

**The Companies Act 2006**  
**Company Limited by Guarantee**  
**and not having a Share Capital**

**Articles of Association**  
**of**  
**OAKBRIDGE SPECIAL EDUCATION**  
**Company number: 11390386**

Adopted by Special Resolution on 15 March 2020



## THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital

### ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF OAKBRIDGE SPECIAL EDUCATION

#### 1 NAME

- 1.1 The name of the company is Oakbridge Special Education (the "**Charity**") or such name as shall be stated in any certificate of incorporation on change of name for the Charity issued by Companies House from time to time.

#### 2 REGISTERED OFFICE

- 2.1 The registered office of the Charity is to be in England and Wales.

#### 3 OBJECTS

- 3.1 The objects of the Charity are, for the public benefit in the United Kingdom:

- 3.1.1 to advance education, in particular but without limitation of young people with special educational needs, by providing and assisting in the provision of learning facilities and resources for their education, in particular but without limitation by working with former and present pupils of Barnet Special Education Trust;
- 3.1.2 to promote social inclusion by preventing people with special educational needs from becoming socially excluded and assisting them to integrate into society, in particular but without limitation by working with former and present pupils of Barnet Special Education Trust;
- 3.1.3 in such other ways as the Trustees see fit, to relieve the needs of young people with special educational needs, providing support and activities which develop the skills, capacities and capabilities of such people to enable them to participate in society as independent, mature and responsible individuals; and
- 3.1.4 to promote for the benefit of inhabitants of the area in which the Charity operates and the surrounding areas the provision of facilities for recreation or other leisure time occupation of individuals who have need of such facilities by reason of their youth, age, infirmity or disablement, financial hardship or social and economic circumstances or for the public at large in the interests of social welfare and with the object of improving the condition of life of the said inhabitants,

(the "**Objects**").

- 3.2 For the purposes of Article 3.1.2, 'socially excluded' means being excluded from society or parts of society as a result of special educational needs or disability.
- 3.3 This Article 3 may be amended by special resolution but only with the prior written consent of the Commission.

#### 4 POWERS

The Charity has the following powers, which may be exercised only in promoting the Objects:

- 4.1 to continue the operation of Oakbridge, a special post-16 institution;
- 4.2 to carry out research and to publish and distribute the useful results;
- 4.3 to provide, publish or distribute information;
- 4.4 to advertise in such manner as may be thought expedient;
- 4.5 to co-operate with other bodies and to exchange information and advice with them;
- 4.6 to support, administer or set up other charities or to establish charitable trusts for any particular purposes of the Charity and to act as trustee of any charity or special charitable trust whether established by the Charity or otherwise and generally to undertake and execute any charitable trust which may lawfully be undertaken by the Charity and may be conducive to its Objects;
- 4.7 to accept gifts and to raise funds (including by issuing debt instruments but not by means of Taxable Trading) and in its discretion to disclaim any particular contribution;
- 4.8 to receive and administer bequests and donations;
- 4.9 to borrow money and give security for loans or other obligations (but only in accordance with the restrictions imposed by the Charities Act) including entering into any related derivative arrangement, but only where the derivative arrangement is:
  - 4.9.1 ancillary to the transaction;
  - 4.9.2 an integral part of managing the Charity's debt entered into in order to manage risk association with the transaction; and
  - 4.9.3 not a purely speculative transaction;
- 4.10 to acquire or hire property of any kind, and to alter and maintain any such property as may be required from time to time;
- 4.11 to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of property of any kind (but only in accordance with the restrictions imposed by the Charities Act);
- 4.12 to make grants or loans of money and to give guarantees provided that where any payment is made to the treasurer or other proper official of a charity the receipt of such treasurer or official shall be a complete discharge to the Trustees;
- 4.13 to set aside funds for special purposes or as reserves against future expenditure but only in accordance with a written policy about reserves;
- 4.14 to deposit or invest in funds in any manner (but to invest only after obtaining such advice from a Financial Expert as the Trustees consider necessary and having regard to the suitability of investments and the need for diversification) provided that the Charity shall have power to retain any investments donated to it;
- 4.15 to delegate the management of investments to a Financial Expert, but only on terms that:
  - 4.15.1 the investment policy is set down in writing for the Financial Expert by the Trustees;
  - 4.15.2 timely reports of all transactions are provided to the Trustees;
  - 4.15.3 the performance of the investments is reviewed regularly with the Trustees;
  - 4.15.4 the Trustees are entitled to cancel the delegation arrangement at any time;
  - 4.15.5 the investment policy and the delegation arrangement are reviewed at least once a year;
  - 4.15.6 all payments due to the Financial Expert are on a scale or at a level which is agreed in advance and are notified promptly to the Trustees on receipt; and
  - 4.15.7 the Financial Expert must not do anything outside the powers of the Trustees;

- 4.16 to arrange for investments or other property of the Charity to be held in the name of a nominee company acting under the direction of the Trustees or controlled by a Financial Expert acting under their instructions and to pay any reasonable fee required;
- 4.17 to deposit documents and physical assets with a company registered or having a place of business in England or Wales as custodian, and to pay any reasonable fee required;
- 4.18 to insure the property of the Charity against any foreseeable risk and take out other insurance policies to protect the Charity when required;
- 4.19 to provide indemnity insurance for the Trustees in accordance with, and subject to the conditions in, section 189 of the Charities Act;
- 4.20 subject to Article 5 to employ paid or unpaid agents staff or advisers;
- 4.21 to enter into contracts to provide services to or on behalf of other bodies;
- 4.22 to establish, hold shares in, or acquire subsidiary companies, other companies or entities and to acquire, merge with or enter into any partnership or joint venture arrangement with any other charity for any of the Objects;
- 4.23 to pay out of the funds of the Charity the costs of forming and registering the Charity both as a company and as a charity; and
- 4.24 to do anything else within the law which promotes, helps to promote or is conducive or incidental to the promotion of the Objects.

## **5 BENEFITS AND CONFLICTS FOR SOLE MEMBER AND TRUSTEES**

- 5.1 The property and funds of the Charity must be used only for promoting the Objects and do not belong to the Sole Member or the Trustees.
- 5.2 Subject to compliance with Article 5.5, the **Sole Member**, Trustees and Connected Persons:
  - 5.2.1 may be paid interest at a reasonable rate on money lent to the Charity;
  - 5.2.2 may be paid a reasonable rent or hiring fee for property let or hired to the Charity;
  - 5.2.3 who are beneficiaries may receive charitable benefits in that capacity on the same terms as any other members of the beneficial class;
  - 5.2.4 may take part in the normal trading and fundraising activities of the Charity on the same terms as members of the public,
 and the Sole Member may, in the event that the Charity is resolved, also be the recipient of assets under Article 16.1.1.
- 5.3 A Trustee must not receive any payment of money or other material benefit (whether directly or indirectly) from the Charity except:
  - 5.3.1 as mentioned in Articles 4.19, 5.2 or 5.4;
  - 5.3.2 reimbursement of reasonable out-of-pocket expenses (including hotel and travel costs) actually incurred in running the Charity;
  - 5.3.3 an indemnity pursuant to Article 15 in respect of any liabilities properly incurred in running the Charity (including the costs of a successful defence to criminal proceedings);
  - 5.3.4 payment to any company in which a Trustee or a Connected Person has no more than a one per cent shareholding; or
  - 5.3.5 in exceptional cases, other payments or benefits but only with:

- (a) the written consent of the Commission in advance where required under the Charities Act; and
  - (b) the approval or affirmation of the Sole Member where required under the Act.
- 5.4 No Trustee, or Connected Person, may be employed by the Charity except in accordance with Article 5.3.5, but any Trustee or Connected Person may enter into a contract with the Charity, as permitted by the Charities Act to supply goods or services to the Charity in return for a payment or other material benefit but only if:
  - 5.4.1 the contract is in writing and states the maximum to be paid by the Charity;
  - 5.4.2 the goods or services are actually required by the Charity, and the Trustees decide that it is in the best interests of the Charity to enter into such a contract;
  - 5.4.3 the nature and level of the remuneration is no more than is reasonable in relation to the value of the goods or services;
  - 5.4.4 no more than a minority of the Trustees are subject to such a contract in any financial year; and
  - 5.4.5 the Trustee has complied with the procedure set out in Article 5.5.
- 5.5 Subject to Article 5.6, any Trustee who becomes a Conflicted Trustee in relation to any matter must:
  - 5.5.1 declare the nature and extent of his or her interest at or before discussion begins on the matter;
  - 5.5.2 withdraw from the meeting for that item after providing any information requested by the Trustees;
  - 5.5.3 not be counted in the quorum for that part of the meeting; and
  - 5.5.4 be absent during the vote and have no vote on the matter.
- 5.6 When any Trustee is a Conflicted Trustee, the Trustees who are not Conflicted Trustees, if they form a quorum and are satisfied that it is in the best interests of the Charity to do so, may by resolution passed in the absence of the Conflicted Trustee authorise the Conflicted Trustee, notwithstanding any conflict of interest or duty which has arisen or may arise for the Conflicted Trustee:
  - 5.6.1 to continue to participate in discussions leading to the making of a decision and to vote, except where a Conflicted Trustee or a Connected Person is to receive any payment or material benefit; or
  - 5.6.2 to disclose information confidential to the Charity to a third party; or
  - 5.6.3 to take any other action not otherwise authorised, or to refrain from taking any step required to remove the conflict which, in either case, does not involve the receipt by the Conflicted Trustee or a Connected Person of any payment or material benefit.
- 5.7 A Conflicted Trustee who obtains (other than through his or her position as Trustee) information that is confidential to a third party, shall not be in breach of his or her duties to the Charity if he or she declares the conflict in accordance with Article 5.5 and then withholds such confidential information from the Charity.
- 5.8 For any transaction or arrangement authorised under Articles 5.2, 5.3 or 5.4 the Trustee's duty under the Act to avoid a conflict of interest with the Charity shall be disapplied provided the relevant provisions of Article 5.5 have been followed.
- 5.9 This Article 5 may be amended by special resolution provided that where the result would be to authorise a benefit to a Trustee, Sole Member or Connected Person which was not previously

authorised under the Articles, it may only be amended with the prior written consent of the Commission.

## **6 SOLE MEMBER**

Barnet Special Education Trust shall be the sole member of the Charity (the "**Sole Member**"), acting through its duly authorised representative.

## **7 LIABILITY OF THE SOLE MEMBER AND GUARANTEE**

The liability of the Sole Member is limited to a sum not exceeding £1, being the amount that the Sole Member undertakes to contribute to the assets of the Charity in the event of its being wound up while it is a Member or within one year after it ceases to be a Member for:

- 7.1.1 payment of those debts and liabilities of the Charity incurred before it ceased to be Member;
- 7.1.2 payment of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up the Charity; and
- 7.1.3 the adjustment of rights of contributors among themselves.

## **8 DECISIONS OF THE SOLE MEMBER**

### **8.1 Decisions of the Sole Member can be made:**

- 8.1.1 by an authorised representative of the Sole Member notifying a decision the Sole Member has made to the Charity in writing within 14 days of the date of the decision;
- 8.1.1 by passing a written resolution in accordance with the provisions of the Act signed by an authorised representative of the Sole Member; or
- 8.1.1 by passing a resolution at a Members' meeting convened and held in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

## **9 THE TRUSTEES**

- 9.1 The Trustees as Charity Trustees have control of the Charity and its property and funds.
- 9.2 The first Trustees shall be the subscribers to the Memorandum. Subsequent Trustees shall be appointed as subsequently laid out in these Articles. No one may be appointed as a Trustee if he or she would be disqualified from acting under the provisions of Article 9.8.
- 9.3 The minimum number of Trustees shall be three but (unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution) there shall be no maximum number of Trustees that may be appointed.
- 9.4 Every Trustee must sign a declaration of willingness to act as a Charity Trustee of the Charity before he or she is eligible to act as a Trustee and/or vote at any meeting of the Trustees.
- 9.5 One-third (or the number nearest one-third) of the Trustees must retire at each First Trustee Meeting those longest in office retiring first and the choice between any of equal service being made by drawing lots. If a Trustee is required to retire at a First Trustee Meeting by a provision of these Articles the retirement shall take effect upon the conclusion of the meeting.
- 9.6 A retiring Trustee shall be eligible for re-election for consecutive periods not exceeding in aggregate nine years from the date of his or her original appointment but thereafter a Trustee shall not be eligible for re-appointment until one year after his or her retirement. In this Article a 'year' means the period between one First Trustee Meeting and the next.
- 9.7 New Trustees shall be appointed by:
  - 9.7.1 the Trustees at the First Trustee Meeting; or

- 9.7.2 the Sole Member by a decision taken in accordance with Article 8.
- 9.8 A Trustee's term of office automatically terminates if:
- 9.8.1 he or she dies;
  - 9.8.2 he or she is disqualified under the Charities Act from acting as a Charity Trustee;
  - 9.8.3 a registered medical practitioner who is treating that person gives a written opinion to the Charity stating that he or she has become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a Trustee and may remain so for three months;
  - 9.8.4 he or she is absent without permission of the Trustees from three consecutive meetings and is asked by a majority of the Trustees to resign;
  - 9.8.5 he or she resigns by written notice to the Trustees (but only if at least two Trustees will remain in office); or
  - 9.8.6 he or she is removed by resolution passed by the Sole Member present and voting at a general meeting after the meeting has invited the views of the Trustee concerned and considered the matter in the light of any such views.
- 9.9 The Trustees may at any time co-opt any person duly qualified to be appointed as a Trustee to fill a vacancy in their number or (subject to Article 9.3) as an additional Trustee, but a co-opted Trustee holds office only for one year.
- 9.10 A Trustee may not appoint an alternate Trustee or anyone to act on his or her behalf at meetings of the Trustees.
- 9.11 A technical defect in the appointment of a Trustee of which the Trustees are unaware at the time does not invalidate decisions taken at a meeting.

## **10 PROCEEDINGS OF TRUSTEES**

- 10.1 The Trustees must hold at least three meetings each year.
- 10.2 The Chairperson may at any time, and two Trustees jointly may at any time, call a meeting of the Trustees.
- 10.3 Notice of every meeting shall be sent to each Trustee (other than those for the time being not in the United Kingdom), specifying the place, day and hour of the meeting and the business to be discussed.
- 10.4 A quorum at a meeting of the Trustees is two or fifty percent of the total number of Trustees whichever is the greater, excluding any Conflicted Trustee who has not been authorised to participate in discussions or a vote under Article 5.6.
- 10.5 A meeting of the Trustees may be held either in person or by suitable Electronic Means agreed by the Trustees in which all participants may communicate with all the other participants simultaneously.
- 10.6 The Chairperson or (if the Chairperson is unable or unwilling to do so) some other Trustee chosen by the Trustees present presides at each meeting.
- 10.7 Every issue may be determined by a simple majority of the votes cast at a meeting but a resolution in writing agreed by 75% of the Trustees (other than any Conflicted Trustee who has not been authorised to vote under Article 5.6) is as valid as a resolution passed at a meeting provided that:
- 10.7.1 a copy of the resolution is sent to or submitted to all the Trustees eligible to vote; and

10.7.2 75% of the Trustees have signified their agreement to the resolution in an authenticated document or documents which are received at the Charity's registered office within the period of 28 days beginning with the circulation date.

For this purpose the resolution may be contained in more than one document and will be treated as passed on the date of the last signature.

- 10.8 Except for the chairperson of the meeting, who has a second or casting vote, every Trustee has one vote on each issue.
- 10.9 A Trustee must declare the nature and extent of any interest, direct or indirect, which he or she has in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the Charity or in any transaction or arrangement entered into by the Charity which has not previously been declared; and a Trustee must comply with the requirements of Article 5.
- 10.10 A procedural defect of which the Trustees are unaware at the time does not invalidate decisions taken at a meeting.

## **11 POWERS OF TRUSTEES**

The Trustees have the following powers in the administration of the Charity in their capacity as Trustees:

- 11.1 to appoint (and remove) a Chairperson, treasurer and other honorary officers from among their number on such terms as they shall think fit;
- 11.2 to invite observers to attend meetings of the Trustees, and to pay their reasonable expenses out of the Charity's funds. For the avoidance of doubt, such observers are not Trustees and shall not count towards the quorum for a meeting, shall not have any power to vote on a matter and shall leave the meeting when the Trustees vote on a matter;
- 11.3 to delegate any of their functions to committees consisting of two or more individuals appointed by them (but at least one member of every committee must be a Trustee and all proceedings of committees must be reported promptly to the Trustees). The Trustees may:
- 11.3.1 impose conditions when delegating, including the conditions that:
- (a) the relevant powers are to be exercised exclusively by the committee to whom they delegate;
  - (b) no expenditure may be incurred on behalf of the Charity except in accordance with a budget previously agreed with the Trustees;
- 11.3.2 revoke or alter a delegation;
- 11.4 to delegate the day to day management of the affairs of the Charity in accordance with the directions of the Trustees to any person, by such means, to such an extent, in relation to such matters and on such terms and conditions (including the payment of a salary) as they think fit;
- 11.5 to make standing orders consistent with these Articles and the Act to govern proceedings at general meetings;
- 11.6 to make such reasonable and proper rules or bye laws as they may deem necessary or expedient for the proper conduct and management of the Charity. Such rules or bye laws may regulate the following matters but are not restricted to them:
- 11.6.1 the conduct of the Sole Member in relation to the Charity's employees and volunteers;
- 11.6.2 the setting aside of the whole or any part or parts of the Charity's premises at any particular time or times or for any particular purpose or purposes;
- 11.6.3 the procedure at general meetings and meetings of the Trustees in so far as such procedure is not regulated by the Act or these Articles;



11.6.4 generally, all such matters as are commonly the subject matter of company rules;  
provided that:

11.6.5 the Charity in general meeting has the power to alter, add to or repeal the rules or bye laws;

11.6.6 the Trustees adopt such means as they think sufficient to bring the rules and bye laws to the notice of the Sole Member;

11.6.7 no rule or bye law shall be inconsistent with, or shall affect or repeal anything contained in, the Articles;

and

11.6.8 the rules or bye laws shall be binding on the Sole Member;

11.7 to establish procedures to assist the resolution of disputes within the Charity; and

11.8 to exercise any powers of the Charity which are not reserved to the Sole Member.

11.9 to change the name of the Charity.

## **12 RECORDS & ACCOUNTS**

12.1 The Trustees must comply with the requirements of the Act and of the Charities Act as to keeping financial records, the audit or independent examination of accounts and the preparation and transmission to the Registrar of Companies and the Commission of:

12.1.1 annual reports;

12.1.2 annual returns; and

12.1.3 annual statements of account.

12.2 The Trustees must keep records of:

12.2.1 all proceedings at general meetings;

12.2.2 all proceedings at meetings of the Trustees;

12.2.3 all reports of committees; and

12.2.4 all professional advice obtained.

12.3 Accounting records relating to the Charity must be made available for inspection by any Trustee at any reasonable time during normal office hours and may be made available for inspection by the Sole Member if the Trustees so decide.

12.4 A copy of the Charity's latest available statement of account must be supplied on request to any Trustee or the Sole Member, or to any other person who makes a written request and pays the Charity's reasonable costs, within two months.

## **13 MEANS OF COMMUNICATION TO BE USED**

(In this Article "Document" includes without limitation a notice, proxy form, guarantee certificate or other information, except where expressly excluded.)

13.1 Any Document to be given to or by any person pursuant to these Articles must be in writing and sent or supplied in Hard Copy Form or Electronic Form, or (in the case of communications by the Charity) by making it available on a website, to an address for the time being notified for that purpose to the person giving the Document.

13.2 A Document may only be given in Electronic Form where the recipient has agreed (specifically or generally) that the document or information may be sent in that form, and this agreement has not been revoked.

- 13.3 A Document may only be given by being made available on a website if the recipient has agreed (specifically or generally) that the document or information may be sent in that form, or if the recipient is deemed to have agreed in accordance with the Act.
- 13.4 The Charity may deliver a Document to the Sole Member:
- 13.4.1 by delivering it by hand to the postal address recorded for the Sole Member on the register;
  - 13.4.2 by sending it by post or other delivery service in an envelope (with postage or delivery paid) to the postal address recorded for the Sole Member on the register;
  - 13.4.3 by fax (except a guarantee certificate) to a fax number notified by the Sole Member in writing;
  - 13.4.4 by electronic mail (except a guarantee certificate) to an address notified by the Sole Member in writing;
  - 13.4.5 by a website (except a guarantee certificate) the address of which shall be notified to the Sole Member in writing; or
  - 13.4.6 by advertisement in at least two national newspapers.
- This Article does not affect any provision in any relevant legislation or these Articles requiring notices or documents to be delivered in a particular way.
- 13.5 If a Document is delivered by hand, it is treated as being delivered at the time it is handed to or left for the Sole Member.
- 13.6 If a Document is sent by post or other delivery service not referred to below, it is treated as being delivered:
- 13.6.1 **forty** eight hours after it was posted, if first class post was used; or
  - 13.6.2 **seventy** two hours after it was posted or given to delivery agents, if first class post was not used;
- provided it can be proved conclusively that a Document was delivered by post or other delivery service by showing that the envelope containing the Document was:
- 13.6.3 **properly** addressed; and
  - 13.6.4 put into the post system or given to delivery agents with postage or delivery paid.
- 13.7 If a Document (other than a guarantee certificate) is sent by fax, it is treated as being delivered forty eight hours after it was sent.
- 13.8 If a Document (other than a guarantee certificate) is sent by electronic mail, it is treated as being delivered forty eight hours after it was sent.
- 13.9 If a Document (other than a guarantee certificate) is sent by a website (in the case of communications by the Charity), it is treated as being delivered when the material was first made available on the website, or if later, when the recipient received (or is deemed to have received) notice of the fact that the material was available on the website.
- 13.10 If a Document is given by advertisement, it is treated as being delivered at midday on the day when the last advertisement appears in the newspapers.
- 13.11 A technical defect in the giving of notice of which the Trustees are unaware at the time does not invalidate decisions taken at a meeting.
- 13.12 The Sole Member present by a duly authorised representative or by proxy at any general meeting of the Charity shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting, and where necessary of the purpose for which it was called.

#### **14 EXCLUSION OF MODEL ARTICLES**

Any model articles for a company limited by guarantee that may exist (including those constituting Schedule 2 to the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 are hereby expressly excluded.

#### **15 INDEMNITY**

15.1 The Charity shall indemnify every Trustee against any liability incurred in successfully defending legal proceedings in that capacity, or in connection with any application in which relief is granted by the Court from liability for negligence, default, or breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Charity.

15.2 In this Article a "Trustee" means any Trustee or former Trustee of the Charity.

15.3 The Charity may indemnify an auditor against any liability incurred by him or her:

15.3.1 in defending proceedings (whether civil or criminal) in which judgement is given in his or her favour or he or she is acquitted; or

15.3.2 in connection with an application under section 1157 of the Act (power of Court to grant relief in case of honest and reasonable conduct) in which relief is granted to him or her or it by the Court.

#### **16 DISSOLUTION**

16.1 If the Charity is dissolved the assets (if any) remaining after provision has been made for all its liabilities must be applied in one or more of the following ways as the Trustees may decide:

16.1.1 by transfer to one or more other bodies established for exclusively charitable purposes within, the same as or similar to the Objects (which may where the Trustees consider this to be in the interests of the Charity include the Sole Member);

16.1.2 directly for the Objects or for charitable purposes which are within or similar to the Objects; or

16.1.3 in such other manner consistent with charitable status as the Commission approves in writing in advance.

16.2 A final report and statement of account must be sent to the Commission.

16.3 This Article may not be amended without the prior written consent of the Commission.

#### **17 INTERPRETATION**

17.1 References to an act of parliament are references to that act as amended or re-enacted from time to time and to any subordinate legislation made under it.

17.2 In these Articles expressions not otherwise defined which are defined in the Act have the same meaning.

17.3 In these Articles words importing one gender shall include all genders, and the singular includes the plural and vice versa.

17.4 In these Articles:

**"Act"** means the Companies Acts as defined in section 2 of the Companies Act 2006, in so far as they apply to the Charity;

**"Address"** means a postal address or, for the purposes of electronic communication, a fax number, an e-mail or postal address or a telephone number for receiving text messages in each case

	registered with the Charity;
<b>“these Articles”</b>	means these articles of association;
<b>“Chairperson”</b>	means the Trustee appointed by the Trustees to act as Chairperson under Article 11.1;
<b>“the Charities Act”</b>	means the Charities Act 2011
<b>“Charity Trustee”</b>	has the meaning prescribed by section 177 of the Charities Act;
<b>“Circulation Date”</b>	has the meaning prescribed by section 290 of the Act;
<b>“Clear Day”</b>	in relation to the period of notice means a period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect;
<b>“the Commission”</b>	means the Charity Commission for England and Wales or any body which replaces it;
<b>“Conflicted Trustee”</b>	means a Trustee in respect of whom a conflict of interest arises or may reasonably arise because the Conflicted Trustee or a Connected Person stands to receive a benefit from the Charity, or has some separate interest or duty in a matter to be decided, or in relation to information which is confidential to the Charity;
<b>“Connected Person”</b>	means, in relation to a Trustee, a person connected with a director within the meaning of the Act or a person connected with a Charity Trustee or a trustee for a charity within the meaning of the Charities Act;
<b>“document”</b>	includes, unless otherwise specified, any document sent or supplied in electronic form;
<b>“Electronic Form” and “Electronic Means”</b>	have the meanings respectively prescribed to them in the Act;
<b>“executed”</b>	includes any mode of execution;
<b>“Financial Expert”</b>	means an individual, company or firm who is authorised to give investment advice under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000;
<b>“firm”</b>	includes Limited Liability Partnership;
<b>“First Trustee Meeting”</b>	means the first Trustee meeting to be held in each financial year of the Charity;
<b>“Hard Copy Form”</b>	has the meaning prescribed by the Companies Act 2006;
<b>“indemnity insurance”</b>	means insurance against personal liability incurred by any Trustee for an act or omission which is or is alleged to be a

	breach of trust or breach of duty, unless the act or omission amounts to a criminal offence or the Trustee concerned knew that, or was reckless whether, the act or omission was a breach of trust or breach of duty;
<b>“material benefit”</b>	means a benefit, direct or indirect, which may not be financial but has monetary value;
<b>“Member” and “Membership”</b>	refer to company membership of the Charity by the Sole Member;
<b>“Memorandum”</b>	means the Charity's memorandum of association;
<b>“month”</b>	means calendar month;
<b>“Objects”</b>	“Objects” means the Objects of the Charity as defined in Article 3;
<b>“Sole Member”</b>	means Barnet Special Education Trust, a company limited by guarantee with registration number 10034425, whose registered office is at Oak Lodge School, Heath View, London, United Kingdom, N2 0QY;
<b>“Taxable Trading”</b>	means carrying on a trade or business in such manner or on such a scale that some or all of the profits are subject to corporation tax;
<b>“Trustee”</b>	means a director of the Charity and “Trustees” means the directors;
<b>“written” or “in writing”</b>	means the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied, without limitation by, Hard Copy Form, Electronic Means or otherwise; and
<b>“year”</b>	means calendar year.