

SHIRAS DEVORAH LIMITED

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Joseph Kahan Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
923 Finchley Road
London
NW11 7PE

**CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020**

	Page
Company Information	1
Abridged Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	4

SHIRAS DEVORAH LIMITED
COMPANY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

DIRECTORS:

A J Adler
A Grosskopf
L M Isaacs

REGISTERED OFFICE:

9 Limes Avenue
Golders Green
London
NW11 9TJ

REGISTERED NUMBER:

11236806 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS:

Joseph Kahan Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
923 Finchley Road
London
NW11 7PE

ABRIDGED BALANCE SHEET
31 MARCH 2020

	Notes	2020 £	£	2019 £	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		6,623		5,652
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors		8,253		6,216	
Cash at bank		<u>5,932</u>		<u>2,234</u>	
		14,185		8,450	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year		<u>20,716</u>		<u>19,149</u>	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>(6,531)</u>		<u>(10,699)</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			92		(5,047)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	5		<u>1,258</u>		-
NET LIABILITIES			<u>(1,166)</u>		<u>(5,047)</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	6		1		1
Retained earnings	7		<u>(1,167)</u>		<u>(5,048)</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			<u>(1,166)</u>		<u>(5,047)</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2020.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

ABRIDGED BALANCE SHEET - continued
31 MARCH 2020

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

All the members have consented to the preparation of an abridged Income Statement and an abridged Balance Sheet for the year ended 31 March 2020 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 30 March 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

A J Adler - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1. **STATUTORY INFORMATION**

Shiras Devorah Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using either a straight line or reducing balance method, as indicated below.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures and fittings - 25% Reducing balance

Computer equipment - 25% Reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Debtors

Basic financial assets, including trade and other debtors, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are represented by cash in hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, and other short-term highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

Creditors

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors, loans from third parties and loans from related parties, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Such instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Going concern

The accounts have been prepared on the going concern basis on the premise that the creditors have given assurances that they will not call in their loans.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 20 (2019 - 5) .

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Totals £
COST	
At 1 April 2019	7,536
Additions	<u>3,179</u>
At 31 March 2020	<u>10,715</u>
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 April 2019	1,884
Charge for year	<u>2,208</u>
At 31 March 2020	<u>4,092</u>
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2020	<u>6,623</u>
At 31 March 2019	<u>5,652</u>

5. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

	2020 £	2019 £
Deferred tax	<u>1,258</u>	<u>-</u>
		Deferred tax
		£
Provided during year		<u>1,258</u>
Balance at 31 March 2020		<u>1,258</u>

6. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issued and fully paid:			2020	2019
Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	£	£
1	Ordinary	1	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

7. RESERVES

	Retained earnings £
At 1 April 2019	(5,048)
Profit for the year	<u>3,881</u>
At 31 March 2020	<u><u>(1,167)</u></u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.