**CHAUCER GROUP INTERNATIONAL LTD ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Registered number: 11409374



08/07/2022 COMPANIES HOUSE

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# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

## **Directors**

D C Bendle (appointed 1 December 2021)

R J Callan

D S Saker (resigned 1 December 2021)

D J Willis

## Secretary

R N Barnett

# Registered office

52 Lime Street London EC3M 7AF

# Registered number

11409374

# Independent auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 7 More London Riverside London SE1 2RT

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements of Chaucer Group International Ltd (the Company) for the year ended 31 December 2021.

## Legal status of the Company

The Company is a private limited company, limited by shares, incorporated and registered in England and Wales.

## Principal activities and future developments

The principal activity of the Company is, and will continue to be, that of a holding company for a group of overseas entities.

## Strategic report

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a Strategic report under section 414B of the Companies Act 2006.

## Results and dividends

The results of the Company for the financial year show a loss before taxation of £2,344 (2020: £nil). The Company did not pay an interim dividend (2020: £nil). The Directors have not proposed a final dividend for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: £nil).

#### **Directors and their interests**

The Directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements are detailed on page 1.

No director had any interest in the voting share capital of the Company at any time during the year.

From 1 January 2021 to (and including) the date of the signing of this report, the Company provided its Directors and Officers with a qualifying third party indemnity and cover under an annual Directors and Officers insurance policy taken out by China Re International Company Limited, a related group undertaking.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks facing the Company relate to the value of its investment in subsidiary undertakings ("subsidiaries").

Following the Covid-19 pandemic and the invasion of Ukraine by Russia on 24 February 2022, management has completed a review of the potential impact on each subsidiary's financial position and expected future profitability. The review indicates the two events are not expected to impact the going concern basis of any of the subsidiaries. Additionally, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the subsidiaries have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Therefore the Directors have no concerns about the value of subsidiaries.

#### Going concern basis

The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and financial position are described within this report.

After making enquiries, the Directors have formed a judgement at the time of approving the financial statements, that there is a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, the Directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

# Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law). Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that financial year. In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are required to:

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

The Directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Directors confirmations

In the case of each director in office at the date the Directors' Report is approved:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

#### **Independent Auditors**

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and are deemed re-appointed as auditors of the company for another term in accordance with Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Board of Directors on 28 June 2022 and signed on its behalf by

D J Willis Director

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CHAUCER GROUP INTERNATIONAL LTD

## Report on the audit of the financial statements

# **Opinion**

In our opinion, Chaucer Group International Ltd's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"),, which comprise: the Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2021; the Statement of Comprehensive Income and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this conclusion is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

### Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The Directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider: whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CHAUCER GROUP INTERNATIONAL LTD

With respect to the Directors' report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on our work undertaken in the course of the audit, the Companies Act 2006 requires us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

## **Directors' Report**

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2021 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Directors' report.

## Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

### Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Based on our understanding of the company and industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to breaches of UK company and tax law, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the financial statements such as the Companies Act 2006. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related the posting of inappropriate journal entries. Audit procedures performed by the engagement team included:

- inspecting relevant meeting minutes, including those of the Board;
- discussions with the Board, management, group compliance function and group internal audit function, including consideration of known or suspected instances of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations;
- identifying and testing journal entries, particularly journal entries with unusual account combinations,
   posted to unusual accounts or posted by unexpected users; and
   designing audit procedures to incorporate unpredictability around the nature, timing or extent of our
  - designing audit procedures to incorporate unpredictability around the nature, timing or extent of our testing.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CHAUCER GROUP INTERNATIONAL LTD

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

#### Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

## Other required reporting

## **Companies Act 2006 exception reporting**

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not obtained all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

# **Entitlement to exemptions**

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, the directors were not entitled to: take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a strategic report. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Deepti Vohra (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

London

29 June 2022

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Loss on disposal of investment in subsidiary undertaking	6	(2,344)	
(Loss) / result before taxation		(2,344)	-
Tax on (loss) / result	5	-	-
(Loss) / result for the financial year		(2,344)	-

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021	Registered Number: 11409374		
	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets Investments in subsidiary undertakings	6	7,127,352	7,129,696
Current assets Debtors: amounts falling due within one year		421,955	421,955
Current liabilities Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(7)	(7)
Net assets		7,549,300	7,551,644
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Capital reserve Retained earnings	7	7,129,688 419,611	1 7,129,688 421,955
Total shareholder's funds		7,549,300	7,551,644

The financial statements on pages 7 to 13 were approved by the Board of Directors on 28 June 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

R J Callan Director

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Called up share capital £	Capital reserve £	Retained earnings £	Total £
Balance as at 1 January 2020 Result for the financial year	1	7,129,688	421,955 -	7,551,644 -
Balance as at 31 December 2020	1	7,129,688	421,955	7,551,644
Balance as at 1 January 2021 Loss for the financial year	1 -	7,129,688 -	421,955 (2,344)	7,551,644 (2,344)
Balance as at 31 December 2021	1	7,129,688	419,611	7,549,300

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 1. Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable UK law and accounting standards (UK GAAP).

The Company is wholly-owned by a member of China Reinsurance (Group) Corporation (China Re), a company incorporated and registered in China (see Note 8), and is included in the consolidated financial statements of China Re, which are publicly available. Consequently, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement under the terms of FRS 102 and the exemption from the obligation to prepare and deliver group financial statements under section 401 of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements present information about the individual entity and not as a group. The Company is also exempt under the terms of FRS 102 from disclosing related-party transactions with the ultimate parent company or any of its wholly owned subsidiaries.

The presentation of financial information has changed from rounding to the nearest thousand pounds to the nearest single digit pound for the year ended 31 December 2021. As a result the comparatives have also been re-presented to the nearest single digit pound.

### 2. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### a) Expenses

Expenses, including administrative expenses and interest charges, are accounted for on an accruals basis and charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income as incurred, except as follows:

- expenses that are incidental to the acquisition of an investment are included within the cost of investments;
   and
- expenses that are incidental to the disposal of an investment are deducted from the disposal proceeds of the investment.

## b) Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and the movement in deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable income for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates applicable at the Statement of Financial Position date.

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the Statement of Financial Positions date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at tax rates enacted, or substantively enacted, at the Statement of Financial Position date and expected to apply when the related tax is affected. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in years different from those in which they are included in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the timing differences can be used. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

## c) Dividends

Dividends paid or declared during the year are recognised as a reduction in equity. Dividends declared after the balance sheet date but before the financial statements are authorised are not recognised but are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

## d) Investment in subsidiary undertakings

Investment in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost less provision for any impairment in value. Income from investment in subsidiary undertakings includes dividend income which is recognised upon establishment of the Company's right to receive payment.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### e) Foreign currency translation

The Company's functional and presentation currency is Pound Sterling.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each year end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### 3. Auditors' remuneration

Auditors' remuneration for the year ended 31 December 2021 was £7,875 (2020: £7,500), which has been borne by a group undertaking.

#### 4. Directors' emoluments

No Directors received any emoluments for their qualifying services to the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: £nil).

There were no staff costs incurred by the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: £nil). The Company has no employees (2020: nil).

#### 5. Tax on (loss) / result

,	2021	2020
	£	£
Current tax		
UK corporation tax at 19% (2020: 19%)		
Tax on (loss) / result		-

Finance Act 2021 increased the main rate of corporation tax to 25% from 1 April 2023. The legislation was enacted on 10 June 2021; however, the future corporation tax rate has no impact on the financial statements as there are no deferred tax balances.

# Other factors affecting the tax charge for the year

The tax charge for the year differs from (2020: differs from) that resulting from applying the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020: 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2021 £	2020 £
(Loss) / result before taxation	(2,344)	
Tax at 19% (2020: 19%) thereon	. (445)	. · -
Effects of: -Group relief surrendered for nil consideration  Tax charge for the year	445	<del>-</del>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 6. Investments in subsidiary undertakings

	2021	2020
	£	£
Cost and net book value		
At 1 January	7,129,696	7,129,696
Liquidations	(2,344)	-
At 31 December	7,127,352	7,129,696

During the year to 31 December 2019 Chaucer GmbH Erst-und Rückversicherungsagentur was liquidated. The financial entries to remove the liquidated subsidiary had been incorrectly omitted in prior years, and therefore been processed as part of the accounts to the current year end of 31 December 2021. The resulting impact is a charge in the Statement of Comprehensive Income of £2,344.

The Company's shareholdings as at 31 December 2021 were:

Company	Activity	Registered	Class	Shares
Chaucer Underwriting ApS	Service Company	Kongens Nytorv 5, DK 1050, Copenhagen K Denmark	Ordinary	100%
Chaucer Latin America S.A.	Service Company	AV. Cordoba 1131, 8 Piso, Buenos Aires, 1055	Ordinary	100%
Chaucer Singapore PTE Limited	Service Company	10 Collyer Quay, #10-01 Ocean Financial Centre, 049315, Singapore	Ordinary	100%
Chaucer Oslo AS	Service Company	House of Business AS, Tjuvholmen Alle 3, Oslo, 0252, Norway	Ordinary	100%
Chaucer Labuan Limited	Service Company	Kensington Gardens, No.U1317, Lot 7616, 87000 Jalan Jumidar Buyong, Federal Territory of Labuan, Malaysia	Ordinary	100%
Chaucer MENA Underwriting Limited	Service Company	Office 203, Level 2, Tower 2, Al Fattan Currency House, PO Box 121208, DIFC, Dubai, UAE	Ordinary	100%
Chaucer Bermuda Services Limited	Service Company	Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton, HM 12, Bermuda	Ordinary	100%

## 7. Called up share capital

	2021	2020
	£	£
Authorised, called up and fully paid		
Ordinary voting shares of £1 each	1_	11
	1	1

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 8. Immediate and Ultimate parent company

The Company's immediate parent company is Chaucer Capital Investments Limited.

The largest and smallest group of undertakings for which group financial statements are prepared is China Reinsurance (Group) Corporation, a company incorporated and registered in China. The Company considers China Reinsurance (Group) Corporation to be its ultimate parent company. A copy of the most recent consolidated financial statements is available from the website of China Reinsurance (Group) Corporation (www.chinare.com.cn).

# 9. Post balance sheet events

Invasion of Ukraine by Russia

The invasion of Ukraine by Russia on 24 February 2022 is a non-adjusting post balance sheet event. The potential impact of this event is detailed within the Directors' Report.