MRH Road Hire Ltd
Filleted Accounts
31 May 2022

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COMPANIES HOUSE

MRH Road Hire Ltd Registered number:

12026345

Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2022

No	tes		2022		2021
Fired seeds			£		£
Fixed assets	2		44 456		20 777
Tangible assets	3 4		41,156		38,777
Investments	4	-	267		267
			41,423		39,044
Current assets					
Debtors	5	263,407		63,977	
Cash at bank and in hand		97,379		68,694	
	_	360,786		132,671	
Craditara: amounta falling dua					
Creditors: amounts falling due	6	(272 220)		(66.066)	
within one year	6	(272,229)		(66,266)	
Net current assets	-	1	88,557		66,405
Total assets less current		•	·	_	
liabilities			129,980		105,449
Craditary amounts falling due					
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		(18,767)		(48,218)
and mere man energea.	•		(10,101)		(10,210)
•					
Net assets		•	111,213	_	57,231
1161 455615		•	111,213	_	37,231
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1		1
Profit and loss account			111,212		57,230
Shareholders' funds			111,213		57,231

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the ______
Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

MR Hibbert

Director

Approved by the board on 13 December 2022

M. Whethert

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings Leasehold land and buildings Plant and machinery Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment over 50 years over the lease term over 5 years over 5 years

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value. Unlisted investments are measured at fair value unless the value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Changes in fair value are included in the profit and loss account.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Employees 2022 2021 Number Number

	Average number of persons employed by the compa	1_	1	
3	Tangible fixed assets	Plant and machinery etc £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
	Cost			
	At 1 June 2021 Additions	38,777	- 13,572	38,777 13,572
	At 31 May 2022	38,777	13,572	52,349
	At 31 May 2022	30,777	10,072	02,040
	Depreciation			
	Charge for the year	7,755	3,438	11,193
	At 31 May 2022	7,755	3,438_	11,193
	Net book value			
	At 31 May 2022	31,022	10,134	41,156
	At 31 May 2021	38,777		38,777
4	Investments			vestments in subsidiary undertakings £
	Cost At 1 June 2021			267
	At 31 May 2022			267
5	Debtors		2022 £	2021 £
	Trade debtors		15,949	21,163
* =	Tax debtor	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	42,814	42,814
	Other debtors	_	204,644	
		-	263,407	63,977
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2022 £	2021 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts		19,510	-
	Trade creditors		28,185	40,832
	Directors' loan account		61	61

	Taxation and social security costs Other creditors	77,759 146,714	24,110 1,263
		272,229	66,266
7	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2022 £	2021 £
	Bank loans	18,767	48,218

8 Other information

MRH Road Hire Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

40 Mansfield Road

Alfreton

DE55 7JL