Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2019

(Registration number: 11032427) Balance Sheet as at 31 October 2019

	Note 201		N19	۵		2018 £	
	Hote	£	-	£		•	-
Fixed assets							
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>				12,839		7,122
Current assets							
Stocks	<u>5</u> 6		7,439			4,751	
Debtors	<u>6</u>		836			-	
Cash at bank and in hand	_		6,632			809	
			14,907			5,560	
Creditors : Amounts falling due within one year	7		(51,719)		_	(33,336)	
Net current liabilities					(36,812)	_	(27,776)
Total assets less current							
liabilities					(23,973)		(20,654)
Provisions for liabilities					(2,439)	_	(1,353)
Net liabilities			:		(26,412)	=	(22,007)
Capital and reserves							
Profit and loss account			(26,412)			(22,007)	
Total equity			:		(26,412)	=	(22,007)

For the financial year ending 31 October 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

(Registration number: 11032427)
Balance Sheet as at 31 October 2019

Approved and authorised by the director on 29 October 2020			
Mrs J Hutchinson			
Director			

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Tree Tops Wheelers Lane Linton Maidstone Kent ME17 4BN United Kingdom

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 29 October 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Judgements

The company may be required to make estimates and assumptions concerning the future. These estimates and judgements are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The principal areas where judgement was exercised are as follows:

i) Tangible fixed assets: the directors annually assess both the residual value of these assets and the expected useful life of such assets based on experience.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts. The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2019

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Fixtures and fittings	25% on reducing balance
Plant and machinery	25% on reducing balance
Office equipment	25% on reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2019

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 3 (2018 - 3).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2019

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Other tangible assets	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 November 2018	3,133	6,363	9,496
Additions		9,995	9,995
At 31 October 2019	3,133	16,358	19,491
Depreciation			
At 1 November 2018	783	1,591	2,374
Charge for the year	587	3,691	4,278
At 31 October 2019	1,370	5,282	6,652
Carrying amount			
At 31 October 2019	1,763	11,076	12,839
At 31 October 2018	2,350	4,772	7,122
5 Stocks			
3 Stocks		2019	2018
		£	£
Other inventories	=	7,439	4,751
6 Debtors			
		2019	2018
		£	£
Trade debtors	_	836	<u>-</u>
	_	836	<u>-</u>

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2019

7 Creditors

Other borrowings

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
		2019	2018
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	<u>8</u>	43,959	29,843
Trade creditors		2,132	176
Taxation and social security		2,658	2,117
Other creditors		2,970	1,200
	_	51,719	33,336
8 Loans and borrowings			
		2019	2018
Current loans and borrowings		£	£

43,959

29,843

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.