| Company registration number 11655693 (England and Wales) |
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| THE ACCOUNTING WORKSHOP LTD UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS |
| UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022 |
| PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR |
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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

| | | 2022 | | 2021 | |
|--|-------|----------|---------|----------|--------|
| | Notes | £ | £ | £ | 4 |
| Fixed assets | | | | | |
| Tangible assets | 3 | | 20,494 | | 2,046 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Debtors | 4 | 23,297 | | 11,938 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 44,100 | | 56,228 | |
| | | 67,397 | | 68,166 | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 5 | (76,512) | | (58,510) | |
| Net current (liabilities)/assets | | | (9,115) | | 9,656 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | | 11,379 | | 11,702 |
| Provisions for liabilities | | | (389) | | (389 |
| Net assets | | | 10,990 | | 11,313 |
| | | | | | _ |
| Capital and reserves | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | | | 1 | | 1 |
| Profit and loss reserves | | | 10,989 | | 11,312 |
| Total equity | | | 10,990 | | 11,313 |
| | | | | | |

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 23 January 2023

M E L Howarth

Director

Company Registration No. 11655693

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

Company information

The Accounting Workshop Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 20-22 Wenlock Road, London, England, N1 7GU.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures and fittings 20% straight line
Computers 33% straight line
Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the earrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and eash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.5 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|-------|--------|--------|
| | Number | Number |
| Total | 1 | 1 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

| 3 | Tangible fixed assets | | |
|---|--|-----------------|-------------------------|
| | | | Plant and machinery etc |
| | | | £ |
| | Cost | | |
| | At 1 April 2021 | | 3,983 |
| | Additions | | 26,180 |
| | At 31 March 2022 | | 30,163 |
| | Depreciation and impairment | | |
| | At 1 April 2021 | | 1,937 |
| | Depreciation charged in the year | | 7,732 |
| | At 31 March 2022 | | 9,669 |
| | Carrying amount | | |
| | At 31 March 2022 | | 20,494 |
| | At 31 March 2021 | | 2,046 |
| 4 | Debtors | | |
| | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | Amounts falling due within one year: | £ | £ |
| | Trade debtors | 19,716 | 9,024 |
| | Other debtors | 3,581 | 2,914 |
| | | 23,297 | 11,938 |
| | | | _ |
| _ | | | |
| 5 | Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | £ 2022 | £ 2021 |
| | | | |
| | Trade creditors | 46 | 394 |
| | Corporation tax | 9,921 | 11,618 |
| | Other taxation and social security Other creditors | 5,650 60,895 | 46,498 |
| | Office organicis | 00,893 | 40,498 |
| | | 76,512 | 58,510 |
| | | | |

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