UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2022

FOR

ALLET SCAFFOLDING AND HIRE LIMITED

ESW Chartered Accountants 162-164 High Street Rayleigh Essex SS6 7BS

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ALLET SCAFFOLDING AND HIRE LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2022

DIRECTORS: A S Curry

Mrs S L Curry

REGISTERED OFFICE: 162-164 High Street

Rayleigh Essex SS6 7BS

REGISTERED NUMBER: 11995154 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: ESW Chartered Accountants

162-164 High Street

Rayleigh Essex SS6 7BS

BALANCE SHEET 31ST MAY 2022

	Notes	2022 £	2021 £
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors	4	12,608	36,180
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>17,906</u> 30,514	$\frac{2,293}{38,473}$
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year NET CURRENT ASSETS TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	5	(15,811) 14,703	(11,621) 26,852
LIABILITIES		14,703	26,852
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year NET (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS	6	(15,536) (833)	(18,961) 7,891
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Retained carnings SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	7	100 (933) (833)	100 7,791 7,891

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31st May 2022.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31st May 2022 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 16th May 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

A S Curry - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2022

1. **STATUTORY INFORMATION**

Allet Scaffolding and Hire Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs.

Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 2 (2021 - 2).

4.	DEBTORS				
				2022	2021
	Amounts falling	due within one year:		£	£
	Trade debtors	due maini one your.		12,608	
	Amounts falling	due after more than one year:			
	Other debtors	2			36,180
	Aggregate amou	nts		12,608	<u>36,180</u>
5.	CREDITORS:	AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WI	THIN ONE YEAR		
				2022	2021
				£	£
	Bank loans and o	overdrafts		3,943	-
	Trade creditors			706	173
	Taxation and soc	cial security		9,411	5,956
	Other creditors			1,751	5,492
				<u>15,811</u>	<u>11,621</u>
6.	CREDITORS: A	AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AF	TER MORE THAN ONE		
				2022	2021
				£	£
	Bank loans			<u> 15,536</u>	<u> 18,961</u>
7.	CALLED UP SI	HARE CAPITAL			
	Allotted, issued a	and fully paid:			
	Number:	Class:	Nominal	2022	2021
			value:	£	£
	100	Ordinary	£1.00	<u> 100</u>	<u> 100</u>

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2022

8. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Other creditors include a balance of £114 (2021: £2,515) due to the company directors as at the balance sheet date.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.