Fund Unit Trust, and an Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Deed was entered into by the Limited Partnership, Britel Fund Unit Trust and CPPIB.

#### **Future developments**

The General Partners expect the general level of activity to continue in the forthcoming year.

#### Duration

The Partnership will continue indefinitely unless terminated in accordance with the Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Deed dated 8 November 2021

# Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership General Partners' Report (continued)

#### **Political contributions**

The Partnership did not make any political donations or incur any political expenditure during the year.

#### Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Partnership's activities expose it to a number of financial risks including market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that market prices of investment properties change. The General Partners mitigate this risk through balanced investment strategies under the direction of property specialists with significant industry experience.

#### Credit risk

The Partnership's principal financial assets are cash and deposits, debtors and work in progress.

The Partnership's credit risk is primarily attributable to its debtors. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net of allowances for doubtful debts. An allowance for impairment is made when there is an identified loss event which, based on previous experience, is evidence of a reduction in the recoverability of cash flows.

The credit risk on cash and deposits is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

#### Liquidity risk

The Partnership is financed by Partners' loans and capital. The Partnership maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements at all times.

#### **Auditor**

The General Partners at the date of approval of this report confirm that:

- so far as the General Partners are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Partnership's auditor is unaware; and
- the General Partners have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a General Partners in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Partnership's auditor is aware of that information.

This information is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to qualifying partnerships.

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

Approved by the General Partners on 15 December 2021 and signed on their behalf by:

-DocuSigned by:

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For Hermes One Centenary Way GP One Limited

C Darroch

Director

15 December 2021

# Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership Statement of the General Partners' responsibilities in respect of the General Partners' Report and the Financial Statements

The General Partners are responsible for preparing the General Partners' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 require the General Partners to prepare financial statements for each financial year in accordance with Part 15 and Chapter 1 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and Section 1A of FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities).

Under company law the General Partners must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the qualifying partnership and of the profit or loss of the qualifying partnership for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the General Partners are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- assess the qualifying partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the qualifyin partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The General Partners are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the qualifying partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the qualifying partnership and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the qualifying partnership and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HERMES ONE CENTENARY WAY LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership ("the qualifying partnership") for the year ended 30 June 2021 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Partnership Funds and Liabilities due to Partners and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 1. In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the qualifying partnership's affairs as at 30 June 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards applicable to smaller entities, including Section 1A of FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the qualifying partnership in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

#### Going concern

The general partner has prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the qualifying partnership or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the qualifying partnership's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the general partner's conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the qualifying partnership's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the qualifying partnership's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Our conclusions based on this work:

- we consider that the general partner's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate;
- we have not identified, and concur with the general partner's assessment that there is not, a material uncertainty related to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the qualifying partnership's ability to continue as a going concern for the going concern period.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the above conclusions are not a guarantee that the qualifying partnership will continue in operation.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HERMES ONE CENTENARY WAY LIMITED PARTNERSHIP (CONTINUED)

#### Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations - ability to detect

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included:

- Enquiring of the director of the general partner and inspection of policy documentation as to the qualifying partnership's high-level policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud, as well as whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud.
- Reading Board meeting minutes.
- Considering remuneration incentive schemes and performance targets for management.

We communicated identified fraud risks throughout the audit team and remained alert to any indications of fraud throughout the audit

As required by auditing standards, and taking into account our overall knowledge of the control environment, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls, in particular the risk that management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition because the calculation of the revenue is non-judgmental and straightforward, with limited opportunity for manipulation. We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

We also performed procedures including identifying journal entries to test based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation. These included all post-closing journals.

#### Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to non-compliance with laws and regulations

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience, and through discussion with the directors of the general partner and other management (as required by auditing standards), and from inspection of the qualifying partnership's regulatory and legal correspondence and discussed with the directors of the general partner and other management the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.

The potential effect of these laws and regulations on the financial statements varies considerably.

Firstly, the qualifying partnership is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related partnership legislation), distributable profits legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Secondly, the qualifying partnership is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation or the loss of the qualifying partnership's authority to operate. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect: property laws and building legislation recognising the nature of the qualifying partnership's activities and its legal form. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors of the general partner and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Therefore if a breach of operational regulations is not disclosed to us or evident from relevant correspondence, an audit will not detect that breach.

### Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HERMES ONE CENTENARY WAY LIMITED PARTNERSHIP (CONTINUED)

#### General partners' report

The general partner is responsible for the general partner's report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the report and we do not express an audit opinion or, except as explicitly stated below, any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the general partner's report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- · we have not identified material misstatements in the reports;
- in our opinion the information given in the general partner's report for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion the report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of members' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

#### General partners' responsibilities

As explained more fully in the their statement set out on page 4, the general partner is responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the qualifying partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the qualifying partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### **Auditor's responsibilities**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

# The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the qualifying partnership's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006, as required by regulation 4 of the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the qualifying partnership's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the qualifying partnership and its members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

-DocuSigned by:

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Craig Steven-Jennings (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants 15 Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5GL

15/12/2021 | 18:12 GMT

# Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership Profit and Loss Account For the year ended 30 June 2021

	Note	Year to 30 June 2021 £	Period to 30 June 2020 £
Property expenses	2	(6,027)	(12,275)
Gross loss	-	(6,027)	(12,275)
Administrative expenses		(167,641)	(92,432)
Operating loss	-	(173,668)	(104,707)
Unrealised Gain/(Loss) on revaluation of investment	property	2,942,477	(2,094,325)
Gain/(Loss) for the financial year before distributi	ons	2,768,809	(2,199,032)
Distributions		-	-
Retained Gain/(Loss) for the year	-	2,768,809	(2,199,032)

There were no recognised gains and losses for the current year or previous period other than those included in the Profit and Loss Account, and as a result no Statement of Other Comprehensive Income has been prepared.

All amounts derive from continuing operations.

Notes 1 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

# Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership LP020347 Balance Sheet As at 30 June 2021

		30 June 2021 £	30 June 2020 £
Fixed assets			
Investment properties	3	36,500,000	9,550,000
		36,500,000	9,550,000
Current assets			
Debtors	4	1,586,248	2,892,445
Cash and deposits		128,673	884,102
Total current assets		1,714,921	3,776,547
Current liabilities			
Creditors - amounts falling due within one year	5	(14,522,166)	(12,477,426)
Net current liabilities		(12,807,245)	(8,700,879)
Net assets attributable to the Partners		23,692,755	849,121
Capital and liabilities due to Partners Capital			
Partners' capital accounts	6	10	10
Liabilities due to Partners			
Partners' loan accounts	6	23,122,968	3,048,143
Accumulated losses	6	(278,375)	(104,707)
Revaluation reserve	6	848,152	(2,094,325)
Partnership funds		23,692,755	849,121

Notes 1 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements of Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership (registered number LP020347) were approved by the General Partners and authorised for issue on 15 December 2021. They were signed on its behalf by:

-DocuSigned by:

Clinis Darroch

For Hermes One Centenary Way GP One Limited

C Darroch Director

15 December 2021

# Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership LP020347 Statement of Changes in Partnership Funds and Liabilities due to Partners For the year ended 30 June 2021

	Partners' Capital accounts	Partners' Loan accounts	Profit and Loss	Revaluation reserve	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Balance at 4 July 2019	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions	10	3,048,143	-	-	3,048,153
(Loss) for the period	-	-	(2,199,032)	-	(2,199,032)
Transfer to revaluation reserve			2,094,325	(2,094,325)	-
Balance at 30 June 2020	10	3,048,143	(104,707)	(2,094,325)	849,121
	Partners' Capital accounts	Partners' Loan accounts	Profit and Loss	Revaluation reserve	Total
	£	£.	£	£	£
Balance at 30 June 2020	10	3,048,143	(104,707)	(2,094,325)	849,121
Contributions	-	20,074,825	-	-	20,074,825
Gain for the year	-	-	2,768,809	-	2,768,809
Transfer to revaluation reserve	-	-	(2,942,477)	2,942,477	-
Balance at 30 June 2021	10	23,122,968	(278,375)	848,152	23,692,755

Notes 1 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

#### 1 Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the current and prior year.

#### Basis of accounting

Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership ("the Partnership") is a Qualifying Partnership registered and incorporated in the United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is given on page 1. The nature of the Partnership's operations and its principal activities are set out in the General Partners' Report on page 2.

The financial statements have been prepared under Regulation 4 of the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 and Companies Act 2006 as applicable to qualifying partnerships.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified by the revaluation of investment properties to fair value, and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council as applicable to small entities.

The functional and presentational currency of Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership is considered to be pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Partnership operates.

#### Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102").

#### Going concern

The Partnership was in a net current liabilities position as at 30 June 2021 of £12,807,245. The Partnership requires support from the parent during the development phase of the entity and the Parent will provide financial and management resources required to fund the operation of the Partnership for a year of not less than 12 months from the financial statement issuance date.

The General Partners have prepared a cash flow forecasts for the Partnership for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements. In this forecast, the General Partners have taken account of the implications of COVID-19 which impacted the cash flows from rental income. The General Partners have modelled a severe but plausible downside scenario in respect of the Partnership's cash flows and incorporating mitigating actions. The result of this forecast indicates that, in this scenario, the Partnership's cash needs are still within the available financial resources.

In preparing this forecast, the General Partners have taken into account the following key business risks and uncertainties:

- Market risks on demand and supply;
- Yield shift movements; and
- Increased capital expenditure required to maintain the assets.

Having taken into account the risks and uncertainties, including the impact of COVID that exist within the business, the General Partners have concluded that the Partnership has adequate financial resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the General Partners have concluded that it is appropriate to continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements.

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Partnership becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at transaction value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

A provision for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off when they are specifically identified.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at transaction value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Taxation

No taxation is provided as the tax liabilities on the Partnership's profits are a liability of the Partners and not of the Partnership.

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Cash and deposits

Cash and deposits includes cash at bank, cash on hand and overnight deposits.

#### Cashflow statement

The partnership has taken advantage of exemptions available under FRS 102 not to present a cashflow statement as it meets the definition of a small entity as set out in FRS 102.

#### Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Partnership's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, the General Partners are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

There were no critical judgements, estimate or assumptions made by the General Partners in the current accounting year in the process of applying the Partnership's accounting policies and preparing the financial statements.

#### Valuation of Investment property

Investment properties are independently valued each quarter end by CBRE, Chartered Surveyors, on an open market basis. Any surplus or deficit arising is transferred to the revaluation reserve, unless a deficit is expected to be permanent, in which case it is charged to the profit and loss account.

#### 2 Operating loss

As This is stated after charging:	at 30 June 2021 £	July 2019 to 30 June 2020 £
Auditor's remuneration	11,500	11,000

As at 30 June 2021, there are no non-audit services provided by the Partnership's auditors.

Investment properties	Freehold land and buildings £
Valuation At 30 June 2020	9,550,000
Additions	24,007,523
Revaluation gain	2,942,477
At 30 June 2021	36,500,000
Historic cost	
At 30 June 2021	35.651.848

The Partnership's investment properties as at 30 June 2021 were valued by CBRE Limited, qualified valuers, on a market basis of £36,500,000. The valuations were carried out in accordance with the RICS Valuation Red Book.

# 3 Investment properties (continued)

All of the investment properties have been categorised as a Level 3 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used. The following table shows the significant unobservable inputs used in measuring the fair value of investment property:

Significant unobservable inputs	Impact on the valuation
Yields	Fair Value would decrease if the yield was increased and increase if the yield was reduced.
Occupancy	Fair Value would increase if the occupancy was increased and decrease if the occupancy was reduced.
Interest set	Fair value would increase if the interest set was increased and decrease if the interest set was reduced.

decrease if the interest set was reduced.			
4	Debtors		
		As at 30 June	As at 30 June
		2021	2020
		£	£
	VAT receivable	743,410	588,800
	Other debtors	624,416	2,303,644
	Prepayments & Accrued Income	218,422	-
	. ,	1,586,248	2,892,445
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	,	As at 30 June	As at 30 June
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade creditors	10,632,596	10,601,336
	Accruals	3,864,068	1,862,088
	Amounts due to related parties (Note 7)	25,502	14,002
	. , ,	14,522,166	12,477,426

#### 6 Partners' accounts

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			Britel Fund Trustees Limited (as trustee of Britel Fund Unit Trust)
F	Partners' Capital accounts		
A	At 30 June 2020		10
(	Contributions during the year		
A	At 30 June 2021		10
_	Partners' Loan accounts		
	At 30 June 2020		3,048,143
	Advanced during the year		20,074,825
F	At 30 June 2021		23,122,968
	Partners' profit and loss and revaluation reserve		
F	At 30 June 2020		(104,707)
	Gain for the year		2,768,809
	Distribution in the year		-
	Revaluation reserve movement		(2,094,325)
ļ	At 30 June 2021		569,777
1	Total Partners' accounts		23,692,755
١	Net assets attributable to Partners		23,692,755
' F	Related parties	As at 30 June	As at 30 June
		2021	2020
		£	£
A	As at year end the following amounts were outstanding:		
1	Amounts due to Hermes One Centenary Way GP One Limited	12,751	7,001
	Amounts due to Hermes One Centenary Way GP Two Limited	12,751	7,001
		25,502	14,002

The amounts due to Hermes One Centenary Way GP One Limited and Hermes One Centenary Way GP Two Limited represent £12,751 loan distributions, £1 called up share capital, and £nil priority profit share payable to each of the General Partners, as well as £nil audit fees and £nil other administrative expenses payable to each of the General Partners.

#### 8 Controlling party

The General Partners of Hermes One Centenary Way Limited Partnership are Hermes One Centenary Way GP One Limited and Hermes One Centenary Way GP Two Limited.

The General Partners regard the BT Pension Scheme as the ultimate controlling entity at the balance sheet date.

Copies of BT Pension Scheme accounts are available from One America Square, 17 Crosswall, London, EC3N 2LS.

#### 9 Events After the Balance Sheet Date

On 27 October 2021 the Limited Partner, Britel Fund Unit Trust, waived an amount due from the Limited Partnership of £10,513,832. This amount was outstanding as at 30 June 2021 and is analysed under trade creditors.

On 8 November 2021, the Limited Partner sold 50% of the Limited Partnership interests to CPP Investment Board Real Estate Holdings, Inc ("CPPIB"). On the same date CPPIB was appointed as a Limited Partner, took joint control of the Limited Partnership with Britel Fund Unit Trust, and an Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Deed was entered into by the Limited Partnership, Britel Fund Unit Trust and CPPIB.