LEARNING HIVE LTD

Filleted Accounts

30 June 2023

LEARNING HIVE LTD

Registered number: 10861621

Balance Sheet

as at 30 June 2023

N	lotes		2023		2022
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		26,968		10,400
Current assets					
Debtors	4	11,500		-	
Cash at bank and in hand		27,367		94,935	
	_	38,867	_	94,935	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	5	(60,791)		(89,598)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets	_		(21,924)		5,337
Net assets		_	5,044	_	15,737
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			400		400
Profit and loss account			4,644		15,337
Shareholders' funds			5,044	<u> </u>	15,737

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Atif Hussain

Director

Approved by the board on 8 December 2023

LEARNING HIVE LTD

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 30 June 2023

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment

33% reducing balance basis

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the

reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees		2023	2022
			Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the com	8	13	
3	Tangible fixed assets			
		Improvement	Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 July 2022	-	11,175	11,175
	Additions	20,000		20,000
	At 30 June 2023	20,000	11,175	31,175
	Depreciation			
	At 1 July 2022	-	775	775
	Charge for the year	-	3,432	3,432
	At 30 June 2023		4,207	4,207
	Net book value			
	At 30 June 2023	20,000	6,968	26,968
	At 30 June 2022	-	10,400	10,400
4	Debtors		2023	2022
			£	£
	Prepaid expenses		11,500	
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2023	2022
			£	£
	Taxation and social security costs		48,370	61,482
	Other creditors		12,421	28,116
			60,791	89,598

6 Other information

LEARNING HIVE LTD is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:
150-152 Cassland Road
London
E9 5DA

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.