# UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

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# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

		2021		2020	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		5,713		5,523
Investment properties	3		870,447		1,030,447
			876,160		1,035,970
Current assets					
Debtors	4	540		42,515	
Cash at bank and in hand		790 		51 	
		1,330		42,566	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(841,164)		(935,332)	
•					
Net current liabilities			(839,834)		(892,766)
Total assets less current liabilities			36,326		143,204
Provisions for liabilities	6		(391)		(16,624)
Net assets			35,935		126,580
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		1		1
Revaluation reserve			-		81,429
Profit and loss reserves			35,934		45,150
Total equity			35,935		126,580

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the income statement within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

Nigel Patrick

N Patrick Director

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Herdwick Investments Limited is a private company limited by shares and is registered and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Moss Heyes Farm Cross Lanes, Tarvin, Chester, CH3 8NG.

### **Accounting convention**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

### Going concern

The directors believe there are adequate resources which will enable the company to meet its liabilities for at least one year from the date the financial statements are signed. For this reason, the directors have adopted the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

### Turnover

Turnover is recognised at fair value and represents the invoiced value of rental income, net of Value Added Tax, derived from property located in the UK. Turnover is recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term.

# Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold improvements

nil

Computer equipment

3 years straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

# Investment properties

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 1 Accounting policies (Continued)

### Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include other debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including other creditors, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest.

### **Taxation**

The tax expense represents the sum of the current tax expense and deferred tax expense. Current tax assets are recognised when tax paid exceeds the tax payable.

Current and deferred tax is charged or credited to profit or loss, except when it relates to items charged or credited to other comprehensive income or equity, when the tax follows the transaction or event it relates to and is also charged or credited to other comprehensive income, or equity.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if and only if, there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and the entity intends either to settle on the net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised in respect of all timing differences that exist at the reporting date. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in different periods from their recognition in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered by the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Leasehold improvements	Computer equipment	Total
	£	£	£
	At 1 January 2021 4,150	3,802	7,952
	Additions -	1,238	1,238
	At 31 December 2021 4,150	5,040	9,190
	Depreciation and impairment . ———		
	At 1 January 2021 -	2,429	2,429
	Depreciation charged in the year -	1,048	1,048
	At 31 December 2021 -	3,477	3,477
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 December 2021 4,150	1,563	5,713
	At 31 December 2020 4,150	1,373	5,523
3	Investment property		2021
	Fair value		£
	At 1 January 2021		1,030,447
	Revaluations		(160,000)
	At 31 December 2021		
			870,447
	The fair value of the investment property has been arrived at on the basis of a value by the directors based on market knowledge.	ation carried c	
4			eut annually
4	by the directors based on market knowledge.	ation carried o 2021 £	
4	by the directors based on market knowledge.  Debtors  Amounts falling due within one year:	2021 £	out annually 2020
4	by the directors based on market knowledge.  Debtors	2021	out annually
4	by the directors based on market knowledge.  Debtors  Amounts falling due within one year:  Other debtors	2021 £ 540 ———————————————————————————————————	2020 £ 56
4	by the directors based on market knowledge.  Debtors  Amounts falling due within one year:	2021 £ 540	2020 £
4	by the directors based on market knowledge.  Debtors  Amounts falling due within one year:  Other debtors	2021 £ 540 ———————————————————————————————————	2020 £ 56

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	,	2021	2020
		£	£
	Corporation tax	12,173	7,996
	Other taxation and social security	1,593	2,116
	Other creditors	827,398	925,220
		841,164	935,332
6	Provisions for liabilities		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Deferred tax liabilities 7	391	16,624
7	Deferred taxation		
	The major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the company are:		
		Liabilities	Liabilities
		2021	2020
	Balances:	£	£
	Accelerated capital allowances	391	261
	Revaluations	-	16,363
			16.624
		391 ————	16,624 ———
			2021
	Movements in the year:		3
	Liability at 1 January 2021		16,624
	Credit to profit or loss		(16,233)
	11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
	Liability at 31 December 2021		391 
8	Called up share capital		
Ŭ	ounce up onare capital	2021	2020
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid 1 ordinary share of £1 each	1	1
	, ordinary ordinary or 21 odori		

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

9	Revaluation reserve				
•	To a detail to so the	2021	2020		
		£	£		
	At the beginning of the year	81,429	83,205		
	Transfer from retained earnings	-	(1,776)		
	Transfer to retained earnings	(81,429)	-		
	•				
	At the end of the year	-	81,429		

### 10 Directors' transactions

During the period the directors of the company paid expenses of £4,584 (2020: £760,022) on behalf of the company and were repaid £95,899 (2020: £42,977). The company paid £4,000 (2020: £nil) of expenses on behalf of the directors during the year. At the end of the year £825,637 (2020: £920,952) was due to the directors and is shown within other creditors.

No interest was charged on this balance.