Lokenath Food Ltd

Registered number:

11469569

Balance Sheet

as at 31 July 2023

	Notes		2023 £		2022 £
Fixed assets			£		£
Intangible assets	3		_		3,374
Tangible assets	4		6,003		7,504
	·	-	6,003	-	10,878
Current assets					
Stocks		3,890		4,175	
Debtors	5	7,050		7,050	
Cash at bank and in hand	_	947		2,645	
		11,887		13,870	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(21,531)		(22,453)	
Net current liabilities			(9,644)		(8,583)
Total assets less current liabilities		-	(3,641)	-	2,295
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	ır 7		(9,945)		(13,431)
Net liabilities			(13,586)	-	(11,136)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			(13,686)		(11,236)
Shareholders' funds		-	(13,586)	-	(11,136)

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr Manik Chand Saha

Director

Approved by the board on 11 March 2024

Lokenath Food Ltd

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 July 2023

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures, fittings, and equipment

over 5 years

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value. Unlisted investments are measured at fair value unless the value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Changes in fair value are included in the profit and loss account.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and

past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2023 Number	2022 Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	2	3
3	Intangible fixed assets		£
_	Goodwill:		_
	Cost		
	At 1 August 2022		16,866
	At 31 July 2023	-	16,866
	Amortisation		
	At 1 August 2022		13,492
	Provided during the year		3,374
	At 31 July 2023	- -	16,866
	Net book value		
	At 31 July 2023		-
	At 31 July 2022	-	3,374

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings £	Fixtures, fittings,and equipment £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 August 2022	1	18,006	18,007
At 31 July 2023	1	18,006	18,007

Depreciation

At 1 August	2022	_	10,503	10,503
Charge for the	ne year	_	1,501	1,501
At 31 July 20	023	_	12,004	12,004
Net book va	ılue			
At 31 July 20	023	1	6,002	6,003
At 31 July 20)22	1	7,503	7,504
5 Debtors			2023	2022
			£	£
Prepayment			1,800	1,800
Other debtor	rs ·		5,250	5,250
			7,050	7,050
6 Creditors: a	mounts falling due within one year	r	2023	2022
o oldanolo. o	mounts running due within one you	•	£	£
Accrual			871	-
Other taxes	and social security		105	263
Other credito	ors		20,555	22,190
			21,531	22,453
7 Creditors: a	mounts falling due after one year		2023	2022
	3,		£	£
Bank loans			9,945	13,431

8 Other information

Lokenath Food Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Unit 1, 34 Purdeys Way

Terence Edwin House, Purdeys Industrial Estate

Richford

Essex

SS4 1ND

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