Registered number: 11822068

ENVIROCLEAR WASTE RECYCLING LTD

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2022

ENVIROCLEAR WASTE RECYCLING LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 11822068

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MAY 2022

	Note		2022 £		2021 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		449,130		240,247
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	125,846		91,882	
Cash at bank and in hand	6	341,514		395,434	
	-	467,360	-	487,316	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(230,136)		(348,088)	
Net current assets	-		- 237,224		139,228
Total assets less current liabilities		_	686,354		379,475
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Provisions for liabilities	8		(107,840)		-
Deferred tax	9	(84,728)		-	
	-		(84,728)		-
Net assets		=	493,786		379,475
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			493,686		379,375
		=	493,786		379,475

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

H K Hubbl	е	

ENVIROCLEAR WASTE RECYCLING LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 11822068

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MAY 2022

Director

Date: 22 November 2022

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2022

General information

Enviroclear Waste Recycling Ltd is a private company, limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Unit 5 Landau Way, Erith, Kent DA8 2LF and the registered number is 11822068.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.3 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.5 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery - 25% reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 25% reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings - 25% reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.7 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.9 Creditors

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.10 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to profit or loss in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance Sheet.

2.11 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.12 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

3. Employees

5.

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 7 (2021 - 4).

4. Tangible fixed assets

Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Fixtures and fittings	Total
£	£	£	£
198,795	118,704	9,928	327,427
116,177	221,532	179	337,888
314,972	340,236	10,107	665,315
63,723	20,426	3,031	87,180
39,563	17,808	1,769	59,140
23,250	46,615	-	69,865
126,536	84,849	4,800	216,185
188,436	255,387	5,307	449,130
135,072	98,278	6,897	240,247
		2022 £	2021 £
		125,377	90,399
		469	1,483
		125,846	91,882
	machinery £ 198,795 116,177 314,972 63,723 39,563 23,250 126,536	machinery Motor vehicles £ £ 198,795 118,704 116,177 221,532 314,972 340,236 63,723 20,426 39,563 17,808 23,250 46,615 126,536 84,849 188,436 255,387	machinery Motor vehicles fittings £ £ £ 198,795 118,704 9,928 116,177 221,532 179 314,972 340,236 10,107 63,723 20,426 3,031 39,563 17,808 1,769 23,250 46,615 - 126,536 84,849 4,800 188,436 255,387 5,307 135,072 98,278 6,897 2022 £ 125,377 469

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2022

6.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	341,514	395,434
7.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Trade creditors	35,939	150,175
	Corporation tax	3,849	53,473
	Other taxation and social security	46,957	55,320
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	47,779	-
	Other creditors	93,492	87,830
	Accruals and deferred income	2,120	1,290
		230,136	348,088
			
8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	107,840	
9.	Deferred taxation		
			2022 £
	Charged to profit or loss		(84,728)
		_	
	At end of year	=	(84,728)
	The deferred taxation balance is made up as follows:		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Accelerated capital allowances	(84,728)	-
		=======================================	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2022

10. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £1,104 (2021 - £555). Contributions totalling £nil (2021 - £nil) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date and are included in creditors.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.