Registration number: 10819588

TM & A Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Period from 15 June 2017 to 30 June 2018

Contents

Balance Sheet	<u>1</u>
Notes to the Financial Statements	$\underline{2}$ to $\underline{5}$

(Registration number: 10819588) Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2018

	Note	2018 £
Current assets		
Stocks	<u>4</u>	750
Debtors	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	375
Cash at bank and in hand		159
		1,284
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>6</u>	(1,215)
Net assets		69
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital	<u>7</u>	4
Profit and loss account		65
Total equity		69

For the financial period ending 30 June 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the period in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 7 March 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr T Millar Director	
••••••	
Mrs A Milla Director	r

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 15 June 2017 to 30 June 2018

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: Little Mead 2 Warren Road Woodley Berkshire RG5 3AP

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 7 March 2019.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ircland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 15 June 2017 to 30 June 2018

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

3 Staff numbers

Stoales

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the period, was 2.

4 Stocks	2018 £
Other inventories	750
5 Debtors	2018 £
Other debtors	375
	375_

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 15 June 2017 to 30 June 2018

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 15 June 2017 to 30 June 2018

6 Creditors		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	Note	2018 £
Due within one year		
Other creditors		1,215
7 Share capital		
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares		
	2018	
	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	4	4
Page 5		

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.