
THE COMPANIES ACT 2006
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
NEW ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF
GRIFFIN FINANCIAL TECHNOLOGY LTD.

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THE COMPANIES ACT 2006
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
NEW

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

GRIFFIN FINANCIAL TECHNOLOGY LTD.

(Adopted by a special resolution passed on 10 AUGUST 2020)

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 The model articles for private companies limited by shares contained or incorporated in Schedule 1 to the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (SI 2008/3229) as amended prior to the date of adoption of these articles (the "Model Articles") shall apply to the Company, save insofar as they are varied or excluded by, or are inconsistent with, the following articles.

1.2 In these Articles and the Model Articles any reference to any statutory provision shall be deemed to include a reference to each and every statutory amendment, modification, re-enactment and extension thereof for the time being in force.

1.3 In these Articles:

- (a) article headings are used for convenience only and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of these Articles;
- (b) words denoting the singular include the plural and vice versa and reference to one gender includes the other gender and neuter and vice versa;
- (c) Articles 8(2), 9(4), 10(3), 11(2), 13, 14, 17(2), 17(3), 19, 21, 26(5), 28, 29, 30(5) to (7) (inclusive), 44(4), 52 and 53 of the Model Articles shall not apply to the Company;
- (d) reference to "issued Shares" of any class shall exclude any Shares of that class held as Treasury Shares from time to time, unless stated otherwise;
- (e) reference to the "holders" of Shares or a class of Share shall exclude the Company holding Treasury Shares from time to time, unless stated otherwise; and
- (f) the words and expressions defined in sections 1159, 1161 and 1162 of the Act have the same respective meanings in this agreement, save that a company is to be treated as a member of another company for the purposes of sections 1159(1)(b) and (c) of the Companies Act even if its shares are registered in the name of:
 - (i) its nominee or any other person acting on its behalf; or
 - (ii) another person by way of security over those shares.

2. DEFINITIONS

In these Articles the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings:

"Act" means the Companies Act 2006 (as amended from time to time);

"Acting in Concert" has the meaning given to it in The City Code on Takeovers and Mergers published by the Panel on Takeovers and Mergers (as amended from time to time); "Anti-Dilution Shares" has the meaning given in Article 10.1;

"Amended and Restated Shareholders' Agreement" means the amended and restated shareholders' agreement relating to the Company entered into between (1) the Investors (as defined therein), (2) the Founders and (3) the Company on or about the date of adoption of these Articles;

"Arrears" means in relation to any Share, all arrears of any dividend or other sums payable in respect of that Share;

"Asset Sale" means the disposal by the Company of all or substantially all of its undertaking and assets (and, for these purposes, the grant by the Company of an exclusive licence of intellectual property not entered into in the ordinary course of business on terms that the Company may not use that intellectual property shall be considered a disposal of those intellectual property rights);

"Associate" in relation to any person means:

- (a) any person who is an associate of that person, and the question of whether a person is an associate of another is to be determined in accordance with section 435 of the Insolvency Act 1986 and (whether or not an associate as so determined);
- (b) any Member of the same Group; or
- (c) any Member of the same Fund Group;

"Auditors" means either the auditors of the Company from time to time or, if no auditor has been appointed by the Company, the Company's accountants from time to time;

"Authorisation Application" means the Company's application for permission under Part 4A of the FSMA to carry on the regulated activity of accepting deposits;

"Available Profits" means profits available for distribution within the meaning of Part 23 of the Act;

"Bad Leaver" means: (i) a Founder who ceases to be an Employee at any time during the Relevant Period as a consequence of that person's dismissal as an Employee for cause, where "cause" shall mean the lawful termination of that person's contract of employment or consultancy without notice or payment in lieu of notice as a consequence of that person's

gross misconduct; or (ii) a Founder who breaches either (a) a covenant given to the Company and/or certain shareholders not to compete with the business of the Company; and/or (b) any of the covenants as set out in clauses 11.1(a) or 11.1(b) of the Amended and Restated Shareholders' Agreement, SAVE THAT the Board (with Investor Majority Consent) may determine that a Founder is not a Bad Leaver;

"Board" means the board of Directors and any committee of the board constituted for the purpose of taking any action or decision contemplated by these Articles;

"Bonus Issue" or "Reorganisation" means any return of capital, bonus issue of shares or other securities of the Company by way of capitalisation of profits or reserves (other than a capitalisation issue in substitution for or as an alternative to a cash dividend which is made available to the holders of Preferred Shares) or any consolidation or sub-division or any repurchase or redemption of shares (other than Preferred Shares) or any variation in the subscription price or conversion rate applicable to any other outstanding shares of the Company in each case other than shares issued as a result of the events set out in Article 13.7;

"Business Day" means a day on which English clearing banks are ordinarily open for the transaction of normal banking business in the City of London (other than a Saturday or Sunday);

"Cancelled Shares" means cancelled shares of £0.0000001 each in the capital of the Company from time to time;

"Civil Partner" means in relation to a Shareholder, a civil partner (as defined in the Civil Partnership Act 2004) of the Shareholder;

"Company" means Griffin Financial Technology Ltd.;

"Company's Lien" has the meaning given in Article 36.1;

"Conditions" has the meaning given in Article 9.1;

"Controlling Interest" means an interest in shares giving to the holder or holders control of the Company within the meaning of section 1124 of the CTA 2010;

"Conversion Date" has the meanings given in Article 9.1;

"CTA 2010" means the Corporation Tax Act 2010;

"Date of Adoption" means the date in August 2020 on which these Articles were adopted;

"Director(s)" means a director or directors of the Company from time to time;

"Effective Termination Date" means the date on which the Founder's employment or consultancy terminates (as applicable);

"electronic address" has the same meaning as in section 333 of the Act;

"electronic form" and "electronic means" have the same meaning as in section 1168 of the Act;

"Eligible Director" means a Director who would be entitled to vote on a matter had it been proposed as a resolution at a meeting of the Directors;

"Employee" means an individual who is employed or appointed by, or who provides consultancy services to or is otherwise engaged by, the Company or any member of the Group;

"Employee Shares" means in respect of each Founder, 11,250,000 Ordinary Shares held by him on the Date of Adoption, being 75% of the Ordinary Shares held by him;

"Encumbrance" means any mortgage, charge, security, interest, lien, pledge, assignment by way of security, equity, claim, right of pre-emption, option, covenant, restriction, reservation, lease, trust, order, decree, judgment, title defect (including without limitation any retention of title claim), conflicting claim of ownership or any other encumbrance of any nature whatsoever (whether or not perfected other than liens arising by operation of law);

"EQT Ventures" means EQT Ventures II Investments S.à r.l., with business address 26A Boulevard Royal, L-2449 Luxembourg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, and registered with the commercial and companies' register (Registre de Commerce et des Sociétés) of Luxembourg under register number B234616 and/or its Permitted Transferee or its appointed manager EQT Fund Management S.à r.l.;

"Equity Securities" has the meaning given in sections 560(1) to (3) inclusive of the Act and for the avoidance of doubt an allotment of Equity Securities includes a transfer of shares which immediately before such transfer were held by the Company as Treasury Shares;

"Equity Shares" means the Shares other than the Cancelled Shares;

"Exercising Investor" has the meaning given in Article 10.1;

"Exit" means a Share Sale, an Asset Sale or an IPO;

"Expert Valuer" is as determined in accordance with Article 17.2;

"Fair Value" is as determined in accordance with Article 17;

"Family Trusts" means as regards any particular individual member or deceased or former individual member, trusts (whether arising under a settlement, declaration of trust or other instrument by whomsoever or wheresoever made or under a testamentary disposition or on an intestacy) under which no immediate beneficial interest in any of the shares in question is for the time being vested in any person other than the individual and/or Privileged Relations of that individual; and so that for this purpose a person shall be considered to be beneficially interested in a share if such share or the income thereof is liable to be transferred or paid or applied or appointed to or for the benefit of such person or any voting or other rights attaching thereto are exercisable by or as directed by such

person pursuant to the terms of the relevant trusts or in consequence of an exercise of a power or discretion conferred thereby on any person or persons;

"FCA" means the Financial Conduct Authority and its successors from time to time;

"Founder Directors" means those directors of the Company nominated by a Founder under Article 28.1, as may be interpreted in accordance with Article 28.5;

"Founders" means David Jarvis and Allen Rohner and "Founder" means any one of them as the context requires;

"FSMA" means the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 as amended from time to time;

"Fund Manager" means a person whose principal business is to make, manage or advise upon investments in securities;

"Further Issue" has the meaning given in Article 10.6;

"Good Leaver" means a Founder who ceases to be an Employee at any time (other than a result of his or her, or any of his or her Privileged Relation's, death or any illness or disablement giving rise to permanent incapacity to continue in employment (as certified by an independent licenced medical practitioner)) and who is not a Bad Leaver, and includes (without limitation) where the Board, acting with Investor Majority Consent, determines that a person is not a Bad Leaver;

"Group" means the Company and its subsidiary undertaking(s) (if any) from time to time and "Group Company" shall be construed accordingly;

"hard copy form" has the same meaning as in section 1168 of the Act;

"Holding Company" means a newly formed holding company, pursuant to which the membership, pro-rata shareholdings and classes of shares comprised in such holding company match those of the Company (excluding Treasury Shares) immediately prior to the transfer of the issued share capital of the Company to such holding company;

"Investor Director" means the directors of the Company appointed under Article 28.2 and/or Article 28.3;

"Investor Majority" means the holders of more than 50 per cent of Preferred Shares (or Ordinary Shares derived therefrom) in issue from time to time;

"Investor Majority Consent" means the prior written consent of the Investor Majority;

"IPO" means the admission of all or any of the Shares or securities representing those shares (including, without limitation, depositary interests, American depositary receipts, American depositary shares and/or other instruments) to trading on NASDAQ or the Official List of the United Kingdom Listing Authority or the AIM Market operated by the London Stock Exchange Plc or any other recognised investment exchange (as defined in section 285 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000) (as amended);

"ITEPA" means Income Tax (Earnings and Pensions) Act 2003;

"Lien Enforcement Notice" has the meaning given in Article 36.3;

"Major Investor" means the Founders and each Shareholder who has invested at least £75,000 into the Company;

"a Member of the same Fund Group" means, if the Shareholder is a fund, partnership, company, syndicate or other entity whose business is managed by a Fund Manager (an "Investment Fund") or is a nominee of that Investment Fund:

- (a) any participant or partner in, provider of finance, or member of any such Investment Fund or the holders of any unit trust which is a participant or partner in or member of any Investment Fund (but only in connection with the dissolution of the Investment Fund or any distribution of assets of the Investment Fund pursuant to the operation of the Investment Fund in the ordinary course of business);
- (b) any trustee, nominee or custodian of such Investment Fund and vice versa but only in that capacity;
- (c) any private equity or venture capital fund now or hereafter existing that is advised or managed by such Shareholder's Fund Manager; or
- (d) a transferee of all or a significant portion of the portfolio of investments in connection with the dissolution of the relevant Investment Fund;

"a Member of the same Group" means as regards any company, a company which is from time to time a parent undertaking or a subsidiary undertaking of that company or a subsidiary undertaking of any such parent undertaking;

"NASDAQ" means the NASDAQ Global Market of the NASDAQ OMX Group Inc.;

"New Securities" means any shares or other securities convertible into, or carrying the right to subscribe for, those shares issued by the Company after the Date of Adoption (other than shares or securities issued as a result of the events set out in Article 13.7), excluding for the avoidance of doubt any Treasury Shares transferred by the Company after the Date of Adoption;

"Offer" has the meaning set out in Article 20.2;

"Offer Period" has the meaning set out in Article 20.3;

"Ordinary Majority Consent" means the prior written consent of the holders of at least 50 per cent of the Ordinary Shares in issue from time to time (other than any Ordinary Shares arising on conversion of any Preferred Shares);

"Ordinary Shares" means the ordinary shares of £0.0000001 each in the capital of the Company from time to time;

"Original Shareholder" has the meaning set out in Article 15.1;

"Permitted Transfer" means a transfer of Shares in accordance with Article 15;

"Permitted Transferee" means:

- (a) in relation to a Shareholder who is an individual, any of his Privileged Relations, Trustees or Qualifying Companies;
- (b) in relation to a Shareholder which is a Family Trust or its trustees, any of the direct beneficiaries of such Family Trust;
- (c) in relation to a Shareholder which is an undertaking (as defined in section 1161(1) of the Act), any Member of the same Group;
- (d) in relation to a Shareholder which is an Investment Fund, any Member of the same Fund Group; and
- (e) any transfer with Investor Majority Consent and Ordinary Majority Consent;

"PRA" means the Prudential Regulation Authority and its successors from time to time;

"Preference Amount" means the price per Preferred Share equal to the amount paid up or credited as paid up (including premium) for such share together, where applicable, with a sum equal to any Arrears;

"Preferred Shares" means the Seed Shares and the Seed II Shares;

"Privileged Relation" means, in relation to a Shareholder who is an individual member or deceased or former member, a spouse, Civil Partner, child or grandchild (including step or adopted or illegitimate child and their issue);

"Proceeds of Sale" means the consideration payable (including any deferred consideration), whether in cash or otherwise, to those Shareholders selling Shares under a Share Sale and in respect of any consideration payable otherwise in cash, shall be the amount certified by the Auditors (or, if the Auditors decline to act or are unable to act, an independent firm of accountants appointed by the Company), acting as experts and not as arbitrators, as being in their opinion the current cash value of that consideration;

"Proposed Purchaser" means a proposed purchaser who at the relevant time has made an offer on arm's length terms;

"Proposed Sale Date" has the meaning given in Article 20.3;

"Proposed Sale Notice" has the meaning given in Article 20.3;

"Proposed Sale Shares" has the meaning given in Article 20.3;

"Proposed Seller" means any person proposing to transfer any shares in the capital of the Company;

"Proposed Transfer" has the meaning given in Article 20.1;

"Qualifying Company" means a company in which a Shareholder or Trustee(s) holds the entire issued share capital and over which that Shareholder or Trustee(s) exercises control (within the meaning of section 1124 of the CTA 2010);

"Qualifying IPO" means an IPO in which the gross aggregate subscription amount in respect of new shares issued at the time of the IPO is not less than £30,000,000;

"Qualifying Issue" has the meaning given in Article 10.1;

"Qualifying Person" has the meaning given in section 318(3) of the Act;

"Relevant Interest" has the meaning set out in Article 31.5;

"Relevant Period" means the period ending 48 months from the Date of Adoption;

"Restricted Member" has the meaning set out in Article 19.6.

"Restricted Shares" has the meaning set out in Article 19.7.

"Sale Shares" has the meaning set out in Article 16.2(a);

"Seed Majority" means the holders of more than 50 per cent of Seed Shares in issue from time to time;

"Seed Shares" means the seed shares of £0.0000001 each in the capital of the Company from time to time;

"Seed II Majority" means the holders of more than 50 per cent of Seed II Shares in issue from time to time;

"Seed II Shares" means the seed II shares of £0.0000001 each in the capital of the Company from time to time;

"Seller" has the meaning set out in Article 16.2;

"Separately Priced Subset" has the meaning given in Article 10.8;

"Shareholder" means any holder of any Shares (but excludes the Company holding Treasury Shares);

"Share Option Plan(s)" means the share option plan(s) of the Company;

"Shares" means the Ordinary Shares, the Cancelled Shares and the Preferred Shares from time to time;

"Share Sale" means the sale of (or the grant of a right to acquire or to dispose of) any of the shares in the capital of the Company (in one transaction or as a series of transactions) which will result in the purchaser of those shares (or grantee of that right) and persons Acting in Concert with him together acquiring a Controlling Interest in the Company, except where following completion of the sale the shareholders and the proportion of shares held

by each of them are the same as the shareholders and their shareholdings in the Company immediately prior to the sale;

"Starting Price" means the price per Seed II Share equal to the amount paid up or credited as paid up (including premium) for such share (if applicable, adjusted as referred to in Article 10.4);

"Surplus Assets" has the meanings given in Article 5.1;

"Transfer Notice" shall have the meaning given in Article 16.2;

"Transfer Price" shall have the meaning given in Article 16.2(c);

"Treasury Shares" means shares in the capital of the Company held by the Company as treasury shares from time to time within the meaning set out in section 724(5) of the Act;

"Trustees" in relation to a Shareholder means the trustee or the trustees of a Family Trust; and

"Unvested Percentage" means, subject to Article 19.5, the percentage calculated using the formula below:

$$100 - \left(\left(\frac{1}{48} \times 100 \right) \times NM \right)$$

where NM = number of full calendar months from the Date of Adoption to the Effective Termination Date such that the Unvested Percentage shall be zero on the first day of the 49th month after the Date of Adoption and thereafter.

3. SHARE CAPITAL

- 3.1 In these Articles, unless the context requires otherwise, references to shares of a particular class shall include shares allotted and/or issued after the Date of Adoption and ranking pari passu in all respects (or in all respects except only as to the date from which those shares rank for dividend) with the shares of the relevant class then in issue.
- 3.2 Except as otherwise provided in these Articles, the Seed Shares, the Seed II Shares and the Ordinary Shares shall rank pari passu in all respects but shall constitute separate classes of shares.
- 3.3 Subject to the Act, the Company may purchase its own Shares to the extent permitted by section 692(1ZA) of the Act.
- 3.4 Paragraph (c) of article 24(2) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the replacement of the words "that the shares are fully paid; and" with the words "the amount paid up on them; and".
- 3.5 In article 25(2) of the Model Articles, the words "payment of a reasonable fee as the directors decide" in paragraph (c) shall be deleted and replaced by the words "payment of the expenses reasonably incurred by the Company in investigating evidence as the directors may determine".

3.6 For the avoidance of doubt, the Company shall not exercise any right in respect of any Treasury Shares, including, without limitation, any right to:

- (a) receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting of the Company;
- (b) receive or vote on any proposed written resolution; or
- (c) receive a dividend or other distribution,

save as otherwise permitted by section 726(4) of the Act.

4. DIVIDENDS

4.1 In respect of any financial year, the Company's Available Profits will be applied as set out in this Article 4.

4.2 Any Available Profits that the Company may determine to distribute in respect of any financial year will be distributed firstly to the holders of Cancelled Shares in the amount of £1.00 total per shareholder, with the remaining balance to be distributed among the holders of the Equity Shares pro rata to their respective holdings of Equity Shares.

4.3 Subject to the Act and these Articles, the Board may, provided Investor Majority Consent is given, pay interim dividends if justified by the Available Profits in respect of the relevant period.

4.4 Every dividend shall accrue on a daily basis assuming a 365-day year. All dividends are expressed net and shall be paid in cash.

4.5 There shall be deducted from any dividend paid to the holder of any share(s) that is (or are) nil paid or partly paid an amount equal to the aggregate amount outstanding in respect of payment for that (or those) share(s), and the Company shall apply that amount towards payment of the outstanding balance of the price payable on that (or those) share(s).

4.6 A capitalised sum which was appropriated from profits available for distribution may be applied in or towards paying up any sums unpaid on existing Shares held by the persons entitled to such capitalised sum.

4.7 If:

- (a) a Share is subject to the Company's Lien; and
- (b) the Directors are entitled to issue a Lien Enforcement Notice in respect of it,

they may, instead of issuing a Lien Enforcement Notice, deduct from any dividend or other sum payable in respect of the Share any sum of money which is payable to the Company by the holder of that Share to the extent that they are entitled to require payment under a Lien Enforcement Notice. Money so deducted shall be used to pay any of the sums payable in respect of that Share. The Company shall notify the distribution recipient in writing of:

- (i) the fact and sum of any such deduction;

- (ii) any non-payment of a dividend or other sum payable in respect of a Share resulting from any such deduction; and
- (iii) how the money deducted has been applied.

5. DISTRIBUTION WATERFALL

5.1 On a distribution of assets on a liquidation or a return of capital (other than a conversion, redemption, a reduction of capital or purchase of Shares) the surplus assets of the Company remaining after payment of its liabilities (the "Surplus Assets") shall be applied (to the extent that the Company is lawfully permitted to do so):

- (a) first, in paying to the holders of the Cancelled Shares (if any) a total of £1.00 for the entire class of Cancelled Shares (which payment shall be deemed satisfied by payment to any one holder of Cancelled Shares);
- (b) second, in paying to each of the holders of the Seed II Shares (acting together as a single class), in priority to the Seed Shares and the Ordinary Shares, the greater of:
 - (i) an amount per Seed II Share held equal to the Preference Amount (provided that if there are insufficient Surplus Assets to pay the amounts per share equal to the Preference Amount in full, the remaining Surplus Assets shall be distributed to the holders of Seed II Shares (acting together as a single class) pro rata to their respective entitlements under this Article 5.1(b)(i); or
 - (ii) an amount per Seed II Share held equivalent to that which the holders of Seed II Shares would have received in respect of those Seed II Shares had the Seed II Shares converted into Ordinary Shares immediately prior to such distribution and all Surplus Assets were distributed among the holders of Equity Shares (as the Equity Shares constituted a single class of share) pro rata to the number of Equity Shares held together with any Arrears;
- (c) third, in paying to each of the holders of the Seed Shares (acting together as a single class), in priority to the Ordinary Shares, the greater of:
 - (i) an amount per Seed Share held equal to the Preference Amount (provided that if there are insufficient Surplus Assets to pay the amounts per share equal to the Preference Amount in full, the remaining Surplus Assets shall be distributed to the holders of Seed Shares (acting together as a single class) pro rata to their respective entitlements under this Article 5.1(c)(i); or
 - (ii) an amount per Seed Share held equivalent to that which the holders of Seed Shares would have received in respect of those Seed Shares had the Seed Shares converted into Ordinary Shares immediately prior to such distribution and all Surplus Assets were distributed among the holders of Equity Shares (as the Equity Shares constituted a single class of share) pro rata to the number of Equity Shares held together with any Arrears; and

- (d) thereafter, the balance of the Surplus Assets (if any) shall be distributed among the holders of the Ordinary Shares in issue at the relevant time pro rata to their respective holdings of Ordinary Shares.

6. EXIT PROVISIONS

- 6.1 Unless otherwise determined by an Investor Majority, on a Share Sale the Proceeds of Sale shall be distributed in the order of priority set out in Article 5 and the Directors shall not register any transfer of Shares if the Proceeds of Sale are not so distributed, save in respect of any Shares not sold in connection with that Share Sale.
- 6.2 In the event that the Proceeds of Sale are distributed on more than one occasion (for any deferred or contingent consideration or otherwise), the consideration so distributed on any further occasion shall be paid by continuing the distribution from the previous distribution of consideration in the order of priority set out in Article 5.
- 6.3 Unless otherwise determined by an Investor Majority, on an Asset Sale the surplus assets of the Company remaining after payment of its liabilities shall be distributed (to the extent that the Company is lawfully permitted to do so) in the order of priority set out in Article 5.

7. VOTES IN GENERAL MEETING AND WRITTEN RESOLUTIONS

- 7.1 The Preferred Shares shall confer on each holder of Preferred Shares the right to receive notice of and to attend, speak and vote at all general meetings of the Company and to receive and vote on proposed written resolutions of the Company.
- 7.2 The Ordinary Shares shall confer on each holder of Ordinary Shares the right to receive notice of and to attend, speak and vote at all general meetings of the Company and to receive and vote on proposed written resolutions of the Company.
- 7.3 The Cancelled Shares (if any) shall not entitle the holders of them to receive notice of, to attend, to speak or to vote at any general meeting of the Company nor to receive or vote on, or otherwise constitute an eligible member for the purposes of, proposed written resolutions of the Company.
- 7.4 Where Shares confer a right to vote, on a show of hands each holder of such shares who (being an individual) is present in person or by proxy or (being a corporation) is present by a duly authorised representative or by proxy shall have one vote and on a poll each such holder so present shall have one vote for each Equity Share held by him.
- 7.5 No voting rights attached to a share which is nil paid or partly paid may be exercised:
 - (a) at any general meeting, at any adjournment of it or at any poll called at or in relation to it; or
 - (b) on any proposed written resolution,

unless all of the amounts payable to the Company in respect of that share have been paid.

8. CONSOLIDATION OF SHARES

- 8.1 Whenever as a result of a consolidation of Shares any Shareholders would become entitled to fractions of a Share, the Directors may, on behalf of those Shareholders, sell the Shares representing the fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable to any person (including, subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company) and distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among those Shareholders, and the Directors may authorise any person to execute an instrument of transfer of the Shares to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser. The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the Shares be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.
- 8.2 When the Company sub-divides or consolidates all or any of its Shares, the Company may, subject to the Act and to these Articles, by ordinary resolution determine that, as between the Shares resulting from the sub-division or consolidation, any of them may have any preference or advantage or be subject to any restriction as compared with the others.

9. CONVERSION OF PREFERRED SHARES

- 9.1 Any holder of Preferred Shares shall be entitled, by notice in writing to the Company, to require conversion into Ordinary Shares of all of the Preferred Shares held by them at any time and those Preferred Shares shall convert automatically on the date of such notice (the "Conversion Date"), provided that the holder may in such notice state that conversion of its Preferred Shares into Ordinary Shares is conditional upon the occurrence of one or more events (the "Conditions").
- 9.2 All Preferred Shares shall automatically convert into Ordinary Shares on the earliest of:
- (a) receipt by the Company of notice in writing from an Investor Majority at the date of such notice;
 - (b) the occurrence of a Qualifying IPO; or
 - (c) the day falling five Business Days after receipt by the Company of an 'approval in principle', 'minded to grant the application' or similar communication from the PRA in respect of the Authorisation Application,
- (the "Conversion Date").
- 9.3 In the case of: (i) Articles 9.1 or 9.2(a), not more than ten Business Days after the Conversion Date; or (ii) in the case of Article 9.2(b), at least five Business Days prior to the occurrence of the Qualifying IPO; or (iii) in the case of Article 9.2(c), not less than two Business Days after the Conversion Date, each holder of Preferred Shares shall deliver the certificate(s) (or an indemnity for lost certificate(s) in a form acceptable to the Board) in respect of the Preferred Shares being converted to the Company at its registered office for the time being.
- 9.4 Where conversion is mandatory on the occurrence of a Qualifying IPO, that conversion will be effective only immediately prior to and conditional upon such Qualifying IPO (and

"Conversion Date" shall be construed accordingly) and, if such Qualifying IPO does not become effective or does not take place, such conversion shall be deemed not to have occurred. In the event of a conversion under Article 9.1, if the Conditions have not been satisfied or waived by the relevant holder by the Conversion Date, such conversion shall be deemed not to have occurred.

- 9.5 On the Conversion Date, the Preferred Shares shall without further authority than is contained in these Articles stand converted into Ordinary Shares on the basis of one Ordinary Share for each Preferred Share held, and the Ordinary Shares resulting from that conversion shall in all other respects rank pari passu with the existing issued Ordinary Shares.
- 9.6 The Company shall on the Conversion Date enter the holder of the converted Preferred Shares on the register of members of the Company as the holder of the appropriate number of Ordinary Shares and, subject to the relevant holder delivering its certificate(s) (or an indemnity for lost certificate in a form acceptable to the Board) in respect of the Preferred Shares in accordance with this Article, the Company shall, within ten Business Days of the Conversion Date, forward to such holder of Preferred Shares by post to his address shown in the register of members, free of charge, a definitive certificate for the appropriate number of fully paid Ordinary Shares.

10. ANTI-DILUTION PROTECTION

- 10.1 If New Securities are issued by the Company at a price per New Security which equates to less than the Starting Price of any Separately Priced Subset (a "Qualifying Issue") (which, in the event that the New Security is not issued for cash, shall be a price certified by the Auditors acting as experts and not as arbitrators as being in their opinion the current cash value of the new consideration for the allotment of each New Security), then the Company shall, unless the Seed II Majority shall have specifically waived the rights of all of the holders of Seed II Shares, offer to each holder of Seed II Shares (the "Exercising Investor") a number of new Seed II Shares determined by applying the following formula (and rounding the product, N, down to the nearest whole share), subject to adjustment as certified in accordance with Article 10.4 (the "Anti-Dilution Shares"):

$$N = \left(\left(\frac{SIP}{WA} \right) \times Z \right) - Z$$

- 10.2 Where:

N = Number of Anti-Dilution Shares to be issued to the Exercising Investor;

$$WA = \frac{(SIP \times ESC) + (QISP \times NS)}{(ESC + NS)}$$

SIP = Starting Price;

ESC = the number of Equity Shares in issue plus the aggregate number of shares in respect of which options to subscribe have been granted, or which are subject to convertible securities (including but not limited to warrants) in each case immediately prior to the Qualifying Issue;

QISP = the lowest per share price of the New Securities issued pursuant to the Qualifying Issue (which, in the event that that New Security is not issued for cash, shall be the sum certified by the Auditors acting as experts and not arbitrators as being in their opinion the current cash value of the non-cash consideration for the allotment of the New Security);

NS = the number of New Securities issued pursuant to the Qualifying Issue; and

Z = the number of Seed II Shares held by the Exercising Investor prior to the Qualifying Issue.

10.3 The Anti-Dilution Shares shall:

- (a) be paid up by the automatic capitalisation of available reserves of the Company, unless and to the extent that the same shall be impossible or unlawful or a Seed II Majority shall agree otherwise, in which event the Exercising Investors shall be entitled to subscribe for the Anti-Dilution Shares in cash at par and the entitlement of such Exercising Investors to Anti-Dilution Shares shall be increased by adjustment to the formula set out in Article 10.1 so that the Exercising Investors shall be in no worse position than if they had not so subscribed at par. In the event of any dispute between the Company and any Exercising Investor as to the effect of Article 10.1 or this Article 10.3, the matter shall be referred (at the cost of the Company) to the Auditors for certification of the number of Anti-Dilution Shares to be issued. The Auditor's certification of the matter shall in the absence of manifest error be final and binding on the Company and the Exercising Investor; and
- (b) subject to the payment of any cash payable pursuant to Article 10.3(a) (if applicable), be issued, credited fully paid up in cash and shall rank pari passu in all respects with the existing Seed II Shares, within five Business Days of the expiry of the offer being made by the Company to the Exercising Investor and pursuant to Article 10.3(a).

10.4 In the event of any Bonus Issue or Reorganisation, the Starting Price shall also be subject to adjustment on such basis as may be agreed by the Company and a Seed II Majority within ten Business Days after any Bonus Issue or Reorganisation. If the Company and the Seed II Majority cannot agree such adjustment it shall be referred to the Auditors whose determination shall, in the absence of manifest error, be final and binding on the Company and each of the Shareholders. The costs of the Auditors shall be borne by the Company.

10.5 The provisions of Article 10.1 shall be reapplied on each issue of New Securities save that the Starting Price in any subsequent application shall be the most recently determined value of "WA" for each Separately Priced Subset which is lower than the previous Starting Price of that Separately Priced Subset.

10.6 For the purposes of this Article 10, any Shares held as Treasury Shares by the Company shall be disregarded when calculating the number of Anti-Dilution Shares to be issued.

10.7 An Exercising Investor shall lose all rights to the benefit of protection of this Article 10 if the Company makes an issue of shares after the Date of Adoption (a "Further Issue");

- (a) where a holder of Seed II Shares does not subscribe for at least its pro rata entitlement of the Further Issue (ignoring any rights which arise from the failure of another person to subscribe); or
 - (b) in an equity financing of the Company of not less than US\$5,000,000 (or local currency equivalent) where the price per share paid by investors in such financing is higher than the Starting Price of the Seed II Shares held by it.
- 10.8 The calculations in this Article 10 shall be undertaken separately in respect of all Seed II Shares with different Starting Prices (each a "Separately Priced Subset") and utilising the Starting Price for that Separately Priced Subset. No account shall be taken in each such calculation of any Anti-Dilution Shares in respect of any other Separately Priced Subset in respect of the same Qualifying Issue (but, for the avoidance of doubt, such Anti-Dilution Shares shall be taken into account and subsist in the value of "ESC" in respect of an application of this Article 10 on any subsequent Qualifying Issue. Nothing in this Article 10 shall constitute each Separately Priced Subset as a separate class of shares.
- 11. CANCELLED SHARES
 - 11.1 Subject to the Act, any Cancelled Shares may be redeemed by the Company at any time at its option for one penny for all the Cancelled Shares registered in the name of any holder(s) without obtaining the sanction of the holder(s).
 - 11.2 The allotment or issue of Cancelled Shares or the conversion or re-designation of shares into Cancelled Shares shall be deemed to confer irrevocable authority on the Company at any time after their allotment, issue, conversion or re-designation, without obtaining the sanction of such holder(s), to:
 - (a) appoint any person to execute any transfer of (or any agreement to transfer) such Cancelled Shares to such person(s) as the Company may determine (as nominee or custodian thereof or otherwise);
 - (b) give, on behalf of such holder, consent to the cancellation of such Cancelled Shares; and/or
 - (c) purchase such Cancelled Shares in accordance with the Act,

in any such case: (i) for a price being not more than an aggregate sum of one penny for all the Cancelled Shares registered in the name of such holder(s); and (ii) with the Company having authority pending such transfer, cancellation and/or purchase to retain the certificates (if any) in respect of those Cancelled Shares.
 - 11.3 No Cancelled Share may be transferred without the prior consent of the Board.
- 12. VARIATION OF RIGHTS
 - 12.1 Whenever the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of shares, the special rights attached to any such class may only be varied or abrogated (either whilst the Company is a going concern or during or in contemplation of a winding-up) with the consent

in writing of the holders of more than 50 per cent in nominal value of the issued shares of that class.

- 12.2 The creation of a new class of shares with preferential rights to one or more existing classes of shares shall not constitute a variation of the rights of those existing classes of shares.

13. ALLOTMENT OF NEW SHARES OR OTHER SECURITIES: PRE-EMPTION

- 13.1 Sections 561(1) and 562(1) to (5) (inclusive) of the Act do not apply to an allotment of Equity Securities made by the Company.

- 13.2 Subject to Article 13.7, or unless otherwise agreed by Investor Majority Consent and Ordinary Majority Consent, if the Company proposes to allot any New Securities, those New Securities shall not be allotted to any person unless the Company has in the first instance offered them to all of the Major Investors on the same terms and at the same price as those New Securities are being offered to other persons on a pari passu and pro rata basis to the number of Equity Shares (as if the Equity Shares constituted one and the same class) held by those Major Investors (as nearly as may be without involving fractions). The offer (the "Subscription Offer"):

- (a) shall be in writing, be open for acceptance from the date of the offer to the date ten Business Days after the date of the offer (inclusive) (the "Subscription Period") and give details of the number and subscription price of the New Securities; and
- (b) shall stipulate that any Major Investor who desires to subscribe for in excess of the proportion to which that Major Investor is entitled, shall in their acceptance state how many excess New Securities they wish to subscribe for ("Excess Securities").

- 13.3 At the end of the Subscription Period, the Company shall (subject to payment of the appropriate subscription price) allot and issue to each Major Investor who applied to subscribe for New Securities a number of New Securities equal to the lower of:

- (a) the number of New Securities that Shareholder applied for; and
- (b) the number of New Securities offered to that Shareholder in the Subscription Offer.

- 13.4 If, following the allotments and issues described in Article 13.3, there remain any New Securities that have not been allotted and issued to Major Investors, the Company shall (subject to payment of the appropriate subscription price) allot and issue those remaining New Securities to those Major Investors who applied for Excess Securities on a basis pro rata to the number of Equity Shares held by those Major Investors immediately before the Subscription Offer was made (as nearly as may be without involving fractions or increasing the number allotted to any Major Investor beyond that applied for by that Major Investor).

- 13.5 If, following all allotments and issues (if any) described in Articles 13.3 and 13.4, there remain any New Securities that have not been allotted and issued to Major Investors, the

Company may offer those New Securities to any other person that the Directors may determine at the same price and on the same terms as the offer to the Major Investors.

- 13.6 Subject to the requirements of Articles 13.2 to 13.5 (inclusive) and to the provisions of section 551 of the Act, any New Securities shall be at the disposal of the Board, who may allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to any persons at those times and generally on the terms and conditions they think proper.
- 13.7 The provisions of Articles 13.2 to 13.5 (inclusive) shall not apply to:
- (a) Shares or options to subscribe for Ordinary Shares, and the issue of shares pursuant to the exercise of options granted in each case, under any Share Option Plan;
 - (b) Shares or options for Shares issued or granted in order for the Company to comply with its obligations under these Articles, including, but not limited to, Anti-Dilution Shares;
 - (c) Shares issued as a result of the provisions of Article 9;
 - (d) Shares or options for Shares issued as a result of a Bonus Issue or Reorganisation;
 - (e) Shares or options for Shares issued in consideration of the bona fide acquisition by the Company of any company or business which has been approved by the Board (with Investor Majority Consent); and
 - (f) Shares or options for Shares issued pursuant to, or in consideration of, strategic transactions or equipment lease financing transactions, each entered into for primarily non-equity financing purposes, as approved by the Board (with Investor Majority Consent).
- 13.8 No Shares shall be allotted (nor any Treasury Shares be transferred) to any Employee, Director, prospective Employee or prospective director of the Company who, in the opinion of the Board, is subject to taxation in the United Kingdom, unless such person has entered into a joint section 431 ITEPA election with the Company if so required by the Company.
- 13.9 In the event the Company is an authorised person under and for the purposes of the FSMA (whether by the FCA, the PRA or any other applicable regulator), no Shares shall be allotted or issued to any person (and no right or interest in respect of allotment or issue of Shares shall be acquired by any person) who would on allotment or issue (alone or with any other person(s)) acquire or increase control (within the meaning of part XII of the FSMA) over the Company unless such person has obtained the prior approval (without conditions) of the relevant regulator in respect of such acquisition of, or increase in, control arising from such allotment or issue.
- 13.10 Any New Securities offered under this Article 13 to a Major Investor may be accepted in full or part only by one or more Permitted Transferees of that Major Investor in accordance with the terms of this Article 13.

14. TRANSFERS OF SHARES – GENERAL

- 14.1 In Articles 14 to 22 (inclusive), reference to the transfer of a Share includes the transfer or assignment of a beneficial or other interest in that Share or the creation of a trust or Encumbrance over that Share and reference to a Share includes a beneficial or other interest in a Share.
- 14.2 No Share may be transferred unless the transfer is made in accordance with these Articles and (to the extent relevant) the relevant transferee and any other relevant person(s) have received prior approval from the relevant regulator without conditions in respect of any acquisition of, or increase in, control (within the meaning of part XII of FSMA), arising from such transfer.
- 14.3 If a Shareholder transfers or purports to transfer a Share otherwise than in accordance with these Articles he will be deemed immediately to have served a Transfer Notice in respect of all Shares held by him.
- 14.4 Any transfer of a Share by way of sale which is required to be made under Articles 16 to 22 (inclusive) will be deemed to include a warranty that the transferor sells with full title guarantee.
- 14.5 The Directors may refuse to register a transfer if:
- (a) it is a transfer of a Share to a bankrupt, a minor or a person of unsound mind;
 - (b) the transfer is to an Employee, Director or prospective Employee or prospective director of the Company who, in the opinion of the Board is subject to taxation in the United Kingdom, and such person has not entered into a joint section 431 ITEPA election with the Company;
 - (c) it is a transfer of a Share which is not fully paid:
 - (i) to a person of whom the Directors do not approve; or
 - (ii) on which Share the Company has a lien;
 - (d) the transfer is not lodged at the registered office or at such other place as the Directors may appoint;
 - (e) the transfer is not accompanied by the certificate for the Shares to which it relates (or an indemnity for lost certificate in a form acceptable to the Board) and such other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer;
 - (f) the transfer is in respect of more than one class of Shares;
 - (g) the transfer is in favour of more than four transferees;
 - (h) these Articles otherwise provide that such transfer shall not be registered; or

- (i) in the event of a transfer resulting in the transferee (alone or with any other person(s)) acquiring, or increasing, control (within the meaning of part XII of FSMA) over the Company, the relevant regulator has not issued a notice in writing to the transferee and any other relevant person(s) in accordance with the applicable provisions of part XII of FSMA approving such acquisition of, or increase in, control by the relevant transferee and any other relevant person(s) without conditions.

If the Directors refuse to register a transfer, the instrument of transfer must be returned to the transferee with the notice of refusal unless they suspect that the proposed transfer may be fraudulent.

- 14.6 The Directors may, as a condition to the registration of any transfer of shares in the Company (whether pursuant to a Permitted Transfer or otherwise), require the transferee to execute and deliver to the Company a deed agreeing to be bound by the terms of any shareholders' agreement or similar document in force between some or all of the Shareholders and the Company in any form as the Directors may reasonably require (but not so as to oblige the transferee to have any obligations or liabilities greater than those of the proposed transferor under any such agreement or other document) and if any condition is imposed in accordance with this Article 14.6 the transfer may not be registered unless that deed has been executed and delivered to the Company's registered office by the transferee.
- 14.7 To enable the Directors to determine whether or not there has been any disposal of shares in the capital of the Company (or any interest in shares in the capital of the Company) in breach of these Articles the Directors may require any holder or the legal personal representatives of any deceased holder or any person named as transferee in any transfer lodged for registration or any other person who the Directors may reasonably believe to have information relevant to that purpose, to furnish to the Company that information and evidence the Directors may request regarding any matter which they deem relevant to that purpose, including (but not limited to) the names, addresses and interests of all persons respectively having interests in the shares in the capital of the Company from time to time registered in the holder's name.
- 14.8 In any case where the Board requires a Transfer Notice to be given in respect of any Shares, if a Transfer Notice is not duly given within a period of ten Business Days of demand being made, a Transfer Notice shall be deemed to have been given at the expiration of that period.
- 14.9 If a Transfer Notice is required to be given by the Board or is deemed to have been given under these Articles, the Transfer Notice, unless otherwise specified in the Articles, will be treated as having specified that:
 - (a) the Transfer Price for the Sale Shares will be as agreed between the Board (any director who is a Seller or with whom the Seller is connected (within the meaning of section 252 of the Act) not voting) and the Seller, or, failing agreement within five Business Days after the date on which the Board becomes aware that a Transfer Notice has been deemed to have been given, will be the Fair Value of the Sale Shares;

- (b) it does not include a Minimum Transfer Condition (as defined in Article 16.2(d)); and
 - (c) the Seller wishes to transfer all of the Shares held by it.
- 14.10 Shares may be transferred by means of an instrument of transfer in any usual form or any other form approved by the directors, which is executed by or on behalf of:
 - (a) the transferor; and
 - (b) (if any of the shares is partly or nil paid) the transferee.
- 15. PERMITTED TRANSFERS
 - 15.1 A Shareholder (who is not a Permitted Transferee) (the "Original Shareholder") may transfer all or any of his or its Shares to a Permitted Transferee without restriction as to price or otherwise (save as provided in Article 14.2).
 - 15.2 The right of a Shareholder to transfer Shares under Article 15.1 does not apply if the Board is of the opinion on reasonable grounds that the transferee is a person (or a nominee for a person) who the Board determines in its absolute discretion is a competitor (or an Associate of a competitor of) the business of the Company or a subsidiary undertaking of the Company (and for the purposes of this Article 15.2, EQT Ventures and its Permitted Transferees shall not be deemed to be a competitor or an Associate of a competitor solely because it holds an interest in a portfolio company that is a competitor, provided that the competitor itself is not the ultimate Permitted Transferee).
 - 15.3 Shares previously transferred as permitted by Article 15.1 may be transferred by the transferee to any other Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder without restriction as to price or otherwise, but subject to Article 14.2.
 - 15.4 Where, under the provision of a deceased Shareholder's will or laws as to intestacy, the persons legally or beneficially entitled to any Shares, whether immediately or contingently, are Permitted Transferees of the deceased Shareholder, the legal representative(s) of the deceased Shareholder may transfer any Share to those Permitted Transferees, in each case without restriction as to price or otherwise, but subject to Article 14.2.
 - 15.5 If a Permitted Transferee who was a Member of the same Group as the Original Shareholder ceases to be a Member of the same Group as the Original Shareholder, the Permitted Transferee must, not later than five Business Days after the date on which the Permitted Transferee so ceases, transfer the Shares held by it to the Original Shareholder or a Member of the same Group as the Original Shareholder (which in either case is not in liquidation) without restriction as to price or otherwise (but subject to Article 14.2), failing which it will be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of those Shares on the first Business Day after the expiry of that five-Business Day period.
 - 15.6 If a Permitted Transferee who was a Member of the same Fund Group as the Original Shareholder ceases to be a Member of the same Fund Group, the Permitted Transferee must, not later than five Business Days after the date on which the Permitted Transferee

so ceases, transfer the Shares held by it to the Original Shareholder or a Member of the same Fund Group as the Original Shareholder (which in either case is not in liquidation) without restriction as to price or otherwise (but subject to Article 14.2), failing which it will be deemed to give a Transfer Notice in respect of such Shares on the first Business Day after the expiry of that five-Business Day period.

15.7 Trustees may:

- (a) transfer Shares to a Qualifying Company;
 - (b) transfer Shares to the Original Shareholder or to another Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder; or
 - (c) transfer Shares to the new or remaining trustees upon a change of Trustees,
- without restrictions as to price or otherwise (but subject to Article 14.2).

15.8 No transfer of Shares may be made to Trustees unless the Board is satisfied:

- (a) with the terms of the trust instrument and in particular with the powers of the trustees;
- (b) with the identity of the proposed trustees;
- (c) that the proposed transfer will not result in 50 per cent or more of the aggregate of the Company's equity share capital being held by trustees of that and any other trusts;
- (d) that no costs incurred in connection with the setting-up or administration of the Family Trust in question are to be paid by the Company; and
- (e) that the requirements of Article 14.2 are met.

15.9 If a Permitted Transferee which is a Qualifying Company of the Original Shareholder ceases to be a Qualifying Company of the Original Shareholder, it must, within five Business Days of so ceasing, transfer the Shares held by it to the Original Shareholder (or to any Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder) (and may do so without restriction as to price or otherwise but subject to Article 14.2), failing which it will be deemed (unless it obtains the approval of the Board (with Investor Majority Consent) to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of such Shares on the first Business Day after the expiry of that five-Business Day period. For the purposes of determining an approval of the Board in connection with this Article, no account shall be taken of any vote cast at any meeting of the Board, or resolution signed by, any director who is the Permitted Transferee, the Original Shareholder or a person connected with either of them.

15.10 If a Permitted Transferee who is a spouse or Civil Partner of the Original Shareholder and who had received Shares from such Original Shareholder previously ceases to be a

spouse or Civil Partner of the Original Shareholder whether by reason of divorce or otherwise he or she must, within 15 Business Days of so ceasing, either:

- (a) execute and deliver to the Company a transfer of the Shares held by him to the Original Shareholder (or to any Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder) for such consideration as may be agreed between them, together with evidence that any approval(s) referred to in Article 14.2 have been obtained; or
- (b) give a Transfer Notice to the Company in accordance with Article 16.2,

failing which he shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice on the first Business Day after the expiry of that 15-Business Day period.

15.11 On the death (subject to Article 15.4), bankruptcy, liquidation, administration or administrative receivership of a Permitted Transferee (other than a joint holder) his personal representatives or trustee-in-bankruptcy, or its liquidator, administrator or administrative receiver, must, within five Business Days after the date of the grant of probate, the making of the bankruptcy order or the appointment of the liquidator, administrator or administrative receiver (as applicable), execute and deliver to the Company a transfer of the Shares held by the Permitted Transferee without restriction as to price or otherwise (but subject to Article 14.2). The transfer shall be to the Original Shareholder if still living (and not bankrupt or in liquidation) or, if so directed by the Original Shareholder, to any Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder who or that is not bankrupt or in liquidation. If the transfer is not executed and delivered within five Business Days of such period or if the Original Shareholder has died or is bankrupt or is in liquidation, administration or administrative receivership, the personal representative or trustee-in-bankruptcy or liquidator, administrator or administrative receiver (as applicable) will be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice on the first Business Day after the expiry of that five-Business Day period.

15.12 A transfer of any Shares approved by the Board (excluding, where a Shareholder is seeking to transfer Shares, the Investor Director appointed by or on behalf of that Shareholder) may be made without restriction as to price or otherwise and with any such conditions as may be imposed and each such transfer shall be registered by the Directors.

16. TRANSFERS OF SHARES SUBJECT TO PRE-EMPTION RIGHTS

16.1 Save where the provisions of Article 15, 20, 21 and/or 22 apply, any transfer of Shares by a Shareholder and any transfer of Treasury Shares by the Company shall be subject to the pre-emption rights contained in this Article 16.

16.2 A Shareholder who wishes to transfer Shares (a "Seller") shall, except as otherwise provided in these Articles, before transferring or unconditionally agreeing to transfer any Shares, give notice in writing (a "Transfer Notice") to the Company specifying:

- (a) the number of Shares which he wishes to transfer (the "Sale Shares");
- (b) if he wishes to sell the Sale Shares to a third party, the name of the proposed transferee;

- (c) the price at which he wishes to transfer the Sale Shares; and
- (d) whether the Transfer Notice is conditional on all or a specific number of the Sale Shares being sold to Shareholders (a "Minimum Transfer Condition").

If no cash price is specified by the Seller, the price at which the Sale Shares are to be transferred (the "Transfer Price") must be agreed by the Board. In addition, if the price is not specified in cash, an equivalent cash value price must be agreed between the Seller and the Board. In both cases, the price will be deemed to be the Fair Value of the Sale Shares if no price is agreed within five Business Days of the Company receiving the Transfer Notice.

16.3 Except with the written consent of the Directors, no Transfer Notice once given or deemed to have been given under these Articles may be withdrawn.

16.4 A Transfer Notice constitutes the Company the agent of the Seller for the sale of the Sale Shares at the Transfer Price.

16.5 As soon as practicable following the later of:

- (a) receipt of a Transfer Notice; and
- (b) in the case where the Transfer Price has not been agreed, the determination of the Transfer Price under Article 17,

the Board shall offer the Sale Shares for sale to the holders of Equity Shares in the manner set out in Article 16.6. Each offer must be in writing and give details of the number and Transfer Price of the Sale Shares offered.

16.6 Transfers: Offer

- (a) The Board shall offer the Sale Shares to each Shareholder specified in the offer other than the Seller (the "Continuing Shareholders"), inviting him or her to apply in writing within the period from the date of the offer to the date 15 Business Days after the offer (inclusive) (the "Offer Period") for the maximum number of Sale Shares he or she is entitled to in the proportion (fractional entitlements being rounded to the nearest whole number) that his or existing holding of Equity Shares bears to the total number of Equity Shares.
- (b) If the Sale Shares are subject to a Minimum Transfer Condition, then any allocation made under Article 16.6 will be conditional on the fulfilment of the Minimum Transfer Condition.
- (c) If, at the end of the Offer Period, the number of Sale Shares applied for is equal to the number of Sale Shares, the Board shall allocate the Sale Shares to each Continuing Shareholder in the proportion (fractional entitlements being rounded to the nearest whole number) that his existing holding of Equity Shares bears to the total number of the Equity Shares;

- (d) If, at the end of the Offer Period, the number of Sale Shares applied for is less than the number of Sale Shares, the Board shall allocate the Sale Shares to the Continuing Shareholders in accordance with their applications, and the balance will be dealt with in accordance with article 16.7(e).

16.7 Completion of transfer of Sale Shares

- (a) If the Transfer Notice includes a Minimum Transfer Condition and the total number of Shares applied for does not meet the Minimum Transfer Condition, the Board shall notify the Seller and all those to whom Sale Shares have been conditionally allocated under Article 16.6 stating the condition has not been met and that the relevant Transfer Notice has lapsed with immediate effect.
- (b) If:
 - (i) the Transfer Notice does not include a Minimum Transfer Condition; or
 - (ii) the Transfer Notice does include a Minimum Transfer Condition and allocations have been made in respect of all or the minimum required number of the Sale Shares,

the Board shall, when no further offers are required to be made under Article 16.6 and once the requirements of Articles 20 and/or 21 have been fulfilled to the extent required, give written notice of allocation (an "Allocation Notice") to the Seller and each Shareholder to whom Sale Shares have been allocated (an "Applicant") specifying the number of Sale Shares allocated to each Applicant and the place and time (being not less than five Business Days nor more than ten Business Days after the date of the Allocation Notice, unless the relevant Applicant notifies the Board within five Business Days that a longer period is needed for the provisions of Article 14.2 to be satisfied) for completion of the transfer of the Sale Shares.

- (c) Upon service of an Allocation Notice, the Seller must, against payment of the Transfer Price, transfer the Sale Shares in accordance with the requirements specified in it subject to the provisions of Article 14.2 being met.
- (d) If the Seller fails to comply with the provisions of Article 16.7(c):
 - (i) the chairman of the Company or, failing him, one of the directors, or some other person nominated by a resolution of the Board, may on behalf of the Seller (but subject to Article 14.2):
 - (A) complete, execute and deliver in his name all documents necessary to give effect to the transfer of the relevant Sale Shares to the Applicants;
 - (B) receive the Transfer Price and give a good discharge for it; and

- (C) (subject to the transfer being duly stamped) enter the Applicants in the register of Shareholders as the holders of the Shares purchased by them; and
 - (ii) the Company shall pay the Transfer Price into a separate bank account in the Company's name on trust (but without interest) or otherwise hold the Transfer Price on trust for the Seller until he has delivered to the Company his certificate or certificates for the relevant Shares (or an indemnity for lost certificate in a form acceptable to the Board).
 - (e) If an Allocation Notice does not relate to all the Sale Shares then, subject to Article 16.7(f), the Seller may, within eight weeks after service of the Allocation Notice, transfer the unallocated Sale Shares to any person at a price at least equal to the Transfer Price, provided that the sale of the unallocated Sale Shares shall continue to be subject to any Minimum Transfer Conditions and that the provisions of Article 14.2 shall apply.
 - (f) The right of the Seller to transfer Shares under Article 16.7(e) does not apply if the Board is of the opinion on reasonable grounds that:
 - (i) the transferee is a person (or a nominee for a person) who the Board determines in its absolute discretion is a competitor of (or an Associate of a competitor of) the business of the Company or a subsidiary undertaking of the Company;
 - (ii) the sale of the Sale Shares is not being made bona fide or the price is subject to a deduction, rebate or allowance to the transferee; or
 - (iii) the Seller has failed or refused to provide promptly information available to it or him and reasonably requested by the Board for the purpose of enabling it to form the opinion mentioned above.
- 16.8 Any Sale Shares offered under this Article 16 to a Shareholder may be accepted in full or part only by one or more Permitted Transferees of that Shareholder in accordance with the terms of this Article 16.
17. VALUATION OF SHARES
- 17.1 If no Transfer Price can be agreed between the Seller and the Board in accordance with provisions of Article 14.9, 16.2 or otherwise, then, on the date of failing agreement, the Board shall either:
- (a) appoint an expert valuer in accordance with Article 17.2 (the "Expert Valuer") to certify the Fair Value of the Sale Shares; or
 - (b) (if the Fair Value has been certified by an Expert Valuer for any other Sale Shares within the preceding 12 weeks) specify that the Fair Value of the Sale Shares will be calculated by dividing any Fair Value so certified by the number of Sale Shares

to which it related and multiplying such Fair Value by the number of Sale Shares the subject of the Transfer Notice.

17.2 The Expert Valuer will be either:

- (a) the Auditors; or
- (b) (if otherwise agreed by the Board and the Seller) an independent firm of Chartered Accountants to be agreed between the Board and the Seller, or, failing agreement not later than the date ten Business Days after the date of service of the Transfer Notice, to be nominated by the then President of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales on the application of either party.

17.3 The "Fair Value" of the Sale Shares shall be determined by the Expert Valuer on the following assumptions and bases:

- (a) valuing the Sale Shares as on an arm's-length sale between a willing seller and a willing buyer;
- (b) if the Company is then carrying on business as a going concern, on the assumption that it will continue to do so;
- (c) that the Sale Shares are capable of being transferred without restriction;
- (d) valuing the Sale Shares as a rateable proportion of the total value of all the issued Shares (excluding any Shares held as Treasury Shares) without any premium or discount being attributable to the percentage of the issued share capital of the Company which they represent, but taking account of the rights attaching to the Sale Shares; and
- (e) reflect any other factors which the Expert Valuer reasonably believes should be taken into account.

17.4 If any difficulty arises in applying any of these assumptions or bases, then the Expert Valuer shall resolve that difficulty in whatever manner it shall in its absolute discretion think fit.

17.5 The Expert Valuer shall be requested to determine the Fair Value within 20 Business Days of its appointment and to notify the Board of its determination.

17.6 The Expert Valuer shall act as expert and not as arbitrator and its determination shall be final and binding on the parties (in the absence of fraud or manifest error).

17.7 The Board will give the Expert Valuer access to all accounting records or other relevant documents of the Company subject to the Expert Valuer agreeing to such confidentiality provisions as the Board may reasonably request.

17.8 The Expert Valuer shall deliver its certificate to the Company. As soon as the Company receives the certificate it shall deliver a copy of it to the Seller. Unless the Sale Shares are to be sold under a Transfer Notice that has been deemed served under these Articles, the

Seller may, by notice in writing to the Company within five Business Days of the service on him of the copy certificate, cancel the Company's authority to sell the Sale Shares.

17.9 The cost of obtaining the certificate shall be paid by the Company unless:

- (a) the Seller cancels the Company's authority to sell; or
- (b) the Sale Price certified by the Expert Valuer is equal to, or less than the price (if any) offered by the Board to the Seller for the Sale Shares before Expert Valuer was instructed,

in which case the Seller shall bear that cost.

18. COMPULSORY TRANSFERS – GENERAL

18.1 A person entitled to a Share in consequence of the bankruptcy of a Shareholder shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of that Share at a time determined by the Directors.

18.2 If a Share remains registered in the name of a deceased Shareholder for longer than one year after the date of his death the Directors may (subject to Article 14.2) require the legal personal representatives of that deceased Shareholder either:

- (a) to effect a Permitted Transfer of such Shares (including for this purpose an election to be registered in respect of the Permitted Transfer); or
- (b) to show to the satisfaction of the Directors that a Permitted Transfer will be effected before or promptly upon the completion of the administration of the estate of the deceased Shareholder.

If either requirement in this Article 18.2 shall not be fulfilled to the satisfaction of the Directors a Transfer Notice shall be deemed to have been given in respect of each such Share save to the extent that, the Directors may otherwise determine.

18.3 If a Shareholder which is a company, either suffers or resolves for the appointment of a liquidator, administrator or administrative receiver over it or any material part of its assets (other than as part of a bona fide restructuring or reorganisation), the relevant Shareholder (and all its Permitted Transferees) shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of all the shares held by the relevant Shareholder and its Permitted Transferees save to the extent that, and at a time, the Directors may determine.

18.4 If there is a change in control (as "control" is defined in section 1124 of the CTA 2010) of any Shareholder which is a company, it shall be bound at any time, if and when required in writing by the Directors to do so, to give (or procure the giving in the case of a nominee) a Transfer Notice in respect of all the Shares registered in its and their names and their respective nominees' names save that, in the case of the Permitted Transferee, it shall first be permitted to transfer those Shares back to the Original Shareholder from whom it received its Shares or to any other Permitted Transferee before being required to serve a Transfer Notice.

19. DEPARTING FOUNDERS

19.1 Unless the Board, acting with Investor Majority Consent, determines that this Article 19.1 shall not apply, if at any time during the Relevant Period a Founder ceases to be an Employee, the following provisions shall, subject to Articles 19.2 and 19.3, apply:

- (a) where the Founder is a Bad Leaver, all Employee Shares held by that Founder (whether held by him or his Permitted Transferees) shall convert into Cancelled Shares (on the basis of one Cancelled Share for each Ordinary Share held) or, at the discretion of the Board (with Investor Majority Consent), all voting rights attached to Employee Shares held by that Founder (whether held by him or his Permitted Transferees) (the "Restricted Member"), shall be suspended unless the Board notifies him otherwise; and
- (b) where the Founder is a Good Leaver, the Unvested Percentage of the Employee Shares held by that Founder (whether held by him or his Permitted Transferees) (rounded down to the nearest integer) shall convert into Cancelled Shares (on the basis of one Cancelled Share for each Ordinary Share held).

19.2 If the Board determines that no approvals are needed by any person from a regulator to acquire or increase control (within the meaning set out in part XII of the FSMA) over the Company (each an "Approval") as a result of the conversion of Employee Shares into Cancelled Shares and/or the suspension of voting rights pursuant to Article 19.1 or 19.6, such conversion and/or suspension shall take place automatically upon the Effective Termination Date.

19.3 If the Board determines that one or more persons require Approval (the "Affected Persons"):

- (a) each Shareholder who is an Affected Person shall promptly apply for Approval and any Shareholder associated with an Affected Person shall ensure that such Affected Person promptly applies for such Approval (and the Board may take any steps which it considers appropriate for a suitable trustee selected by the Company and not connected to the Founder in question (the "Designated Trustee") to apply for Approval);
- (b) if the Designated Trustee obtains Approval prior to all Affected Persons obtaining their Approvals:
 - (i) the relevant Founder shall transfer his Employee Shares to the Designated Trustee who will hold them on trust for such Founder; and
 - (ii) the Designated Trustee shall be entitled to exercise all voting rights attached to the Employee Shares, unless voting rights attached to those Employee Shares have been suspended pursuant to Article 19.1(a) or 19.6;
- (c) when all Affected Persons have obtained their Approvals:

- (i) any Employee Shares held by the Founder in question or the Designated Trustee that are intended to convert into Cancelled Shares pursuant to Articles 19.1(a) or 19.1(b) shall convert automatically into Cancelled Shares, and such Cancelled Shares shall be transferred back to the relevant Founder (if applicable); and
 - (ii) any voting rights attached to Employee Shares held by the Designated Trustee that do not convert into Cancelled Shares as provided for in subparagraph (i) above and that are to be suspended pursuant to Article 19.1(a) or 19.6 shall be suspended.
- 19.4 Upon conversion of Employee Shares into Cancelled Shares pursuant to Articles 19.1 to 19.3, the Company shall be entitled to enter the holder of the Cancelled Shares on the register of members of the Company as the holder of the appropriate number of Cancelled Shares, and the relevant Founder (and his Permitted Transferee(s)) shall deliver to the Company at its registered office the share certificate(s) (to the extent not already in the possession of the Company) (or an indemnity for lost certificate in a form acceptable to the Board) for the Employee Shares so converting and upon such delivery there shall be issued to him (and his Permitted Transferee(s)) share certificate(s) for the number of Cancelled Shares resulting from the relevant conversion and any remaining Ordinary Shares.
- 19.5 Notwithstanding any other provisions of these Articles, the Unvested Percentage shall be reduced to zero in the event of an Exit in the Company during the Relevant Period.
- 19.6 Subject at all times to Article 19.7, all voting rights attached to Employee Shares held by a Founder (the "Restricted Member"), if any, shall, if he becomes a Bad Leaver, be suspended until the Board notifies him otherwise.
- 19.7 Any Employee Shares whose voting rights are suspended pursuant to Article 19.1(a) or 19.6 ("Restricted Shares") shall, following suspension, confer on the holders of such Restricted Shares the right to receive notice of and attend all general meetings of the Company and copies of all written resolutions, but shall confer no right to vote either in person or by proxy or to vote on any proposed written resolution. Voting rights suspended pursuant to Article 19.1(a) or 19.6 shall be automatically restored immediately prior to an IPO. If a Restricted Member transfers any Restricted Shares in the Company in accordance with these Articles all voting rights attached to the Restricted Shares so transferred shall, upon completion of the transfer (as evidenced by the transferee's name being entered in the Company's register of members), automatically be restored.
- 20. MANDATORY OFFER ON A CHANGE OF CONTROL
- 20.1 Except in the case of Permitted Transfers and transfers pursuant to Articles 18 and 19, after going through the pre-emption procedure in Article 16, the provisions of Article 20.2 will apply if one or more Proposed Sellers propose to transfer in one or a series of related transactions any Equity Shares (the "Proposed Transfer") which would, if put into effect, result in any Proposed Purchaser (and Associates of his or persons Acting in Concert with him) acquiring a Controlling Interest in the Company.

- 20.2 A Proposed Seller must, before making a Proposed Transfer, procure the making by the Proposed Purchaser of an offer (the "Offer") to the other Shareholders to acquire all of the Equity Shares for a consideration per share determined in accordance with Article 20.7).
- 20.3 The Offer must be given by written notice (a "Proposed Sale Notice") at least ten Business Days (the "Offer Period") prior to the proposed sale date ("Proposed Sale Date"). The Proposed Sale Notice must set out, to the extent not described in any accompanying documents, the identity of the Proposed Purchaser, the purchase price and other terms and conditions of payment, the Proposed Sale Date and the number of Shares proposed to be purchased by the Proposed Purchaser (the "Proposed Sale Shares").
- 20.4 If any other holder of Equity Shares is not given the rights accorded him by this Article, the Proposed Sellers will not be entitled to complete their sale and the Company will not register any transfer intended to carry that sale into effect.
- 20.5 If the Offer is accepted by any Shareholder (an "Accepting Shareholder") within the Offer Period, the completion of the Proposed Transfer will be conditional upon the completion of the purchase of all the Shares held by Accepting Shareholders.
- 20.6 The Proposed Transfer is subject to the provisions of Article 13.2 and the pre-emption provisions of Article 16, but the purchase of the Accepting Shareholders' shares shall not be subject to Article 16.
- 20.7 For the purposes of this Article 20, it is acknowledged that Shares of different classes will be transferable at different prices, such price per class of Share being a sum equal to that to which they would be entitled if the consideration payable by the Proposed Purchaser to the Proposed Seller(s) were used to determine the valuation of the entire issued share capital of the Company and such valuation was then allocated as between the Shares in accordance with Articles 5 and 6.
21. CO-SALE RIGHT
- 21.1 No transfer (other than a Permitted Transfer and transfers required pursuant to Articles 18 or 19) of any Employee Shares may be made or validly registered unless the Proposed Seller(s) of such Employee Shares shall have observed the following procedures of this Article or an Investor Majority has determined that this Article 21 shall not apply to such transfer.
- 21.2 After the Proposed Seller has gone through the pre-emption process set out in Article 16, the Proposed Seller shall give to each holder of Preferred Shares who has not taken up their pre-emptive rights under Article 16 (an "Equity Holder") not less than 15 Business Days' notice in advance of the proposed sale (a "Co-Sale Notice"). The Co-Sale Notice shall specify:
- (a) the identity of the proposed purchaser (the "Buyer");
 - (b) the number of Employee Shares which the Proposed Seller proposes to sell; and
 - (c) the price per Employee Share which the Buyer is proposing to pay;

- (d) the manner in which the consideration is to be paid;
- (e) the address where the counter-notice should be sent.

21.3 Each Equity Holder shall be entitled, within five Business Days after receipt of the Co-Sale Notice, to notify the Proposed Seller that he wishes to sell a certain number of Equity Shares held by him at the proposed sale price of an Employee Share, by sending a counter-notice which shall specify the number of Equity Shares which such Equity Holder wishes to sell. The maximum number of shares which an Equity Holder can sell under the procedure set out in this Article 21.3 shall be:

$$\left(\frac{X}{Y}\right) \times Z$$

where:

X = is the number of Equity Shares held by the Equity Holder;

Y = is the total number of Equity Shares (excluding Treasury Shares);

Z = is the number of Equity Shares the Proposed Seller proposes to sell.

Any Equity Holder who does not send a counter-notice within such five-Business Day period shall be deemed to have specified that they wish to sell no shares.

21.4 Following the expiry of five Business Days from the date the Equity Holders receive the relevant Co-Sale Notice, the Proposed Seller(s) shall be entitled to sell to the Buyer on the terms notified to the Equity Holders a number of shares not exceeding the number specified in the relevant Co-Sale Notice less any shares which Equity Holders have indicated they wish to sell, provided that at the same time the Buyer (or another person) purchases from the Equity Holders the number of shares they have respectively indicated they wish to sell on terms no less favourable than those obtained by the Proposed Seller(s) from the Buyer.

21.5 No sale by the Proposed Seller(s) shall be made pursuant to any Co-Sale Notice more than three months after service of that Co-Sale Notice.

21.6 Sales made in accordance with this Article 21 shall not be subject to Article 16 but shall be subject to Article 14.2.

22. DRAG-ALONG

22.1 If the holders of more than 60% of the Equity Shares in issue from time to time (including (i) an Investor Majority and (ii) prior to the first anniversary of the Date of Adoption, EQT Ventures) (the "Selling Shareholders") wish to transfer all their interest in Shares (the "Sellers' Shares") to a Proposed Purchaser, the Selling Shareholders shall have the option (the "Drag Along Option") to compel each other holder of Shares (each a "Called Shareholder" and together the "Called Shareholders") to, subject to Article 14.2, sell and transfer all their Shares to the Proposed Purchaser or as the Proposed Purchaser shall direct (the "Drag Purchaser") in accordance with the provisions of this Article.

22.2 The Selling Shareholders may exercise the Drag Along Option by giving a written notice to that effect (a "Drag Along Notice") to the Company, which the Company shall forthwith copy to the Called Shareholders at any time before the transfer of the Sellers' Shares to the Drag Purchaser. A Drag Along Notice shall specify:

- (a) that the Called Shareholders are required to transfer all their Shares (the "Called Shares") under this Article;
- (b) the person to whom they are to be transferred;
- (c) the consideration for which the Called Shares are to be transferred (calculated in accordance with this Article);
- (d) the proposed date of transfer, and
- (e) the form of any sale agreement or form of acceptance or any other document of similar effect that the Called Shareholders are required to sign in connection with such sale (the "Sale Agreement"),

(and, in the case of paragraphs (b) to (d) above, whether actually specified or to be determined in accordance with a mechanism described in the Drag Along Notice). No Drag Along Notice or Sale Agreement may require a Called Shareholder to agree to any terms except those specifically provided for in this Article.

22.3 Drag Along Notices shall be irrevocable but will lapse if for any reason there is not a sale of the Sellers' Shares by the Selling Shareholders to the Drag Purchaser within 60 Business Days after the date of service of the Drag Along Notice. The Selling Shareholders shall be entitled to serve further Drag Along Notices following the lapse of any particular Drag Along Notice.

22.4 The consideration (in cash or otherwise) for which the Called Shareholders shall be obliged to sell each of the Called Shares shall be that to which they would be entitled if the total consideration proposed to be paid by the Drag Purchaser were distributed to the holders of the Called Shares and the Sellers' Shares in accordance with the provisions of Articles 5 and 6 (the "Drag Consideration"), but for the avoidance of doubt when the Drag Consideration is proposed to be paid in consideration other than cash or listed securities (whether deferred, contingent or otherwise) ("Non-Liquid Securities"), a Called Shareholder may elect to receive the cash or listed security equivalent of such Non-Liquid Securities.

22.5 In respect of a transaction that is the subject of a Drag Along Notice and with respect to any Drag Document, a Called Shareholder shall be obliged to undertake to transfer his Shares with full title guarantee (and provide an indemnity for lost certificate in a form acceptable to the Board if so necessary) in receipt of the Drag Consideration when due and shall be obliged to give warranties that:

- (a) that Called Shareholder has the requisite capacity to enter into each Drag Document;

- (b) if that Called Shareholder is not an individual, the person or persons executing each Drag Document on behalf of that Called Shareholder has or have the due authority to do so and all necessary board, shareholder and other resolutions have been passed to enable the Called Shareholder to execute each Drag Document; and
- (c) that Called Shareholder is the sole legal and beneficial owner of the Shares held by such Called Shareholder,

but shall not be required to give any other warranties, indemnities, undertakings, covenants or obligations of any other kind whatsoever.

22.6 Within three Business Days of the Company copying the Drag Along Notice to the Called Shareholders (or such later date as may be specified in the Drag Along Notice) (the "Drag Completion Date"), each Called Shareholder shall deliver:

- (a) duly executed stock transfer form(s) for its Shares in favour of the Drag Purchaser;
- (b) the relevant share certificate(s) (or a duly executed indemnity for lost certificate in a form acceptable to the Board) to the Company; and
- (c) a duly executed Sale Agreement, if applicable, in the form specified in the Drag Along Notice or as otherwise specified by the Company,

(together the "Drag Documents").

22.7 On the Drag Completion Date, the Company shall pay each Called Shareholder, on behalf of the Drag Purchaser, the Drag Consideration that is due to the extent the Drag Purchaser has paid such consideration to the Company. The Company's receipt of the Drag Consideration shall be a good discharge to the Drag Purchaser. The Company shall hold the Drag Consideration in trust for each of the Called Shareholders without any obligation to pay interest.

22.8 To the extent that the Drag Purchaser has not, on the Drag Completion Date, paid the Drag Consideration that is due to the Company, the Called Shareholders shall be entitled to the immediate return of the Drag Documents for the relevant Shares and the Called Shareholders shall have no further rights or obligations under this Article 22 in respect of their Shares.

22.9 If a Called Shareholder fails to deliver the Drag Documents for its Shares to the Company by the Drag Completion Date, the Company and each Director shall be constituted the agent of such defaulting Called Shareholder to take such actions and enter into any Drag Document or such other agreements or documents as are necessary to effect the transfer of the Called Shareholder's Shares pursuant to this Article 22 and the Directors shall, if requested by the Drag Purchaser, authorise any Director to transfer the Called Shareholder's Shares on the Called Shareholder's behalf to the Drag Purchaser to the extent the Drag Purchaser has, by the Drag Completion Date, paid the Drag Consideration to the Company for the Called Shareholder's Shares offered to him. The Board shall then authorise registration of the transfer once appropriate stamp duty has been paid. The

defaulting Called Shareholder shall surrender his share certificate for his Shares (or suitable executed indemnity) to the Company. On surrender, he shall be entitled to the Drag Consideration due to him.

- 22.10 Any transfer of Shares to a Drag Purchaser pursuant to a sale in respect of which a Drag Along Notice has been duly served shall not be subject to the provisions of Article 16.
- 22.11 On any person, following the issue of a Drag Along Notice, acquiring Shares pursuant to the exercise of a pre-existing option or warrant to acquire shares in the Company or pursuant to the conversion of any convertible security of the Company (a "New Shareholder"), a Drag Along Notice shall be deemed to have been served on the New Shareholder in respect of the Shares so acquired immediately upon that acquisition on the same terms as the previous Drag Along Notice, and the New Shareholder shall then be bound to sell and transfer all Shares so acquired to the Drag Purchaser, and the provisions of this Article 22 shall apply with the necessary changes to the New Shareholder, except that completion of the sale of the Shares shall take place immediately on the Drag Along Notice being deemed served on the New Shareholder.

23. GENERAL MEETINGS

- 23.1 If the Directors are required by the Shareholders under section 303 of the Act to call a general meeting, the Directors shall convene the meeting for a date not later than 28 days after the date on which the Directors became subject to the requirement under section 303 of the Act.
- 23.2 The provisions of section 318 of the Act shall apply to the Company, save that if a quorum is not present at any meeting adjourned for the reason referred to in article 41 of the Model Articles, then, provided that the Qualifying Person present holds or represents the holder of at least 50 per cent in nominal value of the Equity Shares, any resolution agreed to by such Qualifying Person shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed unanimously at a general meeting of the Company duly convened and held.
- 23.3 If any two or more Shareholders (or Qualifying Persons representing two or more Shareholders) attend the meeting in different locations, the meeting shall be treated as being held at the location specified in the notice of the meeting, save that if no one is present at that location so specified, the meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest number of Qualifying Persons is assembled or, if no such group can be identified, at the location of the chairman.
- 23.4 If a demand for a poll is withdrawn under article 44(3) of the Model Articles, the demand shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made and the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made.
- 23.5 Polls must be taken in such manner as the chairman directs. A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment must be held immediately. A poll demanded on any other question must be held either immediately or at such time and place as the chairman directs not being more than 14 days after the poll is demanded. The

demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll was demanded.

23.6 No notice need be given of a poll not held immediately if the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded. In any other case at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken.

23.7 If the poll is to be held more than 48 hours after it was demanded the Shareholders shall be entitled to deliver Proxy Notices in respect of the poll at any time up to 24 hours before the time appointed for taking that poll. In calculating that period, no account shall be taken of any part of a day that is not a working day.

24. PROXIES

24.1 Paragraph (c) of article 45(1) of the Model Articles shall be deleted and replaced by the words: "is signed by or on behalf of the shareholder appointing the proxy and accompanied by any the authority under which it is signed (or a certified copy of such authority or a copy of such authority in some other way approved by the directors)".

24.2 The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is signed or a certified copy of such authority or a copy in some other way approved by the Directors may:

- (a) be sent or supplied in hard copy form, or (subject to any conditions and limitations which the Board may specify) in electronic form, to the registered office of the Company or to such other address (including electronic address) as may be specified for this purpose in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy or any invitation to appoint a proxy sent or supplied by the Company in relation to the meeting at any time before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote;
- (b) be delivered at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote to the chairman or to the company secretary or to any Director; or
- (c) in the case of a poll, be delivered at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to the chairman or to the company secretary or to any Director, or at the time and place at which the poll is held to the Chairman or to the company secretary or to any Director or scrutineer,

and an instrument of proxy which is not deposited or delivered in a manner so permitted shall be invalid.

25. DIRECTORS' BORROWING POWERS

The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow or raise money and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital and to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities as security for any debt, liability of obligation of the Company or of any third party.

26. ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

26.1 Notwithstanding any provision of these Articles to the contrary, any person appointed as a Director (the "Appointor") may appoint any director or any other person as he thinks fit to be his alternate Director to:

- (a) exercise that Director's powers; and
- (b) carry out that Director's responsibilities in relation to the taking of decisions by the Directors in the absence of the alternate's Appointor.

The appointment of an alternate Director shall not require approval by a resolution of the Directors but shall be conditional and dependent upon any relevant regulatory approval being obtained (including, where relevant, approval to perform a senior management function as defined in the FSMA) and remaining current.

26.2 Any appointment or removal of an alternate must be effected by notice in writing to the Company signed by the Appointor, or in any other manner approved by the Directors.

26.3 The notice must:

- (a) identify the proposed alternate; and
- (b) in the case of a notice of appointment, contain a statement signed by the proposed alternate that the proposed alternate is willing to act as the alternate of the Director giving the notice.

26.4 An alternate Director may act as an alternate to more than one Director and has the same rights, in relation to any Directors' meeting (including as to notice) or Directors' written resolution, as the alternate's Appointor.

26.5 Except as these Articles specify otherwise, alternate directors:

- (a) are deemed for all purposes to be Directors;
- (b) are liable for their own acts and omissions;
- (c) are subject to the same restrictions as their Appointors; and
- (d) are not deemed to be agents of or for their Appointors,

and, in particular (without limitation), each alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of Directors and of all meetings of committees of Directors of which his Appointor is a member.

26.6 A person who is an alternate Director but not a Director:

- (a) may be counted as participating for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is participating (but only if that person's Appointor is not participating); and

- (b) may sign a Directors' written resolution (but only if his Appointor is an Eligible Director in relation to that decision, but does not participate).

No alternate may be counted as more than one Director for such purposes.

- 26.7 A Director who is also an alternate Director is entitled, in the absence of his Appointor, to a separate vote on behalf of each Appointor, in addition to his own vote on any decision of the Directors (provided that his Appointor is an Eligible Director in relation to that decision).
- 26.8 An alternate Director is not entitled to receive any remuneration from the company for serving as an alternate Director, except such part of the alternate's Appointor's remuneration as the Appointor may direct by notice in writing made to the Company.
- 26.9 An alternate Director's appointment as an alternate shall terminate:
 - (a) when the alternate's Appointor revokes the appointment by notice to the Company in writing specifying when it is to terminate;
 - (b) on the occurrence in relation to the alternate of any event which, if it occurred in relation to the alternate's Appointor, would result in the termination of the Appointor's appointment as a Director;
 - (c) on the death of the alternate's Appointor; or
 - (d) when the alternate's Appointor's appointment as a Director terminates.

27. NUMBER OF DIRECTORS

Unless and until the Company shall otherwise determine by ordinary resolution, the number of Directors shall be not less than two or more than nine.

28. APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

- 28.1 Subject to Article 28.5, for as long as a Founder (together with his Permitted Transferees) holds at least five per cent (5%) of the fully diluted share capital of the Company and is not a Bad Leaver, he shall have the right to appoint and maintain in office such natural person as he may from time to time nominate to act as a director of the Company (and as members of each and any committee of the Board) and to remove any director so appointed and, upon his removal whether by the relevant Founder or otherwise, to appoint another director in his place, and the other holders of Shares shall not vote their Shares so as to remove those Directors from office. The appointment of any such director and continuance of such director in office shall be conditional and dependent upon any relevant regulatory approval being obtained (including, where relevant, approval to perform a senior management function as defined in the FSMA) and remaining current.
- 28.2 For as long as the Seed Shares (or Ordinary Shares deriving therefrom following conversion in accordance with these Articles) comprise not less than ten per cent (10%) of the fully diluted share capital of the Company, a Seed Majority shall have the right to appoint and maintain in office such natural person as it may from time to time nominate as

a director of the Company (and as a member of each and any committee of the Board) and to remove any director so appointed and, upon his removal whether by a Seed Majority or otherwise, to appoint another director in his place, and the other holders of Shares shall not vote their Shares so as to remove that Director from office. The appointment of any such Investor Director and continuance of such director in office shall be conditional and dependent upon any relevant regulatory approval being obtained (including, where relevant, approval to perform a senior management function as defined in the FSMA) and remaining current.

- 28.3 For as long as EQT Ventures and its Permitted Transferees hold at least ten per cent (10%) of the fully diluted share capital of the Company, it shall have the right to appoint and maintain in office such natural person as it may from time to time nominate as a director of the Company (and as a member of each and any committee of the Board) and to remove any director so appointed and, upon his removal whether by EQT Ventures or otherwise, to appoint another director in his place, and the other holders of Shares shall not vote their Shares so as to remove that Director from office. The appointment of any such Investor Director and continuance of such director in office shall be conditional and dependent upon any relevant regulatory approval being obtained (including, where relevant, approval to perform a senior management function as defined in the FSMA) and remaining current.
- 28.4 An appointment or removal of a Director under Articles 28.1 to 28.3 (inclusive) shall be by written notice from the relevant appointors to the Company, which shall (subject to any approvals required under these Articles) take effect on delivery at the Company's registered office or at any meeting of the Board or committee thereof.
- 28.5 With effect from the Conversion Date, the right of a Founder to appoint a Founder Director in accordance with Article 28.1 shall cease, in favour of the appointment by the Board of two executive directors of the Company, and references in these Articles to a Founder Director shall be construed so as to refer to the executive directors so appointed.
- 28.6 The Board shall also comprise of:
- (a) one independent non-executive director of the Company who shall act as chairman of the Board; and
 - (b) four additional non-executive directors of the Company, three of such appointees to each chair one of the risk, audit and people and governance committees of the Company and the remaining appointee to serve as the senior independent director of the Company.
- 28.7 Each Investor Director and each Founder Director shall be entitled at his request to be appointed to any committee of the Board established from time to time and to the board of directors of any subsidiary undertaking.
29. DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

In addition to that provided in article 18 of the Model Articles, the office of a Director shall also be vacated if he is convicted of a criminal offence (other than a minor motoring offence) and the Directors resolve that his office be vacated.

30. PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

- 30.1 The quorum for Directors' meetings shall be two Directors who must include at least one Founder Director (save that where a Relevant Interest of a Director is being authorised by other Directors in accordance with section 175(5)(a) of the Act, such Director and any other interested Director shall not be included in the quorum required for the purpose of such authorisation but shall otherwise be included for the purpose of forming the quorum at the meeting). If such a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, or if during a meeting such quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or at such time and place as determined by the Directors present at such meeting. If a quorum is not present at any such adjourned meeting within half an hour from the time appointed, then the meeting shall proceed.
- 30.2 In the event that a meeting of the Directors is attended by a Director who is acting as alternate for one or more other Directors, the Director or Directors for whom he is the alternate shall be counted in the quorum despite their absence, and if on that basis there is a quorum the meeting may be held despite the fact (if it is the case) that only one Director is physically present.
- 30.3 If all the Directors participating in a meeting of the Directors are not physically in the same place, the meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of participators in number is assembled. In the absence of a majority the location of the chairman shall be deemed to be the place of the meeting.
- 30.4 Notice of a Directors' meeting need not be given to Directors who waive their entitlement to notice of that meeting, by giving notice to that effect to the Company at any time before or after the date on which the meeting is held. Where such notice is given after the meeting has been held, that does not affect the validity of the meeting, or of any business conducted at it.
- 30.5 Provided (if these Articles so require) that he has declared to the Directors, in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, the nature and extent of his interest (and subject to any restrictions on voting or counting in a quorum imposed by the Directors in authorising a Relevant Interest), a Director may vote at a meeting of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors on any resolution concerning a matter in which he has an interest, whether a direct or an indirect interest, or in relation to which he has a duty and shall also be counted in reckoning whether a quorum is present at such a meeting.
- 30.6 Questions arising at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of any equality of votes, the chairman shall not have a second or casting vote.
- 30.7 A decision of the Directors may take the form of a resolution in writing, where each Eligible Director has signed one or more copies of it, or to which each Eligible Director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing (including confirmation given by electronic means). Reference in article 7(1) of the Model Articles to article 8 of the Model Articles shall be deemed to include a reference to this article also.

31. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

Specific interests of a Director

31.1 Subject to the provisions of the Act and provided (if these Articles so require) that he has declared to the Directors in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, the nature and extent of his interest, a Director may (save as to the extent not permitted by law from time to time), notwithstanding his office, have an interest of the following kind:

- (a) where a Director (or a person connected with him) is party to or in any way directly or indirectly interested in, or has any duty in respect of, any existing or proposed contract, arrangement or transaction with the Company or any other undertaking in which the Company is in any way interested;
- (b) where a Director (or a person connected with him) is a director, employee or other officer of, or a party to any contract, arrangement or transaction with, or in any way interested in, any body corporate promoted by the Company or in which the Company is in any way interested;
- (c) where a Director (or a person connected with him) is a shareholder in the Company or a shareholder in, employee, director, member or other officer of, or consultant to, a Parent Undertaking of, or a Subsidiary Undertaking of a Parent Undertaking of, the Company;
- (d) where a Director (or a person connected with him) holds and is remunerated in respect of any office or place of profit (other than the office of auditor) in respect of the Company or body corporate in which the Company is in any way interested;
- (e) where a Director is given a guarantee, or is to be given a guarantee, in respect of an obligation incurred by or on behalf of the Company or any body corporate in which the Company is in any way interested;
- (f) where a Director (or a person connected with him or of which he is a member or employee) acts (or any body corporate promoted by the Company or in which the Company is in any way interested of which he is a director, employee or other officer may act) in a professional capacity for the Company or any body corporate promoted by the Company or in which the Company is in any way interested (other than as auditor) whether or not he or it is remunerated for this;
- (g) an interest which cannot reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a conflict of interest; or
- (h) any other interest authorised by ordinary resolution.

Interests of an Investor Director

31.2 In addition to the provisions of Article 31.1, subject to the provisions of the Act and provided (if these Articles so require) that he has declared to the Directors in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, the nature and extent of his interest, where a Director is an

Investor Director he may (save as to the extent not permitted by law from time to time), notwithstanding his office, have an interest arising from any duty he may owe to, or interest he may have as an employee, director, trustee, member, partner, officer or representative of, or a consultant to, or direct or indirect investor (including without limitation by virtue of a carried interest, remuneration or incentive arrangements or the holding of securities) in:

- (a) a Shareholder that is an Investment Fund;
- (b) a Fund Manager which advises or manages an Investment Fund;
- (c) any of the funds advised or managed by a Fund Manager who advises or manages a Shareholder that is an Investment Fund from time to time; or
- (d) another body corporate or firm in which a Fund Manager who advises or manages an Investor or any fund advised or managed by such Fund Manager has directly or indirectly invested, including without limitation any portfolio companies.

Interests of which a Director is not aware

- 31.3 For the purposes of this Article 31, an interest of which a Director is not aware and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to be aware shall not be treated as an interest of his.

Accountability of any benefit and validity of a contract

- 31.4 In any situation permitted by this Article 31 (save as otherwise agreed by him) a Director shall not by reason of his office be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he derives from that situation and no such contract, arrangement or transaction shall be avoided on the grounds of any such interest or benefit.

Terms and conditions of Board authorisation

- 31.5 Any authority given in accordance with section 175(5)(a) of the Act in respect of a Director ("Interested Director") who has proposed that the Directors authorise his interest ("Relevant Interest") pursuant to that section may, for the avoidance of doubt:

- (a) be given on such terms and subject to such conditions or limitations as may be imposed by the authorising Directors as they see fit from time to time, including, without limitation:
 - (i) restricting the Interested Director from voting on any resolution put to a meeting of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors in relation to the Relevant Interest;
 - (ii) restricting the Interested Director from being counted in the quorum at a meeting of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors where such Relevant Interest is to be discussed; or
 - (iii) restricting the application of the provisions in Articles 31.6 and 31.7, so far as is permitted by law, in respect of such Interested Director;

- (b) be withdrawn, or varied at any time by the Directors entitled to authorise the Relevant Interest as they see fit from time to time; and

an Interested Director must act in accordance with any such terms, conditions or limitations imposed by the authorising Directors pursuant to section 175(5)(a) of the Act and this Article 31.

Director's duty of confidentiality to a person other than the Company

31.6 Subject to Article 31.7 (and without prejudice to any equitable principle or rule of law which may excuse or release the Director from disclosing information, in circumstances where disclosure may otherwise be required under this Article 31), if a Director, otherwise than by virtue of his position as director, receives information in respect of which he owes a duty of confidentiality to a person other than the Company, he shall not be required:

- (a) to disclose such information to the Company or to any Director, or to any officer or employee of the Company; or
- (b) otherwise to use or apply such confidential information for the purpose of or in connection with the performance of his duties as a Director.

31.7 Where such duty of confidentiality arises out of a situation in which a Director has, or can have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the Company, Article 31.6 shall apply only if the conflict arises out of a matter which falls within Article 31.1 or Article 31.2 or has been authorised under section 175(5)(a) of the Act.

Additional steps to be taken by a Director to manage a conflict of interest

31.8 Where a Director has an interest which can reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a conflict of interest, the Director shall take such additional steps as may be necessary or desirable for the purpose of managing such conflict of interest, including compliance with any procedures laid down from time to time by the Directors for the purpose of managing conflicts of interest generally and/or any specific procedures approved by the Directors for the purpose of or in connection with the situation or matter in question, including without limitation:

- (a) absenting himself from any discussions, whether in meetings of the Directors or otherwise, at which the relevant situation or matter falls to be considered;
- (b) excluding himself from documents or information made available to the Directors generally in relation to such situation or matter and/or arranging for such documents or information to be reviewed by a professional adviser to ascertain the extent to which it might be appropriate for him to have access to such documents or information; and
- (c) if requested by the Board, abstaining or being restricted from voting.

Requirement of a Director is to declare an interest

31.9 Subject to section 182 of the Act, a Director shall declare the nature and extent of any interest permitted by Article 31.1 or Article 31.2 at a meeting of the Directors, or by general notice in accordance with section 184 (notice in writing) or section 185 (general notice) of the Act or in such other manner as the Directors may determine, except that no declaration of interest shall be required by a Director in relation to an interest:

- (a) falling under Article 31.1(g);
- (b) if, or to the extent that, the other Directors are already aware of such interest (and for this purpose the other Directors are treated as aware of anything of which they ought reasonably to be aware); or
- (c) if, or to the extent that, it concerns the terms of his service contract (as defined by section 227 of the Act) that have been or are to be considered by a meeting of the Directors, or by a committee of Directors appointed for the purpose under these Articles.

Shareholder approval

31.10 Subject to section 239 of the Act, the Company may by ordinary resolution ratify any contract, transaction or arrangement, or other proposal, not properly authorised by reason of a contravention of any provisions of this Article 31.

31.11 For the purposes of this Article 31:

- (a) a conflict of interest includes a conflict of interest and duty and a conflict of duties;
- (b) the provisions of section 252 of the Act shall determine whether a person is connected with a Director;
- (c) a general notice to the Directors that a Director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent specified in the notice in any transaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the Director has an interest in any such transaction of the nature and extent so specified.

32. NOTICES

32.1 Subject to the requirements set out in the Act, any notice given or document sent or supplied to or by any person under these Articles, or otherwise sent by the Company under the Act, may be given, sent or supplied:

- (a) in hard copy form;
- (b) in electronic form; or
- (c) (by the Company) by means of a website (other than notices calling a meeting of Directors),

or partly by one of these means and partly by another of these means.

Notices shall be given and documents supplied in accordance with the procedures set out in the Act, except to the extent that a contrary provision is set out in this Article 32.

Notices in hard copy form

- 32.2 Any notice or other document in hard copy form given or supplied under these Articles may be delivered or sent by first class post (airmail if overseas):
- (a) to the Company or any other company at its registered office;
 - (b) to the address notified to or by the Company for that purpose;
 - (c) in the case of an intended recipient who is a member or his legal personal representative or trustee in bankruptcy, to such member's address as shown in the Company's register of members;
 - (d) in the case of an intended recipient who is a Director or alternate, to his address as shown in the register of Directors;
 - (e) to any other address to which any provision of the Companies Acts (as defined in the Act) authorises the document or information to be sent or supplied; or
 - (f) where the Company is the sender, if the Company is unable to obtain an address falling within one of the addresses referred to in (a) to (e) above, to the intended recipient's last address known to the Company.
- 32.3 Any notice or other document in hard copy form given or supplied under these Articles shall be deemed to have been served and be effective:
- (a) if delivered, at the time of delivery;
 - (b) if posted, on receipt or 48 hours after the time it was posted, whichever occurs first.

Notices in electronic form

- 32.4 Subject to the provisions of the Act, any notice or other document in electronic form given or supplied under these Articles may:
- (a) if sent by fax or email (provided that a fax number or an address for email has been notified to or by the Company for that purpose), be sent by the relevant form of communication to that address;
 - (b) if delivered or sent by first class post (airmail if overseas) in an electronic form (such as sending a disk by post), be so delivered or sent as if in hard copy form under Article 32.2; or
 - (c) be sent by such other electronic means (as defined in section 1168 of the Act) and to such address(es) as the Company may specify:
 - (i) on its website from time to time; or

- (ii) by notice (in hard copy or electronic form) to all members of the Company from time to time.

32.5 Any notice or other document in electronic form given or supplied under these Articles shall be deemed to have been served and be effective:

- (a) if sent by facsimile or email (where a fax number or an address for email has been notified to or by the Company for that purpose), on receipt or 48 hours after the time it was sent, whichever occurs first;
- (b) if posted in an electronic form, on receipt or 48 hours after the time it was posted, whichever occurs first;
- (c) if delivered in an electronic form, at the time of delivery; and
- (d) if sent by any other electronic means as referred to in Article 32.4(c), at the time such delivery is deemed to occur under the Act.

32.6 Where the Company is able to show that any notice or other document given or sent under these Articles by electronic means was properly addressed with the electronic address supplied by the intended recipient, the giving or sending of that notice or other document shall be effective notwithstanding any receipt by the Company at any time of notice either that such method of communication has failed or of the intended recipient's non-receipt.

Notice by means of a website

32.7 Subject to the provisions of the Act, any notice or other document or information to be given, sent or supplied by the Company to Shareholders under these Articles may be given, sent or supplied by the Company by making it available on the Company's website.

General

32.8 In the case of joint holders of a share all notices shall be given to the joint holder whose name stands first in the register of members of the Company in respect of the joint holding (the "Primary Holder"). Notice so given shall constitute notice to all the joint holders.

32.9 Anything agreed or specified by the Primary Holder in relation to the service, sending or supply of notices, documents or other information shall be treated as the agreement or specification of all the joint holders in their capacity as such (whether for the purposes of the Act or otherwise).

33. INDEMNITIES AND INSURANCE

33.1 Subject to the provisions of and so far as may be permitted by, the Act:

- (a) without prejudice to any indemnity to which a Director or other officer of the Company may otherwise be entitled, every Director or other officer of the Company (excluding the Company's auditors) shall be entitled to be indemnified by the Company (and the Company shall also be able to indemnify directors of any associated company (as defined in section 256 of the Act)) out of the Company's

assets against all liabilities, losses costs and expenses incurred by him in the actual or purported execution or discharge of his duties or the exercise or purported exercise of his powers or otherwise in relation to or in connection with his duties, powers or office, provided that no Director or any associated company is indemnified by the Company against:

- (i) any liability incurred by the director to the Company or any associated company; or
- (ii) any liability incurred by the director to pay a fine imposed in criminal proceedings or a sum payable to a regulatory authority by way of a penalty in respect of non-compliance with any requirements of a regulatory nature; or
- (iii) any liability incurred by the director:
 - (A) in defending any criminal proceedings in which he is convicted;
 - (B) in defending civil proceedings brought by the Company or any associated company in which final judgment (within the meaning set out in section 234 of the Act) is given against him; or
 - (C) in connection with any application under sections 661(3) or 661(4) or 1157 of the Act (as the case may be) for which the court refuses to grant him relief,

save that, in respect of a provision indemnifying a director of a company (whether or not the Company) that is a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as that term is used in section 235 of the Act) against liability incurred in connection with that company's activities as trustee of the scheme, the Company shall also be able to indemnify any such director without the restrictions in Articles 33.1(a)(i), 33.1(a)(iii)(B) and 33.1(a)(iii)(C) applying;

- (b) the Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to purchase and maintain insurance for any such Director or other officer against any liability which by virtue of any rule of law would otherwise attach to him in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust of which he may be guilty in relation to the Company, or any associated company including (if he is a director of a company which is a trustee of an occupational pension scheme) in connection with that company's activities as trustee of an occupational pension scheme.

33.2 The Company shall (at the cost of the Company) effect and maintain for each Director policies of insurance insuring each Director against risks in relation to his office as each director may reasonably specify including without limitation, any liability which by virtue of any rule of law may attach to him in respect of any negligence, default of duty or breach of trust of which he may be guilty in relation to the Company.

34. DATA PROTECTION

- 34.1 Each of the Shareholders and Directors consent to the processing of their personal data by the Company, the Shareholders and Directors (each a "Recipient") for the purposes of performing the Company's obligations to Recipients and purposes ancillary thereto, due diligence exercises, compliance with applicable laws, regulations and procedures and the exchange of information among themselves. A Recipient may process the personal data either electronically or manually. The personal data which may be processed under this Article shall include any information which may have a bearing on the prudence or commercial merits of investing, or disposing of any shares (or other investment or security) in the Company. Other than as required by law, court order or other regulatory authority, that personal data may not be disclosed by a Recipient or any other person except to a Member of the same Group ("Recipient Group Companies") and to employees, directors and professional advisers of that Recipient or the Recipient Group Companies and funds managed by any of the Recipient Group Companies. Each of the Shareholders and Directors consent to the transfer of relevant personal data to persons acting on behalf of the Recipient and to the offices of any Recipient both within and outside the European Economic Area for the purposes stated above, where it is necessary or desirable to do so. Recipients should be aware that countries outside the European Economic Area may not have adequate data protection laws.

35. SECRETARY

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may appoint a secretary for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them.

36. LIEN

- 36.1 The Company shall have a first and paramount lien (the "Company's Lien") over every Share (whether or not a fully paid share) for all and any indebtedness of any holder of it to the Company (whether a sole holder or one of two or more joint holders), whether or not that indebtedness or liability is in respect of the Shares concerned and whether or not it is presently payable.

- 36.2 The Company's Lien over a Share:

- (a) shall take priority over any third party's interest in that Share; and
- (b) extends to any dividend or other money payable by the Company in respect of that Share and (if the lien is enforced and the Share is sold by the Company) the proceeds of sale of that Share.

The Directors may at any time decide that a Share which is, or would otherwise be, subject to the Company's Lien shall not be subject to it, either wholly or in part.

- 36.3 Subject to the provisions of this Article 36, if:

- (a) a notice complying with Article 36.4 (a "Lien Enforcement Notice") has been given by the Company in respect of a Share; and
 - (b) the person to whom the notice was given has failed to comply with it,
- the Company shall be entitled to sell that Share in such manner as the Directors decide.

36.4 A Lien Enforcement Notice:

- (a) may only be given by the Company in respect of a Share which is subject to the Company's Lien, in respect of which a sum is payable and the due date for payment of that sum has passed;
- (b) must specify the Share concerned;
- (c) must require payment of the sum payable within 14 days of the notice;
- (d) must be addressed either to the holder of the Share or to a person entitled to it by reason of the holder's death, bankruptcy or otherwise; and
- (e) must state the Company's intention to sell the Share if the notice is not complied with.

36.5 Where any Share is sold pursuant to this Article 36:

- (a) the Directors may authorise any person to execute an instrument of transfer of the Share to the purchaser or a person nominated by the purchaser; and
- (b) the transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration, and the transferee's title shall not be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the process leading to the sale.

36.6 The net proceeds of any such sale (after payment of the costs of sale and any other costs of enforcing the lien) must be applied:

- (a) first, in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as was payable at the date of the Lien Enforcement Notice;
- (b) secondly, to the person entitled to the Share at the date of the sale, but only after the certificate for the Share sold has been surrendered to the Company for cancellation or an indemnity for lost certificate in a form acceptable to the Board has been given for any lost certificate, and subject to a lien equivalent to the Company's Lien for any money payable (whether or not it is presently payable) as existing upon the Share before the sale in respect of all Shares registered in the name of that person (whether as the sole registered holder or as one of several joint holders) after the date of the Lien Enforcement Notice.

36.7 A statutory declaration by a Director or the company secretary that the declarant is a Director or the company secretary and that a Share has been sold to satisfy the Company's Lien on a specified date:

- (a) shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the Share; and
- (b) subject to compliance with any other formalities of transfer required by these Articles or by law, shall constitute a good title to the Share.

37. CALL NOTICES

37.1 Subject to these Articles and the terms on which Shares are allotted, the Directors may send a notice (a "Call Notice") to a Shareholder who has not fully paid for that Shareholder's Share(s) requiring the Shareholder to pay the Company a specified sum of money (a "call") which is payable to the Company by that Shareholder when the Directors decide to send the Call Notice.

37.2 A Call Notice:

- (a) may not require a Shareholder to pay a call which exceeds the total sum unpaid on that Shareholder's Shares (whether as to the Share's nominal value or any sum payable to the Company by way of premium);
- (b) shall state when and how any call to which it relates it is to be paid; and
- (c) may permit or require the call to be paid by instalments.

37.3 A Shareholder shall comply with the requirements of a Call Notice, but no Shareholder shall be obliged to pay any call before 14 days have passed since the notice was sent.

37.4 Before the Company has received any call due under a Call Notice the Directors may:

- (a) revoke it wholly or in part; or
- (b) specify a later time for payment than is specified in the Call Notice, by a further notice in writing to the Shareholder in respect of whose Shares the call is made.

37.5 Liability to pay a call shall not be extinguished or transferred by transferring the Shares in respect of which it is required to be paid. Joint holders of a Share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect of that Share.

37.6 Subject to the terms on which Shares are allotted, the Directors may, when issuing Shares, provide that Call Notices sent to the holders of those Shares may require them to:

- (a) pay calls which are not the same; or
- (b) pay calls at different times.

37.7 A Call Notice need not be issued in respect of sums which are specified, in the terms on which a Share is issued, as being payable to the Company in respect of that Share (whether in respect of nominal value or premium):

- (a) on allotment;

- (b) on the occurrence of a particular event; or
- (c) on a date fixed by or in accordance with the terms of issue.

37.8 If the due date for payment of such a sum as referred to in Article 37.7 has passed and it has not been paid, the holder of the Share concerned shall be treated in all respects as having failed to comply with a Call Notice in respect of that sum, and shall be liable to the same consequences as regards the payment of interest and forfeiture.

37.9 If a person is liable to pay a call and fails to do so by the Call Payment Date (as defined below):

- (a) the Directors may issue a notice of intended forfeiture to that person; and
- (b) until the call is paid, that person shall be required to pay the Company interest on the call from the Call Payment Date at the Relevant Rate (as defined below).

37.10 For the purposes of Article 37.9:

- (a) the "Call Payment Date" shall be the time when the call notice states that a call is payable, unless the Directors give a notice specifying a later date, in which case the "Call Payment Date" is that later date;
- (b) the "Relevant Rate" shall be:
 - (i) the rate fixed by the terms on which the Share in respect of which the call is due was allotted;
 - (ii) such other rate as was fixed in the Call Notice which required payment of the call, or has otherwise been determined by the Directors; or
 - (iii) if no rate is fixed in either of these ways, five per cent a year,

provided that the Relevant Rate shall not exceed by more than five percentage points the base lending rate most recently set by the Monetary Policy Committee of the Bank of England in connection with its responsibilities under Part 2 of the Bank of England Act 1998(a).

37.11 The Directors may waive any obligation to pay interest on a call wholly or in part.

37.12 The Directors may accept full payment of any unpaid sum in respect of a Share despite payment not being called under a Call Notice.

38. FORFEITURE OF SHARES

38.1 A notice of intended forfeiture:

- (a) may be sent in respect of any Share for which there is an unpaid sum in respect of which a call has not been paid as required by a Call Notice;

- (b) shall be sent to the holder of that Share or to a person entitled to it by reason of the holder's death, bankruptcy or otherwise;
 - (c) shall require payment of the call and any accrued interest by a date which is not fewer than 14 days after the date of the notice;
 - (d) shall state how the payment is to be made; and
 - (e) shall state that if the notice is not complied with, the Shares in respect of which the call is payable will be liable to be forfeited.
- 38.2 If a notice of intended forfeiture is not complied with before the date by which payment of the call is required in the notice of intended forfeiture, then the Directors may decide that any Share in respect of which it was given is forfeited, and the forfeiture is to include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited Shares and not paid before the forfeiture.
- 38.3 Subject to these Articles, the forfeiture of a Share extinguishes:
- (a) all interests in that Share, and all claims and demands against the Company in respect of it; and
 - (b) all other rights and liabilities incidental to the Share as between the person whose Share it was prior to the forfeiture and the Company.
- 38.4 Any Share which is forfeited in accordance with these Articles:
- (a) shall be deemed to have been forfeited when the Directors decide that it is forfeited;
 - (b) shall be deemed to be the property of the Company; and
 - (c) may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of as the Directors think fit.
- 38.5 If a person's Shares have been forfeited then:
- (a) the Company shall send that person notice that forfeiture has occurred and record it in the register of members;
 - (b) that person shall cease to be a Shareholder in respect of those Shares;
 - (c) that person shall surrender the certificate for the Shares forfeited to the Company for cancellation;
 - (d) that person shall remain liable to the Company for all sums payable by that person under the Articles at the date of forfeiture in respect of those Shares, including any interest (whether accrued before or after the date of forfeiture); and
 - (e) the Directors shall be entitled to waive payment of such sums wholly or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the Shares at the time of forfeiture or for any consideration received on their disposal.

- 38.6 At any time before the Company disposes of a forfeited Share, the Directors shall be entitled to decide to cancel the forfeiture on payment of all calls and interest due in respect of it and on such other terms as they think fit.
- 38.7 If a forfeited Share is to be disposed of by being transferred, the Company shall be entitled to receive the consideration for the transfer and the Directors shall be entitled to authorise any person to execute the instrument of transfer.
- 38.8 A statutory declaration by a Director or the company secretary that the declarant is a Director or the company secretary and that a Share has been forfeited on a specified date:
- (a) shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the Share; and
 - (b) subject to compliance with any other formalities of transfer required by the articles or by law, constitutes a good title to the Share.
- 38.9 A person to whom a forfeited Share is transferred in accordance with these Articles shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration (if any) nor shall that person's title to the Share be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the process leading to the forfeiture or transfer of the Share.
- 38.10 If the Company sells a forfeited Share in accordance with these Articles, the person who held it prior to its forfeiture shall be entitled to receive the proceeds of such sale from the Company, net of any commission, and excluding any sum which:
- (a) was, or would have become, payable; and
 - (b) had not, when that Share was forfeited, been paid by that person in respect of that Share,
- but no interest shall be payable to such a person in respect of such proceeds and the Company shall not be required to account for any money earned on such proceeds.

39. SURRENDER OF SHARES

- 39.1 A Shareholder shall be entitled to surrender any Share:
- (a) in respect of which the Directors issue a notice of intended forfeiture;
 - (b) which the Directors forfeit; or
 - (c) which has been forfeited.
- The Directors shall be entitled to accept the surrender of any such Share.
- 39.2 The effect of surrender on a Share shall be the same as the effect of forfeiture on that Share.

39.3 The Company shall be entitled to deal with a Share which has been surrendered in the same way as a Share which has been forfeited.

40. AUTHORITY TO CAPITALISE AND APPROPRIATION OF CAPITALISED SUMS

40.1 The Board may, if authorised to do so by an ordinary resolution:

- (a) decide to capitalise any profits of the Company (whether or not they are available for distribution) which are not required for paying a preferential dividend, or any sum standing to the credit of the Company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve; and
- (b) appropriate any sum which they so decide to capitalise (a "Capitalised Sum") to such Shareholders and in such proportions as the Board may in their absolute discretion deem appropriate (the "Shareholders Entitled").

Article 36 of the Model Articles shall not apply to the Company.

40.2 Capitalised Sums may be applied on behalf of such Shareholders and in such proportions as the Board may (in its absolute discretion) deem appropriate.

40.3 Any Capitalised Sum may be applied in paying up new Shares up to a nominal amount (or in respect of which the amount unpaid is) equal to the Capitalised Sum, which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the Shareholders Entitled or as they may direct.

40.4 A Capitalised Sum which was appropriated from profits available for distribution may be applied in paying up new debentures of the Company which are allotted credited as fully paid to the Shareholders Entitled or as they may direct.

40.5 Subject to the Articles the Board may:

- (a) apply Capitalised Sums in accordance with Articles 40.3 and 40.4 partly in one way and partly another;
- (b) make such arrangements as they think fit to deal with Shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions under this Article 40; and
- (c) authorise any person to enter into an agreement with the Company on behalf of all of the Shareholders Entitled which is binding on them in respect of the allotment of Shares or debentures under this Article 40.