

**JASHMIA CONVENIENCE LTD
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2020**

Tamsons Accounting & Tax Consultancy Ltd

Financial Accountants'

65 Southlands Road
Bromley
Kent
BR2 9QR

JASHMIA CONVENIENCE LTD
Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 30 November 2020

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JASHMIA CONVENIENCE LTD
Company Information
For The Year Ended 30 November 2020

Directors	Mrs Kiruthyga Ravichandran Mr Rajendram Ravichandran
Company Number	11016758
Registered Office	273 London Road Ewell Surrey KT17 2BZ
Business	15-17 Upper Mulgrave Road Cheam Sutton SM2 7AY
Accountants	Tamsons Accounting & Tax Consultancy Ltd Financial Accountants' 65 Southlands Road Bromley Kent BR2 9QR

JASHMIA CONVENIENCE LTD
Balance Sheet
As at 30 November 2020

Registered number: 11016758

		2020		2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible Assets	4		25,000		25,000
Tangible Assets	5		90,406		92,355
			115,406		117,355
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	6	96,785		87,985	
Cash at bank and in hand		55,229		2,328	
			152,014		90,313
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	7	(186,138)		(195,681)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			(34,124)		(105,368)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			81,282		11,987
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	8	(50,000)		-	
NET ASSETS			31,282		11,987
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	9		100		100
Profit and Loss Account			31,182		11,887
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			31,282		11,987

JASHMIA CONVENIENCE LTD
Balance Sheet (continued)
As at 30 November 2020

For the year ending 30 November 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mrs Kiruthyga Ravichandran

Director

23/02/2021

Mr Rajendram Ravichandran

Director

The notes on pages 4 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

JASHMIA CONVENIENCE LTD
Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 30 November 2020

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Goodwill

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the separable net assets. It is amortised to profit and loss account over its estimated economic life of years.

1.4. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold	NA
Fixtures & Fittings	18% @ Cost

1.5. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

JASHMIA CONVENIENCE LTD
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 30 November 2020

1.6. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

1.7. Government Grant

Government grants are recognised in the profit and loss account in an appropriate manner that matches them with the expenditure towards which they are intended to contribute.

Grants for immediate financial support or to cover costs already incurred are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account. Grants towards general activities of the entity over a specific period are recognised in the profit and loss account over that period.

Grants towards fixed assets are recognised over the expected useful lives of the related assets and are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the useful life of the asset concerned.

All grants in the profit and loss account are recognised when all conditions for receipt have been complied with.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 9 (2019:)

4. Intangible Assets

	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
As at 1 December 2019	25,000
As at 30 November 2020	25,000
Net Book Value	
As at 30 November 2020	25,000
As at 1 December 2019	25,000

JASHMIA CONVENIENCE LTD
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 30 November 2020

5. Tangible Assets

	Land & Property		
	Leasehold	Fixtures & Fittings	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
As at 1 December 2019	81,529	16,100	97,629
As at 30 November 2020	81,529	16,100	97,629
Depreciation			
As at 1 December 2019	-	5,274	5,274
Provided during the period	-	1,949	1,949
As at 30 November 2020	-	7,223	7,223
Net Book Value			
As at 30 November 2020	81,529	8,877	90,406
As at 1 December 2019	81,529	10,826	92,355

6. Stocks

	2020	2019
	£	£
Stock - materials	96,785	87,985
	96,785	87,985

7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade creditors	30,479	15,495
Corporation tax	4,172	-
Other taxes and social security	432	152
VAT	1,920	2,089
Directors' loan accounts	149,135	177,945
	186,138	195,681

8. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Bank loans -BBL	50,000	-
	50,000	-

JASHMIA CONVENIENCE LTD
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 30 November 2020

9. Share Capital

	2020	2019
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100

10. General Information

JASHMIA CONVENIENCE LTD is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 11016758 . The registered office is 273, London Road, Ewell, Surrey, KT17 2BZ.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.