

FILE COPY

OF A PRIVATE LIMITED COMPANY

Company Number **10985668**

The Registrar of Companies for England and Wales, hereby certifies that

ALLELUIA MINISTRIES INTERNATIONAL

is this day incorporated under the Companies Act 2006 as a private company, that the company is limited by guarantee, and the situation of its registered office is in England and Wales

Given at Companies House on 28th September 2017



N10985668U





In accordance with Section 9 of the Companies Act 2006.

A3

IN01

Application to register a company



Companies House

A fee is payable with this form.

Please see 'How to pay' on the last page.

What this form is for

You may use this form to register a private or public company.

What this form is NOT

You cannot use this form a limited liability partners this, please use form LL IN use this form if any indiviwith significant control is or has applied for protecti having their details disclospublic register. Contact en companieshouse.gov.uk to get a separate form.



A05 1

19/09/2017 COMPANIES HOUSE

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A10 24/08/2017 COMPANIES HOUSE

Company details Part 1 A1 Company name → Filling in this form Please complete in typescript or in Check if a company name is available by using our name availability search: bold black capitals. All fields are mandatory unless www.companieshouse.gov.uk/info specified or indicated by * O Duplicate names Duplicate names are not permitted. Please show the proposed company name below. A list of registered names can be found on our website. There Proposed company ALLELUIA MINISTRIES INTERNATIONAL are various rules that may affect name in full 0 your choice of name. More information on this is available in For official use our quidance at: www.gov.uk/companieshouse **A2** Company name restrictions @

Please tick the box only if the proposed company name contains sensitive or restricted words or expressions that require you to seek comments of a government department or other specified body.

I confirm that the proposed company name contains sensitive or restricted words or expressions and that approval, where appropriate, has been sought of a government department or other specified body and I attach a copy of their response.

Company name restrictions A list of sensitive or restricted words or expressions that require consent can be found in our quidance at:

www.gov.uk/companieshouse

Exemption from name ending with 'Limited' or 'Cyfyngedig'®

Please tick the box if you wish to apply for exemption from the requirement to have the name ending with 'Limited', Cyfyngedig' or permitted alternative.

I confirm that the above proposed company meets the conditions for exemption from the requirement to have a name ending with 'Limited', 'Cyfyngedig' or permitted alternative. Name ending exemption

Only private companies that are limited by guarantee and meet other specific requirements or private companies that are charities are eligible to apply for this. For more details, please go to our website: www.gov.uk/companieshouse

()	INO1 Application t	o register a company	
A4	Company ty	pe o	
	liability (only or Public lim Private lim Private lim Private un	box that describes the proposed company type and member ne box must be ticked): nited by shares mited by shares mited by guarantee nlimited with share capital nlimited without share capital	of Company type If you are unsure of your company's type, please go to our website: www.gov.uk/companieshouse
A5	Principal bus	siness activity	
	activity or activ	ne trade classification code number(s) for the principal vities.	Principal business activity You must provide a trade classification code (SIC code 2007)
Classification code 1	9 4 9	1 0	or a description of your company's main business in this section.
Classification code 2			A full list of the trade classification
Classification code 3			codes is available on our website: www.gov.uk/companieshouse
Classification code 4		letermine a code, please give a brief description of the iness activity below:	
Principal activity description			
A6	Situation of	registered office o	
Ao	Please tick the proposed regist	appropriate box below that describes the situation of the tered office (only one box must be ticked): and Wales	Every company must have a registered office and this is the address to which the Registrar will send correspondence. For England and Wales companies, the address must be in England or Wales. For Welsh, Scottish or Northern Ireland companies, the address must be in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland respectively.

A7	Registered office address o		
	Please give the registered office address of your company.	• Registered office address You must ensure that the address	
Building name/number	213	shown in this section is consistent with the situation indicated in	
Street	EVERSHOLT STREET	section A6.	
		You must provide an address in England or Wales for companies to	
Post town	LONDON	be registered in England and Wales.	
County/Region		You must provide an address in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland	
Postcode	N W 1	for companies to be registered in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland respectively.	
A8	Articles of association o		
	Please choose one option only and tick one box only.	● For details of which company type	
Option 1	I wish to adopt one of the following model articles in its entirety. Please tick only one box.	can adopt which model articles, please go to our website: www.gov.uk/companieshouse	
	Private limited by shares	A Community Interest Company	
	Private limited by guarantee Public company	(CIC) cannot adopt model articles. If you are incorporating a CIC you	
		must tick option 3 and attach a copy of the bespoke articles.	
Option 2	I wish to adopt the following model articles with additional and/or amended provisions. I attach a copy of the additional and/or amended provision(s). Please tick only one box.		
	☐ Private limited by shares		
	Private limited by guarantee Public company		
	- Table company		
Option 3	I wish to adopt entirely bespoke articles. I attach a copy of the bespoke articles to this application.		
A9	Restricted company articles®		
	Please tick the box below if the company's articles are restricted.	Restricted company articles Restricted company articles are those containing provision for entrenchment. For more details, please go to our website: www.gov.uk/companieshouse	

Part 2 Proposed officers

For private companies the appointment of a secretary is optional, however, if you do decide to appoint a company secretary you must provide the relevant details. Public companies are required to appoint at least one secretary.

Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an individual. Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of which must be an individual.

For a secretary who is an individual, go to Section B1; For a corporate secretary, go to Section C1; For a director who is an individual, go to Section D1; For a corporate director, go to Section E1.

Secretary

BT	Secretary appointments •	
	Please use this section to list all the secretary appointments taken on formation. For a corporate secretary, complete Sections C1-C4.	• Corporate appointments For corporate secretary appointments, please complete
Title*		section C1-C4 instead of section B.
Full forename(s)		Additional appointments
Former name(s) •		If you wish to appoint more than one secretary, please use the 'Secretary appointments' continuation page.
		Prormer name(s) Please provide any previous names (including maiden or married names) which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years.
B2	Secretary's service address ®	<u> </u>
Building name/number		Service address
Street		This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential address.
Post town		Please state 'The Company's
County/Region		Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the
Postcode		proposed company's register of secretaries as the company's registered office.
Country		If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the public record.

Corporate secretary

C1	Corporate secretary appointments •	
	Please use this section to list all the corporate secretary appointments taken on formation.	● Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one corporate secretary, please use the
Name of corporate body/firm		'Corporate secretary appointments' continuation page. Registered or principal address
Building name/number		This is the address that will appear on the public record. This address
Street		must be a physical location for the delivery of documents. It cannot be a PO box number (unless contained within a full address), DX number or
Post town		LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number.
County/Region		
Postcode		
Country		
C2	Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm	<u></u>
	Is the corporate secretary registered within the European Economic Area (EEA)? → Yes Complete Section C3 only → No Complete Section C4 only	
C3	EEA companies ®	ı
_	Please give details of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register.	⊘EEA A full list of countries of the EEA can be found in our guidance:
Where the company/ firm is registered ●		www.gov.uk/companieshouse This is the register mentioned in Article 3 of the First Company Law
Registration number		Directive (68/151/EEC).
C4	Non-EEA companies	
	Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register.	• Non-EEA Where you have provided details of the register (including state) where the company or firm is registered,
corporate body		you must also provide its number in that register.
corporate body or firm		you must also provide its number in
Legal form of the corporate body or firm Governing law If applicable, where the company/firm is registered ©		you must also provide its number in

Application to register a company

Director

D1	Director appointments •	
	Please use this section to list all the director appointments taken on formation. For a corporate director, complete Sections E1-E4.	Appointments Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an
Title*	MR	individual. Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of
Full forename(s)	MUTEBA NSUMBU	which must be an individual.
Surname	DEDE	Please provide any previous names
Former name(s) 2		(including maiden or married names) which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years.
Country/State of residence •	SOUTH AFRICA	Ocuntry/State of residence This is in respect of your usual residential address as stated in
Nationality	1000LESE	section D4. © Month and year of birth
-	X X	Please provide month and year only.
Business occupation (if any) ^⑤	PASTOR	Susiness occupation If you have a business occupation, please enter here. If you do not, please leave blank.
		Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one director, please use the 'Director appointments' continuation page.
D2	Director's service address ®	
	Please complete the service address below. You must also fill in the director's usual residential address in Section D4 .	3 Service address This is the address that will appear
Building name/number		on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential
Street	EVERSHOLT STREET	address.
		Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service
Post town	LONDON	address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of
County/Region		directors as the company's registered office.
Postcode	NW1 1 DE	If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the
Country		public record.

Application to register a company

Director

D1	Director appointments •	· -
	Please use this section to list all the director appointments taken on formation. For a corporate director, complete Sections E1-E4.	• Appointments Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an
Title*	MR	individual. Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of
Full forename(s)	MWAKA JACQUES	which must be an individual.
Surname	NZOMA	• Please provide any previous names
Former name(s) •		(including maiden or married names) which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years.
Country/\$tate of residence ●	UK	Ocountry/State of residence This is in respect of your usual residential address as stated in
Nationality	CONGOLESE	section D4.
Month/year of birth 4	X X 0 0 2 11 19 16 17	Month and year of birth Please provide month and year only.
Business occupation (if any) ⁶	PASTOR	Business occupation If you have a business occupation, please enter here. If you do not, please leave blank.
	·	Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one director, please use the 'Director appointments' continuation page.
D2	Director's service address ®	
	Please complete the service address below. You must also fill in the director's usual residential address in Section D4 .	• Service address This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not
Building name/number	213	have to be your usual residential address.
Street	EVERSHOLT STREET	Please state 'The Company's
		Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the
Post town	LONDON	proposed company's register of directors as the company's
County/Region		registered office. If you provide your residential
Postcode Country	N W 1 1 D E	address here it will appear on the public record.
Country	UK	

IN01 - continuation page Application to register a company

Director

Director appointments •		
	Please use this section to list all the director appointments taken on formation. For a corporate director, complete Sections E1-E4.	• Appointments Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an
Title*	MS	individual. Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one o which must be an individual.
Full forename(s)	DORIS	Which must be an individual. • Former name(s)
Former name(s)	MLILO	Please provide any previous names (including maiden or married names which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years.
Country/State of residence €	UK /	Country/State of residence This is in respect of your usual residential address as stated in
Nationality	ZIMBABWEAN	section D4.
Month/year of birth 4	X X 0 7 1 9 6 7	Month and year of birth Please provide month and year only.
Business occupation (if any) [©]	SUPPORT WORKER	Susiness occupation If you have a business occupation, please enter here. If you do not, please leave blank.
D2	Director's service address Please complete the service address below. You must also fill in the director's usual residential address in Section D4.	Service address This is the address that will appear
Building name/number	213	on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential
Street	EVERSHOLT STREET	address. Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service
Post town	LONDON	address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of
County/Region	•	 directors as the company's registered office.
Postcode	NW 1 1 D E	If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the
Country	UK	public record.

Application to register a company

Corporate director

Please use this section to list all the corporate directors taken on formation. Name of corporate body or firm Building name/number Street Street Country/Region Post town County/Region Country/Region Building name/number Fost town Country/Region Postcode Country Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm Is the corporate director, peace use in Corporate of the corporate of the corporate of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register. Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register. Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register. Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register. Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register. Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, where the companylifirm is registration in the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register. Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register. Please give details of the	E1	Corporate director appointments •	-
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Building name/number Street Street Post town County/Region Postcode Country Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm Is the corporate director registered within the European Economic Area (EEA)? Yes Complete Section E3 only No Complete Section E4 only E4 A full list of countries of the EA be found in our guidance: www.gov.uk/companieshouse Where the company/ firm is registered Non-EEA companies Please give details of the registration number in that register. Where the company/ firm is registered of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register. Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register. Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register. Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register. Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register.			corporate director, please use the 'Corporate director appointments'
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Postcode Country E2 Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm Is the corporate director registered within the European Economic Area (EEA)? Yes Complete Section E3 only No Complete Section E4 only EEA companies © Please give details of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register. Where the company/ firm is registered © Non-EEA companies Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register. E4 Non-EEA companies Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register. E4 Non-EEA companies Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register. Solventing law If applicable, where the company/firm is registered ©	Street		on the public record. This address must be a physical location for the delivery of documents. It cannot be
Country E2	Post town		within a full address), DX number or
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Please give details of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register. Where the company/ firm is registered Page 1		→ Yes Complete Section E3 only	
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If applicable, where the company/firm is registered •	corporate body		you must also provide its number in
the company/firm is registered •	Governing law		
If applicable the	the company/firm is		
registration number	If applicable, the registration number		

Part 3	Statement of capital				
	Does your company have share capital?				_
	→ Yes Complete the sections below.				
	→ No Go to Part 4 (Statement of	guarantee).			
F1	Statement of capital				
	Complete the table(s) below to show the sha	are capital.			tion pages
	Complete a separate table for each currency tall example, add pound sterling in 'Currency tall' B'.		ırrency table	if necessar	•
Currency	Class of shares	Number of shares	Aggregate no. (£, €, \$, etc)	minal value	Total aggregate amount
Complete a separate table for each currency	E.g. Ordinary/Preference etc.		Number of shar multiplied by no		to be unpaid, if any (£, €, \$, etc) Including both the nominal value and any share premium
Currency table A	,		· 		
		<u></u>	_		
	Totals				
Currency table B					
				· ·	
<u></u>	Totals				
Currency table C					
	Totals				
		Total number of shares	Total aggre nominal va		Total aggregate amount unpaid •
	Totals (including continuation pages)				
		• Please list total ag For example: £100 +			t currencies separately.

F2	Statement of capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)	•
	Please give the prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares for each class of share shown in the statement of capital share tables in Section F1 .	• Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares
Class of share		The particulars are: a. particulars of any voting rights,
Prescribed particulars •		including rights that arise only in certain circumstances; b. particulars of any rights, as respects dividends, to participate in a distribution; c. particulars of any rights, as respects capital, to participate in a distribution (including on winding up); and d. whether the shares are to be redeemed or are liable to be
		redeemed at the option of the company or the shareholder. A separate table must be used for
		each class of share.
		Continuation pages Please use the next page or a 'Statement of Capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)' continuation page if necessary.

Class of share	 • Prescribed particulars of rights
Prescribed particulars	attached to shares The particulars are: a. particulars of any voting rights, including rights that arise only in certain circumstances; b. particulars of any rights, as respects dividends, to participate in a distribution; c. particulars of any rights, as respects capital, to participate in a distribution (including on winding up); and d. whether the shares are to be redeemed or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the company or the shareholder. A separate table must be used for
	each class of share. Continuation pages Please use a 'Statement of capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)' continuation page if necessary.

Application to register a company

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Initial shareholdings

This section should only be completed by companies incorporating with share capital.

Please complete the details below for each subscriber.

The addresses will appear on the public record. These do not need to be the subscribers' usual residential address.

Initial shareholdings

Please list the company's subscribers in alphabetical order.

Please use an 'Initial shareholdings' continuation page if necessary.

Class of share	Number of shares	Currency	each share	Amount (if any) to be unpaid on each share (including the nominal value and any share premium)	Amount to be paid on each share (including the nominal value and any share premium)
					ľ
		I			
		-			
					,
1.19.20					

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Part 4	Statement of guarantee		
	Is your company limited by guarantee?		
	→ Yes Complete the sections below.		
	→ No Go to Part 5 People with significant control (PSC).		
G1	Subscribers		
	Please complete this section if you are a subscriber of a company limited by guarantee. The following statement is being made by each and every person named below.	Name Please use capital letters. Address	
	I confirm that if the company is wound up while I am a member, or within one year after I cease to be a member, I will contribute to the assets of the company by such amount as may be required for: - payment of debts and liabilities of the company contracted before I	 The addresses in this section will appear on the public record. They do not have to be the subscribers' usual residential address. Amount guaranteed 	
	cease to be a member:	Any valid currency is permitted.	
	 payment of costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and; adjustment of the rights of the contributors among ourselves, not exceeding the specified amount below. 	Oclass of members Only complete this if there will be more than one class of members and if the subscribers are electing to keep members' information on the public register.	
•	Subscriber's details	Continuation pages Please use a 'Subscribers'	
Forename(s) 💿	MUTEBA NSUMBU	continuation page if necessary.	
Surname ①	DEDE		
Address 9	22 TWICKENHAM COURT		
	BRADFORD, WEST YORKSHIRE		
Postcode	B D 8 7 B L		
Amount guaranteed 9	10	_	
Class of member (if applicable) [©]			
	Subscriber's details	-	
Forename(s) •	MWAKA JACQUES	_	
Surname •	NZOMA	_	
Address 2	14 BENTLEY STREET	_	
	DERBY		
Postcode	D E 2 4 8 J S		
Amount guaranteed 9	10	-	
Class of member (if applicable) [©]			
		İ	

	Subscriber's details	O Name
Forename(s) •	DORIS	Please use capital letters.
Surname •	MLILO	O Address The addresses in this section will
Address 2	22 TWICKENHAM COURT	appear on the public record. They do
	BRADFORD	residential address.
Postcode	B D 8 7 B L	Amount guaranteed Any valid currency is permitted.
Amount guaranteed 9	10	© Class of members
Class of member (if applicable)		Only complete this if there will be more than one class of members and if the subscribers are electing to keep members' information on the
	Subscriber's details	public register. Continuation pages
Forename(s) •		Please use a 'Subscribers' continuation page if necessary.
Surname •		Continuation page it necessary.
Address 9		
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed		
Class of member (if applicable)		
	Subscriber's details	
Forename(s) •		
Surname •		
Address 2		
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed 3		
Class of member (if applicable) [◆]		
	Subscriber's details	
Forename(s) •		
Surname •		
Address 2		
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed 9		
Class of member (if applicable)		

	INO1 Application to register a company	
Part 5	People with significant control (PSC)	
	Use this Part to tell us about people with significant control or registrable relevant legal entities in respect of the company. Do not use this Part to tell us about any individual people with significant control whose particulars must not be disclosed on the public record. You must use a separate form, which you can get by contacting us enquiries@companieshouse.gov.uk	
	If on incorporation there will be someone who will count as a person with significant control (either a registrable person or registrable relevant legal entity (RLE)) in relation to the company, tick the box in H1 and complete any relevant sections. If there will be no registrable person or RLE tick the box in H2 and go to Part 6 Election to keep information on the public register.	
H1	Statement of initial significant control •	
	On incorporation, there will be someone who will count as a person with significant control (either a registrable person or registrable RLE) in relation to the company.	Statement of initial significant control If there will be a registrable person (which includes 'other registrable persons') or RLE, please complete the appropriate details in sections H, I & J Please use the PSC continuation pages if necessary
104		
H2	Statement of no PSC	
	(Please tick the statement below if appropriate) The company knows or has reason to believe that there will be no person with significant control (either a registrable person or RLE) in relation to the company	

Application to register a company

Individual PSC

Н3	Individual's details	
	Use sections H3-H9 as appropriate to tell us about individuals with significant control who are registrable persons and the nature of their control in relation to the company	● Country/State of residence This is in respect of the usual residential address as stated in section H6.
Title*	MR	Month and year of birth Please provide month and year only
Full forename(s)	MUTEBA NSUMBU	
Surname	DEDE ,	
Country/State of residence ●	SOUTH AFRICA	
Nationality	CONGOLESE /	
Month/year of birth •	X X 0 4 1 9 7 4	
H4	Individual's service address •	
	Please complete the individual's service address below. You must also complete the individual's usual residential address in Section H6 .	Service address This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not
Building name/number	213	on the public record. This does not have to be the individual's usual residential address. If you provide the individual's
Street	EVERSHOLT STREET	
		residential address here it will appear on the public record.
Post town	LONDON	
County/Region		
Postcode	N W 1 1 D E	
Country	UK	
	\	

	IN01				
	Application to register a company				
H7	Nature of control for an individual •				
1117	Please indicate how the individual is a person with significant control over the	Tick each that apply.			
	company	The country approximation			
	Ownership of shares				
	The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares				
	in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50%				
	more than 50% but less than 75%				
	75% or more				
	Ownership of voting rights The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting				
	rights in the company (tick only one):				
	more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75%				
	75% or more				
	Ownership of right to appoint/remove directors				
	The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the right to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company				
	Significant influence or control (Only tick if none of the above apply)				
	The individual has the right to exercise, or actually exercises, significant influence or control over the company				
H8	Nature of control by a firm over which the individual has significant control •				
	The individual has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its governing law, and:	● Tick each that apply.			
	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one):				
	more than 25% but not more than 50%				
	more than 50% but less than 75%				
	75% or more				
	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one):				
	more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75%				
	75% or more				
	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company				
	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company				

Application to register a company

Н9

The individual has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a trust and:	Tick each that apply.
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly,	
the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one):	
more than 25% but not more than 50%	
more than 50% but less than 75%	
75% or more	
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly,	
the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one):	
more than 25% but not more than 50%	
more than 50% but less than 75%	
T5% or more	
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company	
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company	
. ,	

Application to register a company

Individual PSC

H3	Individual's details				
	Use sections H3-H9 as appropriate to tell us about individuals with significant control who are registrable persons and the nature of their control in relation to the company	Ocuntry/State of residence This is in respect of the usual residential address as stated in section H6.			
Title*		Month and year of birth Please provide month and year only.			
Full forename(s)					
Surname					
Country/State of residence					
Nationality					
Month/year of birth ³	X X				
H4	Individual's service address •				
	Please complete the individual's service address below. You must also complete the individual's usual residential address in Section H6 .	Service address This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not			
Building name/number		have to be the individual's usual residential address.			
Street		If you provide the individual's residential address here it will			
Post town		appear on the public record.			
County/Region					
Postcode					
Country					
Country	ı				
		T .			

	INO1 Application to register a company					
H7	Nature of control for an individual [®]					
	Please indicate how the individual is a person with significant control over the company	• Tick each that apply.				
	Ownership of shares The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more					
	Ownership of voting rights The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more					
	Ownership of right to appoint/remove directors The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the right to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company					
	Significant influence or control (Only tick if none of the above apply) The individual has the right to exercise, or actually exercises, significant influence or control over the company					
H8	Nature of control by a firm over which the individual has significant control •					
	The individual has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its governing law, and:	● Tick each that apply.				
	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more					
	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more					
	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company					
	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company					

Н9

	individual has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant sence or control over the activities of a trust and:	• Tick each that apply.
	trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly,	
the i	following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one):	
	more than 25% but not more than 50%	
	more than 50% but less than 75%	
	75% or more	
	trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one):	
	more than 25% but not more than 50%	
	more than 50% but less than 75%	
J	75% or more	
	the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company	
	the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company	

Relevant legal entity (RLE)

11	RLE details •	
Corporate or firm name		• Registered or principal office address This is the address that will appear
Building name/number		on the public record.
Street		
Post town		
County/Region		
Postcode		
Country		
12	Legal form and governing law	<u>'</u>
	Please give details of the legal form of the RLE and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register of companies in which it is entered (including the country/state) and its registration number in that register.	Registration number Where you have provided details of the register (including country/
Legal form		state) where the RLE is registered, you must also provide its number in
Governing law		that register.
If applicable, register in which RLE is entered		
Country/State •		
Registration number •		

	INO1 Application to register a company	
13	Nature of control for the RLE •	
	Please indicate how the RLE has significant control over the company	OTick each that apply.
	Ownership of shares The RLE holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more	
	Ownership of voting rights The RLE holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more	
	Ownership of right to appoint/remove directors The RLE holds the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company	
	Significant influence or control (only tick if none of the above apply) The RLE has the right to exercise, or actually exercises, significant influence or control over the company	
14	Nature of control by a firm over which the RLE has significant control •	
	The RLE has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its governing law, and:	Tick each that apply.
	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more	
	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more	
	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company	
	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company	

15

	RLE has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or rol over the activities of a trust and:	⊕ Tick each that apply.
the 1	trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly,	
the 1	following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one):	
	more than 25% but not more than 50%	
	more than 50% but less than 75%	
	75% or more	
	trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly,	
the 1	following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one):	
	more than 25% but not more than 50%	
	more than 50% but less than 75%	
	75% or more	
	the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company	
	the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company	

Application to register a company

Other registrable person (ORP)

J1	ORP details	
	 An 'other registrable person' is: a corporation sole a government or government department of a country or territory or a part of a country or territory an international organisation whose members include two or more countries or territories (or their governments) a local authority or local government body in the UK or elsewhere 	
Name of ORP		
J2	Principal office address •	
Building name/number	Time par office dudiess	• Principal office address
Street		This is the address that will appear on the public record.
Post town		
County/Region		
Postcode		
Country		
J3	Legal form and governing law	<u>'</u>
Legal form		
Governing law		

Na	nture of control ⁰	
PI	ease show how the ORP has significant control over the company	Tick each that apply
0	wnership of shares The ORP holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more	
0	more than 50% but less than 75%	
0.	wnership of right to appoint/remove directors The ORP holds, directly or indirectly, the right to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company	
Si	 gnificant influence or control (Only tick if none of the above apply) The ORP has the right to exercise, or actually exercises, significant influence or control over the company. 	
	or control over the company.	:
	iture of control by a firm over which the ORP has	
sig Th or	ture of control by a firm over which the ORP has	● Tick each that apply
sig Th or go the	Iture of control by a firm over which the ORP has prificant control over the order of a firm that is not a legal person under its overning law, and: e members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, e following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75%	● Tick each that apply
sig Theorem goes the the	Iture of control by a firm over which the ORP has prificant control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its overning law, and: e members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, e following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more e members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, e following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50%	● Tick each that apply
sig Theorem go the the	Iture of control by a firm over which the ORP has inificant control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its overning law, and: e members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, e following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more e members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, e following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75%	● Tick each that apply

Application to register a company

Nature of control by a trust over which the ORP has significant control •

The ORP has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a trust and:	Tick each that apply.
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one):	
more than 25% but not more than 50%	
more than 50% but less than 75%	
75% or more	
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly,	
the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one):	
more than 25% but not more than 50%	
more than 50% but less than 75%	
75% or more	
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company	
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company	

	INO1 Application to register a company			
Part 6	lection to keep information on the public register (if applicable)			
	The subscribers of a private company can agree to elect to keep certain information on the public register at Companies House, rather than keeping their own registers. Tick the appropriate box to show which information the subscribers are electing to keep on the public register. If the subscribers have not agreed to keep any of this information on the public register, go to Part 7 Consent to Act			
K1	Election to keep secretaries' register information on the public register			
	All subscribers elect to keep secretaries' register information on the public register	• only applies if the proposed company will have a secretary.		
K2	Election to keep directors' register information on the public register			
	IMPORTANT: If the subscribers elect to keep this information on the public register, everyone who is an individual director while the election is in force will have their full date of birth available on the public record.	If the subscribers don't make this election, only the month and year of birth will be available on the public record.		
	All subscribers elect to keep directors' register information on the public register			
К3	Election to keep directors' usual residential address (URA) register information on the public register			
	If the subscribers elect to keep this information on the public register, the URA will not be publicly available			
	All subscribers elect to keep directors' URA register information on the public register.			
K4	Election to keep members' register information on the public register			
	IMPORTANT: If the subscribers elect to keep this information on the public register, everyone who is a member while the election is in place will have their name and address available on the public record All subscribers elect to keep members' register information on the public register The company will be a single member company (Tick if applicable).			
K5	Election to keep PSC register information on the public register			
	IMPORTANT: If the subscribers elect to keep this information on the public register, everyone who is an individual PSC while the election is in force will have their full date of birth available on the public record.	If the subscribers don't make this election, only the month and year of birth will be available on the public record. Only the subscribers don't make this election, only the month and year of birth will be available on the public record.		
	 All subscribers elect to keep PSC register information on the public register No objection was received by the subscribers from any eligible person ♥ within the notice period before making the election. 	© Eligible person An eligible person is a person whose details would have to be entered in the company's PSC register		

	IN01 Application to register a company	
Part 7	Consent to act	
L1	Consent statement	
	Please tick the box to confirm consent. The subscribers confirm that each of the persons named as a director or secretary has consented to act in that capacity.	
Part 8	Statement about individual PSC particulars	1
M1	Particulars of an individual PSC **	
	Please tick the box to confirm. The subscribers confirm that each person named in this application as an individual PSC knows that their particulars are being supplied as part of this application.	Only tick this if you have completed details of one or more individual PSCs in sections H3-H9
Part 9	Statement of compliance	
	This section must be completed by all companies.	
	Is the application by an agent on behalf of all the subscribers?	
	 → No Go to Section N1 (Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers). → Yes Go to Section N2 (Statement of compliance delivered by an agent). 	
N1	Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers	1
	Please complete this section if the application is not delivered by an agent for the subscribers of the memorandum of association. I confirm that the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as to registration have been complied with.	Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers Every subscriber to the memorandum of association must sign the statement of compliance.
Subscriber's signature	Signature X WN DEBE	Continuation pages Please use a 'Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers' continuation page if more subscribers need to sign.
Subscriber's signature	X Dic Di NILLIO X	
Subscriber's signature	X momp MJ NZOMA	
Subscriber's signature	Signature X	

Statement of compliance delivered by an agent	
Please complete this section if this application is delivered by an agent for the subscribers to the memorandum of association.	
I confirm that the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as to registration have been complied with.	
Signature	

Presenter information

You do not have to give any contact information, but if you do it will help Companies House if there is a query on the form. The contact information you give will be visible to searchers of the public record.

Contact name	PAUL TOMLINSON
Company name	N29 LTD
Address	37 OXENHOLME
	HARRINGTON SQUARE
Post town	LONDON
County/Region	
Postcode	N W 1 2 J N
Country	UK
DX	
Telephone	07990807224
Canal	fiends

Certificate

We will send your certificate to the presenters address (shown above) or if indicated to another address shown below:

□ At the registered office address (Given in Section A7).
 □ At the agents address (Given in Section N2).

✓ Checklist

We may return forms completed incorrectly or with information missing.

Please make sure you have remembered the following:

- You have checked that the proposed company name is available as well as the various rules that may affect your choice of name. More information can be found in guidance on our website.
- ☐ If the name of the company is the same as one already on the register as permitted by The Company LLP and Business (Names and Trading Disclosures) Regulations 2015, please attach consent.
- ☐ You have used the correct appointment sections.
 ☐ Any addresses given must be a physical location.
 They cannot be a PO Box number (unless part of a full service address), DX or LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number.
- ☐ The document has been signed, where indicated. ☐ All relevant attachments have been included.
- ☐ You have enclosed the Memorandum of Association.
- You have enclosed the correct fee.

Important information

Please note that all information on this form will appear on the public record, apart from information relating to usual residential addresses. Day of birth will only be shown on the public record if the subscribers have elected to keep PSC and/or directors' information on the public register.

£ How to pay

A fee is payable on this form.

Make cheques or postal orders payable to 'Companies House'. For information on fees, go to: www.gov.uk/companieshouse

Where to send

You may return this form to any Companies House address, however for expediency we advise you to return it to the appropriate address below:

For companies registered in England and Wales: The Registrar of Companies, Companies House,

Crown Way, Cardiff, Wales, CF14 3UZ. DX 33050 Cardiff.

For companies registered in Scotland:

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Fourth floor, Edinburgh Quay 2, 139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, Scotland, EH3 9FF. DX ED235 Edinburgh 1 or LP - 4 Edinburgh 2 (Legal Post).

For companies registered in Northern Ireland:

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Second Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38 Linenhall Street, Belfast, Northern Ireland, BT2 8BG. DX 481 N.R. Belfast 1.

Section 243 or 790ZF exemption

If you are applying for, or have been granted a section 243 or 790ZF exemption, please post this whole form to the different postal address below:
The Registrar of Companies, PO Box 4082, Cardiff, CF14 3WE.

7 Further information

For further information, please see the guidance notes on the website at www.gov.uk/companieshouse or email enquiries@companieshouse.gov.uk

This form is available in an alternative format. Please visit the forms page on the website at www.gov.uk/companieshouse

SCHEDULE 1

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

ALLELUIA MINISTRIES INTERNATIONAL

Each Subscriber to this Memorandum of Association wishes to form a Company under the Companies Act 2006 and agrees to become a member of the Company.

Name of Each Subscriber	Authentication by Each Subscriber	
tunket		
Muteba Nsumbu Dede		
2 ia	· ·	
Doris Milo MLILO		
Inzonat		
Mwaka Jacques Nzorna		
09	SEPTEMBER DO	917

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

ALLELULIA MINISTRIES INTERNATIONAL

(and in this document it is called the "charity")

INTERPRETATION AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

- 1. In the articles, unless the context requires otherwise,
 - (a) "address" means a postal address or, for the purposes of electronic communication, a fax number, an e-mail or postal address or a telephone number for receiving text messages in each case registered with the charity;
 - (b) "articles" means the charity's articles of association;
 - (c) "bankruptcy" includes individual insolvency proceedings in a jurisdiction other than England and Wales or Northern Ireland which have an effect similar to that of bankruptcy;
 - (d) "chairman" has the meaning given in article 15;
 - (e) "the charity" means the company intended to be regulated by the articles;
 - (f) "clear days" in relation to the period of a notice means a period excluding:
 the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given; and
 - the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect;
 - (g) "thé Commission" means the Charity Commission for England and Wales;
 - (h) "Companies Acts" means the Companies Acts (as defined in section 2 of the Companies Act 2006) in so far as they apply to the charity;
 - "connected person" has the meaning given in article 5 (5) (b);
 - (j) "the directors" means the directors of the charity. The directors are charity trustees as defined by section 177 of the Charities Act 2011;

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

ALLELUIA MINISTRIES INTERNATIONAL

(and in this document it is called the "charity")

INTERPRETATION AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

- 1. In the articles, unless the context requires otherwise -
 - (a) "address" means a postal address or, for the purposes of electronic communication, a fax number, an e-mail or postal address or a telephone number for receiving text messages in each case registered with the charity;
 - (b) "articles" means the charity's articles of association;
 - (c) "bankruptcy" includes individual insolvency proceedings in a jurisdiction other than England and Wales or Northern Ireland which have an effect similar to that of bankruptcy;
 - (d) "chairman" has the meaning given in article 15;
 - (e) "the charity" means the company intended to be regulated by the articles;
 - (f) "clear days" in relation to the period of a notice means a period excluding:the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given; and
 - the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect;
 - (g) "the Commission" means the Charity Commission for England and Wales;
 - (h) "Companies Acts" means the Companies Acts (as defined in section 2 of the Companies Act 2006) in so far as they apply to the charity;
 - (i) "connected person" has the meaning given in article 5 (5) (b);
 - (j) "the directors" means the directors of the charity. The directors are charity trustees as defined by section 177 of the Charities Act 2011;

- (k) "document" includes, unless otherwise specified, any document sent or supplied in electronic form;
- (I) "electronic form" has the meaning given in section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006;
- (m) "member" has the meaning given in section 112 of the Companies Act 2006;
- (n) "the memorandum" means the charity's memorandum of association;
- (o) "officers" includes the directors and the secretary (if any);
- (p) "ordinary resolution" has the meaning given in section 282 of the Companies Act 2006;
- (q) "proxy notice" has the meaning given in article 18.
- (r) "the seal" means the common seal of the charity if it has one;
- (s) "secretary" means any person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the charity;
- (t) "special resolution" has the meaning given in section 283 of the Companies Act 2006;
- (u) "the United Kingdom" means Great Britain and Northern Ireland; and words importing one gender shall include all genders, and the singular includes the plural and vice versa;
- (v) "written resolution" has the meaning given in section 288 of the Companies Act 2006;

Unless the context otherwise requires, other words or expressions contained in these articles bear the same meaning as in the Companies Act 2006 as in force on the date when these articles become binding on the company.

Apart from the exception mentioned in the previous paragraph a reference to an Act of Parliament includes any statutory modification or re-enactment of it for the time being in force.

LIABILITY OF MEMBERS

2. (1) The liability of the members is limited.

(2) Every member of the charity promises, if the charity is dissolved while he or she or it is a member or within twelve months after he or she or it ceases to be a member, to contribute such sum (not exceeding £10) as may be demanded of him or her or it towards the payment of the debts and liabilities of the charity incurred before he or she or it ceases to be a member, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and the adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves.

OBJECTS

3. The charity's objects are specifically restricted to the following:

to advance the Christian religion for the benefit of the public through the holding of prayer meetings, lectures and producing and/or distributing literature on Christianity to enlighten others about the Christian religion.

POWERS

- 4. The charity has power to do anything which is calculated to further its objects or is conducive or incidental to doing so. In particular, the charity has power:
 - to raise funds. In doing so, the charity must not undertake any substantial permanent trading activity and must comply with any relevant statutory regulations;
 - (2) to buy, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any property and to maintain and equip it for use;
 - (3) to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of all or any part of the property belonging to the charity. In exercising this power, the charity must comply as appropriate with the relevant sections of the Charities Act 2011.
 - (4) to borrow money and to charge the whole a or any part of the property belonging to the charity as security for repayment of the money borrowed or as security for a grant or the discharge of an obligation. The charity must comply as appropriate with the relevant sections of the Charities Act 2011 if it wishes to mortgage lands;
 - (5) to co-operate with other charities, voluntary bodies and statutory authorities and to exchange information and advice with them;
 - (6) to establish or support any charitable trusts, associations or institutions formed for any of the charitable purposes included in the Objects;
 - (7) to acquire, merge with or to enter into any partnership or joint venture arrangement with any other charity;

- (8) to set aside income as a reserve against future expenditure but only in accordance with a written policy about reserves;
- (9) to employ and remunerate such staff as are necessary for carrying out the work of the charity. The charity may employ or remunerate a director only to the extent it is permitted to do so by article 5 and provided it complies with the conditions in that Article;
- (10) to:
 - (a) deposit or invest funds
 - (b) employ a professional fund-manager; and
 - (c) arrange for the investments or other property of the charity to be held in the name of a nominee;

in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as the trustees of a trust are permitted to do by the Trustee Act 2000;

- (11) to provide indemnity insurance for the directors; and
- (12) to pay out of the funds of the charity the costs of forming and registering the charity both as a company and as a charity;

APPLICATION OF INCOME AND PROPERTY

Universal Clauses

- 5. (1) The income and property of the charity shall be applied solely towards the promotion of the Objects.
 - (2) (a) A director is entitled to be reimbursed from the property of the charily or may pay out of such property reasonable expenses properly incurred by him or her when acting on behalf of the charity.
 - (b) A director may benefit from trustee indemnity insurance cover purchased at the charity's expense.
 - (c) A director may receive an indemnity from the charity in the circumstances specified in article 54.
 - (3) none of the income or property of the charity may be paid or transferred directly or indirectly by way of dividend bonus or otherwise by way of profit to any member of the charity. This does not prevent a member who is not also a director receiving:
 - (a) A benefit from the charity in the capacity of a beneficiary of the charity

(b) Reasonable and proper remuneration for any goods or services supplied to the charity.

Director's benefits - Options

- (4) (A) No director or connected person may:
 - (a) buy any goods or services from the charity on terms preferential to those applicable to members of the public;
 - (c) sell goods, services, or any interest in land to the charity;
 - © be employed by, or receive remuneration from, the charity;
 - (d) receive any other financial benefit from the charity;

Unless:

- (i) the payment is permitted by article 5(4)(B)(a); or
- ii) the directors obtain the prior written approval of the Commission and fully comply with any procedures it prescribes.
 - (4)(B) (a) (i) A director or connected person may receive a benefit from the charity in the capacity of a beneficiary of the charity provided that a majority of the directors do not benefit in this way.
 - (ii) A director or connected person may enter into a contract for the supply of services, or of goods that are supplied in connection with the provision of services, to the charity where that is permitted in accordance with the relevant sections of the Charities Act 2011.
 - (iii) Subject to article 5(4)(C) a director or connected person may provide the charity with goods that are not supplied in connection with services provided to the charity by the director or connected person.
 - (iv) A director or connected person may receive interest on money lent to the charity at a reasonable and proper rate which must be 2% (or more) per annum below the base rate of a clearing bank to be selected by the directors.
 - (v) A director or connected person may receive rent for premises let by the director or connected person to the charity if the amount of the rent and the other terms of the lease are reasonable and proper and provided that the

- director concerned shall withdraw from any meeting at which such a proposal or the rent or other terms of the lease are under discussion.
- (vi) A director or connected person may take part in the normal trading and fundraising activities of the charity on the same terms as members of the public.

Payment for supply of goods only - controls

- (4)(C) The charity and it directors may only rely upon the authority provided by article 6(4)(B)(a)(iii) if each of the following conditions is satisfied:
 - (a) The amount or maximum amount of the payment of the goods is set out in an agreement in writing between:
 - (i) the charity or it directors as the case may be); and
 - (ii) the director or connected person supplying the goods ("the supplier") under which the supplier is to supply the goods in question to or on behalf of the charity.
 - (b) The amount or maximum amount of the payment for the goods does not exceed what is reasonable in the circumstances for the supply of the goods in question.
 - (c) The other directors are satisfies that it is in the best interests of the charity to contract with the supplier rather than with someone who is not a director or connected person. In reaching that decision the directors must balance the advantage of contracting with a director or connected person against the disadvantages of doing so.
 - (d) The supplier is absent from the part of any meeting at which there is discussion of the proposal to enter into a contract or arrangement with him or her or it with regard to the supply of goods to the charity.
 - (e) The supplier does not vote on any such matter and is not to be counted when calculating whether a quorum of directors is present at the meeting.
 - (f) The reason for their decision is recorded by the directors in the minute book.
 - (g) A majority of the directors then in office are not in receipt of remuneration or payments authorised by article 5(4)(A).
- (5)(a) In sub-clauses (2)-(4) of this article 5 "charity" shall include any company in which the charity:
- holds more than 50% of the shares: or
- controls more than 50% of the voting rights attached to the shares: or

- has the right to appoint one or more directors to the board of the company;
 - (b) In sub-clause (4) of this article 5 and sub-clause (2) of article 43, "connected person" means:
 - (i) a child, parent, grandchild, grandparent, brother or sister of the director;
 - (ii) the spouse or civil partner of the director or of any person falling within paragraph (i) above;
 - (iii) a person carrying on business in partnership with the director or with any person falling within paragraph (i) or (ii) above;
 - (iv) an institution which is controlled --
 - (I) by the director or any connected person falling within paragraph (i), (ii), (iii) above; or
 - (II) by two or more persons falling within sub-paragraph (1), when taken together
 - (v) a body corporate in which
 - (I) the director or any connected person falling within paragraphs (i) to (iii) has a substantial interest; or
 - (II) two or more persons falling within sub-paragraph (1) who, when taken together, have a substantial interest.
 - (c) Paragraphs 350 to 352 of the Charities Act 2011 apply for the purposes of interpreting the terms used in this sub-clause.

MEMBERS

- 6. (1) The subscribers to the memorandum are the first members of the charity.
 - (2) Membership is open to other individuals or organisations who:
 - (a) apply to the charity in the form required by the directors; and
 - (b) are approved by the directors.
 - (3) (a) The directors may only refuse an application for membership if, acting reasonably and properly, they consider it to be in the best interests of the charity to refuse the application.
 - (b) The directors must inform the applicant in writing of the reasons for the refusal within twenty-one days of the decision.
 - (c) The directors must consider any written representations the applicant may make about the decision. The directors' decision following any representations must be notified to the applicant in writing but shall be final.
 - (4) Membership is not transferable.

(5) The directors must keep a register of names and addresses of the members.

CLASSES OF MEMBERSHIP

- 7. (1) The directors may establish classes of membership with different rights and obligations and shall record the rights and obligations in the register of members.
 - (2) The directors may not directly or indirectly alter the rights or obligations attached to a class of membership.
 - (3) The rights attached to a class of membership may only be varied if:
 - (a) Three-quarters of the members of that class consent in writing to the variation; or
 - (b) A special resolution is passed at a separate general meeting of the members of that class agreeing to the variation.
 - (4) The provisions in the articles about general meetings shall apply to any meeting relating to the variation of the rights of any class of members.

TERMINATION OF MEMBERSHIP

- 8. Membership is terminated if:
- (1) The member dies or; if it is an organisation, ceases to exist;
- (2) The member resigns by written notice to the charity unless, after the resignation, there would be less than two members;
- (3) Any sum due from the member to the charity is not paid in full within six months or it falling due.
- (4) The member is removed from membership by a resolution of the directors that it is in the best interests of the charity that his or her or its membership is terminated. A resolution to remove a member from membership may only be passed if:
 - (a) The member has been given at least twenty-one days' notice in writing of the meeting of the directors at which the resolution will be proposed and the reasons why it is to be proposed;
 - (b) The member or, at the option of the member, the member's representative (who need not be a member of the charity) has been allowed to make representations to the meeting.

GENERAL MEETINGS

- 9. (1) The charity must hold its first annual general meeting within eighteen months after the date of its incorporation.
 - (2) An annual general meeting must be held in each subsequent year and not more than fifteen months may elapse between successive annual general meetings.
- 10. The directors may call a general meeting at any time.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

- 11 (1) The minimum periods of notice required to hold a general meeting of the charity are:
 - (a) Twenty-one days of an annual general meeting or a general meeting called for the passing of a special resolution;
 - (b) Fourteen clear days for all other general meetings.
 - (2) A general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed by a majority in number of members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority who together hold not less than 90 percent of the total voting rights.
 - (3) The notice must specify the date, time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. If the meeting is to be an annual general meeting, the notice must say so. The notice must also contain a statement setting out the right of members to appoint a proxy under section 324 of the Companies Act 2006 and article 180.
 - (4) the notice must be given to all the members and to the directors and auditors.
- 12. The proceedings at a meeting shall not be invalidated because a person who was entitled to receive notice of the meeting did not receive it because of an accidental omission by the charity.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

- 13. (1) No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present.
 - (2) A quorum is:
 - (a) two members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote upon the business to be conducted at the meeting; or
 - (b) one tenth of the total membership at the time
 - whichever is the greater.
 - (3) The authorised representative of a member organisation shall be counted in the quorum.

14. (1) If:

- (a) a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting; or
- (b) during a meeting a quorum ceases to be present;

The meeting shall be adjourned to such time and place as the directors shall determine.

- (2) The directors must reconvene the meeting and must give a least seven clear days' notice of the reconvened meeting. Within fifteen minutes of the time specified for the start of the meeting the members present in person or by proxy at that time shall constitute the quorum for that meeting.
- 15. (1) General meetings shall be chaired by the person who has been appointed to chair meetings of the directors.
 - (2) If there is no such person or he or she is not present within fifteen minutes of the time appointed for the meeting a director nominated by the directors shall chair the meeting.
 - (3) If there is only one director present and willing to act, he or she shall chair the meeting.
 - (4) If no director is present and willing to chair the meeting within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding it, the member present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote must choose one of their number to chair the meeting.
- 16. (1) the members present in person or by proxy at a meeting may resolve by ordinary resolution that the meeting shall be adjourned.
 - (2) The person who is chairing the meeting must decide the date, time and place at which the meeting is to be reconvened unless those details are specified in the resolution.
 - (3) No business shall be conducted at a reconvened meeting unless it could properly have been conducted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place.
 - (4) If a meeting is adjourned by a resolution of the members for more than seven days, at least seven days' notice shall be given of the reconvened meeting stating the date, time and place of the meeting.
- 17. (1) Any vote at a meeting shall be decided by a show of hands unless before, or on the declaration of the result of, the show of hands a poll demanded:
 - (a) by the person chairing the meeting; or
 - (b) by at least two members present in person or by proxy and having the right to vote at the meeting; or
 - (c) by a member or members present in person or by proxy representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting.

- (2) (a) The declaration by the person who is chairing the meeting of the result of a vote shall be conclusive unless a poll is demanded.
 - (b) The results of the vote must be recorded in the minutes of the charity but the number or proportion of votes cast need not be recorded.
- (3) (a) A demand of a poll may be withdrawn, before the poll is taken, but only with the consent of the person who is chairing the meeting.
 - (b) If the demand of a poll is withdrawn the demand shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made.
- (4) (a) A poll must be taken as the person who is chairing the meeting directs, who may appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and who may fix a time and place for declaring the results of the poll.
 - (b) The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the pollis demanded.
- (5) (a) A poll demanded on the election of a person to chair a meeting or on a question of adjournment must be taken immediately.
 - (b) A poll demanded on any other question must be taken either immediately or at such a time and place as the person who is chairing the meeting directs.
 - (c) The poll must be taken within thirty days after it has been demanded.
 - (d) If the poll is not taken immediately at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken.
 - (e) If a poll is demanded the meeting may continue to deal with any other business that may be conducted at the meeting.

CONTENT OF PROXY NOTICES

- 18. (1) Proxies may only validly be appointed by notice I writing (a "proxy notice") which
 - (a) states the name and address of the member appointing the proxy;
 - (b) identifies the person appointed to be that member's proxy and the general meeting in relation to which that person is appointed;
 - (c) is signed by or on behalf of the member appointing the proxy, or is authenticated in such manner as the directors may determine; and
 - (d) is delivered to the charity in accordance with the articles and any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting to which they relate.

- (2) The charity may require proxy notices to be delivered in a particular form and may specify different forms for different purposes.
- (3) Proxy notices may specify how the proxy appointed under them is to vote (that the proxy is to abstain from voting) on one or more resolutions.
- (4) Unless a proxy notice indicates otherwise, it must be treated as
 - (a) allowing the person appointed under it as a proxy discretion as how to vote on any ancillary or procedural resolutions put to the meeting; and
 - (b) appointing that person as a proxy in relation to any adjournment of the general meeting to which it relates as well as the meeting itself.

DELIVERY OF PROXY NOTICES

- (1) A person who is entitled to attend, speak or vote (either on a show of hands of on a poll) at a general meeting remains so entitled in respect of that meeting or any adjournment of it, even though a valid proxy notice has been delivered to the charity by or on behalf of that person.
 - (2) An appointment under a proxy notice may be revoked by delivering to the charity a notice in writing given by or on behalf of the person by whom or on whose behalf the proxy notice was given.
 - (3) A notice reviling a proxy appointment only takes effect if it is delivered before the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates.
 - (4) If a proxy notice is not executed by the person appointing the proxy, it must be accompanied by written evidence of the authority of the person who executed it on the appointer's behalf.

WRITTEN RESOLUTIONS

- 19. (1) A resolution in writing agreed by a simple majority (or in the case of as special resolution by a majority of not less than 75%) of the members who would have been entitled to vote upon it had it been proposed at a general meeting shall be effective provided that:
 - (a) a copy of the proposed resolution has been sent to every eligible member;
 - (b) a simple majority (or in the case of a special resolution a majority of not less than 75%) of members has signified its agreement to the resolutions; and
 - (c) it is contained in an authenticated document which has been received at the registered office within the period of 28 days beginning with the circulation date.
 - (2) A resolution in writing may comprise several copies to which one or more members have signified their agreement.

(3) In the case of a member that is an organisation, its authorised representative may signify its agreements.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

- 20. Subject to article 8, every member, whether an individual or an organisation shall have one vote.
- 21. Any objection to the qualification of any voter must be raised at the meeting at which the vote is being tendered and the decision of the person who is chairing the meeting shall be final.
- 22. (1) Any organisation that is a member of the charity may nominate any person to act as its representative at any meeting of the charity.
 - (2) The organisation must give written notice to the charity of the name of its representative. The representative shall not be entitled to represent the organisation at any meeting unless the notice has been received by the charity. The representative may continue to represent the organisation until written notice to the contrary is received by the charity.
 - (3) Any notice given to the charity will be conclusive evidence that the representative is entitled to represent the organisation or that his or her authority has been revoked. The charity shall not be required to consider whether the representative has been properly appointed by the organisation.

DIRECTORS

- 23. (1) A director must be a natural person.
 - (2) No one may be appointed a director if he or she would be disqualified from acting under the provisions of article 33.
- 24. The number of directors shall be not less than three but (unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution) shall not be subject to any maximum.
- 25. The first directors shall be those persons notified to Companies House as the first directors of the charity.
- 26. A director may not appoint an alternate director or anyone to act on his or her behalf at meetings of the directors.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS

27. (1) The directors shall manage the business of the charity and may exercise all the powers of the charity unless they are subject to any restrictions imposed by the Companies Acts, the articles or any special resolution.

- (2) No alteration of the articles or any special resolution shall have retrospective effect to invalidate any prior act of the directors.
- (3) Any meeting of director at which a quorum is present at the time the relevant decision is made may exercise all the powers exercisable by the directors.

APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

- 28. The charity may by ordinary resolution appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director.
- 29. No person may be appointed a director at any general meeting unless:
 - (1) he or she is recommended for election by the directors; or
 - (2) not less than fourteen nor more than thirty-five clear days before the date of the meeting, the charity is given a notice that:
 - (a) is signed by a member entitled to vote at the meeting;
 - (b) states the member's intention to propose the appointment of a person as a director;
 - (c) contains the details that, if the person were to be appointed, the charity would have to file at Companies House; and
 - (d) is signed by the person who is to be proposed to show his or her willingness to be appointed.
- 30. All members who are entitled to receive notice of a general meeting must be given not less than seven nor more than twenty-eight clear days' notice of any resolution to be put to the meeting to appoint a director.
- 31. A director appointed by a resolution of the other directors must retire at the next annual general meeting.
- 32. The appointment of a director, whether by the charity in general meeting or by the other directors, must no cause the number of directors to exceed any number fixed as the maximum number of directors.

TERMINATION OF DIRECTOR'S APPOINTMENT

- 33. A person ceases to be a director as soon as:
 - (1) that person ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Companies Act 2006 or is prohibited from being a director by law;

- (2) is disqualified from acting as a trustee by virtue of section 178 of the Charities Act 2011 (or any statutory re-enactment or modification of that provision);
- (3) a bankruptcy order is made against that person;
- (4) a composition is made with that person's creditors generally in satisfaction of that person's debts;
- (5) a registered medical practitioner who is treating that person gives a written opinion to the company stating that that person has become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a director and may remain so for more than three months;
- (6) ceases to be a member of the charity;
- (7) resigns as a director by notice to the charity (but only if at least two directors will remain in office when the notice of resignation is to take effect); or
- (8) is absent without the permission of the directors from all their meetings held within a period of six consecutive months and the directors resolve that his or her office be vacated.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

34. The directors must not be paid any remuneration unless it is authorised by article 5.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

- 35. (1) The directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit, subject to the provisions of the articles.
 - (2) Any director may call a meeting of the directors.
 - (3) The secretary (if any) must call a meeting of the directors if requested to do so by a director.
 - (4) Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes.
 - (5) A meeting may be held by suitable electronic means agreed by the directors in which each participant may communicate with all the other participants.
- 36. (1) No decision may be made by a meeting of the directors unless a quorum is present at the time the decision is purported to be made. ('Present' includes being present by suitable electronic means agreed by the directors in which a participant or participants may communicate with all the other participants.)
 - (2) The quorum shall be two or the number nearest to one third of the total number of directors, whichever is the greater, or such larger number as may be decided from time to time by the directors.

- (3) A director shall not be counted in the quorum present when any decision is made about a matter upon which that director is not entitled to vote.
- 37. If the number of directors is less than the number fixed as the quorum, the continuing directors or director may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies or of calling a general meeting.
- 38. (1) the directors shall appoint a director to chair their meetings and may at any time revoke such appointment.
- (2) If no one has been appointed to chair meetings of the directors or if the person appointed is unwilling to preside or is not present within ten minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the directors present may appoint one of their number to chair the meeting.
- (3) The person appointed to chair meetings of the directors shall have no functions or powers except those conferred by the articles or delegated to him or her by the directors.
- 39. (1) A resolution in writing or in electronic form agreed by a simple majority of all the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors and to vote upon the resolution shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors or (as the case may be) a committee of directors duly convened and held and provided that:
 - (a) a copy of the resolution is sent or submitted to all the directors eligible to vote; and
 - (b) a simple majority of directors has signified its agreement to the resolution in an authenticated document or documents which are received at the registered office within the period of 28 days beginning with the circulation date.
- (2) the resolution in writing may comprise several documents containing the text of the resolution in like form to each of which one or more directors has signified their agreement.

DELEGATION

- 40. (1) The directors may delegate any of their powers or functions to a committee of two or more directors but the terms of any delegation must be recorded in the minute book.
 - (2) The directors may impose conditions hen delegating, including the conditions that:
 - (a) the relevant powers are to be exercised exclusively by the committee to whom they delegate.
 - (b) no expenditure may be incurred on behalf of the charity except in accordance with a budget previously agreed with the directors.
 - (3) The directors may revoke or alter a delegation.

(4) All acts and proceedings of any committees must be fully and promptly reported to the directors.

DECLARATION OF DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

41. A director must declare the nature and extent of any interest direct or indirect, which he or she has in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the charity or in any transaction or arrangement entered into by the charity which has not previously been declared. A director must absent himself or herself from any discussions of the directors in which it is possible that a conflict will arise between his or her duty to act solely in the interests of the charity and any personal interest (including but not limited to any financial interest.)

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

- 42. (1) If a proposed decision of the directors is concerned with an actual or proposed transaction or arrangement with the company in which a director is interested, that director is not to be counted as participating in the decision-making process for quorum or voting purposes.
 - (2) But if paragraph (3) applies, a director who is interested in an actual or proposed transaction or arrangement with the company is to be counted as participating in the decision-making process for quorum and voting purposes.
 - (3) This paragraph applies when—
 - (a) the company by ordinary resolution disapplies the provision of the articles which would otherwise prevent a director from being counted as participating in the decision-making process;
 - (b) the director's interest cannot reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a conflict of interest; or
 - (c) the director's conflict of interest arises from a permitted cause.
 - (4) For the purposes of this article, the following are permitted causes—
 - (a) a guarantee given, or to be given, by or to a director in respect of an obligation incurred by or on behalf of the company or any of its subsidiaries;
 - (b) subscription, or an agreement to subscribe, for securities of the company or any of its subsidiaries, or to underwrite, sub-underwrite, or guarantee subscription for any such securities; and
 - (c) arrangements pursuant to which benefits are made available to employees and directors or former employees and directors of the company or any of its subsidiaries which do not provide special benefits for directors or former directors.

- (5) For the purposes of this article, references to proposed decisions and decision-making processes include any directors' meeting or part of a directors' meeting.
- (6) Subject to paragraph (7), if a question arises at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors as to the right of a director to participate in the meeting (or part of the meeting) for voting or quorum purposes, the question may, before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the chairman whose ruling in relation to any director other than the chairman is to be final and conclusive.
- (7) If any question as to the right to participate in the meeting (or part of the meeting) should arise in respect of the chairman, the question is to be decided by a decision of the directors at that meeting, for which purpose the chairman is not to be counted as participating in the meeting (or that part of the meeting) for voting or quorum purposes.

VALIDITY OF DIRECTORS' DECISONS

- 43. (1) Subject to article 43(2), all acts done by a meeting of directors, or of a committee of directors, shall be valid notwithstanding the participation in any vote of a director:
 - (a) who was disqualified from holding office;
 - (b) who had previously retired or who had been obliged by the constitution to vacate office;
 - (c) who was not entitled to vote on the matter, whether by reason of a conflict of interests or otherwise;

If without:

- (d) the vote of that director; and
- (e) that director being counted in the quorum;

The decision has been made by a majority of the directors at a quorate meeting.

(2) Article 43(1) does not permit a director or a connected person to keep any benefit that may be conferred upon him by a resolution of the directors or of a committee of directors if, but for article 46(1), the resolution would have been void, or if the director has not complied with article 42.

SEAL

44. If the charity has seal it must only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of directors. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the secretary (if any) or by a second director.

MINUTES

- 45. The directors must keep minutes of all;
 - (1) appointments of officers made by the directors;
 - (2) proceedings at meetings of the charity;
 - (3) meetings of the directors and committees of directors including;
 - (a) the names of the directors present at the meeting;
 - (b) the decisions made at the meetings; and
 - (c) where appropriate the reasons for the decisions.

ACCOUNTS

- 46. (1) The directors must prepare for each financial year accounts as required by the Companies Acts. The accounts must be prepared to show a true and fair view and follow accounting standards issued or adopted by the Financial Reporting Council and adhere to the recommendations of applicable Financial Reporting Standards.
 - (2) The directors must keep accounting records as required by the Companies Acts.

ANNUAL REPORT AND CONFIRMATION STATEMENT AND REGISTER OF CHARITIES

- 47. (1) The directors must comply with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011 with regard to the:
 - (a) transmission of the statements of account to the Charity Commission;
 - (b) preparation fo an Annual Report and its transmission to the Commission;
 - (c) preparation of an Annual Return and its transmission to the Commission
 - (2) the directors must notify the Commission promptly of any changes to the charity's entry on the Central Register of Charities.

MEANS OF COMMUNICATION TO BE USED

48. (1)Subject to the articles, anything sent or supplied by or to the charity under the articles may be sent or supplied in any way in which the Companies Act 2006 provides for documents or information which are authorised or required by any provision of that Act to be sent or supplied by or to the charity.

- (2) Subject to the articles, any notice or document to be sent or supplied to a director in connection with the taking of decisions by directors may also be sent or supplied by the means by which that director has asked to be sent or supplied with such notices or documents for the time being.
- 49. Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the articles:
 - (1) must be in writing; or
 - (2 must be given in electronic form.
- 50. (1) the charity may give any notice to a member either:
 - (a) personally; or
 - (b) by sending it by post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member at his or her address;
 - (c) or by leaving it at the address of the member; or
 - (d) by giving it in electronic form to the member's address.
- 51. A member present in person at any meeting of the charity shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and of the purposes for which it was called.
- 52. (1) Proof that an envelope containing a notice was properly addressed, prepaid and posted shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given.
 - (2) Proof that an electronic form of notice was given shall be conclusive where the company can demonstrate that it was properly addressed and sent, in accordance with section 1147 of the Companies Act 2006.
 - (3) In accordance with section 1147 of the Companies Act 2006, notice shall be deemed to be given:
 - (a) 48 hours after the envelope containing it was posted; or
 - (b) in the case of an electronic form of communication, 48 hours after it was sent.

INDEMNITY

53. (1) The charity shall indemnify every director against any liability incurred in successfully defending legal proceedings in that capacity, or in connection with any

- application in which relief is granted by the Court from liability for negligence, default, or breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the charity.
- (2) In this article a "relevant director" means any director or former director of the charity.
- 54. The charity may indemnify an auditor against any liability incurred by him or her or it
 - (1) In defending proceedings (whether civil or criminal) in which judgement is given in his or her or its favour or he or she or it is acquitted; or
 - (2) In connection with an application under section 1157 of the Companies act 2006 (power of Court to grant relief in case of honest and reasonable conduct) in which relief is granted to him or her or it by the Court.

RULES

- 55. (1) The directors may from time to time make such reasonable an proper rules or bylaws as they may deem necessary or expedient for the proper conduct and management of the charity.
 - (2) The bylaws may regulate the following matters but are not restricted to them:
 - (a) the admission of members of the charity (including the admission of organisations to membership) and the rights and privileges of such members, and the entrance fees, subscriptions and other fees or payments to be made by members;
 - (b) the conduct of members of the charity in relation to one another, and to the charity's employees and volunteers;
 - (c) the setting aside of the whole or any part or parts of the charity's premises at any particular time or times or for any particular purpose or purposes;
 - (d) the procedure at general meetings and meetings of the directors in so far as such procedure is not regulated by the Companies Acts or by the articles;
 - (e) generally, all such matters as are commonly the subject matter of company rules.
 - (3)The charity in general meeting has the power to alter, add to or repeal the rules or bylaws.
 - (4) The directors must adopt such means as they think sufficient to bring the rules and bylaws to the notice of members of the charity.
 - (5) the rules or bylaws shall be binding on all members of the charity. No rule or bylaw shall be inconsistent with, or shall affect or repeal anything contained in the articles.

DISSOLUTION

- 56. (1) The members of the charity may at any time before, and in expectation of, its dissolution resolve that any net assets of the charity after all its debts and liabilities have been paid, or provision has been made for them, shall on or before the dissolution of the charity be applied or transferred in any of the following ways:
 - (a) directly for the Objects; or
 - (b) by transfer to any charity or charities for purposes similar to the Objects; or
 - (c) to any charity or charities for use for particular purposes that fall within the Objects.
 - (2) subject to any such resolution of the members of the charity, the directors of the charity may at any time before and in expectation of its dissolution resolve that any net assets of the charity after all its debts and liabilities have been paid, or provision made for tem, shall on or before dissolution of the charity be applied or transferred:
 - (a) directly for the Objects; or
 - (b) by transfer to any charity or charities for purposes similar to the Objects; or
 - (c) to any charity or charities for use for particular purposes that fall within the Objects.
 - (3) In no circumstances shall the net assets of the charity be paid to or distributed among the members of the charity (except to a member that is itself a charity) and if no resolution in accordance with article 56(1) is passed by the members or the directors, the net assets of the charity shall be applied for charitable purposes as directed by the Court of the Commission.

Name of Each Subscriber	Authentication by Each Subscriber
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