SIMPHOLD LTD ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR



COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Mrs J K Swash

Mr E J B Reeves Mr M A Williams Mr M Finlay

Company number 11102091

Registered office 20-22 Wenlock Road

London N1 7GU

Auditor RSM UK Audit LLP

One City Place

Chester CH1 3BQ

CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' report	1
Directors' responsibilities statement	2
Balance sheet	3
Notes to the financial statements	4 - 6

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the Year ended 31 December 2019.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of a holding company for Made Simple Group Limited.

Directors

The directors who held office during the Year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Mrs J K Swash Mr E J B Reeves Mr M A Williams Mr M Finlay

Auditor

In accordance with the company's articles, a resolution proposing that RSM UK Audit LLP are deemed to be be reappointed as auditor of the company under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board

Mr M A Williams.

Director

30 July 2020

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

		2019	
	Notes	£ £	£ £
Fixed assets			
Investments	2	100	100
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	4	100	100

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30 July 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr M A Williams

Director

Company Registration No. 11102091

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Simphold Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 20-22 Wenlock Road, London, N1 7GU. The Company's principal activity is disclosed in the Director's report.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

Simphold Ltd is a wholly owned subsidiary of TDKP Limited and the results of Simphold Ltd are included in the consolidated financial statements of TDKP TopCo Limited which are available from Registrar of Companies, Companies Registration Office, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF4 3UZ.

1.2 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

1.3 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

1.4 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

2 Fixed asset investments

	2019 £	2018 £
Investments in subsidiaries	100	100

The value of investments in subsidiaries at 31 December 2019 was £100 (2018: £100)

3 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 31 December 2019 are as follows:

	Name of undertaking	Registered office	Nature of business	Class of shares held	% He Direct I	
	Made Simple Group Limited	d 20-22 Wenlock Road, London, N1 7GU	Online business startup solutions	Ordinary	100.00	
4	Called up share capital			204	0	2018
				201	£	2018 £
	Ordinary share capital					
	Issued and fully paid 100 Ordinary Shares of £1	each		. 10	0	100
				10	0	100
					=	

The company's ordinary shares which carry no right to fixed income, each carry the right to one vote at the general meetings of the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

5 Audit report information

As the income statement has been omitted from the filing copy of the financial statements the following information in relation to the audit report on the statutory financial statements is provided in accordance with s444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006:

The auditor's report was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was Jonathan Lowe.

The auditor was RSM UK Audit LLP.

6 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingent liabilities

The Bank Loans and Loan Notes in the wider group are secured by way of fixed and floating charges over the assets of the group. The Group had secured bank loans of £40,000,000 and Loan notes of £9,835,868 and accrued interest of £1,132,728 outstanding at the year end. Each company of the Group has provided a guarantee over the Loan Notes in the wider group to pay any amount due as if it was the principal obligor. The liability across the Group as at 31 December 2019 was £10,968,596.

7 Parent company

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of TDKP Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. The ultimate parent is TDKP TopCo Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

TDKP TopCo Limited is owned by a number of private shareholders and companies with no one person with significant control. Accordingly, there is no ultimate controlling party.

The parent of the largest and smallest group in which these financial statements are consolidated is TDKP TopCo Limited. These financial statements may be obtained from the Registrar of Companies, Companies Registration Office, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF4 3UZ.