Registered number: 11906889

TOBIN & GLOVER SURVEYORS LTD

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

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TOBIN & GLOVER SURVEYORS LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 11906889

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

		2021		2020
Note Fixed assets		£		£
Tangible assets		2,172		2,896
Talignic assets	_		_	
		2,172		2,896
Current assets				
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	90,067		106,343	
Cash at bank and in hand	734,528		393,000	
	824,595	-	499,343	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	(2-2-40)		(222.223)	
year	(353,510)		(232,826)	
Net current assets		471,085		266,517
Total assets less current liabilities	-	473,257	_	269,413
Net assets	-	473,257	_	269,413
Capital and reserves	=		=	
Called up share capital		1		1
Profit and loss account		473,256		269,412
	-	473,257	_	269,413

TOBIN & GLOVER SURVEYORS LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 11906889

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 18 January 2022.

John Gerard Tobin

Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 April 2020	1	269,412	269,413
Comprehensive income for the year			
Profit for the year	-	226,694	226,694
	•		
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	· · •	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	226,694	226,694
Dividends: Equity capital	-	(22,850)	(22,850)
Total transactions with owners		(22,850)	(22,850)
At 31 March 2021	1	473,256	473,257

The notes on pages 5 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£
Comprehensive income for the period			
Profit for the period	-	269,412	269,412
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	· -	269,412	269,412
Shares issued during the period	1	-	1
Total transactions with owners	1	•	1
At 31 March 2020	1	269,412	269,413

The notes on pages 5 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1. General information

The Company is limited by shares and incorporated in England. The address of the registered office is given in the company information on the cover page of these financial statements.

The company's principal activity is quantity surveying.

The Financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and rounded to nearest £.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of this financial statement are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.3 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

2.4 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

2.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, SELECT OR ENTER METHOD.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Office equipment

25% Reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.7 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.9 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including the director, during the year was as follows:

		2021 No.	2020 No.
	Director	1	1
4.	Tangible fixed assets		
			Office equipment £
	Cost or valuation		
	At 1 April 2020		3,861
	At 31 March 2021		3,861
	Depreciation		
	At 1 April 2020		965
	Charge for the year on owned assets		724
	At 31 March 2021		1,689
	Net book value		
	At 31 March 2021	·	2,172
	At 31 March 2020		2,896
5.	Debtors		
		2021	2020

£

£

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

5.	Debtors (continued)		
	Trade debtors	90,067	106,343
		90,067	106,343
6.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2021 £	2020 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	734,528	393,000
	·	734,528	393,000
7.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2021 £	2020 £
	Trade creditors	87,686	76,158
	Amounts owed to joint ventures	98,685	79,985
	Corporation tax	116,314	62,725
	Other taxation and social security	25,612	12,208
	Other creditors	23,013	-
	Accruals and deferred income	2,200	1,750
	•	353,510	232,826

8. Pension commitments