Sheepdog London Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 March 2020

**Sheepdog London Limited** 

Registered number: 11629093

**Balance Sheet** 

as at 31 March 2020

	Notes		2020		2019
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		2,153		1,879
Current assets					
Debtors	4	-		9,600	
Cash at bank and in hand		21 <b>1</b> ,540		55,967	
	_	211,540		65,567	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(44,303)		(20,406)	
Net current assets	-		167,237		45,161
Net assets		_ _	169,390	_	47,040
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			169,290		46,940
Shareholders' funds		_	169,390	 	47,040

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Timothy W Holmes

Director

Approved by the board on 10 November 2020

# Sheepdog London Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2020

# 1 Accounting policies

# Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

# Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery over 4 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment over 4 years

### Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

# **Creditors**

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

# **Taxation**

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and

investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2	Employees			2020 Number	2019 Number	
	Average number of persons emp	1	1			
3	Tangible fixed assets					
					Plant and machinery etc	
					£	
	Cost					
	At 1 April 2019				2,506	
	Additions				1,201	
	At 31 March 2020				3,707	
	Depreciation					
	At 1 April 2019				627	
	Charge for the year				927	
	At 31 March 2020				1,554	
	Net book value					
	At 31 March 2020				2,153	
	At 31 March 2019				1,879	
4	Debtors			2020	2019	
				£	£	
	Trade debtors					
5	Creditors: amounts falling due	2020	2019			
				£	£	
	Taxation and social security cos	ts		35,097	14,869	
	Director's loan account			7,706	4,037	
	Accruals			1,500	1,500	
				44,303	20,406	
6	Share capital	Nominal value	2 0 1 9 number	2020	2019	
-				£	£	
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:	£1 each	100	100		

# 7 Controlling party

The company is controlled by directors M G Graham and T W Holmes who jointly hold 100% of the issued share capital.

#### 8 Other information

Sheepdog London Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Flat 30 Great Jubilee Wharf

78 Wapping Wall

London

E1W 3TH

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