

Registered number: 11206707

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

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# CONTENTS

	Page
Directors Report	1
Directors Responsibilities Statement	<b>(2</b> )
Independent Auditor's Report	<b>3</b> 0€5
Statement of Comprehensive Income	<b>26</b> %
Statement of Financial Position	7
Statement of Changes in Equity	: <b>8</b> :
Notes to the Financial Statements	<b>9</b> :-:1:4

# DIRECTORS' REPORT' FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The company intends to acquire a development site for a residental development at Wood Wharf London.

## **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £52,423 (2018 - profit £NIL)

No dividends have been paid or proposed for the year (2018 - £NIL):

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors who served during the year were-

A P Anderson III (resigned 31 December 2019) Sir George Iacobescu CBE S Z Khan (appointed 31 December 2019) R J J Lyons

The company provides an indemnity to all directors (to the extent permitted by law) in respect of liabilities incurred as a result of their office. The company also has in place liability insurance covering the directors and officers of the company. Both the indemnity and insurance were in force during the year ended 31 December 2019 and at the time of the approval of this Directors' Report. Neither the indemnity nor the insurance provide cover in the event that the director is proven to have acted dishonestly or fraudulently.

## DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors Report is approved has confirmed that

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This report was approved by the board on 19 November 2020 and signed on its behalf.



C E Hillsdon Secretary

#### DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102. The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies for the company's financial statements and then apply them consistently.
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business:

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy, at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CW WOOD WHARF G7 LIMITED

#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **OPINION**

In our opinion the financial statements of CW Wood Wharf G7. Limited (the 'company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the statement of comprehensive income;
- the statement of financial position;
- the statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 13:

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs(UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### CONCLUSIONS RELATING TO GOING CONCERN

We are required by ISAs (UK) to report in respect of the following matters where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
  cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
  authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

#### OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CW WOOD WHARF G7 LIMITED

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

#### RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

## REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

## Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CW WOOD WHARE G7 LIMITED

#### **USE OF OUR REPORT**

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report of for the opinions we have formed.

Simon Letts (Senior Statutory auditor). For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Statutory Auditor.

London, United Kingdom 19 November 2020

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

			'enod ended
	Note:	31 December 2019 19	31 December 2018 £
Administrative expenses		(53,500)	3
OPERATING:(LOSS)/PROFIT:	·-	(53/500)	
Interest receivable and similar income	6	1 078	7
Interest payable and similar expenses	7	(1)	T
(LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAX		(52,423)	<del>-</del> '
Tax on (loss)/profit	8	<u>-</u>	
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	· 5=	(52,423)	<del>-</del>
Other comprehensive income for the year		<u>e</u> ,	<u>.</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR:	5.77	(52,423)	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements:

# W WOOD WHARF G7 LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 11206707.

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year. Cash at bank and in hand	<b>9</b> .	2,555,568 361,946	925,346
		2,917,514	925,346
Creditors: amounts:falling due; within; one; year	10;	(2,969,936)	(925,345)
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS	•	(52,422)	1,
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		(52,422)	ં નું
NET (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS	·	(52,422)	1"
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	111	7	4 1,
Retained earnings	H	(52,423)	, <del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>
·		(52,422)	i <b>1</b> .

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 19 November 2020.

DocuSigned by:

R J J Lyons Director

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THEYEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Called up share,capital	Retained earnings	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 January 2019	<b>3</b> .	<u>=1</u>	1
Loss for the year	٠. ـ ـ	(52,423)	.(52,423)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR.	<del>√ √ √</del> √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √ √	(52,423)	(52,423).
AT 31 DECEMBER 2019	<u> </u>	(52,423)	(52,422)

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements:

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Called up	
	share capital	Total equity
	Ê,	£
Shares issued during the period	1	1
AT 31 DECEMBER 2018	1	j j

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

CW Wood Wharf G7 Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in the UK under the Companies Act 2006 and registered in England and Wales at One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London, E14 5AB.

The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report:

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value and in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice; including ERS 102 "the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland").

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates it also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The principal accounting policies are summarised below:

# 2.2 Going concern

At the year end, the company is in a net liability position, included in this are group creditors of £2,767,999, which to the extent that the company cannot pay, will not be called in for at least a period of 12 months from the signing date of the financial statements.

In addition, as a member of the Canary Wharf Group, the company has access to considerable, resources

Having made the requisite enquiries and assessed the resources at the disposal of the company, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will have adequate resources to continue its operation for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements:

The impact of the Covid-19 virus is described in Note 12

#### 2.3 Cash flow statement

The company has taken the exemption from preparing the cash flow statement under Section 1.12(b) as it is a member of a group where the parent of the group prepares publicly available consolidated accounts which are intended to give a true and fair view.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2.4 Financial Instruments

he directors have taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 1.12c of FRS 102 allowing the company not to disclose the summary of financial instruments by the categories specified in paragraph 1.1.41.

## Trade and other receivables

Debtors are recognised initially at fair value. A provision for impairment is established where there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the debtor concerned.

## Trade and other payables:

Trade and other creditors are stated at cost.,

## 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on managements best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

The preparation of financial statements also requires use of judgements, apart from those involving estimation, that management makes in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies.

For the year ended 3.1 December 2019, there were no items which the directors believe are significant to the financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

## 4 AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Auditor's remuneration of £560 ((2018)-£540) for the audit of the company for the year has been borne by another group undertaking.

#### 5. EMPLOYEES

The Company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2018— ENL).

## 6: INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

		3 Decembe 20.1	December 2018
Bank interest receivable	•:	1,07,6	<b>.</b>
		11.07.6 	)) -

# 7: INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES

	Aug. V	Period ended
	31 December 2019 £	31 December 2018 £
Banktinterest payable:	<b>4</b> :	<u></u>
	<b>∄</b> ∗	# <del></del>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

#### 8. TAXATION

		Period ended
	31	31
	Decèmber	Decèmber
	2019	2018
	£	£
Current tax on profits for the year	-	-
TAXATION ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	-	-
en a la companya de		

## FACTORS AFFECTING TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR/PERIOD

The tax assessed for the year/period is different to the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	<b>3</b> 1	Period ended 31
	December 2019 £	December 2018 £
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	(52,423)	-
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018 - 19%).  EFFECTS OF:	(9,960)	-
Group relief	9,960	-
TOTAL TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR/PERIOD	-	-

#### FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE TAX CHARGES

Enacted in the Finance Act (No.2) 2015 is a reduction in the corporation tax rate to 17.0% on 1 April 2020.

Following the year end, in the 2020 Budget, HM Treasury announced their intention not to cut corporation tax beyond 19%:

The company is a member of a REIT headed by Stork Holdings Limited. As a consequence all qualifying property rental business is exempt from corporation tax. Only income and expenses relating to non-qualifying activities will continue to be taxable.

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## W WOOD WHARF G7 LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

## 9. DEBTORS

	<b>2019</b>	2018 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	<b>1</b>	<b>:4</b> ·
Other debtors:	25 130	150,264
Prepayments and accrued income	2,530,437	775,081
	2 555,568	925,346

Amounts owed by group undertakings are interest/free and repayable on demand

## 10. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

	2019 £	2018 £
Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,767,999	909,445
Accruals and deferred income	201/937	15,900
	2 969 936	925,345

Amounts owed to group undertakings are interest free and repayable on demand.

## 11. SHARE CAPITAL

•	2019	2018
Allotted, called up and fully paid	<b>表</b>	<b>'</b> E
1.(2018 - 1) ordinary share of £1.00	·	۳ <u>ا</u>

#### 12. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS:

Since 31 December 2019 the UK economy has been significantly impacted by the Covid-19 virus which has caused widespread disruption and economic uncertainty. This is considered to be a non-adjusting post balance sheet event and as at the date of signing, the uncertainty is not expected to give rise to a material impaction the assets, liabilities or performance of the company.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

#### 13. CONTROLLING PARTY

The company's immediate parent undertaking is CWG (Wood Wharf) Phase 2/Limited.

As at 31 December 2019, the smallest group of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up is the consolidated financial statements of Canary Wharf Group Investment Holdings pic. Copies of the financial statements may be obtained from the Company Secretary One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14/5AB.

The largest group of which the company is a member for which group financial statements are drawn up is the consolidated financial statements of Stork HoldCo: LP, an entity registered in Bermuda and the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party. Stork HoldCo: LP is registered at 73 Front Street: 5th Floor, Hamilton HM12, Bermuda.

Stork HoldCo-LP is controlled as to 50% by Brookfield Property Partners LP and as to 50% by Qatar Investment Authority.

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in paragraph 33 1A of ERS 102 allowing the company not to disclose related party transactions with respect to other wholly owned group companies.