Company Registration No. 10772795 (England and Wales)
SARM MUSIC HOLDINGS LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2019

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investments	3		7		7
Current assets					
Debtors	4	1,029,865		1,029,865	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	_			,,,,,	
year	5	(11)		(11)	
Net current assets			1,029,854		1,029,854
Total assets less current liabilities			1,029,861		1,029,861
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss reserves			1,029,761		1,029,761
Total equity			1,029,861		1,029,861

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the income statement within the financial statements.

For the financial Year ended 31 October 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the Year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 19 October 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

T Horn CBE

Director

Company Registration No. 10772795

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Sarm Music Holdings Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Sarm Music Village, 105 Ladbroke Grove, London, W11 1PG.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 399 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts, on the basis that the group of which this is the parent qualifies as a small group. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

1.2 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

An associate is an entity, being neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture, in which the company holds a long-term interest and where the company has significant influence. The company considers that it has significant influence where it has the power to participate in the financial and operating decisions of the associate.

Entities in which the company has a long term interest and shares control under a contractual arrangement are classified as jointly controlled entities.

1.3 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

1.4 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the Year was:

		2019 Number	2018 Number
	Total	<u>-</u>	-
3	Fixed asset investments	2019	2018
		£	£
	Shares in group undertakings and participating interests	7	7

Fixed asset investments comprise equity shares in subsidiary undertakings which are not publicly traded.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3 Fixed asset investments (Continued)

Movements in fixed asset investments

Shares	in	group
unde	erta	akings

		£
		7

2019

Cost or valuation At 1 November 2018 & 31 October 2019

Carrying amount

At 31 October 2019

7

2018

At 31 October 2018

Debtors

Amounts falling due within one year:	2019 £	2018 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors	1,029,865 -	1,029,765 100
	1,029,865	1,029,865

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	£	£
Other creditors	11	11

Events after the reporting date

Due to the effect of Covid-19, all summer 2020 shows were cancelled therefore revenue of the group companies is down in the period post year end. However, as Sarm Music Holdings Limited is essentially a dormant holding company and has no payroll or financing obligations, it has faced no adverse cash flow implications in the period post year end.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.