

Company number 11960092

SPECIAL RESOLUTION
of
AG PROPERTY PLUS LTD (Company)

Passed on: 21 MAY 2019

The following resolution was duly passed as a special resolution by way of written resolution under Chapter 2 of Part 13 of the Companies Act 2006.

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

1. THAT the draft regulations attached to this written resolution be adopted as the articles of association of the Company in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, the existing articles of association.
2. THAT one (1) ordinary share of £1 registered in the name of Laura Jane Alliston-Godding to be redesignated as one (1) A Ordinary share of £1 having the rights and being subject to the restrictions set out in the articles of association of the Company.
3. THAT one (1) ordinary share of £1 registered in the name of Jason Christopher Godding to be redesignated as one (1) B Ordinary share of £1 having the rights and being subject to the restrictions set out in the articles of association of the Company.

Laura Jane Alliston-Godding

Laura Jane Alliston-Godding

Director



DATED 21 MAY 2019

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

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COMPANY NO. 11960092

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

AG PROPERTY PLUS LTD

(Adopted by special resolution passed on 21 May 2019)

INTRODUCTION

1. INTERPRETATION

1.1 In these Articles, the following words have the following meanings:

Accepting Shareholder: has the meaning given in article 18.5.

Acting in Concert: has the meaning given to it in the City Code on Takeovers and Mergers published by the Panel on Takeovers and Mergers (as amended from time to time).

A Director: any director appointed to the Board by the holder of the A Ordinary Share in accordance with the terms of the Articles.

A Ordinary Share: the A ordinary share of £1.00 in the capital of the Company having the rights and being subject to the restrictions set out within the Articles and designated as an A Ordinary Share.

Articles: the Company's articles of association for the time being in force.

Board: the board of directors of the Company as constituted from time to time.

B Director: any director appointed to the Board by the holder of the B Ordinary Share with the terms of the Articles.

B Ordinary Share: the B ordinary share of £1.00 each having the rights and being subject to the restrictions set out within the Articles and designated as a B Ordinary Share.

Business Day: a day other than a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in England when banks in London are open for business.

Buyer: has the meaning given in article 18.1.

CA 2006: the Companies Act 2006.

Conflict: a situation in which a director has, or can have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the Company.

Continuing Shareholder: has the meaning given in article 14.1.

Controlling Interest: means an interest in shares giving the holder of holders control of the Company within the meaning of section 1124 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010.

Deemed Transfer Notice: a Transfer Notice that is deemed to have been served under any provisions of these Articles.

Eligible Director: any Eligible A Director or Eligible B Director (as the case may be).

Eligible A Director: an A Director who would be entitled to vote on the matter at a meeting of directors (but excluding any A Director whose vote is not to be counted in respect of the particular matter).

Eligible B Director: a B Director who would be entitled to vote on the matter at a meeting of directors (but excluding any B Director whose vote is not to be counted in respect of the particular matter).

Fair Value: in relation to shares, as determined in accordance with article 17.

Family Trust: in relation to a shareholder, a trust set up wholly for the benefit of that shareholder and/or that shareholder's Privileged Relations.

holding company: has the meaning given in article 1.5.

Interested Director: has the meaning given in article 9.1.

Model Articles: the model articles for private companies limited by shares contained in Schedule 1 of the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (*SI 2008/3229*) as amended prior to the date of adoption of these Articles and reference to a numbered Model Article is a reference to that article of the Model Articles.

Offer: has the meaning given in article 18.2.

Offer Notice: has the meaning given in article 18.3.

Offer Share: has the meaning given in article 18.3.

Original Shareholder: a shareholder who holds shares in the Company on the date of adoption of these Articles.

Permitted Transfer: a transfer of shares made in accordance with article 15.

Permitted Transferee: in relation to a shareholder, any of his Privileged Relations or the trustees of his Family Trust(s).

Price Notice: has the meaning given in article 14.2.

Privileged Relation: the spouse of a shareholder and the shareholder's children and grandchildren (including step and adopted children and grandchildren).

Proposed Sale Price: has the meaning given in article 14.1.

Purchase Notice: has the meaning given in article 14.2.

Sale Date: has the meaning given in article 18.3.

Sale Shares: has the meaning given in article 14.1.

Seller: has the meaning given in article 14.1.

Specified Price: has the meaning given in article 18.2.

subsidiary: has the meaning given in article 1.5.

Transfer Notice: a notice in writing given by any shareholder to the other shareholder where the first shareholder desires, or is required by these Articles, to transfer or offer for transfer (or enter into an agreement to transfer) any shares.

Usual Business Hours: has the meaning given in article 24.2.

Valuers: an independent firm of accountants jointly appointed by the shareholders or, in the absence of agreement between the shareholders on the identity of the expert, an independent firm of accountants appointed by the President, for the time being, of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (in each case acting as an expert and not as an arbitrator).

Writing or written: the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in electronic form or otherwise.

- 1.2 Save as otherwise specifically provided in these Articles, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Model Articles shall have the same meanings in these Articles, subject to which and unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the CA 2006 shall have those meanings in these Articles.

- 1.3 Headings in these Articles are used for convenience only and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of these Articles.
- 1.4 A reference in these Articles to an article is a reference to the relevant article of these Articles unless expressly provided otherwise.
- 1.5 A reference to a **holding company** or a **subsidiary** means a holding company or a subsidiary (as the case may be) as defined in section 1159 of the CA 2006 and for the purposes only of the membership requirement contained in sections 1159(1)(b) and (c), a company shall be treated as a member of another company even if its shares in that other company are registered in the name of:
- (a) another person (or its nominee), by way of security or in connection with the taking of security; or
 - (b) its nominee.
- 1.6 Unless expressly provided otherwise, a reference to a statute or statutory provision is a reference to it as amended, extended or re-enacted from time to time.
- 1.7 A reference to a statute or statutory provision shall include all subordinate legislation made from time to time under that statute or statutory provision.
- 1.8 Any words following the terms **including, include, in particular, for example** or any similar expression shall be construed as illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words, description, definition, phrase or term preceding those terms.

2. ADOPTION OF THE MODEL ARTICLES

- 2.1 The Model Articles shall apply to the Company, except in so far as they are modified or excluded by these Articles or are inconsistent with these Articles, and, subject to any such modifications, exclusions or inconsistencies, shall together with these Articles constitute the articles of association of the Company to the exclusion of any other articles or regulations set out in any statute or in any statutory instrument or other subordinate legislation.
- 2.2 Model Articles 6(2), 7, 8, 9(1), 11 to 14 (inclusive), 16, 17, 22(2), 26(5), 27 to 29 (inclusive), 36, 38, 39, 43, 44(2), 49 and 50 to 53 (inclusive) shall not apply to the Company.
- 2.3 Model Article 20 shall be amended by the insertion of the words "(including alternate directors and the secretary (if any))" before the words "properly incur".

- 2.4 In Model Article 25(2)(c), the words "evidence, indemnity and the payment of a reasonable fee" shall be deleted and replaced with the words "evidence and indemnity".
- 2.5 Model Articles 27(2)(a) and (b) shall be amended by the insertion, in each case, of the words "and to any other agreement to which the holder was party at the time of his death" after the words "subject to the articles".
- 2.6 Model Article 28(2) shall be amended by the deletion of the word "If" and the insertion of the words "Subject to the articles and to any other agreement to which the holder was party at the time of his death, if" in its place.
- 2.7 Model Articles 31(1)(a) to (c) (inclusive) shall be amended by the deletion, in each case, of the words "either" and "or as the directors may otherwise decide". Model Article 31(d) shall be amended by the deletion of the words "either" and "or by such other means as the directors decide".

DIRECTORS

3. DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

- 3.1 Any decision of the directors must be taken at a meeting of directors in accordance with these Articles or must be a decision taken in accordance with article 4.
- 3.2 Subject as provided in these Articles, the directors may participate in directors' meetings for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit. The directors will try to meet at least monthly.
- 3.3 All decisions made at any meeting of the directors or of any committee of the directors shall be made only by resolution, and no such resolution shall be passed unless:
 - (a) more votes are cast for it than against it; and
 - (b) at least one Eligible A Director and one Eligible B Director who is participating in the meeting of the directors or of the committee of the directors have voted in favour of it.
- 3.4 Except as provided by article 3.6, each director has one vote at a meeting of directors.
- 3.5 If at any time before or at any meeting of the directors or of any committee of the directors all A Directors participating or all B Directors participating should request that the meeting be adjourned or reconvened to another time or date (whether to enable further consideration to be given to any matter or for other directors to participate or for any other reason, which need not be stated) then

such meeting shall be adjourned or reconvened accordingly, and no business shall be conducted at that meeting after such a request has been made. No meeting of directors may be adjourned pursuant to this article more than once.

- 3.6 If the shareholders are not represented at any meeting of the directors or of any committee of the directors by an equal number of Eligible A Directors and Eligible B Directors (whether participating in person or by an alternate), then one of the Eligible Directors so nominated by the shareholder who is represented by fewer Eligible Directors shall be entitled at that meeting to such additional vote or votes as shall result in the Eligible Directors so *participating representing each shareholder having in aggregate an equal number of votes.*

4. UNANIMOUS DECISIONS OF DIRECTORS

- 4.1 A decision of the directors is taken in accordance with this article when all Eligible Directors indicate to each other by any means that they share a common view on a matter.
- 4.2 Such a decision may take the form of a resolution in writing, where each Eligible Director has signed one or more copies of it, or to which each Eligible Director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing.
- 4.3 A decision may not be taken in accordance with this article if the Eligible Directors would not have formed a quorum at a directors' meeting to vote on the matter.

5. NUMBER OF DIRECTORS

The number of directors shall not be less than two made up of an equal number of A Directors and B Directors unless unanimously approved in writing. No shareholding qualification for directors shall be required.

6. CALLING A DIRECTORS' MEETING

- 6.1 Any director may call a meeting of directors by giving not less than seven Business Days' notice of the meeting (or such shorter period of notice as agreed in writing by at least one A Director and one B Director) to each director or by authorising the Company secretary (if any) to give such notice.
- 6.2 Notice of any directors' meeting must be accompanied by:
- (a) an agenda specifying in reasonable detail the matters to be raised at the meeting; and
 - (b) copies of any papers to be discussed at the meeting.

- 6.3 Matters not on the agenda, or business conducted in relation to those matters, may not be raised at a meeting of directors unless all the directors agree in writing.

7. QUORUM FOR DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

- 7.1 The quorum at any meeting of the directors (including adjourned meetings) shall be two directors, of whom one at least shall be an Eligible A Director (or his alternate) and one at least an Eligible B Director (or his alternate).
- 7.2 No business shall be conducted at any meeting of directors unless a quorum is present at the beginning of the meeting and also when that business is voted on.
- 7.3 If a quorum is not present within thirty minutes of the time specified for the relevant meeting in the notice of the meeting then the meeting shall be adjourned for five Business Days at the same time and place

8. CHAIRING OF DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

The post of chair of the board of directors will be held in alternate years by an A Director or by a B Director. The chairperson shall not have a casting vote. If the chairperson for the time being is unable to attend any meeting of the board of directors, the shareholder who appointed him or her shall be entitled to appoint another of its nominated directors to act as chair at the meeting.

9. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

- 9.1 For the purposes of section 175 of the CA 2006, the shareholders (and not the directors) shall have the power to authorise, by resolution and in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, any Conflict proposed to them by any director which would, if not so authorised, involve a director (the **Interested Director**) breaching their duty under section 175 of the CA 2006 to avoid conflicts of interest.
- 9.2 The Interested Director must provide the shareholders with such details as are necessary for the shareholders to decide whether or not to authorise the Conflict, together with such additional information as may be requested by the shareholders.
- 9.3 Any authorisation by the shareholders of a Conflict under this article may (whether at the time of giving the authorisation or subsequently):
- (a) extend to any actual or potential conflict of interest which may reasonably be expected to arise out of the matter or situation so authorised;

- (b) provide that the Interested Director be excluded from the receipt of documents and information and the participation in discussions (whether at meetings of the directors or otherwise) related to the Conflict;
- (c) provide that the Interested Director will or will not be an Eligible Director in respect of any future decision of the directors in relation to any resolution related to the Conflict;
- (d) impose upon the Interested Director such other terms for the purposes of dealing with the Conflict as the shareholders think fit;
- (e) provide that, where the Interested Director obtains, or has obtained (through his involvement in the Conflict and otherwise than through his position as a director of the Company) information that is confidential to a third party, he will not be obliged to disclose that information to the Company, or to use it in relation to the Company's affairs where to do so would amount to a breach of that confidence; and
- (f) permit the Interested Director to absent himself from the discussion of matters relating to the Conflict at any meeting of the directors and be excused from reviewing papers prepared by, or for, the directors to the extent they relate to such matters.

9.4 Where the shareholders authorise a Conflict:

- (a) the Interested Director will be obliged to conduct himself in accordance with any terms and conditions imposed by the shareholders in relation to the Conflict; and
- (b) the Interested Director will not infringe any duty he owes to the Company by virtue of sections 171 to 177 of the CA 2006, provided he acts in accordance with such terms and conditions (if any) as the shareholders impose in respect of their authorisation.

9.5 The shareholders may revoke or vary such authorisation at any time but this will not affect anything done by the Interested Director prior to such revocation or variation in accordance with the terms of such authorisation.

9.6 Any A Director or B Director shall be entitled from time to time to disclose to the holder of the A Ordinary Share (in the case of an A Director) or the holder of the B Ordinary Share (in the case of a B Director) such information concerning the business and affairs of the Company as he shall at his discretion see fit, subject only to the condition that if there be more than one A shareholder or (as the case may be) B shareholder, the director concerned shall ensure that each of the shareholders of the same class receives the same information on an equal footing.

- 9.7 A director is not required, by reason of being a director (or because of the fiduciary relationship established by reason of being a director), to account to the Company for any remuneration, profit or other benefit which he derives from or in connection with a relationship involving a Conflict which has been authorised by the shareholders in accordance with these Articles (subject in each case to any terms, limits or conditions attaching to that authorisation) and no contract shall be liable to be avoided on such grounds.
- 9.8 Subject to sections 177(5) and 177(6) of the CA 2006, a director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company shall declare the nature and extent of his interest to the other directors before the Company enters into the transaction or arrangement in accordance with the CA 2006.
- 9.9 Subject to sections 182(5) and 182(6) of the CA 2006, a director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a transaction or arrangement that has been entered into by the Company shall declare the nature and extent of his interest to the other directors as soon as is reasonably practicable in accordance with the CA 2006, unless the interest has already been declared under article 9.8.
- 9.10 Subject, where applicable, to any terms, limits or conditions imposed by the shareholders in accordance with article 9.3, and provided a director has declared the nature and extent of his interest in accordance with the requirements of the CA 2006, a director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in an existing or proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company:
- (a) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any such transaction or arrangement with the Company, or in which the Company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested;
 - (b) shall be an Eligible Director for the purposes of any proposed decision of the directors (or committee of directors) in respect of such transaction or arrangement or proposed transaction or arrangement in which he is interested;
 - (c) shall be entitled to vote at a meeting of directors (or of a committee of directors) or to participate in any unanimous decision in respect of such transaction or arrangement or proposed transaction or arrangement in which he is interested;
 - (d) may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company (otherwise than as auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a director;

- (e) may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to a transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate in which the Company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested; and
- (f) shall not, save as he may otherwise agree, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he (or a person connected with him (as defined in section 252 of the CA 2006)) derives from any such contract, transaction or arrangement or from any such office or employment or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such contract, transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any such interest or benefit nor shall the receipt of any such remuneration or other benefit constitute a breach of his duty under section 176 of the CA 2006.

10. RECORDS OF DECISIONS TO BE KEPT

Where decisions of the directors are taken by electronic means, such decisions shall be recorded by the directors in a form that enables the Company to retain a copy of such decisions.

11. APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

- 11.1 The holder of the A Ordinary Share for the time being shall be entitled to appoint one person to be an A Director of the Company and the holder of the B Ordinary Share for the time being shall be entitled to appoint one person to be a B Director of the Company.
- 11.2 Any A Director may at any time be removed from office by the holder of the A Ordinary Share and any B Director may at any time be removed from office by the holder of the B Ordinary Share. Any director who is an employee of the Company and who ceases to be an employee shall be removed from office from the date his or her employment ceases.
- 11.3 If any A Director or any B Director shall die or be removed from or vacate office for any cause, the holder of the A Ordinary Share (in the case of an A Director) or the holder of the B Ordinary Share (in the case of a B Director) shall appoint in his or her place another person to be an A Director or a B Director (as the case may be).
- 11.4 Any appointment or removal of a director pursuant to this article shall be in writing and signed by or on behalf of the holder of the A Ordinary Share or B Ordinary Share (as the case may be) and served on each of the other shareholders and the Company at its registered office. Any such appointment or removal shall take effect when received by the Company or at such later time as shall be specified in such notice.

- 11.5 The right to appoint and remove A Directors or B Directors under this article shall be a class right attaching to the A Ordinary Share and the B Ordinary Share respectively.
- 11.6 If no A Ordinary Share or B Ordinary Share remain in issue following a redesignation under these Article, any director appointed by shareholders of that class shall be deemed to have been removed as from the redesignation.
- 11.7 No A Director or B Director shall be appointed or removed otherwise than pursuant to these Articles, save as provided by law.

SHARES

12. SHARE CAPITAL

- 12.1 Except as otherwise provided in these Articles, the A Ordinary Share and the B Ordinary Share shall rank *pari passu* in all respects but shall constitute separate classes of shares.
- 12.2 On the transfer of any share as permitted by these Articles:
- (a) a share transferred to a non-shareholder shall remain of the same class as before the transfer; and
 - (b) a share transferred to a shareholder shall automatically be redesignated on transfer as a share of the same class as those shares already held by the shareholder.

If no shares of a class remain in issue following a redesignation under this article, these Articles shall be read as if they do not include any reference to that class or to any consents from, or attendance at any meeting or votes to be cast by, shareholders of that class or directors appointed by that class.

- 12.3 No variation of the rights attaching to any class of shares shall be effective except with the sanction of a special resolution of the holders of the relevant class of shares. Where a special resolution to vary the rights attaching to a class of shares is proposed at a separate general meeting of that class of shares, all the provisions of these Articles as to general meetings of the Company shall *mutatis mutandis* apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be one holder of the relevant class present in person or by proxy or (being a corporation) by a duly authorised representative. For the purpose of this article, one holder present in person or by proxy or (being a corporation) by a duly authorised representative may constitute a meeting.
- 12.4 Each of the following shall be deemed to constitute a variation of the rights attached to each class of shares:
- (a) any alteration in the Articles;

- (b) any reduction, subdivision, consolidation, redenomination, or purchase or redemption by the Company of its own shares or other alteration in the share capital of the Company or any of the rights attaching to any share capital; and
 - (c) any resolution to put the Company into liquidation.
- 12.5 The Company shall immediately cancel any shares acquired under Chapter 4 of Part 18 of the CA 2006.

13. SHARE TRANSFERS: GENERAL

- 13.1 In these Articles, reference to the transfer of a share includes the transfer, assignment or other disposal of a beneficial or other interest in that share, or the creation of a trust or encumbrance over that share, and reference to a share includes a beneficial or other interest in a share.
- 13.2 No shareholder shall transfer any share except:
 - (a) with the prior written consent of the Original Shareholders; or
 - (b) a shareholder may transfer all (but not some only) of its shares in the Company to any person for cash in accordance with the procedure set out in article 14; or
 - (c) in accordance with article 15;
 - (d) in accordance with article 16; or
 - (e) in accordance with article 18.
- 13.3 Subject to article 13.4, the directors must register any duly stamped transfer made in accordance with these Articles and shall not have any discretion to register any transfer of shares which has not been made in compliance with these Articles.
- 13.4 The directors may, as a condition to the registration of any transfer of shares in the Company (whether to a Permitted Transferee or otherwise) require the transferee to provide the Company with the required particulars under section 790K of the CA 2006 if the transferee is a registrable person or relevant legal entity within the meaning of section 790C of the CA 2006 and to execute and deliver to the Company a deed under which the transferee agrees to be bound by the terms of any shareholders' agreement (or similar document) in force between the shareholders in such form as the directors may reasonably require (but not so as to oblige the transferee to have any obligations or liabilities greater than those of the proposed transferor under any such agreement or other document). If any such condition is imposed in accordance with this article 13.4, the transfer may not be registered unless

that deed has been executed and delivered to the Company's registered office by the transferee and the Company has received all of the required particulars under section 790K of the CA 2006 if the transferee is a registrable person or relevant legal entity within the meaning of section 790C of the CA 2006.

- 13.5 To enable the directors to determine whether or not there has been a transfer of shares in the Company in breach of these Articles, the directors of any class may from time to time require any shareholder to provide the Company with such information and evidence as they may reasonably require relevant to that purpose. If a shareholder fails to provide information or evidence in respect of any shares registered in its name to the reasonable satisfaction of such directors within fourteen days of their request, such directors may serve a notice on the shareholder stating that the shareholder shall not in relation to all shares held by that shareholder be entitled to be present or to vote in person or by proxy at any general meeting of the Company or any meeting of the holders of shares of that class, or to vote on a written resolution of the shareholders or to receive dividends on the shares until such evidence or information has been provided to the directors' satisfaction. Such directors may reinstate these rights at any time.
- 13.6 Any transfer of shares by way of a sale that is required to be made under these Articles shall be deemed to include a warranty that the transferor sells the shares with full title guarantee.

14. PRE-EMPTION RIGHTS ON THE TRANSFER OF SHARES

- 14.1 Except where the provisions of article 15, article 16 or article 18 apply, a shareholder (**Seller**) wishing to transfer its shares (**Sale Shares**) must give a Transfer Notice to the other shareholder (**Continuing Shareholder**) giving details of the proposed transfer including:
- (a) if it wishes to sell the Sale Shares to a third party, the name of the proposed buyer; and
 - (b) the price (in cash) at which it wishes to sell the Sale Shares (**Proposed Sale Price**).
- 14.2 Within twenty Business Days of receipt (or deemed receipt) of a Transfer Notice, the Continuing Shareholder shall be entitled (but not obliged) to give notice in writing to the Seller stating either:
- (a) that it wishes to purchase the Sale Shares at the Proposed Sale Price (**Purchase Notice**), in which case the Continuing Shareholder is bound to buy all of the Seller's Sale Shares at the Proposed Sale Price; or
 - (b) that the Proposed Sale Price is too high (**Price Notice**).

- 14.3 If, at the expiry of the period specified in article 14.2, the Continuing Shareholder has given neither a Purchase Notice nor a Price Notice, the Seller may transfer all its Sale Shares to the buyer identified in the Transfer Notice (if any) at a price not less than the Proposed Sale Price provided that it does so within six months of the expiry of the period specified in article 14.2.
- 14.4 Following service of a Price Notice under article 14.2(b), the Seller and the Continuing Shareholder shall endeavour to agree a price for each of the Sale Shares. If they have not agreed such a price within ten Business Days of the Seller's receipt of a Price Notice, either the Seller or the Continuing Shareholder shall immediately instruct the Valuers to determine the Fair Value of each Sale Share in accordance with article 17. If the Seller and Continuing Shareholder agree a price within the period specified in this article 14.4, the Continuing Shareholder is bound to buy all of the Seller's Sale Shares at the price agreed.
- 14.5 Within twenty Business Days of receipt of the Valuers' determination of the Fair Value, the Continuing Shareholder shall be entitled (but not obliged) to give notice in writing to the Seller stating that the Continuing Shareholder wishes to purchase the Sale Shares at their Fair Value as determined by the Valuers. If, at the expiry of the period specified in this article 14.5, the Continuing Shareholder has not notified the Seller that it wants to buy the Sale Shares, the Seller may transfer all its Sale Shares to the buyer identified in the Transfer Notice (if any) at a price not less than the Fair Value for all of the Sale Shares as determined by the Valuers provided that it does so within six months of the expiry of the period specified in this article 14.5.

15. PERMITTED TRANSFERS

- 15.1 An Original Shareholder may at any time transfer all (but not some only) of his shares in the Company to a Permitted Transferee without being required to follow the steps set out in article 14.
- 15.2 A shareholder holding shares in the Company as a result of a Permitted Transfer made after the date of adoption of these Articles by an Original Shareholder under the provisions of this article 15 may at any time transfer all (but not some only) of its shares back to the Original Shareholder from whom it received those shares or to another Permitted Transferee of such Original Shareholder, without being required to follow the steps set out in article 14.
- 15.3 If a Permitted Transfer has been made to a Permitted Transferee, that Permitted Transferee shall within five Business Days of ceasing to be a Privileged Relation of that shareholder, execute and deliver to the Company a transfer of all (but not only some) of the shares held by him to the Original Shareholder from whom it received those shares (or, if so directed by such shareholder, to a Permitted Transferee of that shareholder) for such consideration as may be agreed between them failing which he shall be

deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of the shares in accordance with article 14 and article 16.2. If the Permitted Transferee fails to make a transfer in accordance with this clause 15, a Transfer Notice shall be deemed to have been given in respect of such shares on the expiry of the period set out in this article 15.3.

- 15.4 Upon the events detailed at 16.1 of a Privileged Relation (other than a joint holder), his personal representatives or trustee in bankruptcy (as the case may be) shall offer the shares held by the Privileged Relation for transfer to the shareholder who transferred shares to him or, if so directed by such shareholder, to a Permitted Transferee of that shareholder, within ten Business Days after the grant of probate or the making of the bankruptcy order (as the case may be), for such consideration as may be agreed between the original shareholder and the personal representatives or trustee in bankruptcy (as the case may be). If:

(a) a transfer of the shares has not been executed and delivered within ten Business Days of the grant of probate or the making of the bankruptcy order (as the case may be); or

(b) the original shareholder is himself the subject of a bankruptcy order,

the personal representatives or trustee in bankruptcy (as the case may be) shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of the shares in accordance with article 14 and article 16.2.

16. COMPULSORY TRANSFERS

- 16.1 Subject to article 15.4, a shareholder is deemed to have served a Transfer Notice under article 14.1 immediately before any of the following events:

(a) the shareholder's death; or

(b) an order being made for the shareholder's bankruptcy; or

(c) an arrangement or composition with any of the shareholder's creditors being made; or

(d) the shareholder convening a meeting of his creditors, or taking any other steps with a view to making an arrangement or composition in satisfaction of his creditors generally; or

(e) the shareholder being unable to pay his debts as they fall due within the meaning of section 268 of the Insolvency Act 1986; or

(f) a receiver being appointed over in relation to, all or any material part of the shareholder's assets; or

- (g) the happening in relation to a shareholder of any event analogous to any of the above in any jurisdiction in which he is resident, carried on business or has assets; or
- (h) the shareholder lacking capacity (under section 2 of the Mental Capacity Act 2005) to make decisions in relation to the Company or his shareholding; or
- (i) the shareholder committing a material or persistent breach of any shareholders' agreement to which it is a party in relation to the shares in the Company which if capable of remedy has not been so remedied within ten Business Days of the other shareholder requiring such remedy; or
- (j) a Family Trust ceases to be for the benefit of the settlor and/or the settlor's Privileged Relations; or
- (k) a change of control (as control is defined in section 1124 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010) of the shareholder, although in the case of a Permitted Transferee that ceases to be a Permitted Transferee, it shall transfer the shares back to the Original Shareholder from whom it received those shares or to another Permitted Transferee of such Original Shareholder in accordance with article 15.3 rather than being deemed to have served a Transfer Notice under this article.

16.2 The Deemed Transfer Notice has the same effect as a Transfer Notice, except that:

- (a) the Deemed Transfer Notice takes effect on the basis that it does not identify a proposed buyer or state a price for the Sale Shares and the price for the Sale Shares shall be the aggregate Fair Value of those shares, determined by the Valuers in accordance with article 17;
- (b) the Seller does not have the right to withdraw the Deemed Transfer Notice following a valuation;
- (c) if the Continuing Shareholder does not accept the offer of shares comprised in the Deemed Transfer Notice within twenty Business Days of receipt of the Valuers' determination of the Fair Value, the Seller does not have the right to sell the Sale Shares to a third party and the Company shall be wound up immediately upon the Continuing Shareholder giving notice in writing to the Company to that effect within such twenty Business Day period.

16.3 A Deemed Transfer Notice under article 16.1(i) shall immediately and automatically revoke:

- (a) a Transfer Notice served by the relevant shareholder before the occurrence of the relevant event giving rise to the Deemed Transfer Notice under article 16.1(i); and
 - (b) a Deemed Transfer Notice deemed to be served by the relevant shareholder under any of the events set out in article 16.1(a) to article 16.1(h) (inclusive) before the occurrence of the relevant event giving rise to the Deemed Transfer Notice under article 16.1(i).
- 16.4 If the Seller fails to complete a transfer of Sale Shares as required under this article 16, the Continuing Shareholder is irrevocably authorised to appoint any person it nominates for the purpose as agent to transfer the Sale Shares on the Seller's behalf and to do anything else that the Continuing Shareholder may reasonably require to complete the sale, and the Company may receive the purchase price in trust for the Seller (without any obligation to pay interest), giving a receipt that shall discharge the Continuing Shareholder.
- 17. VALUATION**
- 17.1 As soon as practicable after deemed service of a Transfer Notice under article 16 or 14.4, the shareholders shall appoint the Valuers to determine the Fair Value of the Sale Shares.
- 17.2 The Valuers shall be requested to determine the Fair Value within twenty Business Days of their appointment and to notify the shareholders in writing of their determination.
- 17.3 The Fair Value for any Sale Share shall be the price per share determined by the Valuers on the following bases and assumptions:
 - (a) valuing each of the Sale Shares as a proportion of the total value of all the issued shares in the capital of the Company without any premium or discount being attributable to the percentage of the issued share capital of the Company which they represent or for the rights or restrictions applying to the Sale Shares;
 - (b) if the Company is then carrying on business as a going concern, on the assumption that it will continue to do so;
 - (c) the sale is to be on arms' length terms between a willing seller and a willing buyer;
 - (d) the Sale Shares are sold free of all encumbrances;
 - (e) the sale is taking place on the date the Valuers were requested to determine the Fair Value; and

- (f) to take account of any other factors that the Valuers reasonably believe should be taken into account.
- 17.4 The shareholders are entitled to make submissions to the Valuers and will provide (or procure that the Company provides) the Valuers with such assistance and documents as the Valuers reasonably require for the purpose of reaching a decision, subject to the Valuers agreeing to give such confidentiality undertakings as the shareholders may reasonably require.
- 17.5 To the extent not provided for by this article 17, the Valuers may, in their reasonable discretion, determine such other procedures to assist with the valuation as they consider just or appropriate, including (to the extent they consider necessary) instructing professional advisers to assist them in reaching their valuation.
- 17.6 The Valuers shall act as expert and not as arbitrator and their written determination shall be final and binding on the shareholders in the absence of manifest error or fraud.
- 17.7 The cost of obtaining the Valuers' valuation shall be borne by the Company and the Seller equally or in such other proportion as the Valuers direct.
- 18. TAG ALONG RIGHTS ON A CHANGE OF CONTROL**
- 18.1 Except in the case of transfers pursuant to Article 17, and after going through the pre-emption procedure set out in Article 14, the provisions of Article 18.2 and 18.6 shall apply if, in one or a series of related transactions, one or more Sellers propose to transfer any of the Shares (**Proposed Transfer**) which would, if carried out, result in any person (**Buyer**), and any person Acting in Concert with the Buyer, acquiring a Controlling Interest in the Company.
- 18.2 Before making a Proposed Transfer, a Seller shall procure that the Buyer makes an offer (**Offer**) to the other Shareholders to purchase all of the Shares held by them for a consideration in cash per Share that is at least equal to the highest price per Share offered or paid by the Buyer, or any person Acting in Concert with the Buyer, in the Proposed Transfer or in any related previous transaction in the twelve months preceding the date of the Proposed Transfer (**Specified Price**).
- 18.3 The Offer shall be made by written notice (**Offer Notice**), at least twenty Business Days before the proposed sale date (**Sale Date**). To the extent not described in any accompanying documents, the Offer Notice shall set out:
 - (a) the identity of the Buyer;
 - (b) the Specified Price and other terms and conditions of payment;
 - (c) the Sale Date; and

- (d) the number of Shares proposed to be purchased by the Buyer (**Offer Shares**).
- 18.4 If the Buyer fails to make the Offer to all of the holders of shares in the Company in accordance with article 19.2 and article 19.3, the Seller shall not be entitled to complete the Proposed Transfer and the Company shall not register any transfer of Shares effected in accordance with the Proposed Transfer.
- 18.5 If the Offer is accepted by any Shareholder (**Accepting Shareholder**) in writing within twenty Business Days of receipt of the Offer Notice, the completion of the Proposed Transfer shall be conditional on completion of the purchase of all the Offer Shares held by Accepting Shareholders.
- 18.6 The Proposed Transfer is subject to the pre-emption provisions of article 15, but the purchase of Offer Shares from Accepting Shareholders shall not be subject to those provisions.

DECISION MAKING BY SHAREHOLDERS

19. QUORUM FOR GENERAL MEETINGS

- 19.1 The quorum at any general meeting of the Company, or adjourned general meeting, shall be two persons present in person or by proxy, of whom one shall be the holder of the A Ordinary Share or a duly authorised representative of such holder and one shall be a holder of the B Ordinary Share or a duly authorised representative of such holder.
- 19.2 No business shall be transacted by any general meeting unless a quorum is present at the commencement of the meeting and also when that business is voted on.

20. CHAIRING GENERAL MEETINGS

The chairperson of the board of directors shall chair general meetings. If the chairperson is unable to attend any general meeting, the shareholder who appointed him or her shall be entitled to appoint another of its nominated directors present at the meeting to act as chair at the meeting, and the appointment of the chair of the meeting must be the first business of the meeting.

21. VOTING

At a general meeting, on a show of hands every shareholder who is present in person or by proxy shall have one vote, unless the proxy is himself a shareholder entitled to vote; on a poll every shareholder present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for each share of which he is the holder; and on

a vote on a written resolution every shareholder has one vote for each share of which he is the holder except that:

- (a) no shares of one class shall confer any right to vote upon a resolution for the removal from office of a director appointed by holders of shares of the other class under a right to appoint which is a class right; and
- (b) subject to article (a) of this exception, in the case of any resolution proposed, the holder of the A Ordinary Share or of the B Ordinary Share voting against such resolution (whether on a show of hands, a poll or on a written resolution) shall be entitled to cast such number of votes as is necessary to defeat the resolution.

22. POLL VOTES

- 22.1 A poll may be demanded at any general meeting by a qualifying person (as defined in section 318 of the CA 2006) present and entitled to vote at the meeting.
- 22.2 Article 44(3) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words "A demand so withdrawn shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made" as a new paragraph at the end of that article.

23. PROXIES

- 23.1 Article 45(1)(d) of the Model Articles shall be deleted and replaced with the words "is delivered to the Company in accordance with the Articles not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in accordance with any instructions contained in the notice of general meeting (or adjourned meeting) to which they relate".
- 23.2 Article 45(1) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words "and a proxy notice which is not delivered in such manner shall be invalid" as a new paragraph at the end of that article.

ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS

24. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION TO BE USED

24.1 Subject to article 24.2, any notice, document or other information shall be deemed received by the intended recipient:

- (a) if delivered by hand, on signature of a delivery receipt or at the time the notice, document or other information is left at the address; and
- (b) if sent by pre-paid first class post or other next working day delivery service providing proof of postage, at 9.00 am on the second Business Day after posting or at the time recorded by the delivery service;

24.2 If deemed receipt under article 24.1 would occur outside Usual Business Hours, the notice, document or other information shall be deemed to have been received when Usual Business Hours next recommence. For the purposes of this article, **Usual Business Hours** means 9.00 am to 5.30 pm local time on any day which is not a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in the place of receipt of the notice, document or other information.

24.3 To prove service, it is sufficient to prove that:

- (a) if delivered by hand, the notice was delivered to the correct address; and
- (b) If sent by post, the envelope containing the notice was properly addressed, paid for and posted.

24.4 In proving that any notice, document or information was properly addressed, it will suffice to show that the notice, document or information was addressed to an address permitted for the purpose by the CA 2006.

25. INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE

25.1 Subject to article 25.2, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a relevant officer is otherwise entitled:

- (a) each relevant officer of the Company shall be indemnified out of the Company's assets against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him as a relevant officer in the actual or purported execution and/or discharge of his duties, or in relation to them including (in each case) any liability incurred by him in defending any civil or criminal proceedings, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or the proceedings are otherwise disposed of without any finding or admission of any material breach of

duty on his part or in connection with any application in which the court grants him, in his capacity as a relevant officer, relief from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company's affairs; and

- (b) the Company may provide any relevant officer with funds to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by him in connection with any proceedings or application referred to in article 25.1(a) and otherwise may take any action to enable any such relevant officer to avoid incurring such expenditure.

25.2 This article does not authorise any indemnity to the extent that such indemnity would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the CA 2006 or by any other provision of law and any such indemnity is limited accordingly.

25.3 The directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the Company, for the benefit of any relevant officer in respect of any relevant loss.

25.4 In this article:

- (a) a "relevant officer" means any director or other officer or former director or other officer of the Company, but excluding in each case any person engaged by the Company as auditor (whether or not he is also a director or other officer), to the extent he acts in his capacity as auditor; and
- (b) a "relevant loss" means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant officer in connection with that relevant officer's duties or powers in relation to the Company or any pension fund or employees' share scheme of the Company.