**ANNUAL REPORT** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 APRIL 2020

**COMPANIES HOUSE** 

16/04/2021

#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** 

A A Adegoke APO Dick

Registered number

11634915

Registered office

Unit A

**Brook Park East** Shirebrook NG20 8RY

Independent auditor

Cooper Parry Group Limited Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

Sky View Argosy Road

East Midlands Airport Castle Donington

Derby DE74 2SA

# **CONTENTS**

		Page
Directors' report		1 - 2
Independent auditor's report	•	. 3 - 5
Profit and loss account		6
Balance sheet		7
Notes to the financial statements		8 - 10

•

## DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 APRIL 2020

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 25 April 2020.

## Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## Principal activity

The principal activity of the company during the year was the management of brand names.

### **Directors**

The directors who served during the year were as shown on the company information page.

#### **Directors' Indemnities**

The group has granted the directors with Qualifying Third Party Indemnity provisions within the meaning given to the term by Sections 234 and 235 of the Companies Act 2006. This is in respect of liabilities to which they may become liable in their capacity as director of the company and of any company within the group. Such indemnities were in force throughout the financial year and will remain in force.

### DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 APRIL 2020

### Going concern

At the date of signing the financial statements, the directors have considered the effect on the company with the information available to it and do not believe it will affect the company's ability to continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future. See note 1.2 for further details.

#### Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

— Docusigned by: Dotwn Ulegoke — 180A8E7EE506410...

A A Adegoke Director

25 March 2021

Date:

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF EVANS CYCLES BRANDS LIMITED

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Evans Cycles Brands Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 25 April 2020, which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 25 April 2020 and of its results for the vear then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
   and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
  cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
  authorised for issue.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF EVANS CYCLES BRANDS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

# Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF EVANS CYCLES BRANDS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Catherine Kelly (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of

**Cooper Parry Group Limited** 

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

Sky View Argosy Road East Midlands Airport Castle Donington Derby DE74 2SA

Date: 31 March 2021

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 APRIL 2020

The company has not traded during the year, nor the preceding period. During these periods, the company received no income and incurred no expenditure and therefore made neither profit or loss.

## **BALANCE SHEET** AS AT 25 APRIL 2020 ...

•	Note		2020 £		2019 £
Fixed assets				•	
Intangible assets	4		3	-	. 3
Current assets					
Debtors	5_	<u></u> 97 ·		97	
•		97		97	
Total assets less current liabilities	_		100		100
Net assets		-	100		100
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		100		100
Shareholders' funds		=	100	- -	100

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

Dotun Adapske

A A Adegoke

Director

25 March 2021

Date:

The notes on pages 8 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 APRIL 2020

#### 1. Accounting policies

Evans Cycles Brands Limited (the 'company') is a limited liability company incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is shown on the company information page.

The financial statements are prepared in Sterling (£) which is the functional currency. The financial statements are for the year ended 25 April 2020 (2019: 6 month period ended 27 April 2019).

#### 1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS) 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity in areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 2.

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the year:

#### 1.2 Going concern

At the time of signing the accounts, the directors have considered the effect of Coronavirus on the going concern basis and consider that this does indicate that the company will continue as a going concern for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing these accounts, due to the financial support of the parent, wider group and the UK Government support available to businesses during this difficult time.

The financial forecasts prepared by the directors show that the company will be able to operate within the facilities available to it. On that basis, the directors have prepared these financial statements on a going concern basis.

## 1.3 Disclosure exemptions

The company has adopted the following disclosure exemptions:

Under FRS 102 Section 1.12, the company is exempt from the requirements to prepare a statement of cash flows on the grounds that the parent company of the group, Frasers Group plc, includes the company's cash flows in its own published consolidated financial statements. The entity is a 'qualifying entity' and has also taken advantage of the exemption from disclosing remuneration of key management personnel (other than directors emoluments) under FRS 102 Section 1.12.

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of a company whose consolidated accounts include the results of the subsidiary and are publicly available, the company has taken advantage of the FRS 102 Section 33.1AC exemption from disclosing transactions with group undertakings.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 APRIL 2020

# 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 1.4 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

The estimated useful lives range as follows:

Trademarks

10 years

#### 1.5 Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like amounts loans to and from related parties.

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate, which is an approximation of the amount that the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the balance sheet date.

# 2. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The estimates and assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are outlined below:

#### Intangible assets

The company establishes a reliable estimate of the useful life of intangible assets. This estimate is based on a variety of factors such as the expected use of the cash generating units to which intangible assets are attributed, any legal, regulatory or contractual provisions that can limit useful life and assumptions that market participants would consider in respect of similar businesses.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 25 APRIL 2020

### 3. Operating profit

Auditor remuneration is borne by another group company.

The company has no employees other than the directors, who do not receive any remuneration for their services to the company.

## 4. Intangible assets

	Tr	ademarks £
Cost		
At 28 April 2019 and at 25 April 2020	_	3
Net book value		
At 27 April 2019 and at 25 April 2020		3
Debtors	2020	2019
Amounts owed by group undertakings	£ 97	£
Share capital		
Allotted, called up and fully paid	2020 £	2019 £
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
All all and a second state		

## 7. Controlling party

All shares have equal rights.

5.

6.

The ultimate controlling party is M J W Ashley, by virtue of his 100% ownership of MASH Holdings Limited, the ultimate parent company. MASH Holdings Limited indirectly holds the majority of shares in Evans Cycles Brands Limited (the immediate parent company). Evans Cycles Brands Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Sportsdirect.com Retail Limited which is a subsidiary of Frasers Group plc.

Frasers Group plc is the smallest company and MASH Holdings Limited is the largest company to consolidate these accounts. Both MASH Holdings Limited and Frasers Group plc are companies registered in England and Wales. A copy of the respective group accounts can be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ