Registered number: 11230776

# **4 CYTE UK LTD**

# UNAUDITED

# **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2019

# 4 CYTE UK LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 11230776

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2019

	Note		2019 £
Fixed assets	Hote		~
Tangible assets	4		9,907
		_	9,907
Current assets			
Stocks		4,038	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	67,443	
Cash at bank and in hand		23,711	
	-	95,192	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(148,276)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets	-		(53,084)
Total assets less current liabilities		_	(43,177)
Net (liabilities)/assets		=	(43,177)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital			100
Profit and loss account			(43,277)
		_	(43,177)

# 4 CYTE UK LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 11230776

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2019

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 5 February 2020.

## **D M Furlong**

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2019

#### 1. General information

4 Cyte UK Ltd (11230776), is a private company limited by shares. It is incorporated in England & Wales. The registered office is Brook House, 1 Brook Close, Dorking, Surrey, RH4 1AH.

The company was incorporated on 28 February 2018 and commenced to trade on 01 March 2018.

#### 2. Accounting policies

## 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Going concern

As shown in the financial statements, the company has total liabilities exceeding its total assets by £43,177. The company meets its day to day working capital requirements through the support of the director's loan account. The director has confirmed that her support will continue for the foreseeable future. For this reason, the company has decided to prepare the accounts using the going concern basis.

#### 2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

# Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

## 2.4 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of income and retained earnings over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2019

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.5 Pensions

#### Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of income and retained earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of financial position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

#### 2.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery - 25% Reducing balance
Office equipment - 25% Reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

#### 2.7 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

# 2.8 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2019

## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

# 2.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 2.10 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 2.11 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

# 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 6.

# 4. Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery £	Office equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
Additions	12,331	347	12,678
At 28 February 2019	12,331	347	12,678
Depreciation			
Charge for the year on owned assets	2,764	7	2,771
At 28 February 2019	2,764	7	2,771
Net book value			
At 28 February 2019	9,567	340	9,907

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2019

## 5. Debtors

2019 £

66,026 911

506

Trade debtors
Other debtors
Prepayments and accrued income

67,443

6. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

2019 £

Trade creditors

Other taxation and social security

Other creditors

19,881

Accruals and deferred income

68,459

148,276

# 7. Commitments under operating leases

At 28 February 2019 the Company had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

2019 £

Not later than 1 year 45,600

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.