Registration number: 11207378

Firth Park Specsavers Limited

Unaudited Financial Statements (Filleted Accounts)

for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

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Company Information

Directors Specsavers Optical Group Limited

Lorna Armitage Paul McGinty

Philip Douglas Banton Mary Lesley Perkins

Douglas John David Perkins

Company secretary Specsavers Optical Group Limited

Registered office Forum 6 Parkway

Solent Business Park Whiteley, Fareham

Whiteley, Fareham United Kingdom PO15 7PA

Registration number 11207378

(Registration number: 11207378) Balance Sheet as at 28 February 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	154,457	230,288
Current assets			
Stocks		18,253	16,570
Debtors	5	37,746	35,977
Cash and cash equivalents	_	65,888	54,172
		121,887	106,719
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	6 _	(173,365)	(195,589)
Net current liabilities	_	(51,478)	(88,870)
Total assets less current liabilities		102,979	141,418
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	6	(78,615)	(160,399)
Net assets/(liabilities)	=	24,364	(18,981)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	121	121
Profit and loss account		24,243	(19,102)
Total equity	=	24,364	(18,981)

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities. In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

For the year ending 28 February 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

(Registration number: 11207378) Balance Sheet as at 28 February 2022

-- DocuSigned by:

Paul McGinty
Director

Paul McGinty

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital registered in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Forum 6 Parkway Solent Business Park Whiteley, Fareham United Kingdom PO15 7PA

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A – small entities.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and are rounded to the nearest £.

Key areas of estimation uncertainty and judgments

Useful economic lives of tangible assets

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their estimated useful economic lives, taking into account residual values where appropriate. The useful economic lives of assets and residual values are assessed annually, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Deferred revenue

Customer data is used to estimate the value of uncollected spectacle sales which should be deferred at the year-end.

Recoverability of trade debtors

The recoverability of trade debtors is assessed based on their age at the Balance Sheet date. A provision is made for any debtors where there are doubts as to their recoverability as a result of their age.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that the company obtains the right to consideration in exchange for its performance. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding discounts, rebates, VAT and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Revenue from the sale of goods and services is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, usually on dispatch of the goods, or when services are provided and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Deferred revenue arises when cash is received in advance of revenue being earned, either in the form of payments received for spectacles which have not been collected or direct debit payments received for contact lenses in advance of delivery of the lenses to the customer.

Tax

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using tax rates and laws which have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences which are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements, except that unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Government grants

Grants are accounted for under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102. Grants relating to expenditure on tangible fixed assets are credited to the profit and loss account at the same rate as the depreciation on the assets to which the grant relates. The deferred element of grants is included in creditors as deferred income.

Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in "Other operating income" within profit or loss in the same period as the related expenditure. This includes the Government Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme ('Furlough').

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible assets are stated in the Balance Sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on a straight line basis at the following rates in order to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life (or if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter):

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Furniture, fittings and equipment

14-25% on cost

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Motor vehicles
Other property, plant and equipment

25% on cost 14-33% on cost

Impairment of non-financial assets

The company assesses at each reporting date whether an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists the company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of the individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs. The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is impaired and it is reduced to its recoverable amount through an impairment in profit and loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount where the impairment loss of a revalued asset is a revaluation decrease. An impairment loss recognised for all assets is reversed in a subsequent period if and only if the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Short term debtors and creditors

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other operating expenses.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. The directors have included the balances owed to and from the Group Treasury Company, within cash equivalents. If the overall cash balance with the Group Treasury Company is overdrawn, this is classified as a current liability alongside any other overdrawn external cash balances.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the balance sheet and are depreciated over the useful life of the asset in the same manner as other property, plant and equipment. A corresponding liability is recognised for the lower of the fair value of the leased asset and the present value of the minimum lease payments in the balance sheet. Lease payments are apportioned between the reduction of the lease liability and finance charges in the profit and loss account, so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Lease incentives are recognised over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Final dividends are recognised as an appropriation of equity when approved by the company's shareholders. Interim dividends are recognised when paid.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the Company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 9 (2021: 7).

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Other property, plant and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 March 2021	296,674	129,202	425,876
Additions		3,914	3,914
At 28 February 2022	296,674	133,116	429,790
Depreciation			
At 1 March 2021	146,604	48,984	195,588
Charge for the year	58,497	21,248	79,745
At 28 February 2022	205,101	70,232	275,333
Carrying amount			
At 28 February 2022	91,573	62,884	154,457
At 28 February 2021	150,070	80,218	230,288

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

5 Debtors

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors		19,427	24,939
Other debtors		67	38
Prepayments and accrued income		7,771	7,543
Deferred tax assets	_	10,481	3,457
	_	37,746	35,977

Due after one year

Deferred tax assets of £10,481 (2021: £3,457) are classified as non current.

6 Creditors

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	7	100,694	132,118
Trade creditors		2,800	2,854
Corporation tax		1,243	1,501
Taxation and social security		5,371	6,671
Accruals and other creditors		6,986	6,902
Amounts owed to related parties	10	39,325	32,704
Deferred income		16,521	12,414
Deferred rent	_	425	425
	=	173,365	195,589
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	7	76,380	157,739
Deferred rent		2,235	2,660
	=	78,615	160,399

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

7 Loans and borrowings

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Current loans and borrowings			
Group Treasury Company loan	10	64,694	72,118
Directors' loans	10	36,000	60,000
	-	100,694	132,118
		2022	2021
	Note	£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings			
Group Treasury Company Ioan	10 _	76,380	157,739

8 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingencies

Operating lease commitments

At 28 February 2022, the company had total commitments under non-cancellable operating leases over the remaining life of those leases of £106,392 (2021: £123,392).

Pension contributions

Contributions in relation to the defined contribution pension scheme totalling £675 were outstanding at the year end (2021: £609). The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund.

9 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2022		2021		
	No. £		No.	£	
"A" Ordinary of £0.50 each	120	60	120	60	
"B" Ordinary of £0.50 each	121	61	121	61	
	241	121	241	121	

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

9 Share capital (continued)

Rights, preferences and restrictions

In accordance with the Articles of Association the following rights attach to shares: a) to "A" shares, the right to receive that part (including the whole) of the profits of the company which the directors shall, from time to time, determine to distribute as dividends. b) to "B" shares, the right to appoint the chairman of the board of directors and of the general meeting of the company. The "B" shares are held by Specsavers UK Holdings Limited. In all other respects both classes of share carry equal rights over the assets of the company, subject to those provisions as laid out in the shareholders' agreement.

10 Related party transactions

During the year the company entered into transactions, in the ordinary course of business, with other related parties. Balances outstanding at 28 February 2022, are as follows:

2022 Assets	Parent £	Other group undertakings £ 65,888
2021	Parent £	Other group undertakings £
Assets		54,172
2022	Parent £	Other group undertakings £
Liabilities	18,168	162,231
2021	Parent	Other group undertakings
2021 Liabilities	£ 22,886	£ 239,675

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

10 Related party transactions (continued)

Directors' loans

2022 Paul McGinty	At 1 March 2021 £		Repayments £	Other £	Written off	Waived £	At 28 February 2022 £
Philip Douglas Banton	30,000	-	(12,000)				18,000
• 0	30,000		(12,000)				18,000
2021	At 1 March 2020 £	Advances/ credits	Repayments £	Other £	Written off	Waived £	At 28 February 2021 £
Paul McGinty		2		æ.	<i>.</i>	*	3 -
Philip Douglas Banton	30,000	-				-	30,000
	30,000		-				30,000

Directors' loans are interest free and repayable on demand.

11 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

As at the year end Specsavers International Healthcare Limited was the ultimate parent company of Firth Park Specsavers Limited. Mr and Mrs Perkins have the controlling interest in the ordinary share capital of Specsavers International Healthcare Limited, the ultimate parent company. Specsavers International Healthcare Limited is a Guernsey registered company and its accounts are not available to the public.

Specsavers Optical Superstores Limited is the parent company of the smallest group for which consolidated financial statements are drawn up and in which Firth Park Specsavers Limited is a member. Specsavers Optical Superstores Limited registered office is:

Forum 6 Parkway Solent Business Park Whiteley Fareham PO15 7PA

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

12 Events after the reporting period

If dividends were paid after the year ended 28 February 2022, which will be accounted for in the shareholders' equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the year ended 28 February 2023, the financial statements do not reflect these. The company has controls in place to ensure that there are sufficient retained earnings to cover dividend payments based on the latest available management information at the dividend declaration date so that the company remains in a net asset position.

The cost of disclosing and repeatedly updating the quantum of these dividends, right up to the date of signing the financial statements, is therefore considered to exceed any benefit to the users thereof.