Storm Equity Co Limited (the "Company")

Written Resolutions of the Members of the Company

Circulation date: 4 February 2019

Pursuant to Chapter 2 of Part 13 of the Companies Act 2006, the directors of the Company propose that the following resolution is passed (the "Resolution") The Resolution is proposed as a special resolution

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

That the articles appended hereto in the Schedule be approved and adopted as the articles of association of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of the existing articles of association

AGREEMENT

Please read the notes at the end of this document before signifying your agreement to the Resolution. The undersigned, being the person entitled to vote on the Resolution on $\frac{U + \frac{1}{2} \int e^{-i \alpha} dx}{2019}$, hereby irrevocably agree to the Resolution.

Signed for on and behalf of Rome Bidco Limited

Date

4 February 2019

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Schedule: Articles of Association

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No 11776567

The Companies Act 2006

Company Limited by Shares

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

adopted by special resolution passed on 4 February 2019 of

STORM EQUITY CO LIMITED

(incorporated on 18 January 2019)

Linklaters

Linklaters LLP One Silk Street London EC2Y 8HQ

Telephone (44-20) 7456 2000 Facsimile (44-20) 7456 2222

Ref L-276765

The Companies Act 2006

Company Limited by Shares

Articles of Association

adopted by special resolution passed on 4 February 2019

of

STORM EQUITY CO LIMITED (the "Company")

Preliminary

1 Default articles not to apply

Neither the regulations in The Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 nor any other articles or regulations prescribing the form of articles applicable to the Company under any former enactment relating to companies shall apply to the Company

Part 1 Interpretation and Limitation of Liability

2 Defined terms

- 2.1 In the Articles, unless the context requires otherwise
- "Adoption Date" means the date the Articles were adopted,
- "Affiliate" of any body corporate means any body corporate which, directly or indirectly controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with such body corporate,
- "Alternate" or "Alternate Director" has the meaning given in Article 27,
- "appointor" has the meaning given in Article 27,
- "Articles" means the Company's articles of association,
- "Associated Company" has the meaning given in Section 256 of the Companies Act 2006.
- "Available Profits" means profits available for distribution within the meaning of the Companies Acts,
- "bankruptcy" includes individual insolvency proceedings in a jurisdiction other than England and Wales or Northern Ireland which have an effect similar to that of bankruptcy,
- "Board" means the board of directors of the Company,
- "Business Day" means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or bank or public holiday in in England and/or Wales,

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"Caffè Nero" means Rome Bidco Limited a private limited company incorporated in England and Wales (registered number 05936403), whose registered office is at 9-15 Neal Street. London, England, WC2H 9QL,

"Chairperson" has the meaning given in Article 25 1 2

"Chairperson of the Meeting" has the meaning given in Article 51;

"Caffè Nero Consent" or "Caffè Nero Direction" means an Investor Consent or Investor Direction by Caffè Nero or a Caffè Nero Director,

"Caffè Nero Director" means any Director appointed by Caffè Nero pursuant to Article 25,

'Common Control" means where any two or more entities jointly Control a person or entity;

"Companies Acts" means the Companies Acts (as defined in Section 2 of the Companies Act 2006) in so far as they apply to the Company,

"Control" means, from time to time

- (a) In the case of a body corporate, the right to exercise more than 50 per cent of the votes exercisable at any meeting of that body corporate,
- (b) in the case of a partnership or limited partnership, the right to exercise more than 50 per cent of the votes exercisable at any meeting of partners of that partnership or limited partnership (and, in the case of a limited partnership, Control of each of its general partners).
- (c) In the case of a Fund, the right to be the manager or adviser to that Fund, and
- (d) In the case of any other person, the right to exercise a majority of the voting rights or otherwise to control that person,

whether by virtue of provisions contained in its articles of association or, as the case may be, certificate of incorporation or bye-laws, statutes or other constitutional documents or any contract or arrangement with any other persons, and "Controlled" shall be interpreted accordingly.

"Director" means a director of the Company and includes any person occupying the position of director, by whatever name called.

"document" includes, unless otherwise specified, any document sent or supplied in electronic form;

"electronic form" has the meaning given in Section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006.

"fully paid" means, in relation to a share, that the nominal value and any premium to be paid to the Company in respect of that share has been paid to the Company,

"Fund" means any fund bank, company unit trust, investment trust investment company limited, general or other partnership, industrial provident or friendly society, any collective investment scheme (as defined by FSMA) any investment professional (as defined in article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion Order) 2005 (the "FPO")), any high net worth company, unincorporated association or partnership (as defined in article 49(2)(a) and (b) of the FPO) or any high value trust (as defined in

article 49(6) of the FPO), any pension fund or insurance company or any person who is an authorised person under FSMA,

"FSMA" means the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000,

"Group" means the Company and any subsidiary undertaking of the Company from time to time and references to "Group Company" shall be construed accordingly.

"hard copy form" has the meaning given in Section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006,

"holder" means, in relation to a share, the person whose name is entered in the register of members as the holder of the share,

"Interested Director" has the meaning given in Article 18 2 2

"Investment Agreement" means the investment agreement relating to the Company between (i) the Company. (ii) Man Capital, and (iii) Caffè Nero, dated on or around the Adoption Date (and as may be amended varied amended and restated or replaced from time to time),

"Investor Consent" or "Investor Direction" means a consent or direction in writing and in English to the relevant Group Company by either an Investor, or, in the case of Caffè Nero, a director of EquityCo and provided, in both cases, that the consent or direction is expressly referred to as an Investor Consent or Investor Direction (as applicable),

"Investor" means

- (a) each of Caffè Nero and Man Capital for so long as they hold any shares, and
- (a) any Permitted Transferee for so long as it holds any shares,

and "Investors" shall be construed accordingly.

"Man Capital" means MC (Cayman) Coffco Limited a private limited company incorporated in the Cayman Islands (registered number MC-346101), whose registered office is at c/o Maples Corporate Services Limited, PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman KY1-1104, Cayman Islands,

"ordinary resolution" has the meaning given in Section 282 of the Companies Act 2006,

"paid" means paid or credited as paid,

"participate". In relation to a Directors' meeting, has the meaning given in Article 12,

"payee" has the meaning given in Article 43 3,

"Permitted Transferee" has the meaning given to it in the Investment Agreement.

"proxy notice" has the meaning given in Article 57,

"Relevant Company" has the meaning given in Article 19 5.

"Relevant Director" means any Director or former Director of the Company any Secretary or former Secretary of the Company or any director or former director of an Associated Company of the Company.

"Replacement" or "Replacement Director" has the meaning given in Article 27.

"Secretary" means any person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the Company (including any deputy or assistant secretary) in accordance with Article 28,

"shareholder" means a person who is the holder of a share

"shares" means together the ordinary shares of £1 each in the capital of the Company and "share" means any one of them,

"special resolution" has the meaning given in Section 283 of the Companies Act 2006,

"subsidiary" has the meaning given in Section 1159 of the Companies Act 2006

"transmittee" means a person entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of a shareholder or otherwise by operation of law, and

"writing" means the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in electronic form or otherwise

- 2.2 Unless the context otherwise requires other words or expressions contained in the Articles bear the same meaning as in the Companies Act 2006 as in force on the Adoption Date
- 2.3 Except in relation to the number of shareholders constituting a quorum in Article 50 the provisions of the Articles relating to general meetings and to the proceedings at such meetings shall apply to separate meetings of a class of shareholders. The quorum for any meeting of a separate class of shareholders shall be that set out in Section 334(4) of the Companies Act 2006.

3 Liability of shareholders

The liability of the shareholders is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares held by them

Part 2 Directors

Directors' Powers and Responsibilities

4 Number of Directors

The Directors shall not be less than one in number and shall not be subject to any maximum

5 Directors' general authority

Subject to the Articles, the Directors are responsible for the management of the Company's business for which purpose they may exercise all the powers of the Company

6 Shareholders' reserve power

6.1 The shareholders may by special resolution, direct the Directors to take or refrain from taking, specified action

6.2 No such special resolution invalidates anything which the Directors have done before the passing of the resolution

7 Directors may delegate

- 7.1 Subject to the Articles, the Directors may delegate any of the powers which are conferred on them under the Articles
 - 7.1.1 to such person (who need not be a Director) or committee (comprising any number of persons, who need not be Directors),
 - 7.1.2 by such means (including by power of attorney),
 - 7.1.3 to such an extent.
 - 7 1.4 In relation to such matters or territories, and
 - 7.1.5 on such terms and conditions,

as they think fit

- 7.2 If the Directors so specify, any such delegation may authorise further delegation of the Directors' powers by any person to whom they are delegated
- 7.3 Any reference in the Articles to the exercise of a power or discretion by the Directors shall include a reference to the exercise of a power or discretion by any person or committee to whom it has been delegated
- 7.4 The Directors may revoke any delegation in whole or part, or alter its terms and conditions

8 Committees

The Directors may make regulations in relation to the procedures of committees or subcommittees to whom their powers or discretions have been delegated or sub-delegated Subject to any such regulations, the meetings and procedures of any committee or subcommittee shall be governed by the provisions of the Articles regulating the meetings and procedures of Directors

Decision-Making by Directors

9 Voting at Board meetings

- 9.1 Subject to Article 9.2 below, any decision of the Directors shall be decided by
 - 9.1.1 a majority of the votes cast, and each Director shall have one vote, or
 - 9.1.2 a decision taken by Directors written resolution in accordance with Article10
- 9.2 In the case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson shall have a second or casting vote

10 Directors' written resolutions

- Any Caffè Nero Director may propose a written resolution by giving notice in writing to the other Directors or may request the Secretary (if any) to give such notice
- 10.2 A Directors written resolution is adopted when all the Directors who would have been entitled to vote on such resolution if it had been proposed at a meeting of the Directors have
 - 10.2.1 signed one or more copies of it, or
 - 10.2.2 otherwise indicated their agreement to it in writing
- 10.3 A Directors' written resolution is not adopted if the Directors who have signed it or otherwise indicated their agreement to it in writing would not together have formed a quorum if the same matters had been proposed at a Directors' meeting

11 Calling a Directors' meeting

- 11.1 Any Caffè Nero Director may convene a Directors' meeting on at least 10 Business Days' prior notice in writing or such shorter period as either such Caffè Nero Director may reasonably determine where urgent business has arisen or as each Director may approve
- 11.2 Notice of any Directors' meeting must indicate
 - 11.2.1 its proposed date and time,
 - 11 2.2 where it is to take place, and
 - 11.2.3 If it is anticipated that Directors participating in the meeting will not be in the same place how it is proposed that they should communicate with each other during the meeting
- 11.3 Notice of a Directors' meeting must be given to each Director and observer (if any) accompanied by a written agenda specifying the business of such meeting along with all relevant papers. Other than with Caffè Nero Consent, only those matters included on the written agenda may be discussed at such meeting.
- 11.4 Notice of a Directors' meeting need not be given to Directors or observers who waive their entitlement to notice of that meeting, by giving notice to that effect to the Company before or after the date on which the meeting is held. Where such notice is given after the meeting has been held, that does not affect the validity of the meeting, or of any business conducted at it.

12 Participation in Directors' meetings

- 12.1 Subject to the Articles. Directors participate in a Directors' meeting or part of a Directors meeting when
 - 12.1.1 the meeting has been called and takes place in accordance with the Articles, and
 - they can each communicate to the others any information or opinions they have on any particular item of the business of the meeting

- 12.2 In determining whether Directors are participating in a Directors' meeting, it is irrelevant where any Director is or how they communicate with each other
- 12.3 If all the Directors participating in a meeting are not in the same place, they may decide that the meeting is to be treated as taking place wherever any of them is

13 Quorum for Directors' meetings

- **13.1** At a Directors' meeting, unless a quorum is participating, no proposal is to be voted on, except a proposal to call another meeting
- 13.2 The quorum necessary for the transaction of any business of a Directors' meeting shall be the presence of at least one Director
- 13.3 If a quorum, as set out in Article 13.2, is not constituted at any Directors' meeting within half an hour from of the time appointed for the meeting or if during the meeting a quorum ceases to be present for a period exceeding 10 minutes, the meeting shall be adjourned for such time as reasonably determined by any Director.
- 13.4 If the total number of Directors for the time being is less than the quorum required, the Directors must not take any decision other than a decision.
 - 13.4.1 to appoint further Directors, or
 - 13.4.2 to call a general meeting so as to enable the shareholders to appoint further Directors

14 Validity of proceedings

All acts done by any meeting of Directors, or of any committee or sub-committee of the Directors, or by any person acting as a member of any such committee or sub-committee, shall, as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company be valid, notwithstanding that there was some defect in the appointment of any Director or any such persons, or that any such persons were disqualified or had vacated office or were not entitled to vote

15 Record of decisions to be kept

The Directors must ensure that the Company keeps a record, in writing, of every majority decision taken by the Directors and of every Directors' written resolution for at least 10 years from the date of the decision or resolution

16 Directors' discretion to make further rules

Subject to the Articles, the Directors may make any rule which they think fit about how they take decisions, and about how such rules are to be recorded or communicated to the Directors

17 Change of name

The Company may change its name by a decision of the Directors

Directors' Interests

18 Authorisation of Directors' interests

- 18.1 For the purposes of Section 175 of the Companies Act 2006, the Directors shall have the power to authorise any matter which would or might otherwise constitute or give rise to a breach of the duty of a Director to avoid a situation in which he has or can have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts or possibly may conflict with the interests of the Company
- 18.2 Authorisation of a matter under this Article 18 shall be effective only if
 - 18.2.1 the matter in question shall have been proposed for consideration at a meeting of the Directors, in accordance with the usual procedures for such meetings or in such other manner as the Directors may resolve
 - any requirement as to the quorum at the meeting of the Directors at which the matter is considered is met without counting the Director in question and any other interested Director (together, the "Interested Directors) and
 - 18.2.3 the matter was agreed to without the Interested Directors voting or would have been agreed to if the votes of the Interested Directors had not been counted
- 18.3 Any authorisation of a matter under this Article may
 - **18.3.1** extend to any actual or potential conflict of interest which may arise out of the matter so authorised.
 - 18 3.2 be subject to such conditions or limitations as the Directors may resolve, whether at the time such authorisation is given or subsequently and
 - **18.3.3** be terminated by the Directors at any time, in such case the Directors shall promptly notify the Interested Director in writing of such termination.

and a Director shall comply with any obligations imposed on him by the Directors pursuant to any such authorisation

A Director shall not, save as otherwise agreed by him, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he (or a person connected with him) derives from any matter authorised by the Directors under this Article 18 and any contract transaction or arrangement relating to such a matter shall not be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any such benefit

19 Permitted interests

19.1 Subject to compliance with Article 19.2 a Director notwithstanding his office may have an interest of the following kind

- 19.1.1 where a Director (or a person connected with him) is a director or other officer of, or employed by, or otherwise interested (including by the holding of shares whether directly or indirectly) in any Relevant Company.
- 19.1.2 where a Director (or a person connected with him) is a party to, or otherwise interested in, any contract, transaction or arrangement with a Relevant Company, or in which the Company is otherwise interested.
- 19.1.3 where a Director has an interest which cannot reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a conflict of interest,
- 19.1.4 where a Director has an interest, or a transaction or arrangement gives rise to an interest, of which the Director is not aware,
- 19.1.5 where a Director may represent the interests of a direct or indirect shareholder of the Company whose interests may conflict, from time to time, with the interests of the Company
- 19.1.6 where a Director may hold an interest in (i) a direct or indirect shareholder of the Company, and/or (ii) an Affiliate of the shareholder, and
- 19.1.7 where a Director has any other interest authorised by ordinary resolution

No authorisation under Article 18 shall be necessary in respect of any such interest

- 19.2 A Director shall declare the nature and extent of any interest permitted under Article 19.1 and not falling within Article 19.3 at a meeting of the Directors or in such other manner as the Directors may resolve.
- 19.3 No declaration of an interest shall be required by a Director in relation to an interest
 - 19.3.1 failing within Article 19 1 1, 19 1 3 or 19 1 4,
 - 19.3.2 If or to the extent that, the other Directors are already aware of such interest (and for this purpose the other Directors are treated as aware of anything of which they ought reasonably to be aware), or
 - 19.3.3 If, or to the extent that, it concerns the terms of his service contract (as defined in Section 227 of the Companies Act 2006) that have been or are to be considered by a meeting of the Directors, or by a committee of Directors appointed for the purpose under the Articles
- 19.4 A Director shall not, save as otherwise agreed by him, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he (or a person connected with him) derives from any such contract, transaction or arrangement or from any such office or employment or from any interest in any Relevant Company or for such remuneration, each as referred to in Article 19.1, and no such contract, transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any such interest or benefit.
- 19.5 For the purposes of this Article 19, "Relevant Company" shall mean
 - 19.5.1 any Group Company.

- **19.5.2** any parent undertaking of the Company or a subsidiary undertaking of any such parent undertaking, or
- 19.5.3 any Investor or an Associated Company or any person or legal entity in which any of them hold any interest

20 Quorum and voting

- 20.1 A Director shall not be entitled to vote on any resolution in respect of any contract transaction or arrangement, or any other proposal, in which he (or a person connected with him) has an interest, unless the interest is solely of a kind permitted by Article 19.1.
- **20.2** A Director shall not be counted in the quorum at a meeting of the Directors in relation to any resolution on which he is not entitled to vote

21 Confidential information

- 21.1 Subject to Article 21.2, if a Director otherwise than by virtue of his position as Director receives information in respect of which he owes a duty of confidentiality to a person other than the Company he shall not be required
 - 21.1.1 to disclose such information to the Company or to the Directors or to any Director, officer or employee of the Company or
 - 21.1.2 otherwise use or apply such confidential information for the purpose of or in connection with the performance of his duties as a Director
- 21.2 Where such duty of confidentiality arises out of a situation in which the Director has, or can have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts or possibly may conflict with the interests of the Company Article 21.1 shall apply only if the conflict arises out of a matter which has been authorised under Article 18 or falls within Article 19.
- 21.3 This Article 21 is without prejudice to any equitable principle or rule of law which may excuse or release the Director from disclosing information, in circumstances where disclosure may otherwise be required under this Article 21

22 Directors' interests - general

- 22.1 For the purposes of Articles 18 to 22
 - 22.1.1 a person is connected with a Director if that person is connected for the purposes of Section 252 of the Companies Act 2006, and
 - 22.1.2 an interest (whether of the Director or of such a connected person) of which a Director has no knowledge and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated as an interest of his
- Where a Director has an interest which can reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a personal or professional conflict of interest, the Director may, and shall if so requested by the other Directors, take such additional steps as may be necessary or desirable for the purpose of managing such conflict of interest.

including compliance with any procedures laid down from time to time by the Directors for the purpose of managing conflicts of interest generally and/or any specific procedures approved by the Directors for the purpose of or in connection with the situation or matter in question, including.

- 22.2.1 not attending any Directors' meetings at which the relevant situation or matter falls to be considered and
- 22.2.2 not reviewing documents or information made available to the Directors generally in relation to such situation or matter and/or arranging for such documents or information to be reviewed by a professional adviser to ascertain the extent to which it might be appropriate for such Director to have access to such documents or information
- 22.3 The Company may by ordinary resolution ratify any contract, transaction or arrangement or other proposal, not properly authorised by reason of a contravention of any provisions of Articles 18 to 22

Appointment of Directors

23 Methods of appointing Directors

- 23.1 Any person who is willing to act as a Director, and is permitted by law to do so, may be appointed to be a Director
 - 23 1 1 by ordinary resolution.
 - 23.1.2 by a decision of the Directors, or
 - 23.1 3 by a notice given in accordance with Article 25

24 Termination of Director's appointment

- 24.1 A person ceases to be a Director as soon as
 - 24.1.1 that person ceases to be a Director by virtue of any provision of the Companies Act 2006 or is prohibited from being a director by law,
 - 24.1.2 a bankruptcy order is made against that person,
 - 24.1 3 a composition is made with that person's creditors generally in satisfaction of that person's debts,
 - 24.1.4 a registered medical practitioner who is treating that person gives a written opinion to the company stating that that person has become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a director and may remain so for more than three months,
 - 24.1.5 notification is received by the Company from the Director that the Director is resigning from office, and such resignation has taken effect in accordance with its terms.
 - 24.1.6 that person is absent from meetings of Directors for six months without permission and the Directors have resolved that that person should cease to be a Director.

- 24.1.7 If a Director holds an executive office upon termination of his contract of service.
- 24.1.8 notice of the Director's removal is given in accordance with Article 25 or
- 24.1.9 notice of termination is served or deemed served upon the Director and that notice is given by all the other Directors for the time being
- 24.2 If a Director holds an appointment to an executive office which automatically terminates on termination of his office as a Director his removal from office pursuant to this Article 24 shall be deemed an act of the Company and shall have effect without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company

25 Rights of Caffè Nero to appoint and remove directors

Without prejudice to any other rights that it may have, Caffè Nero may from time to time, in each case by Caffè Nero Direction (which shall take effect on the date specified in the Caffè Nero Direction)

- 25.1.1 appoint and/or remove such persons as it may from time to time direct as Directors, whom it shall designate as "Caffè Nero Directors' (and each a "Caffè Nero Director") and appoint and/or remove any replacements of such persons, and
- 25.1.2 designate a Caffè Nero Director as "Chairperson" and appoint and/or remove any replacements of such person

26 Directors' expenses and remuneration

- **26.1** The Company may pay any reasonable expenses which the Directors properly incur in connection with their attendance at
 - 26.1.1 meetings of Directors or committees of Directors,
 - 25.1.2 general meetings, or
 - 26.1 3 separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the Company,

or otherwise in connection with the exercise of their powers and the discharge of their responsibilities in relation to the Company

26.2 Save as provided in Article 26.1, no Director shall be entitled to receive any remuneration by way of salary, commission, fees or otherwise in relation to the performance of their duties as a Director

Alternate Directors

27 Alternate Directors

27.1 Any Director (the "appointor") may at any time appoint any person (including another Director) to be his alternate (the 'Alternate or the "Alternate Director") and may at any time terminate such appointment

- 27.2 The appointment or termination of appointment of an Alternate Director must be made by notice in writing signed by the appointor or in any other manner approved by the Directors
- 27.3 The notice must identify the proposed Alternate and, in the case of an appointment, contain a statement signed by the proposed Alternate stating that the proposed Alternate is willing to act as the Alternate of the Director giving the notice
- 27.4 The appointment of an Alternate Director shall terminate
 - 27.4.1 when the appointor revokes the appointment by notice in writing to the Company specifying when it is to terminate,
 - 27.4.2 on the occurrence in relation to the Alternate of any event which if it happened to the Alternate's appointor would result in the termination of the appointor's appointment as a Director.
 - 27.4.3 on the death of the Alternate's appointor, or
 - 27.4.4 If his appointor ceases to be a Director
- 27.5 An Alternate Director shall be entitled to receive notices of meetings of the Directors and of any committee of the Directors of which his appointor is a member and shall be entitled to attend and vote as a Director at any such meeting and be counted in the quorum at any such meeting at which his appointor is not personally present and generally at such meetings to perform all functions of his appointor as a Director. For the purposes of the proceedings at such meetings, the provisions of the Articles shall apply as if the Alternate Director (instead of his appointor) were a Director.
- 27.6 If an Alternate is himself a Director or shall attend any such meeting as an Alternate for more than one Director, his voting rights shall be cumulative but he shall not be counted more than once for the purposes of the quorum.
- 27.7 If his appointor is for the time being temporarily unable to act through ill health or disability an Alternate's signature to any resolution in writing of the Directors shall be as effective as the signature of his appointor
- 27.8 This Article 27 shall also apply (with such changes as are necessary) to such extent as the Directors may from time to time resolve to any meeting of any committee of the Directors of which the appointor of an Alternate Director is a member
- 27.9 An Alternate Director shall not (except as otherwise provided in this Article 27) have power to act as a Director, nor shall he be deemed to be a Director for the purposes of the Articles, nor shall he be deemed to be the agent of his appointor.
- 27.10 An Alternate Director shall be entitled to contract and be interested in and benefit from contracts or arrangements or transactions and to be repaid expenses and to be indemnified to the same extent as if he were a Director
- 27.11 An Alternate shall not be entitled to receive remuneration from the Company in respect of his appointment as Alternate Director except if and to the extent his appointor directs the Company to pay to the Alternate some of the remuneration otherwise payable to that Director

Secretary

28 Secretary

The Company shall have a Secretary appointed on such terms as the Directors think fit Any Secretary so appointed may at any time be removed from office by the Directors, but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company

Part 3 Shares and Distributions

Shares

29 Dividend rights

29.1 Subject to

- 29.1.1 the Board recommending payment of the same,
- 29.1.2 the remaining provisions of this Article 29,

any Available Profits which the Company may determine to distribute in respect of any financial year shall be distributed amongst the holders of the shares (pari passu as if the same constituted one class of share) according to the number of such shares held by the relevant shareholder at the relevant time

30 Return of capital rights

- 30.1 The rights as regards to the return of capital attaching to each class of shares shall be as set out in this Article.
- 30.2 On a return of capital on liquidation or otherwise (except on a redemption or purchase by the Company of any shares) the surplus assets of the Company remaining after the payment of its liabilities and all payments to be made in priority shall be distributed amongst the holders of the shares (pan passu as if the same constituted one class of share) according to the number of such shares held by the relevant shareholders at the relevant time

31 All shares to be fully paid up

- 31.1 No share is to be issued for less than the aggregate of its nominal value and any premium to be paid to the Company in consideration for its issue
- 31.2 This does not apply to shares taken on the formation of the Company by the subscribers to the Company's memorandum

32 Directors' powers to allot securities

32.1 Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts, the Articles and any resolution of the Company the Directors may allot shares in the Company and grant rights to subscribe for, or to convert any security into shares to such persons at such times

- and on such terms, including as to the ability of such persons to assign their rights to be issued such shares, as they think proper
- 32.2 The Directors shall be generally and unconditionally authorised pursuant to and in accordance with Section 551 of the Companies Act 2006 to exercise for each Allotment Period all the powers of the Company to allot shares, and to grant rights to subscribe for or to convert any security into, shares, of an aggregate nominal amount up to the Section 551 Amount, By such authority the Directors may, during the Allotment Period, make offers or agreements which would or might require shares to be allotted or rights to be granted, after the expiry of such period.
- 32.3 The Directors may from time to time, allot equity securities as if Section 561 (Existing shareholders' right of pre-emption) of the Companies Act 2006 did not apply to the allotment
- 32.4 For the purposes of this Article.
 - 32.4.1 "Allotment Period" means (i) the period from the Adoption Date until the fifth anniversary from the Adoption Date, or (ii) any period specified as such by the Relevant Ordinary Resolution,
 - 32.4.2 "Section 551 Amount" means £10,000 for the first Allotment Period and for any other Allotment Period means the amount specified as such by the Relevant Ordinary Resolution,
 - 32.4.3 "equity securities", "ordinary shares" and references to the allotment of equity securities shall have the same meanings as in Section 560 of the Companies Act 2006; and
 - 32.4.4 "Relevant Ordinary Resolution" means at any time, the most recently passed resolution varying, renewing or further renewing the authority conferred by Article 32.2

33 Powers to issue different classes of share

- 33.1 Subject to the Articles, but without prejudice to the rights attached to any existing share the Company may issue shares with such rights or restrictions as may be determined by ordinary resolution
- 33.2 The Company may issue shares which are to be redeemed, or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the Company or the holder, and the Directors may determine the terms, conditions and manner of redemption of any such shares

34 Buyback out of capital

The Company may purchase its own shares with cash up to an amount in each financial year not exceeding that permitted by Section 692(1ZA) of the Companies Act 2006

35 Company not bound by less than absolute interests

Except as required by law, no person is to be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and except as otherwise required by law or the Articles, the Company is not in any way to be bound by or recognise any interest in a share other than the holder's absolute ownership of it and all the rights attaching to it

36 Share certificates

- 36.1 The Company must issue each shareholder, free of charge, with one or more certificates in respect of the shares which that shareholder holds
- 36.2 Every certificate must specify
 - 36.2.1 the number and class of shares to which it relates,
 - 36.2.2 the nominal value of those shares.
 - 36.2.3 that the shares are fully paid, and
 - 36.2.4 any distinguishing numbers assigned to them
- 36.3 No certificate may be issued in respect of shares of more than one class
- **36.4** If more than one person holds a share, only one certificate may be issued in respect of it
- 36.5 Certificates must
 - 36.5 1 have affixed to them the Company's common seal or
 - 36.5.2 be otherwise executed in accordance with the Companies Acts

37 Replacement share certificates

- 37.1 A shareholder who has separate certificates in respect of shares of one class may request in writing that it be replaced with a consolidated certificate. The Company may comply with such request at its discretion.
- 37.2 A shareholder who has a consolidated share certificate may request in writing that it be replaced with two or more separate certificates representing the shares in such proportions as he may specify. The Company may comply with such request at its discretion.
- 37.3 If a share certificate is damaged or defaced or alleged to have been lost, stolen or destroyed, the member shall be issued a new certificate representing the same shares upon request
- 37.4 No new certificate will be issued pursuant to this Article 37 unless the relevant shareholder has
 - 37.4.1 first delivered the old certificate or certificates to the Company for cancellation, or
 - 37.4.2 complied with such conditions as to evidence and indemnity as the Directors may think fit, and
 - 37 4.3 paid such reasonable fee as the Directors may decide
- 37.5 In the case of shares held jointly by several persons, any request pursuant to this Article 37 may be made by any one of the joint holders

38 Share transfers

- 38.1 Shares may be transferred by means of an instrument of transfer executed by or on behalf of the transferor. Such instrument of transfer must be in hard copy form but may otherwise be in any usual form or any other form approved by the Directors.
- 38.2 No fee may be charged for registering any instrument of transfer or other document relating to or affecting the title to any share
- 38.3 The Company may retain any instrument of transfer which is registered
- 38.4 The transferor remains the holder of the shares concerned until the transferee's name is entered in the register of members in respect of those shares
- 38.5 Subject to Articles 38.6 to 38.8 (inclusive), the Directors may refuse to register the transfer of a share, and if they do so, the instrument of transfer must be returned to the transferee with the notice of the refusal unless they suspect that the proposed transfer may be fraudulent.
- 38.6 Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles
 - 38.6.1 the Directors (or Director if there is only one) of the Company may not decline to register any transfer of shares in the Company nor suspend registration of any such shares, and
 - 38.6.2 a holder of shares in the Company is not required to comply with any provision of the Articles which restricts the transfer of shares or which requires any such shares to be first offered to all or any current shareholders of the Company before any transfer may take place

where in any such case the transfer is or is to be

- 38.6.3 executed by a bank or institution to which such shares have been mortgaged or charged by way of security (or by any nominee of such bank or institution) pursuant to a power of sale under such security;
- 38.6.4 executed by a receiver or manager appointed by or on behalf of any such bank or institution under any such security, or
- 38.6.5 to any such bank or institution (or to its nominee) pursuant to any such security
- 38.7 A certificate by any officer of such bank or institution that the shares were so charged and the transfer was so executed shall be conclusive evidence of such facts other in the absence of manifest error
- 38.8 Any lien on shares which the Company has shall not apply in respect of any shares which have been charged by way of security to a bank or financial institution or a subsidiary of a bank or financial institution or which are transferred in accordance with the provisions of this Article.

39 Transmission of shares

39.1 If title to a share passes to a transmittee, the Company may only recognise the transmittee as having any title to that share

- **39.2** A transmittee who produces such evidence of entitlement to shares as the Directors may reasonably require
 - 39.2.1 may, subject to the Articles, choose either to become the holder of those shares or to have them transferred to another person, and
 - **39.2.2** subject to the Articles, and pending any transfer of the shares to another person, has the same rights as the holder had
- 39.3 A transmittee does not have the right to attend or vote at a general meeting, or agree to a proposed written resolution, in respect of shares to which it is entitled by reason of the holder's death or bankruptcy or otherwise, unless it becomes the holder of those shares

40 Exercise of transmittees' rights

- **40.1** A transmittee who wishes to become the holder of shares to which it has become entitled must notify the Company in writing of that wish
- **40.2** If the transmittee wishes to have a share transferred to another person the transmittee must execute an instrument of transfer in hard copy form in respect of it.
- 40.3 Any transfer made or executed under this Article 40 is to be treated as if it were made or executed by the person from whom the transmittee has derived rights in respect of the share, and as if the event which gave rise to the transmission had not occurred.

41 Transmittees bound by prior notices

If a notice is given to a shareholder in respect of shares and a transmittee is entitled to those shares, the transmittee is bound by the notice if it was given to the shareholder before the transmittee's name has been entered in the register of members

Dividends and Other Distributions

42 Procedure for declaring dividends

- **42.1** The Company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends, and subject to the Articles the Directors may decide to pay interim dividends
- 42.2 A dividend must not be declared unless the Directors have made a recommendation as to its amount and received Caffè Nero Consent to make such declaration. Such a dividend must not exceed the amount recommended by the Directors.
- **42.3** No dividend may be declared or paid unless it is in accordance with shareholders' respective rights
- 42.4 Unless the shareholders' resolution to declare or Directors' decision to pay a dividend, or the terms on which shares are issued specify otherwise it must be paid by reference to each shareholder's holding of shares on the date of the resolution or decision to declare or pay it

- **42.5** No interim dividend may be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrear
- 42.6 The Directors may pay fixed dividends on any class of shares carrying such a dividend expressed to be payable on fixed dates on the dates prescribed for payment if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment
- 42.7 If the Directors act in good faith, they do not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of a fixed or interim dividend on shares with deferred or non-preferred rights

43 Payment of dividends and other distributions

- **43.1** Where a dividend or other sum which is a distribution is payable in respect of a share, it must be paid by one or more of the following means
 - 43.1 transfer to a bank or building society account specified by the payee either in writing or as the Directors may otherwise decide.
 - 43.1.2 sending a cheque made payable to the payee by post to the payee at the payee's registered address (if the payee is a holder of the share), or (in any other case) to an address specified by the payee either in writing or as the Directors may otherwise decide.
 - 43.1.3 sending a cheque made payable to such person by post to such person at such address as the payee has specified either in writing or as the Directors may otherwise decide, or
 - 43.1.4 any other means of payment as the Directors agree with the payee either in writing or by such other means as the Directors decide
- 43.2 Subject to the provisions of the Articles and to the rights attaching to any shares, any dividend or other sum payable on or in respect of a share may be paid in such currency as the Directors may resolve, using such exchange rate for currency conversions as the Directors may select
- 43.3 In the Articles, the "payee" means, in respect of a share in respect of which a dividend or other sum is payable
 - 43.3.1 the holder of the share, or
 - 43.3.2 If the share has two or more joint holders, whichever of them is named first in the register of members, or
 - 43.3.3 If the holder is no longer entitled to the share by reason of death or bankruptcy or otherwise by operation of law, the transmittee, or
 - 43.3.4 such other person or persons as the holder (or, in the case of joint holders, all of them) may direct

44 No interest on distributions

44.1 The Company may not pay interest on any dividend or other sum payable in respect of a share unless otherwise provided by

- 44.1.1 the Articles
- 44.1.2 the terms on which the share was issued, or
- 44.1.3 the provisions of another agreement between the holder of that share and the Company

45 Unclaimed distributions

- 45.1 All dividends or other sums which are
 - 45.1.1 payable in respect of shares, and
 - 45.1.2 unclaimed after having been declared or become payable

may be invested or otherwise made use of by the Directors for the benefit of the Company until claimed

- **45.2** The payment of any such dividend or other sum into a separate account does not make the Company a trustee in respect of it
- 45.3 If
 - **45.3.1** twelve years have passed from the date on which a dividend or other sum became due for payment, and
 - 45.3.2 the payee has not claimed it.

the payee is no longer entitled to that dividend or other sum and it ceases to remain owing by the Company

46 Non-cash distributions

- 46.1 Subject to the terms of issue of the share in question and the Articles, the Company may, by ordinary resolution on the recommendation of the Directors direct the payment of a dividend in whole or in part by the transfer of non-cash assets, or by procuring the receipt by shareholders of non-cash assets, of equivalent value (including, without limitation, shares or other securities in any Company) and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution
- **46.2** For the purposes of paying a non-cash distribution, the Directors may make whatever arrangements they think fit, including, where any difficulty arises regarding the distribution
 - 46.2.1 fixing the value of any assets,
 - **46.2.2** paying cash to any payee on the basis of that value in order to adjust the rights of recipients, and
 - 46.2.3 vesting any assets in trustees

47 Waiver of distributions

- 47.1 Payees may waive their entitlement to a dividend or other distribution payable in respect of a share in whole or in part by giving the Company notice in writing to that effect but if
 - 47.1.1 the share has more than one holder or

47.1.2 more than one person is entitled to the share, whether by reason of the death or bankruptcy of one or more joint holders, or otherwise,

the notice is not effective unless it is expressed to be given, and signed, by all the holders or persons otherwise entitled to the share

Capitalisation of Profits

48 Authority to capitalise and appropriation of capitalised sums

- **48.1** Subject to the Articles, the Directors may, if they are so authorised by an ordinary resolution
 - 48.1.1 capitalise any profits of the Company (whether or not they are available for distribution) which are not required for paying any sum standing to the credit of the Company's share premium account, capital redemption reserve or other undistributable reserve; and
 - 48.1.2 appropriate any sum which they so decide to capitalise (a "capitalised sum") to the persons who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend (the "persons entitled") and in the same proportions
- 48.2 Capitalised sums must be applied
 - 48.2.1 on behalf of the persons entitled, and
 - 48.2.2 in the same proportions as a dividend would have been distributed to them
- 48.3 Any capitalised sum may be applied in paying up new shares of a nominal amount equal to the capitalised sum which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct
- 48.4 A capitalised sum which was appropriated from profits available for distribution may be applied in paying up new debentures of the Company which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct
- 48.5 Subject to the Articles, the Directors may.
 - 48.5.1 apply capitalised sums in accordance with Articles 48.3 and 48.4 partly in one way and partly in another
 - 48.5.2 make such arrangements as they think fit to deal with shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions under this Article 48 (including to disregard fractional entitlements or for the benefit of them to accrue to the Company) and
 - 48.5.3 authorise any person to enter into an agreement with the Company on behalf of all the persons entitled, which is binding on them in respect of the allotment of shares and debentures to them under this Article 48

Part 4 Decision-Making by Shareholders

Organisation of General Meetings

49 Attendance and speaking at general meetings

- **49.1** A person is able to exercise the right to speak at a general meeting when that person is in a position to communicate to all those attending the meeting, during the meeting, any information or opinions which that person has on the business of the meeting
- **49.2** A person is able to exercise the right to vote at a general meeting when
 - 49.2.1 that person is able to vote, during the meeting, on resolutions put to the vote at the meeting, and
 - 49 2.2 that person's vote can be taken into account in determining whether or not such resolutions are passed at the same time as the votes of all the other persons attending the meeting
- **49.3** The Directors may make whatever arrangements they consider appropriate to enable those attending a general meeting to exercise their rights to speak or vote at it.
- 49.4 In determining attendance at a general meeting, it is immaterial whether any two or more shareholders attending it are in the same place as each other
- 49.5 Two or more persons who are not in the same place as each other attend a general meeting if their circumstances are such that if they have (or were to have) rights to speak and vote at that meeting, they are (or would be) able to exercise them

50 Quorum for general meetings

- 50.1 No business shall be transacted at a general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business and remains present during the transaction of business
- **50.2** The quorum for any meeting of shareholders shall be the presence of a representative of Caffé Nero
- Notwithstanding anything contained in the Articles if a quorum is not constituted at any meeting of shareholders within half an hour of the time appointed for the meeting or if during the meeting a quorum ceases to be present for a period exceeding 10 minutes, the meeting shall be adjourned for two Business Days or if the meeting is in respect of an urgent matter, such shorter time as reasonably determined by Caffé Nero

51 Chairing general meetings

51.1 The Chairperson shall chair general meetings if present and willing to do so

- 51.2 If no Chairperson has not been designated in accordance with Article 25 1 2, or if the Chairperson is unwilling to chair the meeting or is not present within 10 minutes of the time at which a meeting was due to start
 - 51.2.1 the Directors present, or
 - 51.2.2 (if no Directors are present), the meeting,

must appoint a Director or shareholder to chair the meeting, and such appointment must be the first business of the meeting

- 51.3 The person chairing a meeting in accordance with this Article 51 is referred to as the "Chairperson of the Meeting"
- 52 Attendance and speaking by Directors and non-shareholders
- **52.1** Directors may attend and speak at general meetings, whether or not they are shareholders
- 52.2 The Chairman of the Meeting may permit other persons who are not
 - 52.2.1 shareholders of the Company, or
 - 52.2.2 otherwise entitled to exercise the rights of shareholders in relation to general meetings, to attend and speak at a general meeting

53 Adjournment

- 53.1 If the persons attending a general meeting within half an hour of the time at which the meeting was due to start do not constitute a quorum, or if during a meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the Chairperson of the Meeting must adjourn it
- 53.2 The Chairperson of the Meeting may adjourn a general meeting at which a quorum is present if
 - 53.2.1 the meeting consents to an adjournment, or
 - 53.2.2 the Chairperson of the Meeting considers that an adjournment is necessary to protect the safety of any person attending the meeting or ensure that the business of the meeting is conducted in an orderly manner
- 53.3 The Chairperson of the Meeting must adjourn a general meeting if directed to do so by the meeting
- 53.4 When adjourning a general meeting, the Chairperson of the Meeting must specify the time and place to which it is adjourned or state that it is to continue at a time and place to be fixed by the Directors
- 53.5 If the continuation of an adjourned meeting is to take place more than 14 days after it was adjourned, the Company must give at least seven clear days' notice of it (that is excluding the day of the adjourned meeting and the day on which the notice is given) or such shorter period as Caffé Nero may consent to in writing
 - 53.5.1 to the same persons to whom notice of the Company's general meetings is required to be given, and
 - 53.5.2 containing the same information which such notice is required to contain

53.6 No business may be transacted at an adjourned general meeting which could not properly have been transacted at the meeting if the adjournment had not taken place

Voting at General Meetings

54 Voting rights of shares

- **54.1** A resolution put to the vote of a general meeting must be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is duly demanded in accordance with the Articles
- On a written resolution or resolution to be passed at a general meeting of the Company (whether on a show of hands or on a poll) every shareholder holding one or more shares on the date on which either the written resolution is circulated or the time of the general meeting who is present at such meeting shall subject to the Articles have one vote for each share held by him

55 Errors and disputes

- 55.1 No objection may be raised to the qualification of any person voting at a general meeting except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting is valid
- **55.2** Any such objection must be referred to the Chairperson of the Meeting, whose decision is final

56 Poll votes

- 56.1 A poli on a resolution may be demanded
 - 66.1.1 In advance of the general meeting where it is to be put to the vote or
 - 66.1.2 at a general meeting, either before a show of hands on that resolution or immediately after the result of a show of hands on that resolution is declared
- 56.2 A poll may be demanded by
 - 56.2.1 the Chairperson of the Meeting.
 - 56.2.2 the Directors,
 - 56.2.3 two or more persons having the right to vote on the resolution, or
 - 66.2.4 a person or persons representing not less than 10 per cent of the total voting rights of all the shareholders having the right to vote on the resolution
- 56.3 A demand for a poll may be withdrawn if
 - 56.3.1 the poll has not yet been taken, and
 - 56.3.2 the Chairperson of the Meeting consents to the withdrawal
- 56.4 Polls must be taken immediately and in such manner as the Chairperson of the Meeting directs

57 Content of proxy notices

- **57.1** Proxies may only validly be appointed by a notice in writing (a "**proxy notice**") which
 - 57.1.1 states the name and address of the shareholder appointing the proxy.
 - 57.1.2 identifies the person appointed to be that shareholder's proxy and the general meeting in relation to which that person is appointed.
 - 57 1.3 is signed by or on behalf of the shareholder appointing the proxy, or is authenticated in such manner as the Directors may determine, and
 - 57.1.4 is delivered to the Company in accordance with the Articles and any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting to which they relate
- 57.2 The Company may require proxy notices to be delivered in a particular form and may specify different forms for different purposes
- 57.3 Proxy notices may specify how the proxy appointed under them is to vote (or that the proxy is to abstain from voting) on one or more resolutions

58 Delivery of proxy notices

- 58.1 Proxy notices in hard copy form must be received at such place and by such deadline specified in the notice convening the meeting. If no place is specified, then the proxy notice must be received at the registered office of the Company for the time being. If no deadline is specified, proxy notices must be received, before the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting or, if a poll is taken otherwise than at or on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting, at the time for the taking of the poll at which it is to be used.
- 58.2 A person who is entitled to attend, speak or vote (either on a show of hands or on a poll) at a general meeting remains so entitled in respect of that meeting or any adjournment of it. even though a valid proxy notice has been delivered to the Company by or on behalf of that person
- 58.3 An appointment under a proxy notice may be revoked by delivering to the Company a notice in writing given by or on behalf of the person by whom or on whose behalf the proxy notice was given
- 58.4 A notice revoking a proxy appointment only takes effect if it is delivered before the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates
- 58.5 If a proxy notice is not executed by the person appointing the proxy, it must be accompanied by written evidence of the authority of the person who executed it to execute it on the appointor's behalf
- Any vote cast or poll demanded by a proxy shall not be invalidated by the previous death or insanity of the shareholder or by the revocation or termination of the appointment of the proxy or of the authority under which the appointment was made unless notice of such death, insanity, revocation or termination was received in writing at the place specified in the notice of meeting for the receipt of proxy notices (or, if no place is specified, the registered office for the time being) before

the start of the meeting or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for the taking of the poll

59 Amendments to resolutions

- **59.1** An ordinary resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by ordinary resolution if
 - 59.1.1 notice of the proposed amendment is given to the Company in writing by a person entitled to vote at the general meeting at which it is to be proposed not less than 48 hours before the meeting is to take place (or such later time as the Chairperson of the Meeting may determine), and
 - 59.1.2 the proposed amendment does not, in the reasonable opinion of the Chairperson of the Meeting, materially alter the scope of the resolution
- **59.2** A special resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by ordinary resolution if
 - 59.2.1 the Chairperson of the Meeting proposes the amendment at the general meeting at which the resolution is to be proposed, and
 - **59.2.2** the amendment does not go beyond what is necessary to correct a grammatical or other non-substantive error in the resolution
- 59.3 If the Chairperson of the Meeting, acting in good faith wrongly decides that an amendment to a resolution is out of order, the Chairperson of the Meeting's error does not invalidate the vote on that resolution

Part 5 Administrative Arrangements

60 Means of communication to be used

- 60.1 Subject to the Articles, anything sent or supplied by or to the Company under the Articles may be sent or supplied in any way in which the Companies Act 2006 provides for documents or information which are authorised or required by any provision of that Act to be sent or supplied by or to the Company
- 60.2 Any notice, document or information (including a share certificate) which is sent or supplied by the Company in hard copy form, or in electronic form but to be delivered other than by electronic means, which is
 - **60.2.1** sent by hand and properly addressed shall be deemed to have been received by the intended recipient on the day of delivery.
 - 60.2.2 sent by pre-paid post and properly addressed shall be deemed to have been received by the intended recipient at the expiration of 24 hours (or where first class mail is not employed, 48 hours) after the time it was posted.

and in proving such receipt it shall be sufficient to show that such notice document or information was properly addressed and, in the case of post, pre-paid and posted

- Any notice, document or information which is sent or supplied by the Company by electronic means shall be deemed to have been received by the intended recipient 24 hours after it was transmitted, and in proving such receipt it shall be sufficient to show that such notice document or information was properly addressed
- 60.4 The accidental failure to send, or the non-receipt by any person entitled to, any notice of or other document or information relating to any meeting or other proceeding shall not invalidate the relevant meeting or proceeding.
- Subject to the Articles any notice or document to be sent or supplied to a Director in connection with the taking of decisions by Directors may also be sent or supplied by the means by which that Director has asked to be sent or supplied with such notices or documents for the time being
- A Director may agree with the Company that notices, documents or information sent to that Director in a particular way are to be deemed to have been received within a specified time of their being sent, and for the specified time to be less than that provided in this Article 60

61 Joint holders

- 61.1 Except as otherwise specified in the Articles, anything which needs to be agreed or specified by the joint holders of a share shall for all purposes be taken to be agreed or specified by all the joint holders where it has been agreed or specified by the joint holder whose name stands first in the register of members in respect of the share
- 61.2 Except as otherwise specified in the Articles, any notice document or information which is authorised or required to be sent or supplied to joint holders of a share may be sent or supplied to the joint holder whose name stands first in the register of members in respect of the share to the exclusion of the other joint holders
- 61.3 The provisions of this Article 61 shall have effect in place of the provisions of Schedule 5 of the Companies Act 2006 regarding joint holders of shares

62 Company seals

- 62.1 Any common seal may only be used by the authority of the Directors
- **62.2** The Directors may decide by what means and in what form any common seal is to be used
- 62.3 Unless otherwise decided by the Directors, if the Company has a common seal and it is affixed to a document, the document must also be signed by at least one authorised person in the presence of a witness who attests the signature
- 62.4 For the purposes of this Article 62, an authorised person is
 - 62.4.1 any Director of the Company, or
 - 62.4.2 the Secretary (if any), or
 - 62.4.3 any person authorised by the Directors for the purpose of signing documents to which the common seal is applied

62.5 The Company may exercise all powers conferred by the Companies Act 2006 with regard to having an official seal for use abroad and such powers shall be vested in the Directors.

63 No right to inspect accounts and other records

Except as provided by law or authorised by the Directors or an ordinary resolution of the Company, no person is entitled to inspect any of the Company's accounting or other records or documents merely by virtue of being a shareholder

64 Provision for employees on cessation of business

The Directors may decide to make provision for the benefit of persons employed or formerly employed by the Company or any of its subsidiaries (other than a Director or former Director or shadow Director) in connection with the cessation or transfer to any person of the whole or part of the undertaking of the Company or that subsidiary

65 Bank mandates

The Directors may by majority decision or written resolution authorise such person or persons as they think fit to act as signatories to any bank account of the Company and may amend or remove such authorisation from time to time by resolution

66 Authentication of documents

- 66.1 Any Director or the Secretary (if any) or any person appointed by the Directors for the purpose shall have power to authenticate
 - 66.1.1 any document affecting the constitution of the Company,
 - **66.1.2** any resolution passed at a general meeting or at a meeting of the Directors or any committee, and
 - **66.1.3** any book, record, document or account relating to the business of the Company,

and to certify copies or extracts as true copies or extracts

66.2 A document purporting to be a copy of any such resolution, or an extract from the minutes of any such meeting, which is certified shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company that such resolution has been duly passed or, as the case may be, that any minute so extracted is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting.

Directors' Liabilities

67 Indemnity

- **67.1** Subject to Article 67.2 a Relevant Director may be indemnified out of the Company's assets against.
 - 67.1.1 any liability incurred by or attaching to that Director in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company or an Associated Company.

- 67.1.2 any liability incurred by or attaching to that Director in connection with the activities of the Company or an Associated Company in its capacity as a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined in Section 235(6) of the Companies Act 2006).
- 67.1.3 any other liability incurred by or attaching to that Director as an officer of the Company or an Associated Company
- 67.2 This Article 67 does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Companies Acts or by any other provision of law
- 67.3 Where a Relevant Director is indemnified against any liability in accordance with this Article, such indemnity may extend to all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him in relation thereto

68 Insurance

- 68.1 The Directors shall have the power to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the Company, for the benefit of any Relevant Director in respect of any relevant loss
- 68.2 In this Article 68 a "relevant loss" means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a Relevant Director in connection with that Director's duties or powers in relation to the Company, any Associated Company or any pension fund or employees' share scheme of the Company or Associated Company

69 Defence expenditure

- 69.1 So far as may be permitted by the Companies Acts, the Company may
 - 69.1.1 provide a Relevant Director with funds to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by him in
 - defending any criminal or civil proceedings in connection with any negligence, default breach of duty or breach of trust by him in relation to the Company or an Associated Company, or
 - (ii) in connection with any application for relief under the provisions mentioned in Section 205(5) of the Companies Act 2006, and
 - 69.1.2 do anything to enable any such Relevant Director to avoid incurring such expenditure
- 69.2 The terms set out in Section 205(2) of the Companies Act 2006 shall apply to any provision of funds or other things done under Article 69.1
- 69.3 So far as may be permitted by the Companies Acts, the Company
 - 69.3.1 may provide a Relevant Director with funds to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by him in defending himself in an investigation by a regulatory authority or against action proposed to be taken by a regulatory authority in connection with any alleged negligence, default, breach of duty

or breach of trust by him in relation to the Company or any Associated Company, and

69.3.2 may do anything to enable any such Relevant Director to avoid incurring such expenditure

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