Report of the Directors and

Financial Statements

For The Period

1st December 2020 to 31st December 2021

for

Privat 3 Money Limited

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Contents of the Financial Statements For The Period 1st December 2020 to 31st December 2021

	Page
Company Information	1
Report of the Directors	2
Report of the Independent Auditors	3
Income Statement	7
Other Comprehensive Income	8
Balance Sheet	9
Statement of Changes in Equity	10
Cash Flow Statement	11
Notes to the Cash Flow Statement	12
Notes to the Financial Statements	14

Privat 3 Money Limited

Company Information For The Period 1st December 2020 to 31st December 2021

DIRECTORS:

R Bedjaoui

P J Kelly N Nihat

REGISTERED OFFICE:

4th Floor

6 Princes Street

London W1B 2LG

REGISTERED NUMBER: 11700691 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Wildin (Accountants & Auditors) Ltd

Accountants

& Statutory Auditors Kings Buildings

Lydney

Gloucestershire GL15 5HE

Report of the Directors For The Period 1st December 2020 to 31st December 2021

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the period 1st December 2020 to 31st December 2021.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1st December 2020 to the date of this report.

R Bedjaoui P J Kelly N Nihat

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

Noga withe

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Wildin (Accountants & Auditors) Ltd, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

N Nihat - Director

4th August 2022

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Privat 3 Money Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Privat 3 Money Limited (the 'company') for the period ended 31st December 2021 which comprise the Income Statement, Other Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31st December 2021 and of its profit for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Directors has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Privat 3 Money Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Directors.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page two, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of **Privat 3 Money Limited**

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- -enquiry of management, those charged with governance around instances of actual and potential litigation and claims.
- -enquiry of entity staff in tax and compliance functions to identify any instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations by way of data submission report, and whether they are aware of any instances of non-compliance.
- -detecting and responding to the risks of fraud and whether they have knowledge of actual, suspected or alleged fraud,
- -reviewed financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations in direct relation to the company.
- performed audit work over the risk of management override of controls, including testing of journal entries and other adjustments for appropriateness, evaluating the business rationale of significant transactions outside the normal course of business and reviewing accounting estimates for bias.
- -assessment of the nature of the industry and sector, control environment and business performance including the design of the company bonus levels.
- -the matters discussed among the audit engagement team, including tax, regarding how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements and any potential indicators of fraud.

. As a result of these procedures, we considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and identified the greatest potential of fraud in the following areas: timing of recognition of income to despatch, posting of unusual journals and complex transactions and manipulation of company profits to meet bonus targets. In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override.

We also obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework that the company operates in, focusing on provisions of those laws and regulations that had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The key laws and regulations we considered in this context included UK Companies Act, employment law, pension legislation and tax legislation.

In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the Company's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Privat 3 Money Limited

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Graham Michael Wildin (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Wildin (Accountants & Auditors) Ltd
Accountants
& Statutory Auditors
Kings Buildings
Lydney
Gloucestershire

J. Le. blech

4th August 2022

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Income Statement For The Period 1st December 2020 to 31st December 2021

Note	es	Period 1.12.20 to 31.12.21 £		Year Ended 30.11.20 £
TURNOVER		3,383,329	-	45,723
Cost of sales		890,763		41,165
GROSS PROFIT	•	2,492,566		4,558
Administrative expenses		1,821,852	. • •	356,570
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS) 4	ļ	670,714		(352,012)
Interest payable and similar expenses 5	5	5,084		7,210
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION		665,630		(359,222)
Tax on profit/(loss) 6	3 - * ·	56,413	<i>:</i>	<u>-</u>
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		609,217		(359,222)

Other Comprehensive Income For The Period 1st December 2020 to 31st December 2021

Notes	Period 1.12.20 to 31.12.21 £	Year Ended 30.11.20 £
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	609,217	(359,222)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	. <u>.</u>	·
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	609,217	(359,222)

Balance Sheet 31st December 2021

		31.12.	21	30.11.	20
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	_				
Tangible assets	7		91,201		18,119
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	8 .	233,585	•	23,489	
Cash at bank		1,006,826		426,543	
		1,240,411		450,032	
CREDITORS		^, - .,,		150,032	
Amounts falling due within one year	9	396,428		70,835	
NET CURRENT ASSETS	• . • •	, - 	843,983	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	379,197
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			935,184		397,316
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(251,582)		(340,259)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	12		(17,328)		-
NET ASSETS	1. Mills		666,274	e e e e	57,057
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	13		500,000		500,000
Retained earnings	14		166,274		(442,943)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			666,274		57,057

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 4th August 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

Noga whe

N Nihat - Director

Statement of Changes in Equity For The Period 1st December 2020 to 31st December 2021

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
Balance at 1st December 2019	350,000	(83,721)	266,279
Changes in equity Issue of share capital Total comprehensive income	150,000	(359,222)	150,000 (359,222)
Balance at 30th November 2020	500,000	(442,943)	57,057
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	609,217	609,217
Balance at 31st December 2021	500,000	166,274	666,274

Cash Flow Statement For The Period 1st December 2020 to 31st December 2021

1.12.20 to Year Ende 31.12.21 30.11.20
Notes 31.12.21 30.11.20
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations 1 676,916 (164,060 Interest paid (5,084) (7,210
Cash generated from operations 1 676,916 (164,060) Interest paid (5,084) (7,210)
Interest paid (5,084) (7,210
Net cash from operating activities 671,832 (171,276)
Cash flows from investing activities
Purchase of tangible fixed assets (80,047) (16,92)
Net cash from investing activities (80,047) (16,92)
Cash flows from financing activities
Amount introduced by directors 62,250
Amount withdrawn by directors (160,000
Share issue 500,000
Net cash from financing activities (8,904) 340,000
Increase in cash and cash equivalents 582,881 151,799 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of
period 2 423,945 272,146
Cash and cash equivalents at end of
period 2 1,006,826 423,94

Notes to the Cash Flow Statement For The Period 1st December 2020 to 31st December 2021

1. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

	Period	
	1.12.20	
	to	Year Ended
	31.12.21	30.11.20
•	£	£
Profit/(loss) before taxation	665,630	(359,222)
Depreciation charges	6,964	2,239
Finance costs	5,084	7,210
	677,678	(349,773)
Increase in trade and other debtors	(210,096)	(23,489)
Increase in trade and other creditors	209,334	209,196
		(164.066)
Cash generated from operations	676,916	(164,066)

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

Period ended 31st December 2021

andre en la final de la filita de la capación de las destas de la filipe de la capación de la effectación de l La capación de la ca	31.12.21 £	1.12.20 £
Cash and cash equivalents Bank overdrafts	1,006,826	426,543 (2,598)
	1,006,826	423,945
Year ended 30th November 2020	30.11.20	1.12.19 £
Cash and cash equivalents Bank overdrafts	426,543 (2,598)	307,313 (35,167)
	423,945	272,146

Notes to the Cash Flow Statement For The Period 1st December 2020 to 31st December 2021

3. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS

	At 1.12.20 £	Cash flow £	At 31.12.21 £
Net cash			
Cash at bank	426,543	580,283	1,006,826
Bank overdrafts	(2,598)	2,598	
	423,945	582,881	1,006,826
Debt	•		
Debts falling due after 1 year	(340,259)	88,677	(251,582)
	(340,259)	88,677	(251,582)
Total	83,686	671,558	755,244

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Period 1st December 2020 to 31st December 2021

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Privat 3 Money Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Fixtures and fittings

- 15% on reducing balance

Computer equipment

- 33% on reducing balance

Taxation

Taxation for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Page 14 continued...

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Period 1st December 2020 to 31st December 2021

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

Wages and salaries Other pension costs	Period 1.12.20 to 31.12.21 £ 637,691 7,318 645,009	Year Ended 30.11.20 £ 12,158 109 ———————————————————————————————————
The average number of employees during the period was as follows:	Period	
	1.12.20 to 31.12.21	Year Ended 30.11.20
Administration Directors	12 3 ———————————————————————————————————	12 3 ———————————————————————————————————
	Period 1.12.20	
Directors' remuneration	to 31.12.21 £ 234,000	Year Ended 30.11.20 £ 6,000
Information regarding the highest paid director for the period ended 31st December	2021 is as for Period 1.12.20	ollows:
Emoluments etc	to 31.12.21 £ 150,000	

4. **OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)**

The operating profit (2020 - operating loss) is stated after charging:

	Period	
	1.12.20	
	to	Year Ended
	31.12.21	30.11.20
	£	£
Other operating leases	101,990	33,242
Depreciation - owned assets	6,965	2,239
Auditors' remuneration	6,000	-

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Period 1st December 2020 to 31st December 2021

	FOR The Feriod 1st December 2020 to 51st	December 20)21	
5.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES		Period 1.12.20 to 31.12.21 £	Year Ended 30.11.20
	Bank loan interest		5,084	7,210
6.	TAXATION	•		. •
	Analysis of the tax charge The tax charge on the profit for the period was as follows:		Period 1.12.20	
			to 31.12.21 £	Year Ended 30.11.20 £
	Current tax: UK corporation tax		39,085	-
	Deferred tax		17,328	· -
	Tax on profit/(loss)	ta i	56,413	<u>-</u>
7.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS COST	Fixtures and fittings £	Computer equipment	Totals £
	At 1st December 2020 Additions	20,358 67,356	12,691	20,358 80,047
	At 31st December 2021	87,714	12,691	100,405
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1st December 2020 Charge for period	2,239 6,439	526	2,239 6,965
	At 31st December 2021	8,678	526	9,204
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31st December 2021	79,036	12,165	91,201
	At 30th November 2020	18,119	<u>-</u>	18,119
8.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2	31.12.21 £	30.11.20 £
	Other debtors		214,095	2 660
	VAT Prepayments		19,490	2,669 20,820
			233,585	23,489

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Period 1st December 2020 to 31st December 2021

9.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		31.12.21	30.11.20
	Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 11)	£	£ 2,598
	Trade creditors	72,017	16,862
	Tax	39,085	-
	Social security and other taxes	- 48,160	2,703
	VAT Other creditors	48,100 16,948	25,000
	Directors' current accounts	1,903	10,807
	Accrued expenses	218,315	12,865
		396,428	70,835
10.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
	2.11	31.12.21	30.11.20
	5.11	£	£
	Bank loans (see note 11) Other loans (see note 11)	91,582 160,000	180,259 160,000
	Office roans (see note 11)		
		251,582	340,259
11.	LOANS		
	An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		31.12.21 £	30.11.20 £
	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:		2.500
	Bank overdrafts	-	2,598 =====
		tilg plan ^{til}	
	Amounts falling due between one and two years:		1.60.000
	Other loans - 1-2 years	160,000	160,000
	Amounts falling due in more than five years:		
	Repayable by instalments		
	Bank loans more 5 yr by instal	91,582	180,259
12.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		
		31.12.21 £	30.11.20 £
	Deferred tax	17,328	-
			Deferred tax £
	timing of charge		17,328
	Balance at 31st December 2021		17,328
	···		

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued For The Period 1st December 2020 to 31st December 2021

13. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

14.

Allotted, issue Number:	ed and fully paid: Class:		Nominal value:	31.12.21 £	30.11.20 £
500,000	Ordinary		£1	500,000	500,000
RESERVES			·		Retained earnings £
At 1st Decem Profit for the	ber 2020	•			(442,943) 609,217

166,274

15. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

At 31st December 2021

The controlling party is R Bedjaoui.