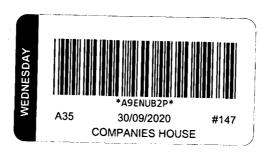
Castell Homes Limited

Strategic Report, Report of the Directors and

Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019



Haines Watts Wales LLP, Statutory Auditors
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Vanguard Way
Cardiff
CF24 5PJ

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Castell Homes Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

Directors:

Mr S L Epps Mr S A Hembrow Mrs A K Hinchey Mr S T J Porter Mr A Stephenson

Registered office:

Archway House 77 Parc Ty Glas Llanishen Cardiff CF14 5DU

Registered number:

11149375 (England and Wales)

Auditors:

Haines Watts Wales LLP, Statutory Auditors 7 Neptune Court Vanguard Way Cardiff CF24 5PJ

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2019.

The directors present the strategic report of Castell Homes Limited ("Castell Homes" or the "company") for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Review of business

Castell Homes is an independent company run as a social enterprise with any profits generated used to further the social purpose of its parent company, Wales & West Housing Association Limited (the "Association").

Castell Homes was established in 2018 with the purpose of building and selling homes in communities where a housing need is identified.

Castell strives to do the right thing to deliver what matters for the residents of the future. Castell Homes has its own board of directors, which meets four times annually. All significant decisions made by the company are subject to direct oversight and governance by the group Board of Directors, which meets regularly throughout the year

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Welsh residential housing market has an impact on company performance. Market conditions and trends are closely monitored to allow management to identify and respond to any changes identified. This risk is also partially mitigated since in the event of a very significant adverse change in the market, the group continues to have an ongoing demand for properties to be used for letting in the areas under development.

Development work is carried out by fellow group undertakings with close cooperative monitoring of spending and no members of staff are directly employed, therefore the level of associated risk and uncertainty is reduced.

The risk of poor governance is mitigated by direct oversight from the group Board of Directors, which is diverse and draws upon a wide range of skills, backgrounds and specialisms.

The company is within the scope of the group risk assessment and risk management procedures which are set out more fully in the group annual report and financial statements.

Performance during the year

During the year, the company reported turnover of £265,000 (2018: £278,000), wholly arising from the sale of residential properties. The company reported an operating profit of £46,024. After interest payments the profit before tax was £34,573, however the company was able to make use of brought forward tax losses hence no tax is due in the year.

At 31 December 2019, the company had gross assets of £1,051,992 (2018: £241,279).

Future developments

Castell Homes will continue with its current principal activities for the foreseeable future

Covid-19

Covid-19 has had a very limited impact on the company, as it is currently only constructing three homes for sale. There is a delay in the selling of homes as construction work has continued, but at a slower pace. The risks are limited so the controls needed are not deemed to be significant. There is no impact on the workforce.

On behalf of the board:

Mrs A K Hinchey - Director

Date: 5th May 2020

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2019.

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 December 2019.

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2019 to the date of this report.

Mr S L Epps Mr S A Hembrow Mrs A K Hinchey Mr S T J Porter

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

Ms S Nicholson Rochira - appointed 11 July 2019 - resigned 31 October 2019

Mr A Stephenson was appointed as a director after 31 December 2019 but prior to the date of this report.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement as to disclosure of information to auditors

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

On behalf of the board: Mrs A K Hinchey - Director 5th May 2020

Date:

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Castell Homes Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Castell Homes Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2019 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Castell Homes Limited

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

The impact of uncertainties on our audit owing to COVID -19

The Directors' view on the impact of COVID-19 is disclosed within the strategic report and accounting policies note 2.

Uncertainties related to the effects of COVID-19 are relevant to understanding our audit of the financial statements. All audits assess and challenge the reasonableness of estimates made by the directors, such as recoverability and valuation of assets, appropriateness of the going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements and associated disclosures. All of these depend on assessments of the future economic environment and the company's future prospects and performance.

The COVID-19 viral pandemic is one of the most significant economic events for the UK, and at the date of this report, its effects are subject to unprecedented levels of uncertainty of outcomes, with the full range of possible effects unknown. We have applied a standardised approach in response to that uncertainty when assessing the company's future prospects and performance. However, no audit should be expected to predict the unknowable factors or all possible future implications for a company and this is particularly the case in relation to the COVID-19 pandemic

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page three, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Castell Homes Limited

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Haines Watts Wales LLP

Clive Edwards (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Haines Watts Wales LLP, Statutory Auditors
7. Neptune Court
Vanguard Way
Cardiff
CF24 5PJ

Date:15th May 2020

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

,			Period 15.1.18
·		Year Ended	to
		31.12.19	31.12.18
•	Notes -	£	£
Turnover		265,000	278,000
Cost of sales	•	(215,042)	(224,812)
Gross profit		49,958	53,188
Administrative expenses		(3,934)	(911)
Operating profit		46,024	52,277
Transfer of Homes division	4		(64,813)
		46,024	(12,536)
Interest payable and similar expenses	5	(11,451)	(21,759)
Profit/(loss) before taxation	6	34,573	(34,295)
Tax on profit/(loss)	7	<u> </u>	-
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		34,573	(34,295)
Other comprehensive income			<u> </u>
Total comprehensive income for the year	r	34,573 ————	(34,295)

Balance Sheet 31 December 2019

	Notes		. 2019 £	2018 £
Current assets Stocks Debtors Cash at bank	8	•	992,688 - 59,303	213,325 1,406 26,548
Creditors			1,051,991	241,279
Amounts falling due within one year	10		(1,051,712)	(275,573)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		•	³ 279	(34,294)
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>279</u>	(34,294)
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital Retained earnings	11 12		278 	(34,295)
Shareholders' funds			279	(34,294)

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on the 5th May 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

Miny

Mrs A K Hinchey - Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
Changes in equity	•		
Issue of share capital	1	-	1
Total comprehensive income		(34,295)	(34,295)
Balance at 31 December 2018	1	(34,295)	(34,294)
Changes in equity			·
Total comprehensive income	<u> </u>	34,573	34,573
Balance at 31 December 2019	1	278	279
• •		=	

Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

	,	2.	Period 15.1.18
	•	Year Ended	to
		31.12.19	31.12.18
	Notes .	, £	£
Cash flows from operating activitie	s	•	
Cash generated from operations	14	44,206	20,228
Interest paid		(11,451)	(21,759)
Transfer of Homes division	,	· - `	28,079
Net cash from operating activities		32,755	26,548
	'e	•	,
,	•	<u> </u>	·
Increase in cash and cash equivale	ents	32,755	26,548
Cash and cash equivalents at begi		·	·
of year	15	26,548	-
		•	
Cash and cash equivalents at end	of year 15	59,303	26,548
•			

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

1. Statutory information

Castell Homes Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. Accounting policies

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The Directors have reviewed and considered relevant information, including the rolling forecasts and future cash flows in making their assessment. In particular, in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Directors have tested their cash flow analysis to take into account the impact on their business of possible scenarios brought on by the impact of COVID-19, alongside the measures that they can take to mitigate the impact. Based on these assessments, given the measures that could be undertaken to mitigate the current adverse conditions, and the current resources available, the Directors have concluded that they can continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

Financial Reporting Standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemption in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

the requirement of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the point when the completed property is sold and is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding any related taxes.

Stocks

Work in progress is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Completed properties are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

3. Employees and directors

There were no staff costs for the year ended 31 December 2019 nor for the period ended 31 December 2018.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

3. **Employees and directors - continued**

·		Year Ended 31.12.19 £	Period 15.1.18 to 31.12.18 £
	Directors' remuneration		
4 .	Exceptional items		Period
;		Year Ended 31.12.19	15.1.18 to 31.12.18
. :	Transfer of Homes division	£ 	£ (64,813) ====
5.	Interest payable and similar expenses	•	Period
!		Year Ended 31.12.19 £	15.1.18 to 31.12.18
	Interest payable	11,451	21,759
6.	Profit/(loss) before taxation		
	The profit (2018 - loss) is stated after charging:	•	
		Year Ended 31.12.19	Period 15.1.18 to 31.12.18

7. **Taxation**

Analysis of the tax charge

Auditors' remuneration

No liability to UK corporation tax arose for the year ended 31 December 2019 nor for the period ended 31 December 2018.

31.12.19 £

3,874

526

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

7. Taxation - continued

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

	·	•	
•			Period
		•	15.1.18
		Year Ended	to
		31.12.19	31.12.18
		£	£
	Profit/(loss) before tax	34,573	(34,295)
	From (loss) before tax		(54,255)
	Destit/(less) multiplied by the standard rate of comparation tay in the Lik		·
	Profit/(loss) multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the Uk	6,569	(6,516)
	19% (2018 - 19%)	6,569	(0,510)
	Effects of:	(0.500)	
	Utilisation of tax losses	(6,569)	
	Tax losses carried forward	-	6,516
	due to gift aid		•
			
	Total tax charge	· -	-
		===	
			~ ·
. 8.	Stocks		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Completed Properties	· -	213,325
	Work in progress	· 992,688	,
	Work in progress		
	•	992,688	213,325
•			======
			· —
•	Daletana ana anta fallina dan mishin ana man		
9.	Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	2019	2018
		£	£
	VAT	<u>•</u>	1,406
			
	•		
10.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		٠,
		2019	2018
	· ·	£	£
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	330,137 .	48 ·
	Amounts owed to group loan	699,375	250,000
	Accrued expenses	22,200	25,525
	·	<u>-</u>	
		1,051,712	275,573
	•	•	
11.,	Called up share capital		
	A contract to the second second contract of the second contract of t		
	•		ſ
	Allotted, issued and fully paid:	•	
	Number Class: No	ominal 2019	2018
		value: £	£
		£1 1	- 1
	1 Ordinary		<u> </u>
		.	

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

		Retained earnings £
At 1 January 2019	•	(34,295)
Profit for the year	•	34,573
At 31 December 2019		

13. Ultimate controlling party

Wales & West Housing Association Limited is the immediate parent company and owns the entire called up share capital. Wales & West Housing Association is also the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party and the parent of the largest and smallest groups in which these financial statements are consolidated. Copies of the consolidated financial statements of Wales & West Housing Association maybe obtained from the registered office of the company.

14. Reconciliation of profit/(loss) before taxation to cash generated from operations

		15.1.18
	Year Ended	to `
	31,12.19	31.12.18
	£	. £ .
Profit/(loss) before taxation	34,573	(34,295)
Transfer of Homes division	-	64,813
Finance costs	11,451	21,759
	•	
	46,024	52,277
(Increase)/decrease in stocks	(779,363)	188,945.
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other debtors	1,406	(1,406)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other creditors	776,139	(219,588)
		
Cash generated from operations	44,206	20,228
	. ====	

15. Cash and cash equivalents

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

Year ended 31 December 2019

		31.12.19 . £	1.1.19 £
Cash and cash equivalents	•	59,303 ———	26,548
Period ended 31 December 2018		04.40.40	45 4 40
		31.12.18 £	15.1.18 £
Cash and cash equivalents		26,548	

6. Analysis of changes in net funds

	At 1.1.19 £	Cash flow £	At 31.12.19 £
Net cash Cash at bank	26,548	32,755	59,303
	26,548	32,755	59,303
Total	26,548	32,755	59,303