Report of the Directors and

Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

for

Amber Energy Storage Limited

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Amber Energy Storage Limited

Company Information for the year ended 31 December 2020

DIRECTORS:

H L Blaney

G J Frost
M J Gregory
M E Mann
T O'Shaughnessy

SECRETARY:

Ms A E Woods

REGISTERED OFFICE:

3 More London Riverside

London SE1 2 AQ

REGISTERED NUMBER:

10966368 (England and Wales)

SENIOR STATUTORY AUDITOR:

Claire Johnson

AUDITOR:

Ernst & Young LLP Statutory Auditor

London

Report of the Directors for the year ended 31 December 2020

The directors present their report with the financial statements of Amber Energy Storage Limited ("the company") for the year ended 31 December 2020.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of a holding company, investing in underlying group companies with a focus on battery energy storage system.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The results for the year ended 31 December 2020 and the financial position of the company are shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on page 6 and the Statement of Financial Position on page 7.

Both the level of business and the year-end financial positions were in line with budgets and expectations.

The Report of the Directors has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: Nil).

GOING CONCERN

The company exists to hold investments in subsidiary undertakings with a focus on battery energy storage systems. The directors have reviewed the cash flow forecasts of the underlying operating subsidiary covering a period to 31 December 2022 from the date of approval of these financial statements which indicate that, taking account of any possible downsides, the subsidiary will have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities as they fall due for that period. The company's principal activity is that of a holding entity and it does not bear any costs. The directors have considered the investment value held in the subsidiary undertaking and based on forecasts, do not believe any impairment is necessary. Although the Company is in a net current liability position, the Company has continued support from the Amber Group and any debts payable on demand will not be recalled before 31 December 2022 following financial statement approval.

Based on the confirmation received from the fellow group undertaking and after making enquiries, the directors have at the time of approving the financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence by meeting its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future (being for a period to 31 December 2022). Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The business and activities of the company are not expected to change materially in the foreseeable future from that of an investment company.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2020 to the date of this report.

H L Blaney G J Frost M J Gregory M E Mann T O'Shaughnessy

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the Directors (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2020

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditor is unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

M J Gregory - Director

Date: 28 September 2021

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Amber Energy Storage Limited (Registered number: 10966368)

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Amber Energy Storage Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2020 which comprise the Statement of comprehensive income, the Statement of financial position, the Statement of changes in equity and the related notes 1 to 11, including a summary of significant accounting policies, The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of it's result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of 15 months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report. However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemptions in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Amber Energy Storage Limited (continued)

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect irregularities, including fraud. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with both those charged with governance of the entity and management.

Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect irregularities, including fraud. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with both those charged with governance of the entity and management.

Our approach was as follows:

- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the company and determined that the most significant are those that relate to the reporting framework (FRS 102 and the Companies Act 2006) and the relevant direct and indirect tax compliance regulation in the United Kingdom.
- We understood how the company is complying with those frameworks by making enquiries of management to understand how the company maintains and communicates its policies and procedures in these areas, and corroborated this by reviewing supporting documentation including the Amber Infrastructure Group's Employee Handbook and Risk Management Policy. We also reviewed correspondence with relevant authorities.
- In addition to the above, based on this understanding we designed our audit procedures to identify non-compliance with such laws and regulations. Our procedures involved: inquiries of management (and where applicable those charged with governance), review of Board minutes; and obtaining written representations.
- We assessed the susceptibility of the Company's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur. We performed the following procedures to support our understanding: meeting with management to understand where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud; determining which account balances are subjective in nature; understanding the company's key performance indicators and considering the processes and controls which the company has established to prevent and detect fraud, and how those controls are monitored.
- Where the risk was considered higher, we performed audit procedures to address each identified fraud risk or other risk of material misstatement. In addition, we incorporated data analytics into our testing of manual journals. We tested journals identified by specific risk criteria back to source documentation or independent confirmation, ensuring appropriate authorisation of the transactions

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Emst & Young LLP

Claire Johnson (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP Statutory Auditor London

Date: 28 September 2021

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 December 2020

	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
TURNOVER		 :	
OPERATING PROFIT	4		
RESULT BEFORE TAXATION		-	-
Tax on result	5	<u>-</u>	
RESULT FOR THE FINANCIAL Y	EAR	-	-
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCO	ME	<u>-</u> -	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOMPREHENSIVE INCOMPREHE	ME FOR		<u>-</u>

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the current year or previous year.

Statement of Financial Position

31 December 2020

	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
FIXED ASSETS Investments	6	1,165,380	1,165,380
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	1	1
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	8	(102)	(102)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(101)	(101)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,165,279	1,165,279
CAPITAL		1.165.250	1.165.270
Called up share capital SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS	9	1,165,279 1,165,279	1,165,279 1,165,279

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 28 September 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

M E Mann - Director

M J Gregory - Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 December 2020

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity
Balance at 1 January 2019	1,165,279	-	1,165,279
Total comprehensive income	-	<u>-</u>	
Balance at 31 December 2019	1,165,279		1,165,279
Total comprehensive income	-	_:	
Balance at 31 December 2020	1,165,279	_	1,165,279

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2020

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Amber Energy Storage Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The Registered Office is 3 More London Riverside, London, SE1 2AQ.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with UK Accounting Standards, and are presented in pound sterling which is the presentational and functional currency of the company and no rounding has been applied.

Statement of Compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 and the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Financial Reporting Standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows; and
- the requirement of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about Amber Infrastructure Group Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company is exempt under Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirements to prepare consolidated financial statements as it and its subsidiary undertaking are included by full consolidation in the consolidated financial statements of its ultimate parent, Amber Infrastructure Group Holdings Limited, a company registered in England. Copies of the consolidated financial statements of Amber Infrastructure Group Holdings Limited can be obtained from 3 More London Riverside, London, SE1 2AQ.

Going concern

The company exists to hold investments in subsidiary undertakings with a focus on battery energy storage systems. The directors have reviewed the cash flow forecasts of the underlying operating subsidiary covering a period to 31 December 2022 from the date of approval of these financial statements which indicate that, taking account of any possible downsides, the subsidiary will have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities as they fall due for that period. The company's principal activity is that of a holding entity and it does not bear any costs. The directors have considered the investment value held in the subsidiary undertaking and based on forecasts, do not believe any impairment is necessary. Although the Company is in a net current liability position, the Company has continued support from the Amber Group and any debts payable on demand will not be recalled before 31 December 2022 following financial statement approval.

Based on the confirmation received from the fellow group undertaking and after making enquiries, the directors have at the time of approving the financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence by meeting its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future (being for a period to 31 December 2022). Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Short term debtors and creditors

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivables or payables within one year are recorded at the transaction price.

Taxation

Current tax, including United Kingdom Corporation tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the Statement of Financial Position date.

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the Statement of Financial Position date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the Statement of Financial Position date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by Statement of Financial Position date. Deferred tax assets are not discounted.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2020

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the statement of financial position date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. The following judgement and estimate has had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Investments

Investments are stated at cost less any provision for impairment in value. The company reviews the investment values for any indication of impairment by reviewing the underlying cashflow models and forecasts.

3. STAFF COSTS

There were no employees during the year and therefore there were no staff costs for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: £Nil).

The Directors received no salary, fees or other benefits in the performance of their duties in respect of their services to the company for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: £Nil).

4. OPERATING PROFIT

Auditor's remuneration of £3,630 for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: £2,600) will be borne by another company within the group.

5. TAXATION

Analysis of the tax charge

No liability to UK corporation tax arose for the year ended 31 December 2020 nor for the year ended 31 December 2019.

Factors that may affect future tax charges

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 19% to 17% (effective from 1 April 2020) was substantively enacted on 6 September 2016. An increase in the UK corporation tax rate from 17% to 19% (effective from 1 April 2020) was substantively enacted on 17 March 2020, and deferred tax as at 31 December 2020 has been calculated based on this rate (2019: 17%). An increase in the UK corporation tax rate from 19% to 25% for companies with taxable profits in excess of £250,000 (effective 1 April 2023) was substantively enacted on 24 May 2021. This rate increase will have a consequential effect on the company's future tax charge.

Deferred tax

There is no deferred tax, provided or unprovided, within these financial statements (2019: £Nil).

6. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

			Interest in other participating interests £
COST			
At 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020			1,165,380
NET BOOK VALUE	•		
At 31 December 2020			1,165,380
4-21 B			1.165.000
At 31 December 2019			<u>1,165,380</u>
Interest in subsidiary undertakings are detailed below:			
		Ordinary £1	
	Nature of Business	shares	Ownership
Amber Energy Storage XL Limited	Dormant	1	100%
Amber Energy Storage Two Limited	Holding Company	1,165,378	100%
Andre E. G. Th. G. Till I	77.11° C	•	1000/
Amber Energy Storage Three Crown Limited	Holding Company	1	100%

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31 December 2020

7.	DEBTORS: A	MOUNTS FALLING DUE WITH	IN ONE YEAR	2020	2019
	Amounts owed	by group undertakings		£ <u>1</u>	£ _1
	Amounts owed	by group undertakings are non-inter	est bearing and repayable on deman	d.	
8.	CREDITORS	: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WIT	THIN ONE YEAR	2020	2019
	Amounts owed	to group undertakings		£ 102	£ 102
	Amounts due to	o group undertakings are non-interest	bearing and repayable on demand.		
9.	CALLED UP	SHARE CAPITAL			
	Allotted, issued Number:	l and fully paid: Class:	Nominal	2020	2019
	1,165,279	Ordinary Shares	value: £1	£ 1,165,279	£ 1,165,279
10.	RESERVES				Retained earnings
	At 1 January 20 Result for the y				£ -
	At 31 December	er 2020			

11. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The directors regard Amber Investment Holdings Limited, an English Limited Company, as the immediate parent company and Hunt Companies Inc, a Delaware Corporation, as the ultimate controlling party.

Amber Infrastructure Group Holdings Limited is the parent undertaking of the smallest group of companies that produces consolidated accounts that are publicly available. Hunt Amber Holdings US, LLC is the highest level parent entity that produces consolidated accounts that are publicly available and can be obtained from Hunt Amber Holdings US, LLC's registered office, 1675 S. State Street, Suite B, Dover, Delaware 19901, USA.