

## **Finveo Limited**

(formerly known as Gedik International Limited)

### **Annual report and financial statements**

for the period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December  
2020

Registered number: 11686331



## Company Information

Directors	A Abbak I Rogers (appointed 23 August 2021)
Registered number	11686331
Registered office	110 Bishopsgate London England EC2N 4AY
Independent auditor	Buzzacott LLP Statutory Auditor 130 Wood Street London EC2V 6DL

## Contents

	Page
<b>Directors' report</b>	<b>1 - 2</b>
<b>Strategic report</b>	<b>3 - 5</b>
<b>Independent auditors' report</b>	<b>6 - 8</b>
<b>Statement of comprehensive income</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>Statement of financial position</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>Statement of cash flows</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>Notes to the financial statements</b>	<b>12 - 19</b>

## Directors' report

for the period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020.

### Director

The directors who served during the period were:

A Abbak

A Riddell (resigned 17 August 2021)

G Ward (resigned 8 September 2021)

### Results and dividends

The loss for the period, after taxation, amounted to £311,717 (2019 -loss £58,154).

There were no dividends declared or paid during the period.

### Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic report, the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## **Directors' report (continued)**

for the period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020

### **Matters covered in the strategic report**

The company has chosen in accordance with s.414C(11) Companies Act 2006 to set out in the company's strategic report information required by Schedule 7 of the Large and Medium-sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 to be contained in the directors' report. It has done so in respect of future developments and the impact of COVID-19.

The directors also have a duty under company law to have regard to the need to foster the company's business relationships with suppliers, customers and others, and the effect of that regard, including on the principal decisions taken by the company during the financial year. How this is achieved is summarised in the Strategic report.

### **Disclosure of information to auditors**

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

**A Abbak**  
Director



Date: 6 October 2021

## **Strategic report**

for the period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020

### **Introduction**

The directors present the Strategic report of the company for the period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020.

### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company during the period was the provision of investment execution services.

### **Business review and future development**

COVID-19 affected all industries globally in an unexpected and unprecedented way during 2020 and 2021 resulting in multi week lockdowns for people and economies and fiscal stimulus at a scale never seen. Finveo Limited successfully implemented a “work from home” policy and operations continued effectively without disruption.

During 2020 and 2021 Finveo Limited considered various strategic reviews due to the material increase in global financial market volatility and traded volumes across all products and client types. In 2021 it was decided that a new executive team will continue the development of Finveo Limited to deliver future sustainable shareholder value and returns.

### **Principal risks and uncertainties**

#### **Foreign currency risk**

The company is exposed to foreign currency risk as revenue will be receivable in USD, however the company accepts the risk of currency movement and deals with potential earnings volatility.

#### **Credit risk**

The company is not exposed to any credit risk.

#### **Liquidity risk**

The company is not exposed to significant liquidity risks.

#### **Interest rate risk**

The company is not exposed to significant interest rate risks.

## Strategic report (continued)

for the period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020

### Financial key performance indicators

In managing the business, we review three distinct aspects of the business on a regular basis:

- Financial
- Distribution and Marketing
- Operational and Risk Management

*Financial:* On a monthly basis, and for review by the Executive Management Committee, a financial reporting pack is produced which includes a statement of comprehensive income, a statement of the financial position, debtors and creditors, bank reconciliation and a budget comparison. A similar reporting pack is produced quarterly for review by the Board of the company.

*Distribution and Marketing:* On a monthly basis, all aspects of distribution, including the new business pipeline, are reviewed to gauge whether progress toward revenue targets appears achievable. Threats to existing revenue streams at a client level are also considered.

*Operational and Risk Management:* We have a rigorous operational risk and compliance framework within which we seek to manage the business. This includes a strong governance structure, which monitors the operational performance of the business, and ensures we manage risk effectively and meet the requirements of our Regulator, which in 2019 included implementing the Senior Managers and Certification Regime. The adherence of the business to this framework is reviewed by an independent compliance firm, retained by the business on a quarterly basis.

### Impact of COVID-19

The directors have considered the impact of the current COVID-19 pandemic on the company's operations, with a particular focus on its effect on the company's potential clients, suppliers, directors and employees.

The strategic plan for 2021 and onwards involves the addition of regulatory permissions enabling Finveo Limited to expand and diversify its products and services to a larger target audience.

### Directors' statement of compliance with duty to promote the success of the company

Finveo Limited was founded by Mr Topac in November 2018, and the company continues to be controlled and run by Mr Topac.

In a particularly competitive environment for financial services companies, looking for new investment opportunities remains one of the key criteria for success. We are proud to benefit from a strong pipeline of opportunities, derived from contacts of the directors and parent company. Our skilled staff boast 75 years of combined expertise in the financial industry and are well equipped to select the best investments for our clients. This allows Finveo Limited to provide a high value service, establishing a solid foundation for new clients.

### Engagement with employees

Finveo Limited follows best employment practice and provides employment opportunities to all genders, abilities and nationalities, adhering to current laws and regulations. Despite the company's small size, it encourages training, development and education, and has sponsored employees on a number of occasions to pursue vocational qualifications, as well as other necessary development needs.

## **Strategic report (continued)**

for the period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020

### **Engagement with suppliers, customers and others**

Finveo Limited outsources many of its non-core functions and most suppliers have had a relationship with the company for a considerable period of time. The company follows best business practice and reviews its existing suppliers on a regular basis.

### **Policies to prevent slavery/human trafficking/bribery/anti-corruption**

It is our policy to conduct all of our business in an honest and ethical manner. We will uphold all laws relevant to Anti Slavery and will advance this through our company policies including Human Rights, Equal Opportunities, Health & Safety, Anti-corruption, Anti-bullying & Harassment and Whistleblowing policy. The company will not work with other organisations which we consider do not share our commitment to preventing bribery, corruption or acts of slavery.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

**A Abbak**  
Director



Date: 6 October 2021



## **Independent auditors' report to the members of Finveo Limited**

for the period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Finveo Limited (the 'company') for the period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020, which comprise the Statement of comprehensive income, the Statement of financial position, the Statement of cash flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its loss for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Conclusions relating to going concern**

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

## **Independent auditors' report to the members of Finveo Limited (continued)**

for the period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020

### **Other information**

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Auditors' report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006**

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic report and the Directors' report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic report and the Directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic report or the Directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

### **Responsibilities of directors**

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## **Independent auditors' report to the members of Finveo Limited (continued)**

for the period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020

### **Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: [www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities](http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities). This description forms part of our Auditors' report.

### **Other matters**

In the previous accounting period the directors of the company took advantage of audit exemption under s477 of the Companies Act. Therefore the prior period financial statements were not subject to audit.

### **Use of our report**

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

*Buzzacott LLP*

Katherine White (Senior statutory auditor)  
for and on behalf of  
**Buzzacott LLP**  
Statutory Auditor  
130 Wood Street  
London  
EC2V 6DL  
Date: 8 October 2021

## Statement of comprehensive income

for the period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020

	Period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020 £	Unaudited Period from 20 November 2018 to 30 November 2019 £
Administrative expenses	(311,717)	(58,154)
<b>Operating loss</b>	<b>(311,717)</b>	<b>(58,154)</b>
<b>Loss for the financial period</b>	<b>(311,717)</b>	<b>(58,154)</b>

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2020 other than those included in the statement of comprehensive income.

There was no other comprehensive income for the period.

The notes on pages 12 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

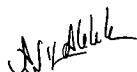
## Statement of financial position

As at 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 £	Unaudited 2019 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	7	439	757
		<u>439</u>	<u>757</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	8	4,439	729
Cash at bank and in hand	9	190,440	-
		<u>194,879</u>	<u>729</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(30,089)	(59,540)
<b>Net current assets/(liabilities)</b>		<u>164,790</u>	<u>(58,811)</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>165,229</u>	<u>(58,054)</u>
<b>Net assets/(liabilities)</b>		<u>165,229</u>	<u>(58,054)</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		535,100	100
Profit and loss account		(369,871)	(58,154)
		<u>165,229</u>	<u>(58,054)</u>

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

A Abbak  
Director



Date: 6 October 2021

The notes on pages 12 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

**Statement of cash flows**

for the period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020

	31 December 2020 £	30 November 2019 £
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Loss for the financial period	(311,717)	(58,154)
<b>Adjustments for:</b>		
Depreciation of tangible assets	318	122
(Increase) in debtors	(3,710)	(729)
Increase in creditors	16,549	13,540
(Decrease)/increase in amounts owed to groups	(46,000)	46,000
<b>Net cash from operating activities</b>	<b>(344,560)</b>	<b>779</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	-	(879)
<b>Net cash from investing activities</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(879)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Issue of ordinary shares	535,000	100
<b>Net cash from financing activities</b>	<b>535,000</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>Net increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>190,440</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period</b>	<b>190,440</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period comprise:</b>		
Cash at bank and in hand	190,440	-
	<b>190,440</b>	<b>-</b>

The notes on pages 12 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

## Notes to the financial statements

for the period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020

### 1. General information

Finveo Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office of the company and its principal place of business is located on 110 Bishopsgate, London, England, EC2N 4AY. The registered number of the company is 11686331.

### 2. Significant accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', ('FRS 102') and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the period:

#### 2.2 Going concern

After reviewing the forecasts and projections the directors have reasonable expectations that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

The directors have also received confirmation from its parent company that it will provide financial support to the company for a period of at least twelve months (which is the relevant period for going concern assessment) from the date of approval of these financial statements. The directors also have no reason to believe that this support will not be forthcoming.

#### COVID-19

The directors have considered the impact of COVID-19 on company operations and do not consider this to be cause for material uncertainty in respect of the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

#### 2.3 Administrative expenses

All expenses have been accounted for on an accruals basis.

## Notes to the financial statements

for the period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.4 Taxation

The current tax payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excluded items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's current tax liability is calculated using rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

##### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the statement of financial position date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rate and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### 2.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Computer equipment	- Over 3 years
--------------------	----------------

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.6 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment for bad and doubtful debts.

#### 2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial creditors are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs.



## Notes to the financial statements

for the period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.8 Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or in case of an out-right short-term loan that is not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially at the present value of future cash flows discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost, unless it qualifies as a loan from a director in the case of a small company, or a public benefit entity concessionary loan.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

#### 2.9 Foreign currency translation

The company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

##### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the transaction at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement of comprehensive income within 'administrative expenditure'.

### 3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the companies accounting policies, which are described in note 2, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions which affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the period-end date and amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the period. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates.

There were no significant estimates or judgements made in the period.

## Notes to the financial statements

for the period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020

### 4. Operating loss

The operating loss is stated after charging:

	Period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020 £	Period from 20 November 2018 to 30 November 2019 £
Exchange differences	-	387
Other operating lease rentals	38,323	-
Depreciation	317	122
	<u>38,640</u>	<u>509</u>

### 5. Auditors' remuneration

	Period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020 £	Period from 20 November 2018 to 30 November 2019 £
Fees payable to the company's auditor and its associates for the audit of the company's annual financial statements	6,000	-
<b>Fees payable to the company's auditor and its associates in respect of:</b>		
Audit-related assurance services	1,500	-
Taxation compliance services	500	-
All other services	24,867	-
	<u>26,867</u>	<u>-</u>

The period from 20 November 2018 to 30 November 2019 was not audited.

## Notes to the financial statements

for the period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020

### 6. Staff costs and average number of employees

	Period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020 £	Period from 20 November 2018 to 30 November 2019 £
Wages and salaries	135,000	35,000
Social security costs	11,881	-
	<u>146,881</u>	<u>35,000</u>

The average monthly number of employees during the period was as follows:

	Period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020 No.	Period from 20 November 2018 to 30 November 2019 No.
Directors	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

## Notes to the financial statements

for the period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020

### 7. Tangible fixed assets

	Computer equipment £
<b>Cost or valuation</b>	
At 1 December 2019	879
At 31 December 2020	879
<b>Depreciation</b>	
At 1 December 2019	122
Charge for the period	318
At 31 December 2020	440
<b>Net book value</b>	
At 31 December 2020	439
At 30 November 2019	757

### 8. Debtors

	31 December 2020 £	30 November 2019 £
Other debtors	2,600	687
Prepayments	1,839	42
	4,439	729

### 9. Cash and cash equivalents

	31 December 2020 £	30 November 2019 £
Cash at bank and in hand	190,440	-
	190,440	-

## Notes to the financial statements

for the period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020

### 10. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	31 December 2020 £	As restated 30 November 2019 £
Trade creditors	12,889	5,790
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	46,000
Other taxation and social security	-	1,372
Other creditors	-	3,628
Accruals	17,200	2,750
	<b>30,089</b>	<b>59,540</b>

Creditors at 30 November 2019 have been restated to show Amounts owed to group undertakings separately from Other creditors. There is no impact on profit or loss for the period from this restatement.

### 11. Analysis of net debt

An analysis of changes in net debt has not been presented as all of the company's cash flows relate to movements in cash, and the company has no items to include in such an analysis.

### 12. Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at 31 December 2020 or 30 November 2019.

### 13. Capital commitments

The company had no capital commitments at 31 December 2020 or 30 November 2019.

### 14. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2020 the company had future minimum lease payments due under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

	31 December 2020 £	30 November 2019 £
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	12,600	-
Later than 5 years	24,050	-
	<b>36,650</b>	<b>-</b>

## Notes to the financial statements

for the period from 1 December 2019 to 31 December 2020

### 15. Related party transactions

#### *Key management personnel*

During the period, key management personnel compensation totalled £135,000 (2019: £nil).

### 16. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

During the year to 31 December 2019, the company was under the control of Inveo Alfa Uluslararası Is Gelistirme Yönetim ve Yatirim AS, registered in Turkey.

The ultimate controlling party is Erhan Topac.

The smallest group of undertakings preparing consolidated financial statements including Finveo Limited is Inveo Yatirim Holding AS a company incorporated in Turkey.

The largest group of undertakings to prepare consolidated financial statements is headed by Inveo Yatirim Holding AS.