Registered number: 10985508

# MAGVENTURE LTD UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

# Magventure Ltd Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 December 2019

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### Magventure Ltd Balance Sheet As at 31 December 2019

Registered number: 10985508

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	4	_	33,568	_	24,742
			_		
			33,568		24,742
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	5	75,052		53,934	
Debtors	6	451,130		105,158	
Cash at bank and in hand		10,311		30,029	
			_		
		536,493		189,121	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	7	(719,604)	-	(290,116)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		-	(183,111)	-	(100,995)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		-	(149,543)	-	(76,253)
NET LIABILITIES		=	(149,543)	=	(76,253)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	9		100		100
Profit and Loss Account		_	(149,643)	_	(76,353)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		• •	(149,543)	- -	(76,253)

## Magventure Ltd Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 December 2019

For the year ending 31 December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### **Director's responsibilities**

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

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#### Mr Stig Wanding Andersen

Director

27/04/2020

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

### Magventure Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 December 2019

#### 1. Accounting Policies

#### 1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

#### Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

#### Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

#### 1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery 2 - 5 years

Motor Vehicles 4 years

Computer Equipment 3 years

#### 1.4. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

### Magventure Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 December 2019

#### 1.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

#### 2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows:

	2019	2018
Sales, marketing and distribution	3	2
	3	2
·		

# Magventure Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 December 2019

4. Tangible Assets		
		Plant & Machinery etc.
		£
Cost		
As at 1 January 2019		32,378
Additions		24,988
As at 31 December 2019		57,366 
Depreciation		
As at 1 January 2019		7,636
Provided during the period		16,162
As at 31 December 2019		23,798
Net Book Value		
As at 31 December 2019		33,568
As at 1 January 2019		24,742
5. Stocks		
	2019	2018
	£	£
Stock - finished goods	75,052 ————————————————————————————————————	53,934
	75,052	53,934
6. <b>Debtors</b>		
	2019	2018
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	413,162	84,894
Prepayments and accrued income	4,644	2,656
	417,806	87,550
Due after more than one year	22.224	17.600
Deferred tax current asset	33,324	17,608
	33,324	17,608
	451,130	105,158

### Magventure Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 December 2019

#### 7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade creditors	153	198,404
Other taxes and social security	2,078	1,333
VAT	19,634	10,595
Other creditors	364	-
Accruals and deferred income	28,113	4,443
Amounts owed to group undertakings	669,262	75,341
	719,604	290,116

#### 8. Deferred Taxation

The deferred tax debtor represents taxation on losses generated to date. It is expected that the losses will be utilised to reduce the tax payable in future periods.

#### 9. Share Capital

			2019	2018
Allotted, Called up and fully paid		_	100	100
	Value	= Number	2019	2018
Allotted and called up	£		£	£
Ordinary Shares	1.00	100	100	100

#### 10. Parent Undertaking and Controlling Party

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Magventure A/S, a company incorporated in Denmark, which holds 100% of the issued share capital of Magventure Ltd. Magventure A/S is controlled by Stig Wanding Andersen who is therefore the ultimate controlling party of Magventure Ltd.

#### 11. General Information

Magventure Ltd Registered number 10985508 is a limited by shares company incorporated in England & Wales. The Registered Office is 17-18 Aylesbury Street, London, EC1R 0DB.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.